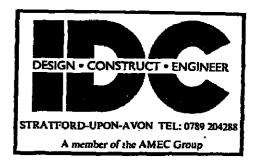
• THE FINANCIAL TIMES LTD 1990 Weekend February 17/February 18 1990

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WORLD NEWS

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COUNTAINS

2 -

LLON

£3m invoice to Guinness 'was faise'

Sir Jack Lyons, the millionaire financier, arranged for a false £3m invoice to be sent to Guinness to enable him to collect a "concealed pay-off" for his part in a share support opera-tion, it was alleged at South-wark Crowa Court.

The new jury in the Guinness trial was also told that companies controlled by S&W Berisford group chairman Ephraim Margulles had been paid 23.5m for supporting Guinness. Page 22

Radiation check plan The National Radiological Protection Board, the government watchdog on public exposure to radiation, urged the Depart-ment of Health to authorise an investigation of the medical records of over 100,000 people who have worked with radioactivity in Britain since the 1940s. Page 22, Lenksemia link, Page 4

60 killed in Beirut At least 60 people were killed and 200 wounded yesterday in the worst day of fighting in the 17-day-old conflict between Christian factions in Lebanon.

Troops loyal to General Michel Aoun used tanks, artillery and rockets against the East Beirut stronghold of rival Lebanese forces led by Sumir Geagea. Page 2

ian resignation Romanian Defence Minister Nicolae Militaru, criticised for trying to disrupt the popular revolution two months ago,

Kenyan minister killed The burnt body of Kenya's For-eign Minister Robert Ouko was found near his farm. Foul play was suspected. Page 3

Mavy wives protest Royal Navy wives carrying a banner showing a broken heart and the slogan "Broken marriages — Who's to blame?" marched in protest at Ports-

mouth against the decision to allow Wrens to go to sea with their husbands. Comotory sale nilling power to sell three cemeteries for 15p in 1987, said district auditor John Magill, but there was no case for surcharging any councillor or official. He said he was minded to apply to the High Court for a declara-tion that the sales were

Bomb blast injures 48 A bomb blast in a lecture thea-tre of Louvain university, Belgium, injured 48 medical

unlawful. Page 5

Explosives conviction A Belfast man, Leonard Hardy, man was found guilty of possessing explosives at the port of Rosslare by the Irish Republic's anti-terrorist Special Criminal Court in Dublin. A woman arrested with him was found

Kerb-crawler bill backed Streatham MP Sir William Shelton's Sexual Offences Bill, to make it easier for police to secure convictions against kerb-crawlers and to incres the maximum penalty from £400 to £1,000 passed its second reading mopposed.

Ski resert warning British skiers planning to visit French resorts were wanted by the Foreign Office to consult tour operators before leav-ing because heavy snow has

Liverpool stadium plan Liverpool city council and Sta-dium Mersey announced plans for a £125m, 67,000-seat stadium near Aintree. They hope to persuade the Liverpool and Everton clubs to play there.

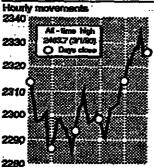
The Bishop of Hereford, the Rt Rev John Eastaugh, died of cancer, aged 69. He was due to retire in August.

US deficit trimmed to five-year low

A steep fall in imports produced a sharply improved US merchandise trade balance in December. The deficit fell to \$7,2bn (£4,2bn), compared with \$10.3bn in November, leaving the gap at its lowest for five years both for the month and the whole year.

The figure mainly reflected a slowdown in US industrial activity and the announcer of a further 1.2 per cent fall in output in January dampened the reception of the fig-ures in the financial markets. Page 22; London stocks, Page 13; World stocks, Page 19

FT~SE 100 Index



12 Feb 1990 16

FT-SE 100 closed at 2,325.9, a gain of 12.1 on the day and an increase of 12.3 on the week. The recovery of confidence has continued in spite of disap-pointing statistics on domestic inflation and the Drexel problems London stocks, Page 18; Lex, Page 22

UNION BANK of Switzerland's troubled London operations have received another blow with the resignation of Keith Percy, executive chairman of the successful pension fund management subsidiary, Phillips & Drew Fund Management. Page 4

ROYAL BANK of Scotland has bought BankWorcester, small US bank based in Massachusetts, for \$149m (£88m) and a 19.9 per cent stake in Banco de Comercio e Industria, pri-vately owned commercial bank in Portugal, for £48.8m. Page8 BEND Corporation Internaial, Hong Kong listed sub-Holdings, is to sell its control-ling stake in Compania de Telefonos de Chile, the Chilean telecommunications utility, to Telefonica of Spain for

GRAND METROPOLITAN is to sell 220 leased pubs to Con-trol Securities, the property and leisure group. Pages EXPORTS: Western allies have

US\$391m (£231m). Page 10

agreed in principle to ease curbs on roughly half the vol-ume of high-technology goods now vetted for the Warsaw Pact under the West's strategic export controls. Page 2 LANVIN, French fashion and perfume business, has been

taken over by the Vuitton fam-ily. Midland Bank of the UK sold its 95 per cent stake in the group for between FFr400m (£Alm) and FFr500m to Orcofi, a holding company owned by the family, Page 10

NORFOLK CAPITAL Group has set out its reasons for rejecting Queens Moat Houses \$177m all-share offer for the hotels group. Page 8; Lex, Page 22

CITIC: The HK\$7bn (£529m) syndicated loan arranged by Barclays to finance the acculsi tion by the Peking-controlled China International Trust and Investment Corporation (Citic) of a 20 per cent stake in Hongkong Telecommunications has been successfully underwrit-

ten. Page 10; Lex, Page 22 MERCURY Asset Management plans to buy in shares from its shareholders and to pay them a dividend for the year to end-March which is 50 per cent higher than last time. Page 8; Lex, Page 22

NATIONWIDE ANGLIA has naised its mortgage rate by 0.9 percentage point to 15.4 per cent with effect from March 1. Page 4

BUSINESS SUMMARY

Major's options limited by budget surplus figures

THE GOVERNMENT'S budget surplus may have balved this financial year, further restricting the scope for tax cuts and increased public spending in the run-up to the next general election, official figures indi-

cated yesterday.
At the same time, the Government's continuing concern over inflation was underlined by Central Statistical Office by Central Statistical Office figures showing a 0.6 per cent rise in prices in January to take the annual rate of inflation to a higher-than-expected annual 7.7 per cent.

City economists now expect inflation to rise above 8 per cent in the spring before it begins to fall slowly. If, in his March 20 Budget. Mr John

March 20 Budget, Mr John Major, the Chancellor, raises duties on tobacco and alcoholic drinks in line with past price movements, the annual rate of

spring to about 8% per cent. Figures released by the Treasury yesterday showed that the budget surplus in the first 10 months of the 1989/90 financial year was £8.7bn, compared with a surplus of £15.7bn this time last year. A combination of increased

spending, a lower-than-expected growth in corporate tax revenues and a series of "one off" drains on the Exchequer has led economists to expect the surplus to total about \$7.5bn this financial year.

This would undershoot by almost half the 514bn emplus almost half the £14bn surplus forecast by the Treasury in last

year's March Budget.
The Treasury said that the Chancellor had warned that the surplus would be lower than previously expected. It added that the Government

surplus indefinitely.

Many in London's financial
markets believe Mr Major will present a Budget which neither increases nor lowers the burden of taxation in the 1990/91 year. In that event, Mr Major would be budgeting for a sur-plus similar to this year's expected £7bn to £8bn. Pressures on the Exchequer

for higher levels of public spending are already beginning to grow. The Treasury and ministers in charge of big spending departments are brac-ing themselves for extremely difficult negotiations. The Treasury conceded an extra £5bn of public spending

for the coming year last autumn but it provided for lit-tie growth in spending in the years after. Ministers in charge of the departments of the Envi-

inflation could rise in the never planned to maintain a ronment, Education, Realth and Transport are looking for extra funds to ease the passage of unpopular policies and pro-vide for additional improve-ments to public services. In January there was a pub-

lic sector borrowing require-ment surplus of £5.2bn - £1bn lower than in January 1989. This was accounted for by a fall in corporation tax receipts. The cumulative surplus, excluding privatisation receipts, was \$5.10n, compared with \$9.70n for the same period of 1988/89. Total tax revenues were 5½ per cent higher in the 10

months to January than in the same period a year ago, while Government expenditure was 8% per cent higher. Background, Page 4; Borrow-ers strained, Page 7; London stock exchange, Page 13; Lex, Page 22

French court orders Eurotunnel to pay £62m to consortium

'Personalities damage tunnel project'

By Andrew Taylor in Paris

PERSONALITY clashes in the consortium building Eurotun-nel are damaging the project, admitted Mr Andre Benard, the French co-chairman of Euro-

tunnel, yesterday.

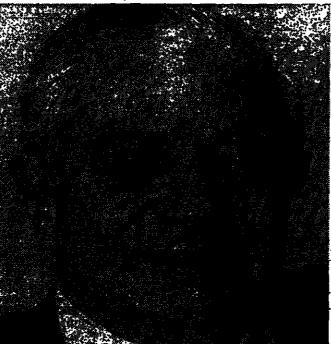
Asked if the project was on
the point of collapse, Mr Benard said: "It is not in my hands - it is in the hands of the contractors. There is no sound reason for the project to col-lapse. I do not think it is sensible to put at risk a project of this magnitude for what appears to be matters of per-sonality rather than fundamental ones'

Mr Benard's remarks, in an interview with the Financial Times in Paris, came as a French court ordered Eurotun-nel to pay Ffr600m (262.1m) to Transmanche Link, the con-struction consortium. The con-tractors are claiming the nonpayment of money due to these this month. Eurotunnel intends to appeal against the

The hearing at Nanterre, near Paris, is the latest step in a row between Eurotunnel and the contractors which is threatening to halt work on the project.

Mr Benard sought to defuse

the escalating row between the group and its contractors over the role of Mr Alastair Morton. He said that the appointment of Mr Morton as Eurotunnel's chief executive would distance



Mr Benard in Paris yesterday: 'not sensible to put at risk a project of this magnitude for matters of personality'

the British executive from day-to-day involvement in the management of the construc tion contract.

"This was the board's intention and it was Mr Morton's intention when we made these management changes.

"We all recognised that the personality clashes between Mr Morton and the contractors was damaging the project," said Mr Benard, who is to become chairman of Eurotunnel while Mr Morton, now co-chairman, becomes deputy

contractors are refusing to sign an amended construction agreement, which would allow Eurotunnel to draw down £400m of temporary finance negotiated with its bankers last month, in protest at Mr Morton's appointment as chief

chairman. British and French

Mr Benard confirmed that the Bank of England was "keeping a watchful eye" over the project and "it cannot be indifferent to what is happening now." Bank lenders are expressing growing frustration at the continual battles between Eurotunnel and the

between Eurotunnel and the contractors, which they see as endangering the project.
Some bankers see Mr Morton's combative style and brinkmanship as part of the problem, although he also has strong supporters among other

Mr Benard said the construc-tion companies had misundermanagement changes. "We have not ignored the contractors' concern. We understand full well we cannot go on with this sort of antagonistic atti-

the contractors with even hig-ger egos than in Eurotunnel," he said. However, Mr Benard said the

Continued on Page 22 Lex, Page 22

ANC to seek talks with de Klerk

By Mike Hall in Lusaka and **Patti Waldmeir** in Johannesburg

THE African National Congress yesterday took a step towards starting constitutional towards starting consumeratalks with the South African Government, announcing it would seek an early meeting with President F. W. de Klerk, to remove obstacles to negotia-

In its first formal response to recent political reforms, which have included the release of Mr Nelson Mandela, the ANC leader, the organisation's 35member national executive committee adopted a conciliatory tone towards Pretoria.

The executive emphasised its eagerness to send exiles home and re-establish the ANC

within South Africa.

Pretoria is likely to respond favourably to this overture, which came at the end of a three-day meeting at the ANC's headquarters in Zambia. The moves appeared to be an attempt to regain the political initiative from Pretoria. Dis-

putes provoked within the ANC by the unexpectedly rapid pace of reform appear to have been resolved, at least for the The executive welcomed the legalisation of the ANC and

South African Communist Party. However, Pretoria had still not created conditions for an immediate start to formal talks, the executive said. Negotiations could only begin once all political prisoners and detainees had been released, the three-year state of emer-gency lifted, "repressive" legis-lation repealed, political trials halted and troops removed

from black townships. The ANC said it would meet Mr de Klerk as soon as possible "to discuss with him the need to address these issues so that a climate conducive to negotia-tions is created."

Exiled members of the ANC would be part of the delegation to meet Mr de Klerk, the statement said. It was not clear whether Mr Mandela would be the ANC leader has indicated he is willing to renew contacts with Mr de Klerk begun before

he left prison. The statement made no reference to Mr Mandela's future role in the leadership. Officials said the issue was discussed, and it was considered possible that Mr Oliver Tambo, the ailing ANC leader, might cede the presidency to Mr Mandela. Mandela's power, Page 7

Weekend



MONEY FOR YOUR LIFE

Anthony Curtis investigates the extraordinary rise of the literary biography industry on both sides of the Atlantic

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Finance The mortgage treadmill Page VI

How To Spend It

Craftsmen and patrons: partners in the art of creation Page XVIII

Motoring Stuart Marshall on east European chic Page XVI

Yachting Roy Hodson surveys wind, weather and new boats for the '90s

Page XX

Arts Nigel Andrews reports from the Berlin film festival

Page XXIII

Sport Football's Cinderella club Page XXIV

Drexel axes 5,000 US staff as UK administrators are appointed

By Janet Bush in New York and David Waller in London

MOST OF Drexel Burnham Lambert's US staff of about 5,000 were made redundant yesterday, including the 400-strong junk bond trading team hased in Beverley Hills, Calif-

The Wall Street investment bank filed for protection under Chapter 11 of US bankruptcy law on Tuesday. Employees at Drexel's Man-hattan headquarters were told the news yesterday when they arrived for work.

It was unclear last night whether they would get their last week's pay cheques, when they would be asked to leave the building and whether there were any severance arrange-

Drexel's troubles, meanwhile, yesterday spile across the Atlantic as administrators were appointed to wind up the firm's UK securities, commodities and futures operations.

Two partners in KPMG Peat Marwick McLintock, the accountancy firm, were yester-day appointed as administrators to three UK-based Drexel subsidiaries, following a petition to the High Court from the directors of Drexel's UK Hold-

ing company. Mr Tim Hayward, Peat Marwick's senior corporate recov-ery partner, said the jobs of more than 300 of Drexel's 377 London employees were at

In the US, Drexel is expected to keep on only a skeleton staff to complete the liquidation of its securities holdings, the sale of its remaining businesses and the transfer of accounts. The company was yesterday in negotiation with Wall Street competitor Shearson Lehman

Hutton which was widely expected to take over about 28,000 brokerage accounts from Drexel with total assets of about \$5bn (£3bn).

If the deal goes through,
Shearson would not pay anything to take over the accounts

which are mostly held by individuals - but instead would be paid a fee by Drexel Drexel's remaining broker-

age accounts were expected to

be transferred to Smith Barney

Harris Upham, which bought

most of Drexel's retail broker age network last year. How ever, it appears that Smith Barney may have baulked at taking over all the rest of the In London, the court-ap-

pointed accountants, joined by officials from a number of selfregulatory bodies, will spend the weekend at Drexel's City offices considering how best to wind down trading activities.

Mr Hayward said the future viability of the Drexel companies depended to a large extent on the recoverability of monies owed by the US parent.

The parent company appeared to owe its UK subsidiaries "tens of millions of pounds," he said. It was too early to say precisely how much money was involved, or much money was involved, or whether it was recoverable. "If these monies were repaid in a short period of time, it might be that there is an opportunity to rehabilitate the companies." Otherwise, the appointment of a liquidator was the only Continued on Page 22 Icy wind from Drexel cools GBL, Page 10

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that share prices can go down as well as up and that past performance is not necessarily a guide to the future.

Source: ACCC Monthly Statistics - Share price returns over 1 year to 31 December 1989. You should be aware

Survey: ... Language Courses

Austria Sch24; Behrain Dino.700; Bermuda \$1.50; Belgium BFr65; Canada C\$1.00; Cyprus C£0.90; Denmark DKr12.00; Egypt E53.22; Finland Poldi.50; France FF7.50; Germany DAZ.50; Greece Dr150; Hong Kong HC\$12; Hungary F1107; Iceland IKR160; India Rup15; Indianella Rp5.100; Irriband IKR160; Israel NSS.60; Israe

MARKETS

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1,159.33 (+0.4%) **New York lunchti** DJ Ind. Av. 2,654.95 (+5.40) S&P Comp 335.16 (+0.27) Tokyo: Nikkei 37,460.32 (-11.67) LONDON MONEY 3-month laterbanic closing 15/2 (15½) Little long gift tetere:

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CONTENTS Hostilities that still run deep

Editorial Comment: ... More pain in housing The Mortgage Rate: ..

Borrowers strained in a rigorous market lilan in the News: ... Nelson Mandela

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Inti, Companies

OVERSEAS NEWS

Western allies to relax curbs on high-tech sales

By William Dawkins in Paris

THE Western allies have agreed in principle to ease curbs on roughly half the volume of high-technology goods now vetted for the Warsaw Pact under the West's 40-yearold strategic export controls.

The agreement to relax controls by next summer was reached by senior trade offi-cials of CoCom. the 17-nation Co-ordinating Committee for Multilateral Export Controls and is a first step to an even wider review of strategic export controls. It has "shaken the foundations of this conservative organisation," said an

CoCom members have agreed to finalise plans by May to scrap controls on exports of 32-bit microcomputers, high-tolerance machine tools, some kinds of telecommunications switching equipment and cables. Officials expect these to get the final blessing in June or July at CoCom's annual top decision-making meeting.
They gave the go-ahead at
the same time to a study of the possible liberalisation of other

products on the CoCom list,

governments, in a move aimed

to support Poland's attempt to

reform its economy, have agreed this week that Poland should pay neither interest nor capital of its debts to them

until March 1991. They also called for Poland's

commercial bank lenders to

make similar concessions and

postpone all interest payments due to them this year.

under the auspices of the Paris Club, agreed to reschedule the

payments due in 1990 and the

first quarter of 1991 for 14

The governments, meeting

ing equipment and other electronics goods, to be tabled for initial discussion at the next high-level meeting. Officials would then decide on those proposals for the next round of product liberalisation, for

Meanwhile, eastern European countries are to be offered special treatment if they convince CoCom they can stop Western technology being re-exported to the Soviet Union, still accepted as more of a strategic threat than its neighbours. Finally, the most immediate,

but least important part of the accord will bring an instant reduction from 12 weeks to eight weeks in the time CoCom needs to process so called "exception" applications to export goods on its controlled

CoCom exists to stop sales of militarily useful technology to the Soviet Union, its allies and China, but has been under intense pressure from West Germany and other European allies to loosen controls in line with the enormous changes in eastern Europe. The liberalisa-

Polish debt rescheduling deal

reschedule \$3.4bn of the

arrears built up by Poland with

Paris Club members before the

end of last year. The total res-

cheduled comes to \$9.4bn, according to Paris Club offi-

The agreement is an interim

measure before Poland's for-

eign debt problem can be

addressed more broadly.

A special team of Western officials has been established

to study Poland's debt pro-

gramme, with a technical com-mittee also studying the vexed

question of "burden-sharing"

tion plans now under way will apply to exports to all members of the Warsaw pact including Moscow, except the offer of special treatment for eastern Europeans. CoCom members, which

include the Nato countries plus Australia and Japan but minus iceland, have asked national experts to start work next week on defining precisely what kinds of microcomputers, machine tools and telecommu nications equipment to liberalise. US officials estimate that these three categories account for roughly half of the 1,500 applications for exceptions to CoCom export controls pro-cessed by the organisation

cessed by the organisation every year.

CoCom officials are to visit Poland, Hungary and Czechoslovakia in the next few months, to help them set up their own technology export controls. These are the first to offer to set up such a policing system. They will be expected to provide certificates guaranto provide certificates guaran-teeing that final users of technology goods are bona fide, and to allow Western experts

owed to governments and only about \$9bn owed to commer-

However, they are unwilling

to make public concessions of debt forgiveness for Poland for

fear it will trigger requests for

similar treatment from other debtor countries. "Poland will be a one-off," said one govern-

Diplomatic rapprochement between Britain and Argentina

Success for Menem's Harvard man

By Gary Mead

THAT Britain and Argentina are once more on diplomatic speaking terms is due largely to the efforts of one man, Mr Domingo Cavallo. Argentina's 44-year-old Foreign Minister has produced what is perhaps the only concrete success of President Carlos Menem's Government, a shining apple in what is otherwise rapidly becoming a barrel of decaying

Mr Cavallo is that rare thing in Argentine politics, a modest individual who has not the faintest whiff of scandal attaching to either his personal or nolitical life. When or political life. When appointed Foreign Minister last July, as President Menem took office, he seemed a surprising

His talents and experience were appropriate to a senior role, but in either the Economics Ministry or central bank. His Harvard PhD in economics, plus his administration of one research institutes, the Funda-cion Mediterranea, led to pre-



Mr Cavallo, left, and President Menem explaining the reasons for resuming ties with Britain

dictions that he would be employed by Mr Menem to sort out Argentina's endemic fin cial and economic problems. That may yet happen, now that relations with Britain have returned to some sort of nor-

But his spell at the Foreign Ministry suggests he should have a considerable future at the top of Argentina's political

He has earned the respect of foreign observers for his accessibility and modesty. But even more rare in Argentine politics is his preference for cautious progress rather than wildly extravegant gestures.
It is not paradoxical, in the

polluted atmosphere of Argen-tine politics, that such merits win him few friends and many enemies. His determined effort to restore relations with Britain – for which he has been and undoubtedly will con-tinue to be attacked for suppos-edly selling out over the issue of Falklands' sovereignty— has been driven by a commonsense pragmatism. Even with restored links, Argentina's paralysed economy may still lin-ger in the doldrums. But without renewed ties Argentina would certainly have remained an outsider.

The only question remaining is whether Argentine political life is yet mature enough to thank Mr Cavallo for his considerable contribution both to calming tensions in the South Atlantic, and to bringing Argentina back into the club of serious nations.

Kohl resists push for EC monetary union

By David Marsh in Bonn and Kieran Cooke in Dublin

WEST German Government is determined to resist pressure from other European Community members, and notably France and Italy, to bring forward the European conference on monetary union planned for Decem-

Poland is expected to begin talks late in the year on a pos-sible deal to reduce its bank Mr Kohl made plain his objections in a meeting with President François Mitterrand in Paris on Thursday evening, saying the suggestion could cause Bonn "enormous probdebts, under the new interna-tional debt initiative launched in March last year. But some banks are haulking at the prospect, given that the Paris Club has so far not

Agreement has, however, een resched for a special summit of the EC heads of govern-ment to be held in Duhlin in April, after the March 18 East German elections, to discuss the implications of German

There is considerable disquiet within the EC that the

accelerating pace of German unity requires action to speed up plans for European monetary union. France and Italy agreed earlier this week to pro-pose holding the European monetary conference in July. This clashes head-on with Bonn's well-known misgivings about pressing forward on European monetary union before the West German general elections in December.

Bonn officials said yesterday

they saw no reason for a con-ference in July, as technical preparations would not be sufficiently advanced.

A much more important rea-

son, however, as indicated by Mr Kohl in Paris, is that Bonn believes concrete proposals on European monetary union could damage the mainstream conservative vote in the October Bayarian state election.

where there are fears of losing national sovereignty. Bonn believes it will also be so preoccupied with the initiative for bringing the D-Mark into East Germany that there will be no

time to enlarge European mon-etary union plans.

Meanwhile, Mr Charles
Haughey, the Irish Prime Min-ister, speaking in his capacity as current president of the European Council, said yester-day that since the last EC summit in Strasbourg in early December "the European situa-tion has been changing rapidly

and significantly".

Speaking about the special
EC summit in April, Mr Haughey said it was important for Community leaders to have an early opportunity to discuss the evolving situation and respond to it. While he did not specifically mention German reunification, Irish officials made it clear that this will be the central topic at the summit. The idea of a summit to discuss German reunification was first mentioned in public by Mr Jacques Delors, the president of the European Commis-sion, during proceedings in the European Parliament in Strasbourg earlier this week. Irish officials, however, have

emphasised that the Dublin Government had proposed a special summit some time ago. The idea had been discussed during talks Mr Haughey had with President Mitterrand ear-lier this month.

The Irish Government did not say exactly when in April the summit would be held. A further meeting of the EC ads of government is due to take place at the end of the Irish presidency in late June.

New twist in Swedish crisis as **Feldt quits**

By Robert Taylor In Stockholm

NEGOTIATIONS were in progress last night on the possible formation of a new coalition government in Sweden between the Social Democrats and the small Centre Party. The talks began after Mr Kjell-Olof Feldt, Sweden's Finance Minister, left politics, a further setback for the Social Democrats' credibility.

The sudden departure of the most powerful and colourful most powertul and colourful figure in Swedish politics, regarded as the architect of the country's economic revival in the 1980s, adds a further twist to the unfolding political

Many of Mr Feldt's closest colleagues in the Ministry of Finance, who were crucial in the development of Sweden's liberal market strategy, also resigned yesterday, causing widespread dismay in Swedish business circles. Mr Feldt was succeeded in

the caretaker government by his assistant, 48-year-old Mr Odd Engström, who said he too would go when the next administration was formed. This would make him the gan.

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shortest serving Finance Min-ister in Swedish history. The minority Social Democratic Government resigned on Thursday night after losing a vote in Parliament on its planned two-year wage freeze. Many of Sweden's leading

Many of Sweden's leading employers expressed regret at Mr Feldt's departure and paint tribute to his achievements. Over the past 12 months, Mr Feldt had grown increasingly exasperated at the failure of his cabinet colleagues and the country's union leaders to recognise Sweden's growing economic crisis and support economic crisis and support financial austerity measures.

Mr Engström, who once declared that be intended in a few years to retire to Switzer-land, where he would become a Jungian psychoanalyst, is seen as an able technocrat with no political ambition. Unlike Mr Feldt, he is a laconic and introverted figure who avoids the public gaze.

• A settlement was reached yesterday in Sweden's three-

week-long bank dispute. The banks will re-open on Monday. A staged pay agreement drawn up by mediators will mean a pay rise of 13 per cent for bank staff backdated to January 1, with a further small increase in October.

EC accuses **US of Gatt** 'war games'

By Lucy Kellaway

THE European Community yesterday accused the US of yesternay accused the US of destabilising world agriculture markets and of playing "war games" within the Uruguay Round of the General Agree-ment on Tariffs and Trade (Gatt).

In a tirade against the US Farm Bill, Mr Ray MacSharry, the EC Farm Commissioner, said the US was introducing further restrictive measures in order to increase its negotia-ting leverage in the current round of Gatt talks in Geneva. Relations between the two sides were already soured after an EC complaint a week ago that the US was dumping wheat on the North African wheat on the North African market. The latest row over the Farm Bill is potentially more serious, and sets an unpromising background for the main Gatt negotiations in Uruguay in December. "We will not negotiate under threat," Mr MacSharry said. The EC is angered by a pro-vision in the bill that would allow farmers to shift from traditionally supported crops to others without losing their grants. It claims the result of the bill will be even higher US production, higher state subsi-dies and higher exports. The bill, unveiled last week, is expected to be through Congress this summer.

Mr MacSharry claimed the bill went against the US's own suggestions within Gatt, He also said that it conflicted with efforts by the EC to cut its support and farm pro-gramme — an assertion likely to be strongly contested by the

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among the creditor groups. Western officials concede years, with an eight-year grace period before repayments. that the country is unlikely In a further concession, the governments agreed to ever to pay off its \$41bn foreign debt burden, of which most is

By Stephen Fidler, Euromarkets Correspondent

NEWS IN BRIEF Inter-Christian fighting kills 60 in Lebanon

AT LEAST 60 people were killed and 200 wounded yesterday in the worst day of fighting in the 17-day-old conflict between Christian factions in Lebanon, Reuter reports from Beirut. Troops loyal to General Michel Aoun used tanks, artillery and rockets against the East Beirut stronghold of the rival Leba

Forces led by Sumir Geagea.

The fighting was so intense that many casualties were trapped in buildings, while hospitals, desperately short of blood, oxygen and bandages, moved the wounded into cramped basement wards for safety. At least 586 people have been killed and 2,000 wounded since fighting erupted on January 31.

Nujoma chosen for Namibia

Namibia's constituent Namibla's constituent assembly yesterday unanimously elected veteran nationalist leader Sam Nujoma to become the country's first president after independence from South Africa on March 21, Reuters reports from Win-

Nujoma, who led the Swapo nationalist movement in a 23year guerrilla war, has named 48-year-old Hage Geingob, a US-educated assembly chairman, as Prime Minister. Two members of Namibia's 80,000-strong white minority will be in the cabinet.



Nujoma: president-to-be

Pledge on guilder link in EMS

The Dutch guilder will remain tied to the strongest currency in the European Monetary System (EMS), according to Mr Wim Kok, Dutch Finance Minister, Reuter reports from Amsterdam.

In a letter to Parliament he said: "Dutch policy will continue to aim at the strongest currency on fundamentals within the European Money and Continue to aim at the strongest currency on fundamentals within the European Money and Continue to a fundamental successions." pean Monetary System. Provided the fight against inflation remains the top priority in West Germany, this means maintaining the fixed link between the guilder and the Deutsche Mark." The Netherlands has been considering dropping the link with the D-Mark for fear of imported inflation resulting from German

Fiat's hopes for Poland

The Italian car-maker Fiat says it has moved closer to winning a highly-contested contract to build a new generation of cars in Poland, Reuter reports from Warsaw. In a joint communique with the state-owned Polish carmaker FSO, Fiat said it had agreed to conduct a feasibility study into producing a Tipo-type hatchback at FSO's Warsaw factory, and that an agreement could be signed by July or August.

Czechoslovakia withdrawal

Soviet troops will start leaving Czechoslovakia on February 26, the Communist Party trade union daily Prace said yesterday, Reuter reports from Prague.

A substantial part of the 75,000-strong force would be withdrawn by May 31.

Indian airline head quits

The head of Indian Airlines has resigned following the crash of an Airbus Industrie A320 in which 90 people died, Reuter reports

from Bangalore.

Mr Raghunandan Prasad resigned to take moral responsibility for Wednesday's crash. Mr P.C. Sen, a joint secretary in the civil aviation ministry, has been asked to take over as the airline's acting chairman and managing director.

Unrest on Brazil markets

Fears of a new surge in inflation and a possible moratorium on Brazil's internal government debt have brought near panic to the country's gold, black dollar and stock markets, Ivo Dawnay reports from Rio de Janetro.

As business opened yesterday, the dollar stood at New Cruzados 63, up from NCz38 at the beginning of the month, giving a margin of over 150 per cent on the official exchange rate. Gold hit NCz793 and the Sao Paulo stockmarket rose by 10 per cent in record trading as investors scurried for secure assets

Moscow sees gains in new DM

agreed to forgive any of its

By Peter Riddell, US Editor, in Washington

western officials and Canadian MPs during his four-day visit to Canada this week. He emphasised that the Soviet Union would continue to have sizeable trade and eco-

currency.
Mr Shevardnadze repeatedly Europe and North America.

THE Soviet Union is supporting moves for a mone-tary union between East and West Germany with a single currency because it could mean that hard currency D-Marks might flow to Moscow as payment for its large exports to East Germany. Mr Eduard Shevardnadze, the Soviet Foreign Minister, made this plain in talks with

nomic ties with its east Euro-

pean neighbours. He welcomed the idea of a single currency for the two Germanys, noting that the Soviet Union was a hig sup-plier of energy to East Ger-many, including 8bn cubic feet of natural gas a year. This supply will presumably continue, generating large sums in hard

pointed out the advantages of increased Soviet trade with The Soviet Union was a huge market for machine tools and consumer products, he said.

E Germany forced to curb nuclear power

By David Goodhart in Bonn

current nuclear power generating capacity in response to pressure over safety levels from West Germany. Mr Klaus Töpfer, the West German Environment Minister, yesterday announced that one of the four Soviet-de-

signed reactors at Greifswald, East Germany's only functioning nuclear plant, had already been closed and a second would follow, probably next month. Fears over safety levels were heightened last month when it was disclosed that because of failures in the cooling system a

melt-down was only narrowly averted at Greifswald in 1976.

Mr Topfer said that the loss to the grid from closing the Greifswald reactors could

THE EAST German authorities have under 10 per cent of East Germany's election be made up almost immediately with 900 agreed to close down 50 per cent of their tricity requirements. Because of the pollution created by

burning brown coal - responsible for most of the country's electricity generation - a complete withdrawal from nuclear power is unlikely.

One new reactor at Greifswald is almost

ready to be connected to the grid and a further three are either being built or are planned. A larger 1,000 MW reactor has also been under construction at Stendal for 15 years and should be completed by 1995. It is likely that new nuclear capacity will conform to the higher West German safety standards.

Mr Töpfer said that the loss to the grid

tions at Helmstedt near the East German border, which have the only existing direct link to the East German grid.

• East Germany's former ruling party. the SED, now has only 700,000 members, down from 2.3m at the beginning of last year, according to Mr Gregor Gysi, the

Most of the regional organisations of the East German Social Democrats, likely to be the biggest party after next month's free elections, have now agreed to ban former SED members who left the party after October 7 last year in order to avoid the accusation that the Social Democrats

are the old SED in new clothing.

Group of 24 may offer more aid to Eastern Europe By David Buchan in Brussels

THE Group of 24 western countries yesterday held out to five more east European countries the prospect of economic aid, provided the latter continue along the road to pluralist democracy and a free mar-

The five countries - East Germany, Czechoslovakia, Bul- No formal decision to garia, Yugoslavia and Romania include the five in the full

 all submitted formal aid demands yesterday to the meeting of senior officials of the Group of 24. This body, composed of EC and other industrialised nations such as the US and Japan, was created last year to help Poland and Hungary.

financial and technical programme now under way in Poland and Hungary is expected until ministers of the 24 meet here in June.

ment the officials indicated the aid would be forthcoming "in the light of [their] progress towards the implementation" of free multi-party elections,

the rule of law and human rights, and market economies. Elections have been promised by the end of June in all five countries. The most far-reaching

But in a concluding staterequests were tabled by Yugo-slavia. The Belgrade Government said it wanted \$700m: \$500m from the EC and more from Japan and the US.

'Thrift' rescue agency in US seeks to raise more finance

By Peter Riddell, US Editor in Washington

THE US Government agency responsible for rescuing the savings and loan industry intends to raise an additional \$11bn in the current quarter as a first instalment towards a possible extra \$40bn which may be needed this year in

temporary financing.

This money is separate from the \$50bn which Congress approved last year to cover the losses from rescuing and clos-ing down hundreds of insolvent savings and loans, or thrifts in the largest rescue in US financial history. The new money is needed as

working capital or interim financing to meet the cost of making acquisitions and holding assets before they can be sold. Administration officials have approved a plan by the Resolution Trust Corporation, which

oversees the rescue, to raise an extra \$11bn in the current quarter through the Federal Financing Bank, part of the Some \$8bn will be carrying costs for property and other assets which cannot be sold, with the remaining \$3bn being used to provide the government-run thrifts with lower cost money than could be

raised in the market.
The extent of future such borrowing will depend on how many thrifts are under the corporation's management and how quickly they can be sold, but it is officially estimated that the total could be as much

as \$40bn during 1990.
In theory, this borrowing should in time be self-financing as assets are sold. In addition, the administration may have to top up the \$50bn already allocated for the losses in the rescue, which is

expected to run out in the first half of next year. The decision to raise money via the Treasury means that the temporary finance will be on-budget and push up the published deficit.

While the long-term budget-ary treatment has not been decided, there will be no need for offsetting cuts in other pro-grammes in the 1990 fiscal year under the Gramm-Rudman deficit reduction law since its procedures do not apply to money spent after the start of a year. Moreover, officials are arguing for special treatment, or exemptions, under budgetary accounting since the working

capital needs are expected to

be temporary.
In theory, there could be big swings in the deficit numbers which could rise sharply in the immediate future as borrowing is boosted by the acquisition of assets and then fall as sales rise substantially.

• Federal Reserve Board Chairman Alan Greenspan goes before Congress next week to report on the condition of the US economy, nearly victorious in recent battles against inflation and recession, but a long way from winning

Mr Greenspan is scheduled to testify on Tuesday before the House Banking Committee. The important testimony will be closely watched by financial markets because he will dis-cuss Fed projections for economic growth and money sup-ply and describe credit policy

The White House, which has often clashed with the independent central bank over interes rates, has praised Fed efforts. But administration officials have made it clear they would like more out of the economy than merely avoiding recession and they could be disappointed by Mr Greenspan on Tuesday.

Californian vote backs gun controls

By Louise Kehoe in San Francisco CALIFORNIA legislators have

passed sweeping gun control measures that would enforce a 15-day "cooling-down period" on purchasers of all types of guns sold in the state. The vote represents a defeat for the politically powerful National Rifle Association.

Supporters of the move claim it signals growing support for control of gun sales through-out the US. The gun-control measure would make California the first state to extend to all firearms its current 15-day waiting period for purchasers of handguns. The wait would give authorities time to check records to see if a gun buyer has a record of crime or mental instability that would prohibit

him from owning a gun.
The bill has been strongly opposed by the 3m-strong National Rifle Association. The NRA argues that gun controls infringe the constitutional right of citizens to bear arms. There are, according to the NRA, 70m gun owners in the US. This means there is a gun in about every second house-

hold, it says. In California, where gun controls are already among the most restrictive in the US, the NRA appears, however, to be losing public sympathy. The new gun control bill, which has been passed by the State Senate and Assembly, will now go to Governor George Deukmejian for final approval. The governor has

The NRA argues that gun controls infringe the constitutional right of citizens to bear arms.

said he supports the waiting period, but wants to review the bill before signing it into law. Supporters said the waiting period would provide a cool-ing-off period that might pre-vent crimes of passion. Oppo-nents claimed, however, that the waiting period imposed an unnecessary burden on gun

The gun control measure was introduced early last year in the wake of an incident in which a man shot dead five schoolchildren and injured 29 others at a school in Stockton. California, before turning a gun on himself

OVERSEAS NEWS

Mandarin repairs the road to China Let a single flower bloom, briefly

By John Elliott in Peking

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COC, Religios

life-style now that Hong Kong's Basic Law has been finalised and UK plans for the colony's democratic development announced.

A 58-year-old career diplomat and China expert who first came to Peking as a language student in 1955, he is at the peak of his career. But he is inevitably being personally linked with the UK's failure this week to win a better democracy deal for Hong Kong from China, in the wake of June's Tiananmen square crisis.

Sir Alan is no stranger to the long-running controversy surrounding Britain's

handling of China over Hong Kong.

He is reputed to have angered Mrs Margaret Thatcher, when she wanted to attack
China over the Hong Kong sovereignty issue some seven years ago, by warning: "You mustn't scream at the Chinese."

That story is sometimes recounted as a sign of Sir Alan's soft Sinologist centre.

Experts however say he really meant:
"Don't go in with all guns blazing when you don't know what you really expect to achieve." Either way that advice is believed not to have endeared him to Mrs Thatcher and only served to confirm her prejudice against the pliability of Foreign Office mandarins.

It is ironic that in recent weeks Sir Alan has been the man at the sharp end, imple-

SIR Alan Donald, Britain's ambassador in menting her six-month-old instruction to in the Foreign Ministry, with both sides Peking, is looking forward to a change of Whitehall that the Hong Kong issue exchanging speaking notes as formal should be removed from her deak.

The future of Hong Kong as it approaches its transfer to Chinese sover-eignty is the dominant Sino-British diplomatic issue. It overwhelms everything else to such an extent that trying to talk to the British embassy in Peking is often rather like approaching a mission under slege. Now Sir Alan and his staff are hoping for a change. On one front, diplomats

He told Mrs Thatcher: "You mustn't scream at the Chmese."

believe that yesterday's events should mark a new and more co-operative rela-tionship between Peking and Hong Kong, which will inevitably embrace the UK as

well.
On a personal level, Sir Alan must hope he is ending a long period as a daily high-level messenger-cum-negotiator in the Basic Law dealings between Britain and Peking. This work has involved him to an increasing degree since he arrived in Peking as ambassador in May 1988. For the past month or so, he has had him say he is a robust negotiator, espelittle time to deal with any other issues.

He has had daily meetings at a senior level have felt in the past few weeks.

exchanging speaking notes as formal letters. He has been swamped by telegrams with London, communications with Hong Kong, and other consultations.

There have also been lunches with officials such as Mr Li Hou, secretary general of the Basic Law Drafting Committee, whom Sir Alan is barred by China from meeting formally because Li Hou handles the "domestic" issue of Hong Kong and Sir Alan is a foreigner.

Born in Aberdeen and educated at Fettes College in Edinburgh and Trinity Hall, Cambridge, Sir Alan joined the Foreign Office's Far East Department in 1954 and briefly became a third secretary in Polying in 1956. and briefly became a third secretary in Peking in 1956 after spending a year in the Chinese capital learning Mandarin.
He returned to Peking in 1964 and from 1974 to 1977 was political adviser to the governor of Hong Kong.

Before Peking Sir Alan was ambassador in Jakarta. A large, friendly man who is clearly happier in informal exchanges than in formal conversations. Sir Alan has

than in formal conversations, Sir Alan has many supporters among people who have worked with him. While he can at times such as this week look and sound like a weak Foreign Office Sinologist bent on appeasement with China, those who know

FACED with a choice of three flags with either Chinese-style red or British-style red, white and blue backgrounds, the Peking dominated drafting committee of Hong Kong's Basic Law yesterday chose the red version for the British colony to use after it returns to Chinese sovereignty

The focal point is a white bauhinia flower, which is found across the hills of the south China coast, with a red star in each of its five petals. An official release

said this was to "signify the love of all Hong Kong people for the motherland". The banhinia is described in a Hong Kong tourist guide as a "fragrant woody climber" which flowers in spring and summer. But a caller on a local radio phone-in programme this week remarked wryly that it had the reputation of only flowering for a day – a salutary note to strike as Hong Rong looks ahead to an uncertain inture after 1997.

The other two designs show a baubinia flower against red, white and blue backgrounds. They would have been an unlikely choice for China once it has ousted the British.

That was perhaps reflected in yesterday's committee meeting, when 34 votes went to the winning design and 15 to a design with more or less equally divided red, white and blue areas. Just one vote went to a flag



Chinese Hong Kong flag: signifying love of the motherland

with two thin white and blue vertical stripes, which looked like a Chinese adaptation of the French tricouleur.

The designs were prepared by an 11
member panel of mainland officials and Hong Kong artists. Last year the panel rejected 12 designs chosen from over 7,000 entries submitted by the general public.

Kenyan minister's body found

By Julian Ozanne in Nairobi

THE charred remains of the Kenyan Foreign Minister, Dr Robert Ouko, who had been missing for three days, were found yesterday in a sugar cane plantation near his home in western Kenya.

Mr Ouko had apparently been murdered and his body set alight. President Daniel arap Mol said Mr Ouko's partly-burnt body was discovered four miles from his Koru home "in circumstances which at the moment suggest foul

Mr Ouko, 57, had been missing from his home since early on Tuesday, when according to a report in the governmentowned Kenya Times, he was driven off in a white car at 3 a.m. A huge police search was mounted in the district. His official briefcase and reading glasses were later discovered in his bedroom.

Mr Ouko was a veteran of Kenyan politics. He was Kenya's minister in the now defunct East Africa Community and was elected to Parliament in 1979 and immediately given a cabinet portfolio. He first served as Foreign Minis-ter between 1979 and 1983, 1988 after five years first as Labour and then as Planning

He travelled extensively and had just returned from a trip to the US with President Moi. He was widely considered one of the most able, articu-

Hawke keeps stealing Peacock's plumage

Chris Sherwell on the Australian opposition's problems as the election approaches

about democratic elections - that oppositions don't win them, governments lose them. If the Labor Party regains power in the Austra-lian poll called for March 24, it will be because the opposition Liberal and National Party coalition turned that maxim on its head.

The Prime Minister, Mr Bob Hawke, who has already led Labor to its record three terms since 1983, underscored the point when he cited the opposition's problems after announc-ing the poll date yesterday. "If you can't govern yourselves," he said derisively, "you can't govern the country." He had two recent events in

mind: this week's internal upheaval when Mr Andrew Peacock, the coalition leader, sacked a senior shadow cabinet member for outspoken criti-cisms of his leadership, and the opposition's embarrassing nb-down over health policy last month because of its finan-cial miscalculations.

But Mr Hawke was also scoring a general point. A congeni-tal lack of cohesion and coherence has left the opposition struggling to show a genuine ascendancy over the Government, despite having reinstated Mr Peacock as leader. John Howard, who lost the

Mr Peacock, 50, though more debonair than Mr Howard, is also less gritty - "all feathers, as one magazine has put it. Worse, the trend has been downwards, culminating in an opinion poll this week which put his personal



Peacock (left) and Hawke: economic management is the issue

rating below Mr Howard's, and Mr Hawke's well above both. Unlike 1987, Mr Peacock does not have to contend with fatal divisions within the coalition. And unlike 1987, when the opposition's campaign tripped over a mortal error in its budget policy calculations, most details of its platform including its centrepiece, a fax-cutting economic "action plan" – have been laid before

the electorate.

Even so, the coalition faces a problem distinguishing itself clearly from a Labor Party which, under Mr Hawke and Mr Paul Keating, the Trea-surer, who is the architect of its economic policy, continues to steal its clothes

The latest example has come

in industrial relations, where Labor has said it favours enterprise bargaining - a big change in a country which has seen centralised wage-flying for most of the century. At the same time the opposition has diluted a bold plan to liberalise

Reflecting the Government's acute sense of timing, Mr Keat-ing will also announce next week his latest deal with the trade union movement on wage increases and possible tax cuts. Labor sets considerable store by this long-lived "accord", pointedly asserting that, because the conservatives couldn't run wages like this. Competence in economic

management will dominate the campaign, and technically the opposition could run rings round the Government. Labor has presided over uncontained current account deficits, exploding external debt, record interest rates, untamed inflation, a string of corporate col-lapses, slow microeconomic reforms and, still to come, ris-

ing unemployment. But Labor says it is responsible for seven years of solid economic growth, an enormous expansion of job opportunities and systematic changes - in tax policy, financial sector deregulation and tariff reductions which the opposition failed to tackle and which have now dragged Australia into the late

20th century.

Cunningly, Mr Keating has portrayed his suffocatingly tight monetary policy to con-tain domestic demand as a responsible virtue, when in fact he refused to use fiscal and wages policy to the same

Voters are sufficiently cynical, and have suffered enough of a drop in living standards, not to be easily swayed by this. So Labor is also pointing to other achievements which dis-tinguish it from the opposition. The most significant are environmental issues - in forestry and mining at home, driftnet fishing and Antarctica's protection internationally.

Its calculation is simple. In Australia everyone must vote, and declare preferences. Many are undecided, but defecting supporters are switching to the minority parties like the Aus-tralian Democrats rather than the coalition. If its stand on the

environment can win the defectors back or ensure Labor is their second preference, it can retain power.

To the same end, the party last weekend ensured that the Labor premier and deputy pre-mier of Western Australia's state government resigned their positions. The aim was to neutralise the disgrace of the Government's mismanaged and costly involvement with

The only unsettled question for Labor concerns the succession. Mr Hawke's heir-apparent is Mr Keating, but Mr Hawke, who is 60 and loves the trappings of the prime ministership, is talking of a fourth term and even a fifth. If he stays, Mr Keating, would consider large. Keating would consider leaving. And if Labor loses, they both would. Similarly, an opposition loss would probably see both Mr Peacock and Mr Howard leave the scene.

Come polling day, Labor will be defending, under redrawn constituency boundaries, an effective 18-seat majority in the 148-seat House of Representatives, the lower house. Twenty marginal seats will determine the outcome: a swing of 2.6 per cent to the opposition would give it victory, a swing of 1 per cent against would lift Labor's

majority to 30.

By most stan chances of victory ought to be less than 50-50. Yet opposition weakness has made a Labor win seem attainable. Both sides are tired before they begin. If Mr Peacock is to bring his 24 long years in Parliament to a worthy climax by unseating his rival, he has much to do.

Japan's LDP likely to remain in power

By Stefan Wagstyl in Tokyo

THE ruling Liberal Democratic Party is expected to retain control of the Japanese Government following the general

election tomorrow. The LDP is likely to keep its majority in the dominant lower house of the Diet (Parliament), after recovering popular support since its unprecedented defeat last summer in elections

to the upper house.

Nevertheless, the ruling party will find it difficult to assert itself as strongly as before, because opposition parties, headed by the Japan Socialist Party, have a majority in the upper house. Moreover, there are doubts about the ability of Mr Toshiki Kaifu, the Prime Minister, to resist pressure from LDP elders to step down in favour of Mr Shintaro Abe, a senior LDP fig-ure with more intra-party clout

than Mr Kaifu. Pollsters say the LDP should win between 260 and 280 seats in the 512-member lower house in tomorrow's election, down from 295 before the election. If it falls to secure the 257 seats needed for a majority, the result could well hit confidence in the Japanese yen and in the Tokyo stock market. If the LDP scores significantly above 280 seats, the yen and Japanese stocks could rise sharply

Support for the LDP hit an all-time low last year after the party introduced an unpopular consumption tax, became involved in the Recruit financial scandal and angered farmers with a change in agricultural policy. The party's standing has

JAPANESE ELECTIONS

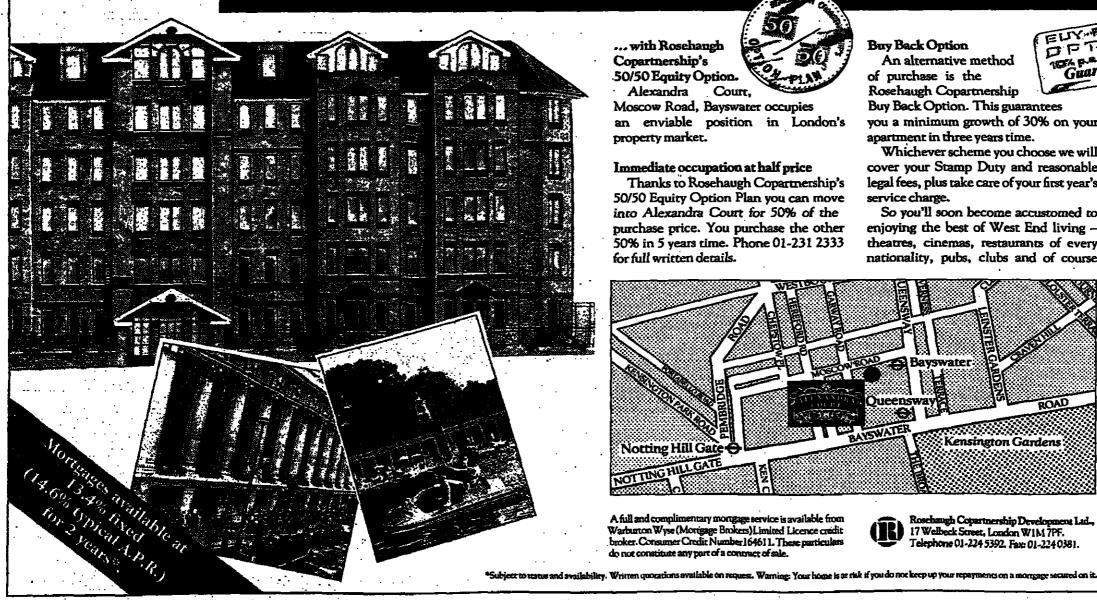
recovered because concern about these issues has waned In particular, the party has defused anger about the con-sumption tax by promising reforms. Also, voters have become convinced of the oppo-sition parties' inability to present an appealing alternative to the LDP, which has ruled during more than three decades of unparalleled prosperity. Moreover, LDP candidates have been able to use their

powerful campaign organisations much more effectively in the lower house poll than they could last year in the upper house election. Particularly in rural constituencies, personal and local loyalties are paramount in the lower house vote. The Socialist Party is expected to consolidate its position at the expense of smaller par-ties and increase its tally of seats from 83 to about 130. The higgest loser is likely to be the Communist Party, which has suffered from events in China

and in eastern Europe.
The average Japanese is more interested than ever before in the election. There are a record 953 candidates; over 90 per cent of the electorate intend to vote, more than ever before, according to a Kyodo news agency poll.

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NEWS IN BRIEF

Nationwide

Anglia lifts

lending rate

THE NATIONWIDE Anglia yesterday became the first building society to follow the Abbey National's increase in

the mortgage rate, with the

same 0.9 percentage-point rise to 15.4 per cent from

The Nationwide also said it would help new borrowers by increasing to 0.65 percentage points its discount for the first

three years of a £60,000-plus

Bank director leaves

SALOMON BROTHERS, the

SALOMON HECTTIERS, the US investment bank, was on the point yesterday of losing its 20-strong property team in the second exodus from a US bank this week.

Mr Bandolph Dumas, manag-

ing director of Salomon's inter-national real estate division, based in London, resigned to

run a new merchant bank spe-

cialising in property. He is expected to be

followed by most, if not all, of Salomon's property team, which in recent years has been

active in arranging property finance for the London market.

Last year, it handled the sale

office complex next to St Paul's

of Paternoster Square, the

alad ir

By David Thomas, Resources Editor

BRITAIN'S nuclear industry could be forced to look into the abyes over its safety record this year, just as 1989 proved to be the year in which it was almost torpedoed by its eco-

The publication of evidence this week that suggested a link between radiation exposure among workers at the Sellafield nuclear reprocessing fac-tory in west Cumbria and leukaemia contracted by some of their children was a double

Not only did the results -produced by a team under Professor Martin Gardner at

apparentiv come as a surprise to the industry, it was also the first official study to isolate a plausible cause of the clusters of leukaemia and other cancers around Sellafield. The report suggested damage to the men's sperm before they conceived

The study is already being talked about as a blow to the industry on a par with the dev-astating expose of its costs that the process of electricity privatisation achieved.

Claims down the years from within the industry that nuclear stations produced cheaper electricity than their coal-fired competitors crum-

bled in the face of the Government's stark inability to sell nuclear power stations. Simibarly, claims that the leukaemia clusters and Sellafield were unconnected are tottering, if not crumbling, in the face of Prof Gardner's findings.

"What will be at issue over the next year is whether Sella-field can operate safely at any-thing like economically viable levels," said one union leader yesterday. He requested anonymity, mindful of the Sella-field workforce's traditional support for their plant.

The leukaemia study is also certain to turn the political

once more. Mr Frank Dobson. Labour's energy spokesman, said yesterday: "If further reports were to undermine the industry's claims to safe operations, coming on top of acceptance that some nuclear power has been uneconomic, then the industry will be in a very serious position."
The Government is more tac-

iturn, but Mr John Wakeham, Energy Secretary, is under-stood to be fairly jaundiced about nuclear power. One of his first jobs on taking his post last year was to sort out the nuclear costs flasco, pulling all of the Central Electricity Gen-

mia cluster, but it says that tions out of the privatisation.
The industry, for its part, only two of the fathers of children who have had leukaemia was yesterday asking everyone to wait and see. BNFL said no decisions could be taken until in Caithness since 1979 have worked at Doumeay. While more studies clearly after the further study requested by the Government need to be done, the implica-tions of the Gardner report, if from its advisory Committee substantiated, are already on the Medical Aspects of Radi-ation in the Environment (Comare). It is also intending emerging, at least in outline

to hold urgent discussions with the Sellafield workforce and the authorities charged with overseeing nuclear safety.
The UK Atomic Energy
Authority echoed this line. R

ops leukaemia if exposed to total radiation doses of 100 millisteverts (mSv) before the child is conceived, or to doses of more than 10 mSv in the six months before conception.

A total of 691 Sellafield workoperates the Dounreay nuclear facility in Caithness, around as received doses of more than 10 mSv in 1988. BNFL was yes-terday unable to give the latest information for lifetime expo-

sure of Sellafield's workers, but it estimated that more than 2,000 workers had received doses of more than 100 mSv between 1950 and 1985. The legal maximum annual dose level is 50 mSv, but BNFL says Sellafield operates to a 30 mSv level. The regulatory authorities have recently pro-posed introducing a 15 mSv

The report suggests that

men would be at greatest risk of fathering a child who devel-

Any move to cut this limit to the 10 mSv contained in Prof. Gardner's report would inevitably force BNFL into costly revisions of its working practices. It would almost certainly have to hire more workers, rotate their shifts in the most exposed parts of its facility more frequently, introduce even more stringent protective

devices and so on.

BNIFL believes that the most effective way for it to cut down on the radiation doses going to its workers is through investment in more efficient plant. It

already has £5bn worth of new plant coming on stream, although this does not address the safety issues connected with decommissioning old plant, as the company

acknowledges.
All these changes could add substantially to costs, as BNFL also acknowledges, which

RADIATION DOSES among Seliafield werkers 1988

Dosage in, mSv	 :		Number of workers
0-5			4736
5-10			1091
10-15	. :		452
15-29	٠.	4	179
20-3Q			59
30-40		•	t
			Source: BIET,

would feed through to the charges of Nuclear Electric, the new state-owned company running the nuclear power sta-tions in England and Wales now that they are to remain in public ownership. BNFL charged £692m in

1988-89 for its services to the Central Electricity Generating Board and the South of Scotland Electricity Board. Any increase in these costs could threaten the Government's determination to reduce its nuclear levy price subsidy by a third over the next eight years.

Yet environmental groups are certain to make the Gard-

ner finding a focus to lobby for stronger controls on the indus-try. Friends of the Earth said yesterday it would be pushing for a 10 mSv annual dose limit, while Greenpeace is preparing plans for new campaigns against the transport and

Cathedral The new merchant bank will be called Dumas West. It will be backed by US West, one of the former Bell telephone companies and will be provided with funds to lend on its own behalf

Earlier this week, Mr Allen Wheat, the chairman of Bankers Trust International in London, resigned to join Credit Suisse First Boston and took six staff from London and six from Tokyo with him.

Knickerbox to grow KNICKERBOX, the niche retailer of underwear, is raising £2m from City institutions to finance expansion. It plans to double the present number of 35 stores over the next three

The finance was arranged by Candover Investments, partly through its Candover 1987 Fund which invests on behalf of institutions. Candover and the fund will together hold 22.5 per cent of Knickerbox's

The company, which was set up in October 1986, is operating profitably and expects to reach sales of £10m in its financial year to end January 1991.

> Gas data agreement AN AGREEMENT designed to encourage new entrants to start supplying gas to indus-trial consumers was signed yesterday by British Gas and Ofgas, the industry's regulator. The agreement gives potential competitors to British Gas

access to data on the company's pipeline transmission sys-tem, through which their gas supplies would also flow.

task in developing children as responsible citizens unless par-ents play their part in full, Mr John MacGregor, Education Secretary, said yesterday.

They and all other sections

seeking to get across.

Communities accept the report quietly

By John Authors and lan Fazey

THE communities surrounding Sellafield accepted Thursday's report quietly, and to an extent positively. One local clergyman said: "It will cause a certain amount of anxiety, obviously, but Seliafield is part of the fab

Local people have grown accustomed to reports about the complex, and there was some feeling that "this is the most positive and definite declaration we've had so far. Sellafield employs so many workers that continued concern causes little more than

One man in Bootle, about 10 miles away, said: "We have a lot of people who are depen-dent on if for a livelihood. On the whole I think we are very happy with it. We get a great number of cranks and would-be scientists, and we get a lot of people with axes to grind. I would like to see a report from someone without an axe to grind."

Mr Ken Andrews, a partner in Richards & Co, a small firm of chartered accountants in Egremont, five miles from Sel-lafield, said latest doubts about safety were likely to undermine further business confidence in the area.

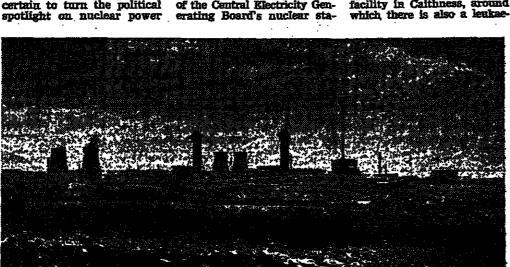
The firm acts for a wide range of small businesses around the plant, some trading directly with British Nuclear Fuels or its major contractors, but most indirectly dependent on Sellafield for their survival. Mr Andrews said Sellafield was fundamental to the economy of West Cumbria. Shops, pubs and guest houses relied on the plant because tourists had been deterred by radiation

He was sceptical about the research which has thrown up the suggestion that some workers might have passed genetic damage on to their children. "The trouble is that statistics are so often misused and misunderstood. If in a local village the incidence of laukaemia should be one case and the figure is two, that is seen as a doubling of the national rate but it does not mean that every

Others in the communities around the plant believe that the incidence of cancer has nothing to do with the nuclear complex. A resident of Becker-met, a village close to Sellasield, put it graphically: The Sellafield complex is very big but, when I stand and look out across the area, it only takes up five degrees of the view. Nobody pretends it's pretty, but the other 355 degrees are really beautiful."

area are extremely annoyed with these "hysterical" scares, he said. "We all know that radioactivity is dangerous but it is as measurable as any other form of pollution and much better controlled. We are all well aware of the standards in force in Sellafield and most people have confidence in

child is going to get it."



Sellafield nuclear plant: under the political spotlight

NRPB wants radiation-cancer link study widened

By David Fishlock, Science Editor

A INVESTIGATION of the medical records of over 100,000 people who have worked with radioactivity in Britain since the 1940s has been proposed by the National Radiological Protection Board.

It follows evidence from stat-isticians led by Professor Martin Gardner at the Medical Research Council's Environ-mental Epidemiology Unit at Southampton University, that workers exposed to high levels of radiation at the Sellafield nuclear reprocessing plant in

Cumbria, may have fathered children who were genetically disposed to contract leukaemia and other cancers. Their findings are published in this week's British Medical Jour-

The NRPB, the Government's watchdog on public exposure to radiation, wants the Department of Health to carry out a follow-up study drawing on the national register of radiation workers set up in 1976. The register records the radiation doses received by

105,000 industrial workers or 1946.

Dr John Stather, head of the NRPB's biological effects department, estimated the study would take from two to

three years and cost upwards of £100,000. Workers on the register have

been employed by such organi-sations as Amersham Interna-tional, British Nuclear Fuels, the Central Electricity Generating Board, the Ministry of Defence, the Medical Research

ciates and the UK Atomic Energy Authority. Dr Stather said he would have to pool the NRPB register with a national databank on childhood cancer compiled by Dr Gerald Draper, a cancer epidemiologist in

Two more stadies - on workers at Domreay, in Caith-ness, Scotland and at Burgh-field near Reading, where nuclear warheads are assen bled - are expected to be pub-lished by the Southampton explosion, more than 7,000 peo-ple whose fathers had received: 500 milli-Sieverts or more of radiation had been followed for dence of any link between radiation exposure and cancer in

Dr Stather said there was no

previous clinical evidence of

such an association. In the case of the Hiroshima nuclear

offspring.
The proposed NHPB study
would investigate much larger
numbers of current and former

from bank's By Maurice Samuelson pension arm

By Barry Riley

THE troubled London operations of Union Bank of Switzerland have received another blow with the resignation of Mr Keith Percy. the executive chairman of the highly successful pension fund management subsidiary Phillips & Drew Fund Manage-

Staff were told yesterday. There was said to be no connection with the controversy earlier in the week over the refusal of the London stockbroking arm of the UBS group, UBS Phillips & Drew, to com-pensate institutional investors in Blue Arrow, as County Nat-West has agreed to do. Officially, Mr Percy is said to

challenges and make way for the promotion of colleagues. Another director, Mr Paul Meredith, has been appointed as his successor.

However, there is thought to have been increasing fric-tion between the fund management business and its Swiss

owners. Since Mr Percy took over in 1983 the company has moved from seventh to second in the industry's league table in terms of UK pension funds under management, and nov controls portfolios worth almost £17bn. It was originally part of the broking group, but is now separately consti-

Company executives have considered that the success of the business should have been rewarded with the granting of greater autonomy, but instead nterference has increased.

Phillips & Drew Fund Management is believed to have shelved a plan to float a proportion of its capital on the stock market, as has been successfully done by the biggest pension fund manager, Mercury Asset Management.

UBS, which has been losing very large sums on the broking and market making sides of Phillips & Drew, is understood to be unhappy that the profitability of the fund management operation is much less than that achieved by Mer-

The departure of the executive chairman in controversial circumstances may damage Phillips & Drew Fund Management's good reputation. "P&D will need a careful look at now that Keith Percy has gone," said a leading consultant on pension fund management yes-

Resignation | Power cable fee angers France | Inflation rate stays at 7.7%

AN ARGUMENT has broken out between electricity officials in Britain and France over use of the cross-Channel high voltage cables after Britain's electricity industry is privatised on

April I.

The National Grid Company, which will run the British end of the cable link, wants to charge up to £80m a year for handling the large volumes of power which Electricité de France, the French national utility, hopes to sell on the private British electricity market. EdF rejects the idea in prin-

ciple. Mr Jean Zask, its man-ager for cross-border trading, said in Paris: "If I thought it were serious I would say it is a racket and a scandal. As it is, I simply find it *amusant.*"

The Grid company insists:

"As a private company, we will be obliged to show a return on

our assets including our part of the cross-Channel link. Everyone will be charged for use of the transmission system and EdF can be no exception."

The Department of Energy, which supports the National Grid's position, is believed to fear that large-scale French imports would create acute overcapacity in three or four years when a spate of proposed new gas-fired power stations start to come on stream.

EdF says transmission charges on cross-Channel deliveries would flout a protocol on the cable link signed by EdF and the Central Electricity Generating Board. The National Grid Company says this would not apply to com-marcial use of the link.

The cross-Channel link was built by the two utilities five years ago, at a cost of about \$300m with financial help from the European Commun enhance security and lower costs in both countries by permitting daily power swaps at peak times, which differ in each country. Because of lower than expected demand, it has been increasingly used to carry cheap nuclear electricity from Northern France.

The French regret the British Government's decision to exclude their nuclear power from the quota of non-fossil fuel electricity which the British distribution companies will

be forced to buy. However, they still see com mercial opportunities since French nuclear sales would be exempt from the 10.6 per cent levy on sales of coal and gas-fired electricity. But this advantage might be wiped out by the proposed charges.

By Peter Norman, Economics Correspondent

BRITAIN'S annual inflation rate in January was a worse-than-expected 7.7 per cent and more bad news is on the way. The Central Statistical Office announced yesterday that the retail prices index rose 0.6 per cent last month to show an unchanged 7.7 per cent annual rise for the third consecutive month. The City had expected a 0.4 per cent jump in January and an annual rate of 7.5 per

Higher food prices were the main causes of the increase. Dearer vegetables, fruit, fresh. fish and home-killed lamb contributed to a 4.7 per cent rise in seasonal food prices in January, the biggest monthly increase in this category since

January 1965. Dearer petrol and car main-tainance, increased housing costs and a rise in alcoholic

discounts also boosted the price index, more than offset-ting lower clothing prices in the January sales and the absence of a mortgage rate increase or higher tail fares. The Treasury said inflation was too high but that the Gov-

ernment's resolve to bring it down by tight monetary and sound fiscal policy was "firm One small consolation for the Government was that the annual rise in the retail prices index, minus mortgage interest; payments, was unchanged for

the fourth successive month at

6.1 per cent.
Looking ahead, many analysts believe the sunual rate of inflation could exceed last year's high point of 8.2 per cent by April.

This would increase the diffi-

drink prices after Christmas culties faced by Mr John Major, the Chancellor, in managing the economy. Higher prices have been the principle factor behind higher wage February's inflation rate will

be boosted by higher rail fares and more increases in food prices. In March and April higher mortgage rates, the community charge, increased utility costs and any increases in excise duties in the Budget will boost inflation further.

The retail prices index rose

to 119.5 (base January 1987 -100) in January from 118.8 in December while the tax and price index, which measures the increase in gross taxable income needed to compensate taxpayers for any increase in retail prices, advanced to 113.9 (base January 1987 = 100) from

Parents' duty SCHOOLS face an impossible

of society had a duty to help teachers in their task, he said at a national conference on Citizenship in Schools, by setting an example which reinforced the messages that schools were

THE GUINNESS TRIAL

Margulies companies 'paid £3.5m in share support deal'

Ephraim Margulies, chairman of the S&W Berisford group, were paid a total of £3.5m for Mr Margulies' help in an unlawful share support operation mounted by Guinness dur-ing its takeover battle for the Distillers drinks group, it was alleged yesterday. Mr John Chadwick, QC, pros-

ecuting, told the jury at the Guinness trial at Southwark Crown Court that the pay-ments bad been suggested by Mr Anthony Parnes, a City stockbroker, and approved by Mr Ernest Saunders, Guinness chairman and chief executive. Mr Saunders, Mr Parnes, Mr

Gerald Ronson, chairman of the Heron group, and Sir Jack Lyons, the millionaire financier, face criminal charges relating to the share support operation. Mr Saunders faces eight charges of false accounting,

two of theft, two of conspiracy to contravene the Prevention of Fraud (Investments) Act. two under the Companies Act. and one of destroying documents. Mr Ronson faces two charges of false accounting, one of theft, one under the Prevention of Fraud (Investments) Act, and one of aiding and abetting an offence by Mr Saunders. Mr Parnes faces five false accounting and two theft charges. Sir Jack Lyons faces four false accounting charges, one of theft, two under the Prevention of Fraud (Investments) Act and the Companies Act,

Court report by Raymond Hughes

and one of aiding and abetting an offence by Mr Saunders. All have pleaded not guilty. Mr Chadwick told the jury: "Mr Margulles is not a defendant in this case and I must tell you that it is not necessary for you to form any view about the criminality or otherwise of Mr Margulies' participation in the events which I am about to

Mr Chadwick said that in return for buying Guinness shares, Mr Margulies' companies were paid an indemnity against losses on resale of about £1.4m and a £2m success fee. The money, he said, was paid on two invoices: one from Compagnie Internationale de Finance et Commerce (CIFCO) for £1.94m dated June 10, 1986, as "fee for advisory service as agreed"; the other from Erlanger and Company for £1,495,000 to work in connection with the acquisition of Distillers." Neither CIFCO nor Erlanger had given any advice or rendered any services to Guin-ness, Mr Chadwick said. Both

invoices were false and had

been paid on Mr Saunders'

instructions, Mr Chadwick

gulies was asked by Mr Saunders to support the Guinness bid by buying its shares, "Mr

He said that when Mr Mar-

alleged.

Margulies said he would like to be helpful but that he would

Margulies agreed to make £15m available for share pur-After Guinness's bid had ded, Mr Parnes told Mr Olivier Roux, then Guinness' finance director, that Mr Mar-gulies had suffered losses on describe, and it would be quite the resale of the shares. Mr wrong for you to attempt to do

> Mr Saunders, who agreed to Mr Margulies being paid an indem-nity plus a success fee. Mr Parnes' reward for his part in the arrangement, under which Mr Margulies and his companies had made a profit of companies but made a profit of some £2m, or by way of com-mission, was a £340,000 pay-ment by CIFCO. Mr Chadwick said that the

gulies "considerable alarm."

Mr Parnes told Mr Roux that "frame" him (Parnes) and try-ing to dissociate himself from CIFCO - to make it appear that Mr Parnes was personally payments it had received. Mr Chadwick said that at a

meeting at Mr Parnes' house, Mr Margulies had proposed to

not like to lose as a result." Mr

Parnes suggested that Guinness should compensate Mr Chadwick said. Margulies. Mr Roux mentioned this to

share support operation.

He said that on April 15, 1986, when the Guinness bid

appointment of DTI inspectors to investigate the takeover had caused Mr Parnes and Mr Mar-Mr Margulies was trying to ZKB resold at a loss of £253,424. responsible for CIFCO and the

Mr Roux that it should be made to appear that CIFCO had advised Guinness about trading problems with Third World countries. To support "this pretence" two back-dated letters addressed to Guinness were sent by CIFCO to Mr Roux. Everyone concerned had tried to keep up the pretence but, when interviewed by the DTI inspectors, Mr Parnes admitted it was all a fiction. In 1987 Erlanger repaid Cuin ness the £1,495,000 and CIFCO repaid £1.2m out of the £1.940,000 it had received, Mr

He said that Mr Saunders claimed to have known nothing about the matter and denied having sanctioned the CIFCO or Erlanger payments.

Mr Chadwick went on to tell
the jury of Sir Jack Lyons' alleged part in the unlawful

was about to close and the position was becoming critical, Zentralsparkasse und Kommer-zial Bank, of Vienna, agreed, at Sir Jack's request, to buy Guinness shares. When the price went down after the bid had succeeded

Mr Chadwick alleged that Sir Jack had produced a handwritten invoice on ZKB-headed paper for "consultancy services re acquisitions and commercial services in Europe." The figure was left blank.



Ephraim Margulles: alleged to have said he would like to help

with ZKB's London manager that the figure should be £250,000 for consultancy services and £4,000 for out-ofpocket expenses.

The invoice, which was false, Mr Chadwick said, had been typed at ZKB's Vienna offices. Sir Jack Lyons gave it to Mr Roux. Mr Saunders told Mr Roux he was quite prepared for

Guinness to pay.

Mr Chadwick alleged that, worrled by the DTI investigation, Sir Jack had suggested that a file of correspondence between Guinness and ZKR should be built up to make the payments appear legitimate. ZKB, said Mr Chadwick, "declined to be involved in the cover-up that Sir Jack Lyons was suggesting." ZKB subsequently repaid the £254,000.

with interest, to Guinness. Counsel said Mr Saunders agreed that he had asked Sir Jack Lyons to encourage people to buy Guinness shares, but denied knowing of the ZKB connection or seeing ZKB

invoice. Mr Chadwick said that Sir Jack Lyons had bought 1.2m Guinness shares for his own clients, and 800,000 for himself.

been to raise the share price. Sir Jack had lost some £300,000 when he sold his shares. He recouped his loss by an arrangement with Mr Ward for Guinness to pay Sir Jack £300,000 in 12 monthly instal-

ments of £25,000. Sir Jack and Mr Parnes had wanted to make it appear that the payments to them were being made to foreign compamies. At Parnes' request, Mr Ari Margulies, Mr Ephraim Margulies' son, gave Mr Parnes an invoice for "corporate finance success fee as agreed £3,350,000° on the paper of Consultation et Investissements. Mr Parnes - who did not know whether or not C&I existed - told Mr Roux he wanted the money to be paid to Pictet et Cie, a Swiss bank. Sir Jack Lyons' £3m fee - in addition to £345,000 already received by his company J. Lyons Chamberlayne - was paid on an invoice from a Panamanian company, Konsultat "for professional and advisory

services." Mr Chadwick said that in 1887 Mr Parnes repaid Guin-ness nearly 22m, Sir Jack Lyons repaid 22,248,060.

He said that Mr Saunders claimed he had been persuaded to agree to payments of about tim each to Mr Parnes and Sir Jack Lyons. Mr Saunders denied having seen the Konsultat or C&I involces.

The trial continues on Mon-

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Report attacks council cemeteries' sale | Labour policy on mergers aims

ROW erupted at Conservative-controlled Westminster City council yesterday Righ Court action by an inde-pendent auditor over what he called the "unlawful" sale of three cemeteries for 5p each.
In his provisional conclusions, published yesterday, Mr

John Magill, the London District Auditor, states that the sale of the comsteries breached rights of burial and maintenance agreements covered by local government legislation. In January 1987, the council sold the overgrown and disused cemeteries at Hanwell in West London and Mill Hill and East Finchley in north London to investment companies and property developers. The came-teries were subsequently involved in a series of further transactions with other private companies.

In his report, Mr Magill says that he is "minded to apply to the High Court" for a declara-tion that items in the Council's accounts are "contrary to law." He refers to sums received" of 90p and sums paid out of £71,996.24p under what the auditor in his report regards as

transactions."

Mr Magill has given the council until March 30 1990 to make representations on the affair before taking a final decision. He has also resisted demands from some ratepayers and from the opposition Labour Party to use his powers to surcharge and disqualify

councillors.

However his report while dismissing any charge of wilful misconduct, is critical of a former Tory councillor and two council officials. He says: "Decisions taken by members

"unlawful and unauthorised and officers, which led to the sale were taken without regard to a number of highly relevant considerations." Mr Oaul Dimoldenberg,

Westminster's Labour leader, responded to Mr Magill's report by calling for the resignation of the Council's leader, Lady He said: "This is the most

damning report ever published by the District Audi-tors . . . Lady Porter must take responsibility for the falling of Conservative councillors and senior officers.

Lady Porter said she had no

intention of resigning and accused the labour Party of conducting a smear campaign against her. The Auditor's report showed that members of the Council at the time of the sale had been badly advised by officers but that she herself had been "totally exonerated of

any charges."
Ms Jo Mahoney, a member of
of an association representing the families of those buried in the cemeteries, said that there would be continued pressure for Lady Porter to give a proper account in public of the council's handling of the sale.



Lady Porter: determination to run the show has brought her into the limelight when fellow Tories least need it.

Lady seeks political survival

THERE was a lady who was not for turning in Westminster yesterday. The question, how-ever, was whether she would be forced to, writes Jimmy

At the press conference called to respond to the audi-tor's report, Lady Porter began by ordering a television reporter to remove his micro-phone from in front of her. She followed this by declaring that she had been minded to call the press conference not in Westminster City Hall but in one of the cemeteries in ques-

Sitting beside her, one of her political colleagues may have looked somewhat uneasy but nothing in the day's events appears to have dented the

of London "name", yesterday settled on undisclosed terms

his High Court action against Mr Charles St George, the for-

mer chairman of the company

which managed his underwrit-

that Mr St George reneged on a

promise personally to cover

him for his net £120,000 under-

writing losses, would only say afterwards: "I am very happy with the result but I am afraid

I cannot discuss figures. I got

The case collapsed yesterday indemnify him.

Mr Becker, who had claimed

ing affairs.

what I came for."

Out-of-court settlement

in underwriting dispute

Porter has been identified since becoming leader of West-minister City Council in 1983. With a voice and a frozen smile, Lady Porter replied to Labour calls for her resigna-

tion with an unhesitating "absolutely not." Lady Porter is the youngest daughter of the late Sir John Cohen, the founder of Tesco. Born in Clapton, east London. A slight trace of cockney is now virtually submerged in a

more refined accent. A one-time magistrate and deputy chairwoman of the London Festival Ballet, she has been leader of the jewel in the crown of Tory London councils since 1983.

Yesterday Lady Porter admitted only one fault: that brisk, authoritative and extro-vert manner with which Lady have happened the way it did

had she kept a tighter reign on

For all her bravado, however, the woman who claims to have brought efficiency, clean-liness and value for money to the streets of Westminister is having to stave off a challenge to her political survival. Ironi-cally, her past determination to run the show has brought her into the limelight when her fellow Tories least need it.

One senior Tory councillor yesterday pointed out that his party had emerged unscathed, indeed fortified, from two byindeed fortified, from two by-elections since the cemetery scandal started in 1987.

However, Labour councillors boldly predicted that the auditor's report would have an important psychological impact on electors' perceptions in May.

Charity body urges tax incentives

By John Authers

FRESH tax incentives for charitable giving was called for yesterday, after a report revealed that Mr Nigel Law-MR DAVID BECKER, a Lloyd's morning after Mr St George spent Thursday afternoon in the witness box. He told Mr Justice Hidden that the agreeson's tax-cutting budget of 1988 failed to increase giving by ment with Mr Becker was a

The Charities Aid Founda-

"nebulous" one, whereby his company, Oakley Vaughan (Underwriting), would loan Mr Becker at least 50 per cent of his losses. If Mr Becker was tion, which published the report, is urging Mr John Major, the Chancellor, to unable to repay the loan, Oak-ley Vaughan would not pursue announce in next month's Budget a cut in the basic income tax rate to 15 per cent for those giving 10 per cent of their income to charity as a "volun-tary tax." It also calls on the However, Mr Becker, an architect, insisted there was a "cast iron" agreement that Mr St George would personally Government to give greater publicity to tax incentives.

The 1988 budget doubled the tax-free limit on payroll donations to £20 per month but the average Briton gave less than £2 to charity per month in the following year, the same as in the previous financial year, the report says. The foundation believes that high mortgage

rates are partly to blame for the lack of generosity. Mr Michael Brophy, the Foundation's director, said: "It doesn't surprise me that giving is static." Given the high rates of interest people simply did not have as much disposable

A similar survey of Ameri-

can donations, conducted by Gallup, suggests that the British are only a tenth as generous as individuals in the US.

Old-fashioned fund-raising methods account for most donations in the UK. The report found that nearly eight in 10 people need an appeal to prompt them to give. Door-to-door collections account for the most donations, followed by raffle tickets

and sponsored events.

Charity Household Survey
1988/89. Peter Halfpenny. Charities Aid Foundation, 48 Pembury Road, Tonbridge, Kent TN9 2JD, £8.45.

to counter wave of takeovers

By Philip Stephens, Political Editor

THE Labour Party yesterday said it would "redress the bal-ance" of mergers and acquisitions policy in Britain to ensure that long-term industrial interests were put before short-term financial gain.

In a policy document, released as part of its Industry 2000 campaign, Mr Gordon Brown, Labour Trade and Industry spokesman, set out new "public interest" criteria under which a future Labour Government would determine the outcome of proposed bids

and mergers.

Labour believes this policy will counter the wave of takeovers which it says have damaged industry's research and development and investment

efforts.
It will be attacked by the Government, however, as

marking a return to interventionist policies of previous Labour administrations. Mr Brown, speaking at a seminar for industrialists at Salford, said that Labour would give statutory backing to the Take-over Panel and would introduce measures designed to tighten the requirements for processing bids.

The policy document sets out in detail the factors which

would apply in any assessment of whether a proposed takeover or merger would be given the

Under Labour's proposed leg-islation, the Office of Fair Trading (OFT) and the Monopolies and Mergers Commission (MMC) would review the impact on competition and other criteria ranging from research and development to

the financial soundness of a

Mr Brown said the tighter requirements for processing bids would include a reduction in the present 30 per cent shareholding threshold at which a full bid is required. The figure will be decided after consultation with industrialists but Labour has been consider-ing a level of about 15 per cent. The proposals also call for the pre-notification of all hids to the OFT, which would have the authority to acquire infor-

mation from both sides before making a recommendation on whether the bid should be referred to the MMC.

The strategy would aim to balance short-term financial interests with the long-term interests of both individual companies and of the economy.

Glaxo in row | Clarke backs deal to over drug cancer claim

By Peter Marsh

GLAXO, Britain's biggest drugs company, was involved last night in a row with a rival pharmaceutical group after Glaxo linked with cancer a medicine which competes with its biggest product.

The dispute involves Losec an anti-ulcer product made by Astra, Sweden's biggest drugs company. According to Glazo, Losec can produce tumours in rodents under some circum-

Losec is a direct competitor to Zantac, an anti-ulcer drug made by Glazo. Zantac, with annual sales of some £1.5bn dominates the world's £4bn-ayear ulcer drug market.

Astra said the claims by Glaxo, published in a letter from four of its scientists in yesterday's edition of The Lancet, the UK medical journal, are "a marketing ploy and nothing else." It said the scien-tific basis for the studies was "flawed, unvalidated and

highly questionable."
Glazo denied it had commer cial motivations in sending the letter, which was published along with a reply from Astra and a commentary from the

join Porton research

By Peter Marsh

MR KENNETH CLARKE, the Secretary for Health, said yes-terday that he had no regrets about a deal which he concluded five years ago with Porton International, a biotechnology company, involving commercial use of ideas at a state health laboratory.

The agreement, between Porton and the Centre for Applied Microbiology and Research (CAMR), was to have involved Porton spending £20m to build a fermentation plant at the lab-oratory. The plant has yet to be built and staff at CAMR and Porton have fallen out over some aspects of the deal involving the centre.

A drug for treating herpes, the subject of research at CAMR which Porton is trying to commercialise, has yet to reach the market even though Porton indicated in 1985 it might go on sale in 1986. Por-ton said in 1985 that the drug could account for pre-tax profits of £77m by 1989.

CAMR, with a staff of 600 and an annual budget of about £10m, is based in Wiltshire. It works on a variety of healthrelated matters including the monitoring of specific diseases

and research in biotechnology. In recent months, the Health CAMR's future. One idea was to keep it under government ownership but with agency status. This would give it more say over finances. Another option was privatisation.

Mr Clarke, who as Health Minister in 1985 was responsi-ble for the original deal with Porton, said he could not comment on details of the discussions regarding CAMR. Mr Clarke said that the

Health Department had can-vassed other drugs companies about linking up with CAMR. Porton had won largely because it had agreed to fund the fermentation unit.

• Mr Clarke yesterday told a health-care conference in London, that the pharmaceutical industry had nothing to fear from his plans for tougher controls over doctors' prescrip-

He said physicians would not be barred from prescribing new, expensive medicines and he accepted that Britain's £2.2bn-a-year drugs budget would probably continue to

EMPLOYMENT

Work may restart at Ford Halewood plant

By Fiona Thompson, Labour Staff

UNIONS representing skilled and unskilled workers at Ford's Halewood plant are to hold meetings early next week which may result in a resump-tion of production at the plant. Production at Halewood has been halted since January 16, with 8,000 people laid off with-out pay due to unofficial action by 550 maintenance craftsmen over the company's pay deal. The Halewood shutdown led to a further 2,500 lay-offs at Ford's Southampton plant

from January 26, because of the Southampton plant's reli-ance on Halewood for certain

components.
Ford management at Hale-

Speaking at a briefing of

personnel directors organised by DBM, international place-ment consultants, Mr Crosby said: "UK graduates — partic-ularly those with vocational

international business lan-

guage and well-organised recruitment channels."

A majority of Polytechnic

wood held talks yesterday with union representatives and indi-cated that the plant would be re-opened if the unions could give assurances that produc-tion would be continuous.

repayment.

The company said it wanted similar levels of co-operation from the Halewood unions as it was receiving at the 19 other Ford plants which have stayed open in spite of the separate official strike, now 12 days old, of the 1,600 EETPU electricians at Ford.

The TGWU will hold a meeting on Monday of its unskilled and semi-skilled production workers at Halewood. It is likely they will vote to resume

work, even if it involves crossing picket lines, as they have now been laid off without pay for almost five weeks.

The AEU engineering union is likely to recommend to its mechanical craftsmen taking unofficial action that they return to work. And if the TGWU unskilled workers the bulk of the workforce -return to work, it is possible that the AEU craftsmen will decide to call off their unofficial action:

A meeting of all the skilled workers at Halewood has been called for Tuesday morning at Central Hall, Liverpool. Ford yesterday sent home

200 employees at its Basildon radiator plant, for the second Friday running, as a result of

the Halewood action. The company said it did not need the radiators produced on a five day week while Halewood was not producing its 1,280 Escorts daily and Southampton its 2,500 Transit vans

.The company's Genk factory in Belgium restarted production last Tuesday after a two-week halt because of lack of components.

The total number of vehicles lost so far because of the industrial action is 43,454 in the UK

variations in the working week so that, say, more hours could be worked in the summer than the winter.

There was also scope for

skilled workers to pick up ele-ments of other trades. A joiner,

" I have been lucky enough to drive most of the world's fastest sports cars, and none of them have the same overall balance of speed, comfort and refinement that this new 300ZX exhibits " Ian Kuah, World Sports Cars

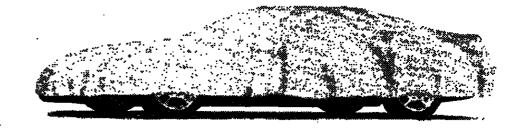
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Young lead in Union call for direct labour changes EC job market By Michael Smith, Labour Correspondent

By Lisa Wood, Labour Staff THE CHIEF union negotiator EMPLOYEE mobility in the for workers in local authority EMPLOYEE Mobility in the European Community will be most marked among young people, with graduates becoming especially vulnerable to poaching, Mr John Crosby, director of group personnel at BAT Industries said this week. direct labour organisations has called for talks with councils to make DLOs more efficient by

changing the national pay and conditions agreement. The call by Mr Allan Black, national organiser for the UCATT construction workers' union, comes at a time when direct labour jobs are increas-ingly under threat because of competition from private sec-

tor companies. skills and or languages — are vulnerable to poaching because of the combination of relatively low starting sala-ries, the value of English as an At a conference organised by the Association of Metropolitan Authorities, Mr Black said DLO unions wanted talks on issues including the pattern of working hours, flexibility between trades and training to meet skill needs.

It is rare for unions to suggest the implementation of such changes because of the possible implications for members' working practices. The downturn of trade in the building industry and the introduction of compulsory competitive tendering are having an effect on union thinking but Mr Black said he had been pressing for changes in the national agreement for several years. The employers had failed to come up with proposals, he said.

Lacsab, the local govern-ment employers' organisation, strongly denied the accusation Last year, it said, councils had tried to negotiate a change which would have allowed work hours to be varied through local negotiation but this had been resisted by the unions.
None the less Lacsab wel-

comed Mr Black's "apparent change of heart."

Mr Black said the unions would be prepared to discuss

for example, might be trained to do some plastering around a door frame he had fitted, Mr Black said. Mr Black said the unions would require a price in terms of pay for the changes. "You get nothing for nothing," he said. "But it would be a realis-

sain. But it would be a realistic price."

That is likely to prove problematical. With the rate support grant increasing by just 3.8 per cent this year, local authorities already face difficulties in meeting employees. pay rise expectations. They would have difficulty finding extra money to fund work

lecturers are expected to have voted in favour of a pay offer, acceptance of which was rec-ommended by Natibe, the lec-turers' union after talks at the practice changes. BAe asks suspended workers to return conciliation service, Acas. The result of the secret ballot will be announced today. Members of the Association

By Diane Summers, Labour Staff

BRITISH Aerospace announced yesterday that it was asking 150 employees at its Samles-bury, Lancashire, plant who had previously been suspended to return to work on Monday. The move was described by BAe as a "continuing part of man-management" but was

condemned by unions as "yet another miscalculation on the part of the company.

About 830 workers had been suspended at Samlesbury and another plant nearby for refusing to cross picket lines at Preston, where about 2,500 workers are on strike.

Workers there and at Ches-

ter and Kingston-upon-Thames are striking as part of a national campaign by engineering unions for a 37-hour working week.

BAe said yesterday that it would be contacting workers individually about resuming work on Monday.

Although the plant is mainly involved in the production of military aircraft, the company said these particular workers would be working on Airbus production. Airbus components, intended eventually for the Chester plant, would be stockpiled until the dispute ended there.

Although progress is believed to have been made in talks at Chester, Mr Bill Jordan, president of the AEU engineering union, said last night that management "should not go to bed over the weekend thinking work is about to resume at Chester".

Of the dispute at Preston,

however, he said that "a settlement is there to be had". Following the rejection by manual workers of the latest offer of a 37-hour, four-day week, Mr Jordan said the company had been "made aware of what they needed to do to end

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More pain in housing

THE TORIES' electoral success in the 1980s owed a great deal to the promotion of wider home ownership. Could their equally successful promotion of household debt over the same decade now lead to elec-toral defeat in the early 1990s?

In the wake of Abbey National's decision to raise its mortgage rate to the curiously unrounded figure of 15.4 per cent, many Tory backbenchers are understandably twitchy about the robusiness of their majorities. The homeowner, meantime, might reasonably ask why rates are hitting this record level when the year-onyear increase in the retail price index is a mere 7.7 per cent. Back in 1981 when mortgage rates hit their previous peak of 15 per cent, the inflation figure vas significantly higher than today at 12 per cent. The answer to this apparent

paradox is that the structure of the economy has changed substantially over the course of the decade, as has the opera-tion of monetary policy. The monetary squeeze in the 1980s worked primarily through an overvalued exchange rate, which reflected the new freedom with which capital moved in and out of sterling in the aftermath of the abolition of exchange controls. It was the manufacturing sector of the economy which bore the brunt of the assault. The absolute value of the personal sector's outstanding borrowings, mean-time, had been heavily constrained by credit controls. A huge amount of collateral, or equity, in the housing market ed unmortgaged

All this changed as a result of the liberalisation of the omestic financial structure. As well as scrapping credit controls the authorities opened up the home loans market to clearing banks and other lenders. In the new liberal climate home loans were no longer rationed by building society patronage. Those who wished to borrow could do so to their hearts' content within the prudential constraints imposed by lenders. And as competition between lenders become more intense, the percentage advanced in relation to borrowers' incomes rose. With access to foreign as well as domestic leposits, the banks could lend as much as they wished.

Fewer savings The result of this financial dash for freedom was asset price inflation. And as house prices soared, home owners became less sensitive to rising interest costs and less prone to save. Capital values in the housing market increased at a rate in excess of mortgage interest and simultaneously

created collateral for more bor-

rowing. The whole process was fuelled by tax relief on mort-gage interest, which encouraged buyers to pay more for s in relation to underlying incomes

The result of financial dere gulation is writ large in the latest edition published this week of Social Trends, the gov-erument's statistical handbook of the way we live now. The picture that emerges is one of an excess of spending over income and a massive build up of personal sector debt. Today the British have one of the highest levels of home owner ship at 65 per cent and total home loans, on some esti-mates, approaching the £300bn

More consumption

The advantage of deregula-tion is that it substantially enhances consumer choice. But in the absence of exchange and credit controls, borrowing and spending are not constrained by a shortage of domestic savings. Foreigners cheerfully lend expensive money to finance the additional con-sumption that is encouraged by the rising value of housing equity. Only when interest rates reach really penal levels does the monetary squeeze start to bite.

That is the point we have now reached. In most parts of the country, house prices are stagnant or falling. This, combined with percentage increases in earnings running close to double figures, will help re-establish a more con-servative ratio of house prices to incomes. The question for the Tories is whether the pain will still be uppermost in peo-ple's memories when they take to the hustings.

The election is still a long way away. But there remains a powerful temptation, after Abbey National's move, for the Chancellor, Mr Major, to offer a palliative. The Prime Minister would dearly love him to increase mortgage relief from the present £30,000 — despite fact that that this contributes to house price inflation and that £30,000 already age mortgage in the country as

The best hope for everyone except home owners who are about to cash in the value of the tax subsidy by leaving the housing market is that Mr Major decides he cannot raise the ceiling without being con-demned as the Prime Minister's lapdog. But he is a clever enough minister to find more subtle means of addressing the political imperative. Only an optimist would believe that inflation in the housing market is at an end.

ill Perrier regain its fizz and sparkle? Or has the bubble burst?

The marketing men who turned the French spring water into a multi-million dollar international industry now face a considerable task in refurbish-

ing the image they created.

During the past decade, they turned a mundane product into an expensive symbol of French sophistication—implying foreign travel, high fashion,

mplying foreign travel, fight fashion, gournet meals, and fine wines.

Some 200m bottles were drunk in the UK last year compared to around 500,000 in the mid-1970s. In the US, 1989 sales were 250m bottles, double the volume sold five years before.

Where Perrier led worldwide, many others followed, building an industry on images of purity and quality. It is those claims that have now been called into question by the benzene contamination. Perrier's response -the decision to scrap its entire world stocks of 160m bottles - is a brave

and costly one.

After the initial few days of hesitation and fudge, the speed with which Perrier took this step reflects the great power held by Mr Gustave Leven, the 75-year-old chairman.

Leven, the 75-year-old chairman.

Perrier is very much Mr Leven's creation. In 1946, as a young stockbroker in his family firm, he was was asked by his father to find a buyer for Perrier, then little known and run down. The company, founded just after the turn of the century, was owned by Lord Harmsworth until 1936. (He modelled Perrier's pear-shaped green bottle – it is said – on the Indian clubs with which he took his exercise.)

Finding no great enthusiasm among potential purchasers, the young Mr Leven persuaded some of his own friends to help him. He has been at the top ever since.

Now, at 75, it must have been an uncommon ordeal for him to appear in front of the media spotlights this week to hold his first hig press conference. Mr Leven is one of the most secretive businessmen in France; but also one of the most successful. His biggest rival, Antoine Riboud, head of the BSN food and drinks conglomer-ate, has described him as "a pure genius of marketing.

A well-built, soft spoken man, Mr Leven runs his FFr 15hn (£1.55bn) a year business from a stylish building in the smart eighth arrondissement of Paris. It stands just behind the church of Saint-Philippe-du-Roule where the weddings and christenings of the Parisian haute bourgeoisie take place. The windows are the green of Perrier bot-tles and the furniture is a modern

metallic Ibalian design.

Mr Leven, who finds any gathering of more than four or five people an ordeal, invariably offers his guests a glass of his water. He opens up as he tells the story of how he turned the sparkling water spring first into a national institution and then into an international business success. international business succe Mr Leven has always believed there

is no better investment than water. "There is never any recession in the mineral water market," he says.
He chuckles when he recalls that he hired a distinguished American mar-keting consultant who told him Perrier had no future in the US. "I concluded that there was clearly room for Perrier in the US whatever the consultants might have said." Perrier's big push in the US began in 1977. Today it accounts for 85 per cent of all imported water there, with annual US revenues of \$160m (£95m).

Perrier's exposure to the Perrier brand is relatively limited - between a quarter and third of group turnover, according to industry estimates. The group makes just over half of its sales, FFr 8.1bn out of FFr 15.1bn in 1988, from drinks, mostly Perrier and the other mineral waters — Vichy, Volvic, Saint-Yorre and Buxton in Europe, Arrowhead and Poland Spring in the US – plus soft drinks like Pschitt and Gini, and a thermal FT writers report on the recall of 160m bottles of sparkling water



Putting Perrier back together

spa in Vichy. Of the rest, 35 per cent comes from dairy products including Roquefort cheese (Perrier controls 80 per cent of French production) and one of the biggest producers of Italian cheese in the US, Sorrento, based in

The remaining 11 per cent is an odd The remaining 11 per cent is an odd hotch potch of interests in building, central heating radiators, plastic packaging and chocolates, relics of Mr Leven's fondness for buying and selling strategic stakes in unrelated companies in the hope of turning a profit on the deal.

Politically, Mr. Leven is along to Politically, Mr Leven is close to

Raymond Barre, the portly former French prime minister under Presi-dent Giscard d'Estaing. But he has always kept his political views to himself. It therefore came as a surprise 18 months ago to find Mr Leven emerge as one of the main backers of the failed attempt by Georges Pebereau, the former head of France's Compagnie Générale d'Electricité (CGE) group, to launch a controversial raid on the privatised Société Générale bank, with the tacit support of the

Loyal to his friends, Mr Leven had decided to support Mr Pebereau in his efforts to stage a comeback. But Mr Pebereau mishandled the Société Générale raid and ended up embarrassing his allies. Mr Leven had to endure the sort of press attention he so much dislikes. That flasco, however, did little to dent his reputation as king of the sparkling water business. He has now been forced to act to protect his

The impact of the benzene scare on Perrier's profits will largely be deter-mined in the United States, where

Perrier accounts for 85 per cent of all sparkling water sales.

Advertising and beverage experts in the US are divided over the compa-ny's handling of the crisis. Mr Ken Roman, the former chairman of Ogilvy and Mather and now an execu-tive vice-president of American Express, is enthusiastic about Perrier's management of the problem

By Paul Abrahams, Paul Betts. Will Dawkins, Alan Friedman. Philip Rawstorne and Ian Rodger

"They had no other choice but to do what they did. Given that the brand is positioned on purity, if there had been any compromise their trust would have gone," says Mr Roman, adding that he does not think Perrier over-re-

Ms Elizabeth Butson, a vice presithe food and tobacco giant, agrees with Mr Roman but feels Perrier could have gone one step further by running an ad campaign explaining that they didn't need to recall the bottles and did it to show their customers they have the highest stan-

dards of quality."

Ms Hellen Berry, associate director of marketing research at the New York-based Beverage Marketing News, blames Perrier for having changed its story on Wednesday and for having first halted worldwide pro-duction at the weekend, then started

it again on Monday and then stopped it again and ordered a global recall. "I think in public image terms they've done themselves a lot of harm," she

Will the benzene problem cause lasting damage to US sales? Ms Berry says it is hard to know "because the American consumer is too fickle." She warns, however, that the longer Per-rier is off the market the worse the damage will be: "People are going to get used to San Pellegrino and other products and by the time Perrier comes back many might say What do we need that little green bottle for

anyway?"

Mr Roman says Perrier is what admen call a "bedge" product. "Most people on a blind taste test can't tell the difference between gin and scotch or between two beers. When people order Perrier they are really saying something about themselves. It's the Yuppie drink. It's not a taste thing.

It's an image thing."
This week that image was temporarily in question. And American reactions ranged from indifference to the shopper at a Texas supermarket who told the New York Times: "Anything with a name I can't pronounce I don't drink."

In the world's other big fashion-con-In the world's other big fashion-conscious market, Japan, the benzene scare has scarcely been noticed. The bottled water market is still quite small there, though growing rapidly. Media coverage has been modest and those in the trade think the negative effects of the incident may be modest and short-lived. Syntory, the incident and short-lived. Suntory, the huge drinks group which distributes Per-rier in Japan, says it cannot forecast the impact of the had publicity. "If it means a gap of only about 40 days in marketing, we think we can recover quite quickly," a spokesman said. Perrier Japon, the subsidiary of the

French company which imports Perrier water into the country, said it would take about a month to restock. The company said it was waiting for the results of tests of its product taken by the Japanese Ministry of Health. These would be available next

A spokesman for the National Refreshment Drink Association said yesterday that the Perrier affair was "an unthinkable accident." He said sales of bottled water were just begin-ning to take off in Japan and the incident might hurt growth prospects. In France, the scare has provoked little public concern. And in Vergèze, the town in southern France where Perrier is produced, the prevailing mood is heavily tinged with anti-American sentiment. In the town bars, the workers from the factory complain that the US authorities have made a fuss about very little. They point out that if someone drank a third of a litre every day of contaminated Perrier for 30 years he ran an additional risk of contracting cancer of only one in a million.

Perrier's actions are the short-term price the company has decided to pay to limit more substantial long-term damage. Much now depends on how quickly Perrier can resume supplies to the world's supermarkets; and the

skill and intensity of the marketing support for the re-introduction.

The hope is to restock retailers within three to four weeks. In London, Leo Burnett, the agency responsible for Perrier's UK advertising in the clearly surviving in the past decade, is already working on the past decade, is already working on a campaign to reassure customers once the water is again available. In the US, however, the delay before bottles are back on the shelf will be, according to the Perrier subsidiary there, 2-3 months, with lost revenues of \$40m.

Even if the recall policy fails fully the state of the particular functions.

to restore Perrier's sparkling image the company itself is well protected against any attempts to take advan-tage of the benzene scare. Around 65 per cent of the shares are in friendly hands, with 20 per cent owned by the Mr Leven family and 13 per cent by Perrier's own interests.

The remaining 32 per cent is owned by Exor, a curious investment group representing the interests of the Mentzelopoulos family, which made its fortune building up a chain of corner supermarkets. Exor's loyalty is firm, since its deputy chairman, Mrs Cor-inne Mentzelopoulos — also managing director of Château Margaux, the famous claret - is married to Mr Leven's nephew, Hubert, the main candidate for dauphin to the Perrier throne. Mr Leven senior knows very well that the cost to any bidder of trying to break through these defences would be prohibitive. "Our capital is locked up," he recently told a French business magazine.

And Mr Leven has one resource to fall back on. A large chunk of the company's annual prof-its comes from his inspired investment dealings - easily enough, on the evidence of recent years, to cover the estimated FFr 200m net cost of the benzene scare. He has taken Perrier in and out of a wide range of businesses - from pay television to Lindt & Springli chocolates, to take two recent examples - picking up spectacular profits on the way. The group's FFr 1bn net profits in 1988 include a net FFr 318.9m net exceptional gain from Mr Leven's dealings,

a little more than the year before.
"Fundamentally, Gustave Leven is a gambler, but a gambler of very high class," explains a stockbroking friend.
The recall of Perrier this week confirms that reputation. Just how classy a gamble that decision was will become clear once the green bottles go back on the world's supermarket shelves and restaurant tables.

Andrew Marshall and Gary Mead describe Falkland Islands sentiment on sovereignty

Hostilities that still run deep

eace has finally broken out between Britain and Argentina. Diplomatic relations resumed on Thursday and ambassadors will shortly be exchanged. Hostilities between the two countries. which began when Argentina invaded the Falkland Islands in 1982, ended last October. All trade restrictions have been

But the dispute that began it all, over the sovereignty of the Falkland Islands and a clutch of other South Atlantic islands, continues, as does the British military presence. Antagonism in the Islands to Argentina is stronger than ever. One of the best ways to see

the sprawling archipelago, which is about 150 miles wide, is from an RAF Hercules transport aircraft. From the air it is hard to imagine that anything ever happened here, let alone a war. For miles there are no houses, no reads, no sign. of settlement. Tiny whitewashed settlements shelter by the huge expanse of Falkland Sound, which divides the two main islands; beneath its waters lie the hulks of ships and aircraft from the bloody battle eight years ago.

Fast and low over the horizon, the grey shark-like shapes of Phantom fighters appear. The aircraft are testing their readiness to defend the Islands from Argentine attack. They, like the Hercules, are from Mount Pleasant Airport, one hour's drive from Stanley, the capital. The airport and the complex beside it are a reminder of the military presence that has been a constant of life in the islands since 1982.

The four Phantom fighter crews of 1435 squadron had no doubt of their ability to hold off any threat of Argentine attack, peace or no peace. When they departed after a tour in the islands they left

behind a mural of President Carlos Menem and some dog-gerel: "El Presidente Menem, live in fear, of real men who can hold their beer — End of Hostilities, October 1989." Not quite as famous as Dr John-son's description of the Falklands themselves — "the undi-luted lords of tempest-heaten barrenness" — but written with just as much feeling. The servicemen's senti-ments, if not Dr Johnson's,

would be echoed by almost all of the 2,000 Falkland Islanders. They maintain that the warming of relations between London and Buenos Aires is a matter of indifference. long as we stay under British control then Britain and Argentina can do what they like," said Mr Jim Stevens, editor of Stanley's newspaper. But scratch the surface and

a deep hostility remains. The islanders speak with one voice on this issue: no links, of any kind, with Argentina. This is not simply the product of distrust and antipathy following 1982's invasion and occupation. It is also a matter of developing economic self-confidence.

Mr Gerry Robson, elected as a councillor in October 1989, says that "we have got to stick to our guns and say that they [Argentinians] have no interest whatsoever in our economy. They can't even manage their own. We have a clear mandate from our electorate for that standpoint." Three candidates from the Desire The Right party failed to win seats in the election, because they dared to air the idea that they might be willing to talk to Argentina

about fisheries conservation. Before the war, Argentina provided the Falklands with regular air transportation, petrol, natural gas and other services. Since the conflict the Falklands have taken steps to render superfluous any direct



A British soldier's grave is a constant reminder of the invasion

links with Buenos Aires. Nearly all supplies come from the UK, on Timmy the Trident, as the twice-weekly air service to Mount Pleasant Airport is known. A regular ferry runs between Stanley, Punta Arenas in Chile and Montevideo in Uruguay, carrying up to 1,400 tonnes of cargo and 20 passengers. Negotiations are under way to start air links with Chile, and the educational and health facilities once offered by Argentina have been super-seded by those available either on the islands themselves or in

Argentina's two neighbours.
The islands have also underpinned their own economic future with a highly lucrative fishery, where Korean, Japa-nese, Polish and Taiwanese vessels fish for illex and loligo squid, whiting, and hake.

Though a sheep still bestrides the Falkland flag, fish have displaced wool as the the main source of income. Through licensing foreign vessels, the Falkland Islands Government makes in the region of

Search high and low on the islands for a sympathetic hearing of Argentina's case and the best that might be found is expressed by Mr Robin Lee, who runs a farm and hotel at Port Howard, on West Falkland. "I think a solution must be found which tells the Argies that in 200 years or so they will get the islands. Meanwhile, give them the right to raise the Argentine flag once a fortnight on Mount Usbourne, and that's that. But not everyone would

share my opinion." Given this hostility, few Falklanders will be happy with the concessions which Britain made at the Madrid talks. agreeing to lift the 150-mile radius Falklands Islands Protection Zone around the islands in exchange for a framework of mutual agreement for military activities. Some will remember the British Government's attempts to find a solution to the sovereignty problem in the early

people the Falklanders mis-trust more than the Argenti-nians, it is the British Foreign Office," said one observer. But there are still restric-

tions on Argentine military movement, though within a narrower band. The protection zone has been reduced, in effect, but not totally removed. Mr John Cheek, a former councillor and an influential figure in the fishing industry, said yesterday: "I think there may be some initial concern about lifting the protection zone but when people understand what replaces it they will be satisfied."

There is no likelihood of reductions in the British mili-tary presence at Mount Pleas-ant Airport, which, according to Major General Philip Steven son, Commander of British Forces in the Falkland Islands, is already down to its bare essentials. Nor does the lifting of the protection zone imply any lowering of vigilance. As one diplomat put it: "The Brit-ish forces at MPA are bound to preserve what might be called a mental protection zone, which since they can detect movements on the Argentine mainland is actually far greater than the previous 150 mile perimeter."

There is likely to be a final precaution. The whole edifice of the Madrid agreement may tumble down if Argentina's shaky civilian democracy proves to be short-lived. "In the fine print you can be sure to find a clause which says the British can rlp the whole thing up if Menem is pushed out by the military," is the view of a close observer of the agree ment. The Falklanders have all the guarantees compatible with an easing of Anglo-Argentine relations. But given their suspicions of British intentions they may still not find that ter-

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Interim Report For Six Months Ended 31st January 1990 (Unaudited)

■ DIVIDEND Interim dividend increased from 8p to 11p. Expected minimum total for year 31p compared to last year's 28p.

■ CAPITAL. Net asset value per stock unit £12.16. An increase of 17% over 12 months.

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arold Macmillan would have approved. A few hundred yards from the Parliament where the British Prime Minister urged white South Africa to take heed of the wind of change sweeping through colonial Africa, Presi-

Thirty years after Mr Macmillan's warning, Mr de Klerk announced to South Africa and the world: "Mr Nelson Mandela will be released at the Victor Verster prison on Sunday 11th February 1990 at about 1500 hours."

It marked the start of a week of stunning images and extraordinary scenes - inspir-ing for blacks, traumatic for some whites - as the man who for 27 years had been a symbol of resistance to apartheid began to imprint his personal-

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ity on South Africa. The first picture of Mr Mandela showed him tall, slim, grey-haired and lined, formally posed alongside Mr de Klerk. It looked for all the world as if the African National Congress leader was the president and his white compatriot a member of his cabinet.

A few dozen symbolic steps to freedom from Victor Verster and a chaotic freedom rally in Cape Town were followed by a masterly press conference at which Mr Mandela handled the media as if he were a seasoned US presidential campaigner rather than a newly released political prisoner enjoying his

first full day of liberty.

It was the first of many press conferences and meetings at which Mr Mandela has been emphasising three key themes: There would be no let-up in pressure on Pretoria, externally or internally. Sanctions must stay and the armed struggle would continue but all the time Mr Mandela has been stressing that the ANC was "committed to peace".

 He appreciated white fears about the possible conse-quences of majority rule: "We understand those feelings and the ANC is concerned to address that problem. Nationalisation of the country's mines and other key industries would be an essential part of the ANC's efforts to redress economic inequalities created by apartheid

Whatever its impact on white South Africa and in the West, where many investors expressed dismay at the prospects of nationalisation, it reinforced Mr Mandela's standing in the black community. Always dignified, with the aura of a mythical figure come less rendered more difficute to life, among black South Africans the 71-year-old nationalist leader enjoys the status of whites that change is inevitable and desirable.

MAN IN THE NEWS Nelson Mandela

dent F. W. de Klerk last Saturday gave notice that it had reached Cape Town. unlock his country's future after 27 years By Michael Holman

> another Gandhi.
> White South Africa, however, is still coming to terms with the man once denounced as a terrorist. By the end of the week he was in their living rooms, courtesy of the state-owned South African Television. Against a backdrop of the black, green and gold banner of the ANC, Mr Mandela spent

of the ANC, Mr Mandela spent 30 minutes courteously but firmly defending his party's policies under questioning from two interviewers. With an almost headmasterly air, he made clear that he stood by his reaffirmation of the need to continue the armed struggle, defended his nationalisation policy, expressed his understanding of white fears and promised that white domi-nation would not be replaced

by black domination. Such sentiments, aired at prime time on a television service that used to be positively east European in its treatment of the news, must have been enough to make the average white viewer nearly choke on his snack of boerewors. The Government would not

have taken the decision to give Mr Mandela such exposure lightly. But it would seem that in the three years of intimate talks with government ministers that preceded his release, Mr Mandela convinced his jailers that he stood for a peaceful settlement, notwithstanding the rhetoric of war.

That rhetoric has none the less rendered more difficult the task of convincing a majority of whites that change is both On the same night that Mr Mandela was speaking on South African television, a huge rally organised by the extreme right Conservative Party was protesting against his release, the unbanning of the ANC and the South African Communist Party and Mr de Klerk's other reforms.

In last September's parliamentary election, the Conservatives won a third of the white vote. National Party officials readily admit that were there to be an election today. Mr de Klerk's reforms would on balance be a vote-loser, support from the liberal Democratic Party would not make up for the desertion of former National Party members to the

Conservatives.

But a general election need not be held before 1994, and the Government intends to put whatever agreement emerges from negotiations with the ANC and other parties to the test of a referendum rather than an election. Government officials believe

that the benefits of such a set-tlement - an end to political violence and the problem of sanctions – will help win a majority in such a test of white sentiment. The real danger from the extreme right lies in its disproportionate strength in the police and army. But difficult as President de Klerk's responsibilities are, Mr Mandela faces an equally demanding task of providing

leadership for a divided and

impatient black South Africa. By the day, the complexity of the ANC leader's role

ecomes more apparent. As he struggles to come to terms with the world outside his prison - which has undergone fundamental economic and political change in the quarter century of his imprisonment — he must balance the demands of competing factions within and outside the ANC.

At the same time he has clung to outmoded economic concepts, and sometimes uses language which suggests that he is - understandably - out of touch. He continues to support nationalisation and describes the South African economy as "in ruins."
The ANC itself is fractious. It has been caught off-guard by the boldness of President de

Klerk's reforms, is dismayed by the collapse of its erstwhile allies in eastern Europe, and is being pressed into what it fears would be premature negotia-tions with Pretoria by its main ally, the Soviet Union. Its military capacity has been severely constrained by the ousting of its guerrillas from their bases in black states neighbouring South Africa. Under the party's umbrella

shelter a range of opinions, from the influential South African Communist Party - probably the only such party in the world whose credibility has not been destroyed - to conservative African nationalists. Beyond the ranks of the ANC, Mr Mandela has to cope with Chief Mangosuthu Buthelezi's Inkatha movement,

whose rivalry with ANC sup-porters in the province of Natal has cost some 2,000 lives

I know someone who, in the

1970s, was told he was to have

salary. He said he would prefer

to be paid in money and offered to take only half the

cash benefit of a car. This

alternative was refused, so I can only assume that his

employer also gained benefit

out of the tax system in some way which I do not under-

I have little doubt that the

sort of measures I have out-

lined will meet with horror and

derision, but I feel that some

government must eventually move on lines similar to these.

Why not sooner, rather than

19 St George's Crescent, Queen's Park, Chester

R. Etchells,

a company car as part of hi

in the past two years.

Above all, Mr Mandela and
Mr de Klerk have between them to preside over a process without precedent in Africa. The radical political changes which Mr Mandela seeks and which Mr de Klerk may well concede, have to take place in parallel with a long overdue economic reform programme now under way, designed to cut government spending and privatise state enterprises. Even assuming Mr Mandela

backs away from nationalisation, it is a demanding combination for a new government that will have to meet black expectations. But Pretoria seems convinced that if anyone can handle these challenges, it is Mr Mandela, and the sooner they are tackled the better.

A senior member of the rul-ing National Party last week described his sense of relief at finally coming to terms with what he readily acknowledged was a process leading to black majority rule.
"It was first a small flicker-

ing flame, then getting steadily bigger." There were lessons, he said, to be drawn from Rhodesia, where the release of black nationalist leaders in 1974 was not followed up by realistic negotiations. The country's guerrilla war intensified. Most of the 30,000 victims of the conflict died in fighting between the prisoners' release and the Lancaster House settiement talks at the end of 1979. The official pointed to a recent local television interview in which Mr de Klerk urged South Africans to "look back in history a little."

"I think great mistakes were made in Rhodesia. When the opportunity was there for real, constructive negotiation, it was not grasped," said Mr de Klerk. "Insofar as things went wrong, they went wrong because in the reality of their circumstances (white Rhodesians) waited too long before engaging in fundamental negotiation and dialogue."

Both sides in South Africa now seem willing to keep up the momentum. A delegation from the ANC will shortly be meeting Mr de Klerk in an effort to resolve remaining obstacles before formal talks can get underway. Hard bargaining most certainly lies ahead, but neither Mr de Klerk nor Mr Mandela want to see a repetition of the costly mis-takes in Rhodesia.

Earlier this week, Mr Man-dela declared: "We will seize the earliest opportunity of set-tling our problems through peaceful means." The forthcoming ANC meeting with President de Klerk provides an opportunity earlier than many observers had expected.

Borrowers strained in a rigorous market

David Barchard reviews the background to Abbey National's raising of its mortgage interest rate

"WE ARE doing this because our savers deserve a better rate," said Mr John Bayliss, Abbey National's managing director of retail operations, at a hastily convened press con-ference in London on Wednesday. His group, the second largest mortgage lender in the UK, had just startled the markets by pushing up its mortgage interest rate by 0.9 percentage points to 15.4 per cent, so enabling it to add 0.75 per centage points, net of tax, to its rates for savers.

Abbey National's decision to move its rates was a boit from the blue, which took even the staff at its Baker Street headquarters by surprise. It set a level which others seem likely to follow, as Nationwide Ang-lia did yesterday, bringing the total number of borrowers affected above 2m. It also underlined the significant changes currently affecting Britain's retail banking indusiry and reshaping the way in which building societies attract investors' funds.

Up to now, it was not Abbey National but its larger rival in the mortgage business, Halifax Building Society, which led the way on interest rates. Although there has been no formal cartel in the industry for nearly six years, Halifax has traditionally set the mortgage rate, and that in turn determined rates paid to sav-

Abbey National's decision shows that rates to savers are now calling the shots. In effect, the last vestiges of the old pricing cartel between Abbey National and Halifax have disappeared. Abbey National, now a fully-fledged retail banking group that was cut free from the world of building societies by last July's stock market flotation, has gone it alone. And the bat-tie for funds between building societies, banks and other players is intensifying. An early sign of the new

competition was provided by Halifax itself last May. When base rates moved up to 14 per cent in that month, Halifax decided to keep its mortgage rate at 13.5 per cent. This was strikingly out of line with building society practice dur-ing most of the 1980s, which generally kept the mortgage rate hovering between 1 and 1.25 per cent above money market rates. But Halifax had decided to absorb the costs in order to undercut new competitors such as the mortgage companies and foreign banks who cannot hold their rates below those of the money markets for long. On this occasion and after a further rate rise in October, the other building societies fell into line with Ralifax.

In holding their lending rates down to win mortgage business, however, Halifax and the other societies had to squeeze their rates to savers. For most of last year this did not pose any problems. After the stock market crash of October 1987 small savers scuttled for safety in building society deposits, keeping monthly inflows at record levels above £1bn. With unit trusts and stock market investments out of favour, many societies found during 1988 and early 1989 that they had more funding than they could easily lend in mort-gages. The result was an increase in the building societies' share of the mortgage market from 50 to 71 per cent between 1987 and the second

quarter of 1989. But since last summer, the market for savings has tightened considerably, and not just because of such one-off events as the Abbey National and water industry flotations. Net receipts by the building societies in the fourth quarter of 1989 were £1.05bn, compared with £3.16bn a year ear-lier - although admittedly the 1988 figure included Abbey National, while last year's did

Even before Abbey National left the industry in July, building society savings had slipped to 33 per cent of total personal sector liquid assets from 48 per cent a year earlier. Clearly, the competition is

becoming cut-throat.
"I believe that the improved deposit rates of the banks have taken more business away from building societies than is generally realised," says Mr John Wriglesworth, building society analyst at UBS Phillips

ADVERTISEMENT

savings markets have affected the top 20 building societies unevenly. While the giants such as Halifax and Nationwide Anglia seem to have been hardest hit, other top 20 socicties such as Cheltenham & Gloucester and Skipton did well. They rely on relatively small branch networks, and so keep down their costs, while using advertising to bring in

"off the page" customers.
"The banks are not hitting us at all," says Mr Terry Adams, managing director of Skipton. "With lower costs based on a low branch network, we can afford to nav a bob or two more to investors. Early in 1990, building societies hit another problem on the savings side of their business. It arises from the independent taxation of married women. Families with up to £20,000 of surplus cash can make a substantial gain if the husband irrevocably transfers the money to his wife who then finds an investment which pays interest without deducting composite-rate tax.
Offshore subsidiaries and branches of UK banks are able to pay interest gross to any individual. Only a handful of

building societies, with subsidiaries in the Isle of Man, are able to do this - and they are not allowed to advertise it. Some funds are already mov-ing away from the societies fore the change takes effect in April, a fact which can only intensify the savings squeeze. The present standard mort-

gage interest rate of 14.5 per cent is already only half a percentage point below the high-est-ever level for the societies, the 15 per cent of October 1981. That was in a less rigorous market when it was commercially much easier for lenders to be tolerant on payment arrears.

Matching Abbey National's 15.4 per cent mortgage rate will not only kill off hopes of any early revival of the housing market. It will place even greater strain on the growing number of borrowers (of which there are said to be about 550,000) currently around two months in arrears with their payments. How long will the market be able to stand it?

. How to curb pollution and the company car

From Mr R. Etchells. Sir, A great deal has been written about the value to the user of the company car perk and the fact that it ought to be reduced in fairness to those who pay for their cars out of taxed income. Much has also been written about the pollution caused by cars and the

reduce it. I hope the Chancellor will take these needs seriously and use his powers to bring about some improvement. May I make some suggestions, some of which he could adopt. Others would require action from

need to take drastic action to

 Tax on company cars to be increased so that the in-pocket benefit would not be more than £200 a year, regardless of the status of the executive. Full purchase cost, including insur-ance, maintenance, and extras such as sunroof and tinted glass to be included in the calculation.

• No tax allowance at all to the user or the employer for any car above 1500 cc - thus the user might as well buy his

If a company feels that a larger car is necessary to bolsomeone's status, the full cost should be met without assistance from other taxpay-• Increase tax to raise the

price of petrol to French levels.

Reduce annual road tax from £100 to a nominal £10. Any car, private or company-owned, which can do better than 0-50 mph in 10 seconds to have extra purchase tax imposed of £1.20 per cc.

Not many years ago, acceleration from 0-50 mph in 10 seconds was regarded as sprightly. Nowadays we see cars which do 0-60 mph in less than three seconds, coupled with sales talk about "being able to out-accelerate the car in the next lane." This rate of acceleration is dangerous to pedestrians and it also causes

undue pollution. • A maximum speed limit of 65 mph to reduce pollution. ● The built-up area speed limit of 30 mph to be reduced to 25 mph. This would cause aggressive drivers to lift the accelerator a little earlier and reduce pollution and would not significantly increase journey

There is far too much pressure on people to have company cars as a perk.

A training strategy for Labour

The second of th

From Mr Peter Ashby.
Sir, Mr Kinnock is right to look again at Labour's plans for achieving a "massive expansion of training through-out industry" ("Kinnock leaves way clear to forge stronger business links," February 7). He would be well-advised to put on ice the party's proposal for a statutory payroll levy which poses a major barrier to achieving the broad basis of industrial support to which the Labour Party is now commit

Where the Labour leader should not delay is in spelling out what he sees as the essential foundations of a national

training strategy.
First, Mr Kinnock should
pledge that an incoming
Labour Government would require all employers, by law, to draw up proper training plans in conjunction with the Training and Enterprise Councils. This could win much support from the employer board members of the new councils, who know only too well how much our economic perfor-mance is undermined by the failure of three out of every four employers even to have

proper training plans.
Secondly, Labour should recognise the limitations on training that employers should be expected to finance themselves. It is not their responsibility to train employees to prepare for new occupations. stead, training for job mobility should be asserted as a joint responsibility between the state and the individual.

That is why Labour should press for training vouchers to be introduced to finance training for new occupations. Vouchers should be matched by low-interest loans, borne by individuals themselves, to promote the philosophy of self-investment as the key to a new training culture. Vouchers and loans could literally transform the career prospects of many low-paid and unskilled workers currently shut out from the training system.

This twin approach would not only help Labour at the ballot box, but might even persuade the Government to change tack on training long before the votes are next cast. Peter Ashby, Full Employment UK, 4 Europa House, St Matthew Street, SW1

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No cause for MPs to protest

From Mrs Hil C. Pagan. Sir, Let me clear up a misun-derstanding of Mr John Newman's (Letters, February 13). The tax relief that is being claimed for the write-off of Third World debt is not granted by some kind of concession or statement of practice which only applies to banks. The banks claim tax relief under the general provision in Section 74() Taxes Act 1988 which permits a deduction for "bad debts proved to be such and doubtful debts to the extent that they are respec-tively estimated to be bad." A sovereign state cannot be

put into liquidation or receiver-

ship once it has difficulty in

meeting its obligations, and accordingly it will be impossible to prove that an actual debt is bad. Therefore it is the sec-ond provision in Section 74() which applies, namely that of a doubtful debt.

The relevance of the Bank of England's guideline is that it provides independent evidence to support a claim that particular Third World debts are doubtful and an indication of the appropriate amount that should be written off. There is no special non-statutory relief for banks and no basis for parnamentary protest. Jill C. Pagan, IF. Chown & Co,

51 Lafone Street, SE1

The heat and power mode From Professor N. Kurti.

Sir, it was heartening to read in the Energy Secretary's state-ment ("Electricity price wor-ries," February 13) about the financial incentive to run generating plant in the combined heat and power (CHP) mode and thus to make use of the waste for heating houses. This is in marked contrast to the statement of Mr John Collier, chairman of the UK Atomic Energy Authority and chair-man-designate of Nuclear Elec-tric plc, who seems to regard the replacement of fossil-fired by nuclear power stations as the most desirable way to alleviate the greenhouse effect. A doubling of our present

nuclear electric capacity — Mr Collier regards trebling as "an ambitious target" — would reduce carbon dioxide emission by about 75m tons per year. This should be compared with a reduction by 91m tons if one quarter of the country's heating load were provided by CHP as recommended by the Energy Department's working group. It is hoped that the impor-tance of CHP is mentioned in the UKAEA's pamphlet for schools and that they are not being subjected to one-sided

propaganda. N. Kurti, Department of Engineering Science, Oxford University

Engaged in the search for Europe's non-existent black hat

From Mr James Murphy. Sir, Having read Lucy Kellaway's report ("All fine and dandy in European Market," January 25) on the attempt being made by Mr Bernard Cathelat, doctor of psycho-sociology at the Sorbonne, to construct a model of Euro-types (Euro-romantic, Euro-moralist etc), one can but wish him well, but there must surely be less commercial value in this approach than meets the eye. It is understandable that, as companies pursue new economies of scale at the marketing and advertising level in response to the stimulus of 1992, they might assume that

address the continent's 321m customers. For some time now, academics, marketeers and advertising agencies have wrestled with notions of Euroclusters - supra-national methods of categorising people irrespective of language or location. The Cathelat project is yet one more attempt.

The arguments against overdependence on such an approach are not hard to itemise. Mr and Mrs Average European will not easily be squeezed into however many neat categories. For one thing, the approach will inevitably underestimate, the power and the problem of language - a there is a Euro-typology avail-able which will allow them to consumers inside a national

and/or regional culture. There may well be little point in com-panies trying to create a new commercial Esperanto – a marketing language created in a sociologist's laboratory – when what defines and differentiates us as people is the fact that we all speak/think English, French etc (and precious little else).

Moreover, the approach creates a generalised and indeed static model of consumer behaviour which can be of little value to companies considering product launches, prod-uct repositioning or changes in product composition.

It is the intellectual's desire for order in the universe which allows him to see 16 categories 2 Tudor Street, ECA

of Europeans emerging from market research, question-naires, interviews etc. But it is not for business people to hope naïvely for order and stability. Rather they should understand and exploit the dynamic diversity of consumer values. Doubtless Mr Cathelat will

produce valuable research, but when it comes to the question of whether his work will resolve some of the crucial marketing dilemmas which 1992 creates, I fear he may resemble a man in a dark room looking for a black hat which is not there.

James Murphy. The Henley Centre

Mercury

Asset

share

buy-in

By Clare Pearson

MERCURY Asset Management yesterday said it planned to buy in shares from its share-holders and also to pay them a

dividend for the year to end-March which is 50 per cent higher than last time.

The buy in helps Mercury's majority shareholder S.G.

Warburg, the investment banking group, maintain its 75 per cent holding even after

executive share options become exercisable for the first time next month. This is

because Warburg will not be participating in the scheme. The plan is to buy back just

2.5m ordinary shares, representing 3.4 per cent of the maximum eligible, at a price of 650p, against last night's close of 665p.

Mercury Asset is now poised to join a small but growing band of companies to have made share repurchases.

Royal Bank in £137m expansion

ROYAL BANK of Scotland yesterday spent £137m buying a small US bank and an interest in a bank in Portugal. The two unrelated acquisitions are significant developments of the overseas links which the Royal forged in 1988 in the US and continental Europe.

Citizens Financial, the Royal's subsidiary in Rhode Island, New England, has agreed to buy BankWorcester, which is based in Worcester, Massachusetts, for \$149m (£88m), equal to \$22.50 per share. BankWor-cester is quoted on the NAS-DAQ over the counter market. The Royal has also bought a 19.9 stake in Banco de Comercio e Industria, a privately owned commercial bank in Portugal, at a cost of £48.8m. It has taken the stake in alliance with Banco de Santander, the Spanish bank with which it has cross-shareholdings.

Banco Santander is increasing its stake in Banco de Com-ercio e Industria from 10 per cent to 29.9 per cent by buying extra shares. The two banks' combined 49.8 per cent holding gives them effective control.

Kleen-E-Ze

concentrates

By Clay Harris, Consumer

Kleen-E-Ze Holdings intends to

sell its manufacturing operations to concentrate on direct marketing. Its shares

closed 15p higher at 148p after yesterday's Stock Exchange-in-

spired announcement, for a

two-day gain of 43p.

The planned disposal means

Kieen-E-Ze will no longer

make the brushes and cleaning materials for which it is best

known, but it will continue to

Mr John Gough, chairman and chief executive, said one

and this executive, said the potential buyer was discussing the purchase of the entire manufacturing side, which includes rubber industrial

seals as well as cleaning prod-ucts, while another contender was interested only in part of

Marketing and manufactur-

ing each accounted for about half of Kleen-E-Ze's turnover

of £46m in the year to September 30. The divisions achieved

similar trading margins and suffered equally in the group's

Although not naming a tar-et, Mr Gough said proceeds

should easily eliminate Kleen-

E-Ze's year-end net borrowings

F&C Enterprise Trust announced a dividend for 1989

of 0.16p, against 0.14p from

higher earnings of 0.17p

(0.13p). Gross revenue increased from 21.41m to £1.73m. Net asset value at the end of the period was 45.3p compared with 38.5p.

£2.88m pre-tax loss.

F&C Enterprise

sell them door to door.

on direct

marketing

Industries Editor

Royal says it regards Bank-Worcester as a well-managed, conservative institution with a strong balance sheet. It says it is well capitalised, has no expo-sure to LDC debt and no energy loans. It operates in an adjacent state to Citizens and is only 40 miles from Citizen's base in Rhode Island. BankWorcester had total

assets of \$1.16bn at the end of 1989 and made profits before tax and provisions of \$27.7m, compared \$22.5m in 1988. The acquisition terms represent a ratio of 1 times book value at end 1989. The bank was capitalised on February 14 at

Mr Charles Winter, Royal chief executive, said: "We see this acquisition as an impor-tant step in the pursuit of our long term strategy in the US. It will enable Citizens to develop an important new market in Massachusetts and increase the customer base available to it for the cross-selling of new

The purchase is conditional on regulatory consents in the US and UK and approval by

PROSPECTS of a merger

between Grovewood Securities and Priest Marians Holdings

loomed large yesterday even-ing when it was announced that Grovewood had

approached Priest Marians and might make an offer. Grove-wood with construction, pack-

aging and engineering inter-

ests on Thursday took a 13.8 per cent stake in Priest Mari-

But Grovewood's chances of taking full control of Priest

Marians depend crucially on

JMB Realty, the Chicago group which bought 25.1 per cent of Priest Marians and then topped

up its shareholding. This is not likely to be defined until Mon-day at the earliest, when senior

ans, the property group.

By Paul Cheeseright, Property Correspondent



Charles Winter: an important step in long term strategy

BankWorcester shareholders. Royal expects to finance the purchase without recourse to its shareholders.

Banco de Comercio e Industria is one of the few privately owned Portuguese banks and has expanded rapidly since it was founded in 1986. Its profits have grown from £400,000 in

JMB executives are due in Lon-don from Chicago. At yesterday's closing price

of 278p, after a rise during the trading session of 13p, Priest

Marians had a market value of

£53.9m. But Grovewood indi-

cated its view of Priest Mari-ans' value by paying 300p a share in the cash element of its

shares transaction. JMB Realty, however, paid 380p for

If a merger does take place, then Grovewood is likely to

reverse into Priest Marians. At

yesterday's price of 200p a

share, it has a market value of

Mr David Holland, once chairman of Randsworth Trust, the

Grovewood is controlled by

1986 to £6.3m in 1988 and to £15.2m in 1989. Since 1986 total assets have risen from £46.2m to £428.3m.

It has 33 branches mainly in northern and central Portugal and a clientele of corporate and high net worth individu-

als.

Dr George Mathewson, director of strategic planning at Royal, said the deal had "double synergy." There was fast growing trade between Portugal and Spain, which the Spanish bank would exploit, while the Royal would be involved in Portugues trade with Britain Portuguse trade with Britain and in attracting business from the large number of British expatriates in Portugal.
The joint stake will be man-

aged by Banco Santander though Royal would have a representative on the board. When Banco Santander formed its alliance with the Royal each took a 2.5 per cent stake in the other. Banco San-tander has increased its stake in the Edinburgh-based institu-

tion to 10 per cent. This stake cannot be sold or voted with-Priest Marians merger approach

property group taken over by JMB Realty. The attraction of Priest Marians for him is the ownership of the Langham

Estate in central London, seen as a prime investment prop-erty. But Grovewood has few

property interests and Mr Holland wants to increase them.

Talks between him and Mr Daniel Auerbach, the Priest Marians chairman, have evi-

dently been cordial but said Mr

Auerbach "they are not formal at the moment, they're just general talks between chair-

The two companies have had informal contacts in the past and minor commercial deal-

ings when Priest Marians sold some residential property.

band of companies to have made share repurchases, which have long been commonplace in the US but have only recently gained ground in the UK. The list so far includes companies as varied as BAT, Kleinwort Benson, the merchant bank, and Helical Bar. In addition to a substantially increased dividend navtially increased dividend pay-ment of 22.5p (15p), Mercury is forecasting pre-tax profits of not less than £58m (£42.1m). It said trading had remained favourable since the interim

Mr Peter Stormonth Darling, chairman, said of yesterday's proposals: "We see this as putting our money where our

He said Mercury had capital at least two times in excess of regulatory requirements. Con-solidated capital resources at 31st December were in excess of £105m and could shortly rise by up to £5m when options first become exercis-

Some 970.000 shares - half of the total under option — spread between 10 directors become exercisable on March

The buy-in would also bene

fit earnings per share while having taxation advantages for certain shareholders. These arise from the division for tax purposes of the disposal pro-ceeds into an income element, treated as a distribution, and a 129.5p per share capital ele-

The proposals are subject to shareholder approval at an egm when they will also be asked to approve facilities to buy in up to 5 per cent of the issued share capital. See Lex

Tribune net asset value increases

Tribune Investment Trust had a net asset value of 294.1p at end-December 1989 compared with 218.2p a year earlier. Earnings were 6.78p (4.81p) and a final dividend of 4.35p is proposed for a 5.2p (4p) total. Gross revenue for the year amounted to £8.76m (£5.29m).

FKI profits to be substantially below market expectations

By John Thornhill

FKI, the electrical products group which was demerged from FKI Babcock last summer, warned yesterday that pre-tax profits for the current year would be substantially below market expectations because of a disappointing sec-ond half trading performance from Babcock Industries in the

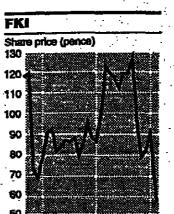
The directors estimated that in the year to March 31 1990 pre-tax profits would be about 20 per cent lower than the 568.8m achieved from continuing activities last time round. Analysts had originally been looking for around \$77m but in the continuing activities had been revising

looking for around \$77m but in recent weeks had been revising that figure downward.

FKI's shares have been under pressure for some time given the company's known exposure to the faltering US car market and they shed only 2p yesterday to close at 58p.

Mr Norman Scular, FKI's chief executive, said there were three principal reasons for three principal reasons for Babcock Industries' poor

● A disappointing performance from three of the five Severe market conditions in



divisions in the materials handing field. Some troublesome contracts had resulted in losses and would take several months to sort out, Mr Scoular said. Senior management has now heen changed, the work force has been cut, and the Welland Forge business would be sold off. But despite the prob-lems,the division as a whole

the automotive market. About 40 per cent of Babcock Indus-tries' \$300m turnover relates to the US car market where sales have been badly hit. In particu-lar, Babcock has about onetenth of its business with Chrysler. Last week, the US car manufacturer week reported a \$664m (£415m)

fourth quarter loss. Mr Scoular said it was not only sales volumes that had been affected. "It is also price pressure and over capacity."

• A softening in demand in other areas of Babcock's

operations.

Mr Scoular said the company's difficulties had been confined to the US and that although FKI's UK-based electrical strategy array had fazed trical products group had faced tough competition it would still report results "close to the anticipated level."

Mr Scoular is now concentrating on resolving the cur-rent difficulties in the US. Mr Alan Baxter, who recently joined FKI from GEC, has taken over responsibility for the company's electrical prod-

Bunzl makes £26.75m disposal

By Maggie Urry

BUNZL, the specialist manufacturing and distribution group, yesterday agreed the second of the three disposals it planned last September. It has negotiated a price of the businesses — paper and hullding materials. £26.75m for the bulk of its graphic arts business with Hunt Manufacturing, a US manufacturer of office and art/ craft products. Bunzl's share price was unchanged at 109p. Mr James White, Bunzl's chairman and chief executive, said that the disposal pro-gramme should be completed within six to eight weeks. The group has no acquisitions in view. Proceeds from the dispos-als will be used to reduce debt

its four businesses - paper and building materials distri-bution, and filter and plastic

manufacturing.
Yesterday's deal covers Seal Products, a US company, Seal's West German subsidiary, and Ademeo and Coated Specialities in the UK. These businesses had assets of £8.1m and made a trading profit of made a trading profit of £900,000 in the first half of 1989. Of the total price, £22m will be received on completion and the remaining £4.75m will depend

on performance over the three years to end 1992. Bunzl also said that the sale of EESCO, its US electrical products distribution business to its management, had been completed at a price of \$84m (£50m), rather than the original \$87.6m, as assets at the year end had been worth less than

expected. Negotiations to sell the rest of the graphic arts business were continuing with another purchaser, Mr White said. He said Bunzl was also negotiating over the sale of its two speciality paper businesses in the UK, with a number of

GrandMet sells 220 pubs for £45.8m to Control Securities

By Philip Rawstorne

GRAND METROPOLITAN is to sell 220 leased pubs to Control Securities, the property and lei-sure group which owns Belhaven brewery, in Dunbar, Scotland, for £45.85m.

Met Estates will be paid £40m in cash over the next three years; and at completion will take a 2.5 per cent stake in Control, with an allotment of 9m ordinary shares at 65p, equivalent to £5.85m. The deal will complete the reshaping of GrandMet's tenanted estate, leaving it with some 3,300 tenanted pubs in

addition to its managed estate of 1,600 pubs and licensed res-Mr Bob Williams, chairman and managing director of

GrandMet Estates, said yester-day: "GrandMet's tenanted pub estate has been the subject of a major upgrading over the last

two years."
Our tenanted outlets are leases through the inntrepreneur scheme. Already more than 1,900 licensees have taken advantage of this opportunity. This represents some 60 per cent of the tenanted and leased estate." The puls being sold were considered either too small or unsuitably sited for inclusion in the Inntrepreneur Mr Nazmu Virani, chairman

and chief executive of Control, said the purchase would increase the company's pub estate, mainly in the north of

England, the Midlands, and Scotland, to 770, in line with its policy for growth in the sector. It would have a positive impact on production at the Belhaven brewery which, with a capacity of 100,000 barrels a year, brews four ales and two lagers under Belhaven brands and undertakes contract brewing for Bass and Scottish &

Mr Virani welcomed the prospect of a GrandMet stake in the company as an ongoing investment. The two companies already have reciprocal supply arrangements.
The authority given to Con-

trol at an egm last month, to buy back more than 36m of its affected by the deal.

Norfolk track record defended

NORFOLK CAPITAL Group yesterday set out its reasons for rejecting Queens Moat Houses £177m all-share offer for the hotels group. But its defence document was weak-ened by a dissenting accompa-nying letter written by two non-executive directors who resigned from Norfolk Capital's board on Thursday.

The two directors, Lady Joseph and Mr Tony Good, said they did not concur with the conclusions reached by the majority of the board and proposed to accept the Queens

Most offer in respect of their 8
per cent shareholding.
But at a press conference
yesterday, Norfolk Capital's
directors defended the company's record and strongly crit-icised Queens Most. "We see the Queens Most

offer as a cynical move to take advantage of Norfolk Capital's

divided board," said Mr Anthony Richmond-Watson, chairman. "It is an opportunis-tic bid and is admitted as such by the chairman of Queens

The main plank of Norfolk's defence rested on a property revaluation which estimated that at the end of 1989, the company's net asset value stood at 53p per share. Norfolk said the Queens Moat offer worth 40.4p therefore repre-sented a "wholly unacceptable discount of 24 per cent."

Norfolk also estimated that

in 1989 operating profits would advance to £8m, an increase of 45 per cent, and that the annual dividend would be lifted by 22 per cent to 0.66p (0.54p). However, Norfolk fore-cast that pre-tax profits would advance only marginally to £5.5m (£5.34m) and earnings per share would grow to 1.11p

(1.03p). Mr Peter Eyles, Norfolk's managing director, criticised Queens Moat's hotel operations saying the company had been put together "more by accident than by design" and had been characterised by a "headlong dash for short term growth." "There is no evidence to sugimprove the performance of Norfolk Capital's hotels," he

Mr Eyles also outlined plans to realise £75m from the sale of assets in order to reduce borrowings and increase Norfolk's earnings growth. In their letter to shareholders, Lady Joseph and Mr Good questioned the viability of these plans.

The share prices of both Norfolk Capital and Queens Moat remained unchanged yesterday at 41p and 103p respectively.

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ast Dealings	Feb 16	Calls in Oliver Res., Rose
ast Declarations	May 10	Next, Amstrad, Gaelic Re

ABB Kent advances 34% to £11.5m

ABB yesterday posted its offer document to holders of

ABB KENT (Holdings), for the outstanding 25 per cent of shares in ABB Kent, the world's second largest maker neering parent is making an of water meters which is also offer for the minority shares, involved in valves, industrial inted pre-tax profits by 34 per cent to £11.49m in 1989, writes Clare Pearson. Involved in valves, industrial measurement and process control equipment. The offer, worth 178p cash per share, valworth 178p cash per share, values the company at £135m. ABB Kent said it was paying

a second interim dividend of 2.25p per share for a 4p (3.5p) total for the year. This would be paid when the outcome of the cash offer was known. Earnings rose to 8.9p (7p). ABB Kent's turnover improved by 17 per cent to £152m (£130m). The company said there was a corresponding

increase in order intake despite increasing competitive pressures in global markets.

On the merger, ABB said that, given a highly competitive market and rapidly changing technology there was clear ing technology, there was clear need for co-ordination of proding and marketing.

Geevor closes its tin foundations again Kenneth Gooding on the Cornish industry's response to low prices

world tin prices. But Mr Eric Grayson, chairman, who took over with a new management team two years ago and has diversified output and capital spending. the Geevor company at a hectic pace into coal and gold mining, insisted: "This does not affect the prospects of the company in any way."

That will be little consolation to the 122 employees at

the tin mine who have been made redundant. Only two months ago they agreed to work nine-hour shifts for eight hours' pay to help keep the mine operating until prices Productivity rose to heights never before reached in Gee-vor's long history.

But Mr Grayson pointed out that the price of tin had dropped to 23,657 a tonne this week, "well below the minimum cost price that can be achieved in a narrow vein, hard rock mine". In May last year the price was \$6,600 a tonne, at which the mine was

coining money, Forward sales contracts at favourable prices signed last summer ended in October and since then Geevor had sustained substantial losses on its tin business, he said.

HE GEEVOR mine at Pendeen, near Land's End in Cornwall, one of Britain's three remaining tin mines, yesterday became the latest victim of collapsing world tin mines and was bought from PTZ hards. bought from RTZ by 12 managers 18 months ago, announced last month it was to cut its workforce by 90 and reduce

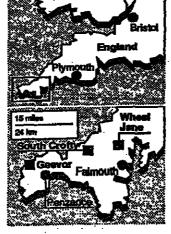
managing director, said the mines needed a tin price of about £5,000 a tonne to break At Geevor Mr Grayson said:

We need to see over £5,000 a tonne to make mining worth-

Geever has been a marginal mine for many years. It closed in April 1986 with the loss of 350 jobs. This followed the steep fall in tin prices after the collapse of the International Tin Council's price support scheme and the UK government's rejection of Geevor's calls for financial help.

Mining restarted in a tentative way at the beginning of 1988. The idea was to go over the mine's existing 150 miles of tunnels but to do no expensive development work. 'It is a bit like picking a skeleton clean," said Mr Grayson. Geever used the cash flow to

give it breathing space for diversification. The most



£5m purchase of the Mainband Colliery, between Whitehaven and St Bees in Cumbria. The company also raised \$2.8m for development of Mainband, which has become probably the UK's largest independent underground coal mine.

Mr Mark Wellesley-Wood, head of the mining team at Kleinwort Benson Securities, who recently visited Mainband, said: "It looks to be a real success story."

Mineable reserves are about 5.5m tonnes of high-quality coal which could be produced at a cost as low as £15 a tonne, important investment was the he suggested.

Geevor also has bought a short-life coal mine in Pennsylvania, producing good cash It has also invested in two

It has also invested in two respectable, if small, gold projects. Mr Wellesley-Wood reckoned that a gold leaching operation in Ecuador would produce about 15,000 troy ounces of gold in the year to March 1991 and Geevor recently increased to 75 per cent its shareholding in a gold prospect in Costa Rica. prospect in Costa Rica. "So all we need to know about the im mine is that it is

not a cash drain," said Mr Wellesley-Wood, "And that now seems to be under control." Mr Grayson insisted that Geevor would start mining tin in Cornwall again if prices recovered. In the meantime water would be pumped out at a cost of about £30,000 a year, partly offset by income from tourists, sales of gravel and consultancy services.

Mr Grayson is convinced the mine will reopen this year. "At today's tin price 70 per cent of world production is uneco-nomic. The industry can't live with it and logic dictates the price must recover."

The Geevor mine still has about 5,000 tonnes of tin in its reserves. At the recent annual production rate of 700 tonnes, that would provide work to Cornish miners for several

Farmers queries the control of Axa-Midi

By Nikki Talt in Los Angeles

wake of extensive discovery requests filed by Farmers law-yers in Texas this week. The requests centre on infor-mation about Generali, the

large Italian insurer, and Banque Paribas, the French banking group. Farmers argues that both are potential controllers of the insurance company, as defined in the US insurance statutes.

It is requesting all information about Generali's links with Aza, including minutes of directors' meetings and docu-ments concerning the Italian insurer's long-term strategy. It has been filed.

THE QUEST by Axa-Midi is also asking to seek depositions from various Generali executives including Mr Enrico Randone, Generali's Chairman. The question of control ance subsidiary, could face a further serious obstacle in the make of extensive discovery nie de Midi, which owns the bulk of the shares in Axa-Midi.

Paribas has only small stakes in both Midi and Axa, but there are board room links and it has been involved with the French insurer in an advisory capacity.

The Generali issue has simmered throughout the regulatory struggle but now threat-

ens to come to a head in Texas. Axa has firmly maintained that the structure of the group is such that no control question arises. A "disclaimer of control" by the Italian insurer

Scapa to buy Just Rubber

SCAPA, the manufacturer of shares. The price of Just Rubspecialist products for the paper and printing industries, is making an agreed bid for Just Rubber which values the USM-quoted manufacturer of synthetic rubber covered rollers at £10.5m.

The company is offering 140p a share or 10 new Scapa shares for every 11 Just Rubber

ber shares rose 63p to 135p fol-lowing the announcement. The directors of Just Rubber have agreed to accept the share alternative for the 20 per cent of the capital which they control. Other shareholders, holding 53 per cent of the capital, have also agreed to the terms of the bid.

	Current payment	Date of payment	Corres - ponding dividend	Total for year	Total last year
ABB Kent (Hidgs)fin Angio & Oversessfin FZC Enterprisefin Parities Frenchfin Tribuse investfin	4 0 16	Apr 18 Apr 19 Apr 30	2 2.75 0.14 0.85 3.28	4 5.6 0.16 0.9 5.2	3.5 4.1 0.14 0.85 4

ECONOMIC DIARY

TOMORROW: National savings results (January). Japanese general elections. Mrs Margaret Thatcher, Prime Minister, addresses Board of Deputies of British Jews. Mongolia's opposition democratic association plans to hold first national congress in

MONDAY: Cyclical indicators for the UK economy (January). National Assembly opens in Taipei. Mr François Mitterand, French President, on visit to Pakistan (until Febopens in Manila (until February 21). UN-sponsored conference in Addis Ababa on disaster preparedness.

sumption and stock changes

(fourth quarter-provisional). London and Scottish banks monthly statement (January). Provisional estimates of monetary aggregates (January). Manufacturers' and distributors' stocks (fourth quarterprovisional). European defence ministers meet in Gleneagles. European Community general affairs council meets in Dublin. Scheduled start of trial of Mr John Poindexter, US National Security Adviser, on Iran arms charges. Mr Petre Roman, President of Roumania, to address seminar on Eastern Europe in Paris: other speakers include Mr Imre Pozgay, Hungarian Minister of State, Mr Gregor Gysi, East German Communist Party leader, Mr Alexander Yakovlev, Soviet Politburo member, and Mr Michel Rocard, Prime Minister of France.

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February Epice, Nobel 2002 Consider, Come 2003 Consider

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WEDNESDAY: Gross domestic product (output-based, fourth quarter-preliminary). New construction orders (December). US consumer price index (January) and real earnings (January).

THURSDAY: US monthly bud-

get statement (January). European Community internal market council meets in Brusin Paris on setting up East European development bank to work out statutes and how capital should be distributed (until February 23), ICI results. FRIDAY: Building societies monthly figures (January). LONDON TRADED OPTIONS

THE OPTIONS market had another gulet session yesterday with dealers bemoaning the lack of business. The main features were options in the FT-SE 100 index, white among the stocks, BP and Asda provoked interest.

The market's turnover, at 29,286 contracts, was slightly more than Thursday's, but still insufficient to keep traders occupied. Dealing was dominated by business between market-makers lines. This was due partly to the quieter performance on the underlying market, where dealing was slow after the Society of Investment Analysts' dinner the

previous evening. Another factor mentioned was the lack of direc-Albi Lyons 460 42 50 68 8 17 19 (*482) 550 16 27 46 26 34 40 550 4½ 13 26 72 72 73 Brit Aimers 180 27 30 34 2½ 6 8 (*199) 200 12 16 23 9 16 17 220 4 8½ 14 22 27 29

500 - 49 67 - 17 20 542 3 - - 22 - -200 5 16 224 14 72 9 220 1 62 - 172 194 -Shell Trans. 460 97 52 65 9 15 19 (488) 500 15 32 42 32 35 37

file for Jan File for Jan 8tal. Biscarlis 330 24 35 45 12 12 16 (*344) 360 8½ 19 28 29 30 33 Uniferer 650 304 52 734 194 244 274 (*655) 700 94 274 47 524 544 57

tion given by Wall Street after the latest US economic data. But more worryingly, deaters spoke of the small number of cli-ents using the market. One senior did not necessarily mean that money could not be made by investors. None the less, until the slock market showed a clearer direction, investors may remain trader said the options market reluctant to commit themselves to appeared to be locked in a vicious spiral of low turnover leading to wider price spreads. the market

contract, trading 8,730 lots, of which 4,816 were calls and 3,914 were puts. The February 2,300 put which in turn made it more diffi-cult to attract business. Other dealers even began to speak of overcapacity among option bro-kers if the current level of business persisted. Furthermore, the stock market's unwillingness to move much

series was the most active, trad ing 1,178 contracts. In the tutures market, a 15 point premium was maintained over the cash index, as some analysts became more positive towards equities. But away from current levels was cited as a deterrent to option dealing, though traders continued to point out that a stable market dealers said the majority of the market remained bearish as wor-ries about interest rates and the UK economy persisted. DALLS No May Jan Sq.

Apr Jal

											DICES			
Compiled by the F	inanc	计化	mes	Limit	ed in	cont	ınctio	a witi	the	inetit	ne of Actu	uries and th	Pracuity of	Actuaries
EQUITY GROUPS	1	riday	Febr	uary]	l 6 19	90	Theu Feb 15	Wed Feb 14	Toe Feb 13	(approx		Highs and	Lows Index	
& SUB-SECTIONS Figures in parentheses show	ł	Park	Est. Earning Yield%	Gross Dir.		1990	Index	Index	ladex	Index	19	89/90	Si	nče ilation
number of stocks per section			(Max.)		(Net)	to date		No,	No.	tio.	High	Low	Kigb	Low
1 CAPITAL GOODS (203) .	869.4		23.02								1812.97 18/8 /8		1038.87 16/7 /87	
2 Building Materials (27)			14.87		8.38			1065.71					1381.08 16/7 /87	44.27 11/12/7
3 Contracting, Construction (37).			16.95									1306.13 27/10/89		71.48 2 /12/7
4 Electricals (10)	2465.81		10.91		11.52			2439,78			3840.80 6 /9 /85		3040.80 8 /9 /89	04.71 25/6 /6 1229.81 8 /10/6
5 Efectronics (30)			9.10	3.76 5.15				1915.93 432.42		0.60				428.45 16/2 /
7 Engineering-General (44) ,			12.04							8.00	582.82 4 /1 /90			464.85 15/2 /9
8 Metals and Metal Forming (6).			24.86		4.54									49.65 6 /1 //
9 Motors (16)	367.42		14.41							311.21	483.90 4 /1 /90			19.91 6 /1 /2
0 Other Industrial Materials (25)			10.77			3.86		3567.24			1881.53 18/6 /89			277.55 15/1 /8
CONSUMER GROUP (177)		+0.6	8.89	3.74	24,06	3.05	1262.15	1251.59	1248.25	1173.35	1417.92 4 /9 /89		1417.92 4 /9 /89	61.41 13/12/7
22) Brewers and Distillers (22)	1477.25	+0.4	9.46	3.56	13.04	6.54	1471.44	1459,39	1454.37	1288.35] 1112.42 3 <i> </i> 1 <i> </i> 89		69.47 13/12/
5 Food Manufacturing (19).			9.76			1.70	1090.54	1089.54	1090.39	1844.93	1228.42 4 /9 /89		1220.42 4 /9 /89	59.67 11/12/7
26 Food Retailing (16)			8.70					2281.27			2722.30 5 /9 /89			54.25 11/12/7
7 Health and Household (13)			6.29									1778.20 3 /1 /89		175.38 28/5 /8
9 Leisure (33)			B.47					1577.%				1346.22 3 /1 /89		54.83 9 /1 /7
1 Packaging & Paper (13)			12.20	5.38 5.08				573.60			623.86 4 /9 /89	512.34 16/10/89	739.48 16/7 /87	43.46 6 /1 /7
2 Publishing & Printing (17) ., 4 Stores (31)			9,19	4.67	13.89 12.02	1.78		3524,73 783,71			3916-24 8 /2 /99		5970,66 5 /10/87	55.08 6 /1 //
5 Textiles (13)			11.31			0.27	578 AR	507.38	200.90 205 21	517 22	921.71 4 <i> 9 89</i> 586.98 21 <i> 9 8</i> 9		1160.58 29/7 87 914.52 2 10/87	52.63 6 /1 /7 62.66 11/12/7
OTHER GROUPS (103)	7786 63	+0.1	10.78				1184 58	1176.89	1177 67	2015 VO	1233.52 3 /1 /96		1233.52 3 /1 /90	58.63 6 /1 /7
Agencies (17)			6.52			8.05	1681.88	1586,23	1574 01		1638.70 5 /9 /89	1938.84 3 /1 /89	1795.57 17/7 /87	870.35 4 /12/8
2 Chemicals (22)	<u> 1</u> 1195.03	+0.1	12.69								1379.94 11/2 /89	1026.37 3 /1 /89		71.20 1 /12/7
Conglomerates (13)	1622.32	+8.3	11.08			0.00	1620.62	1602.96	1599.24	1469_16	1819.46 11/8 /89	1254.94 3 /1 /89	1819.46 11/8 /89	975.19 19/11/8
4 Transport (1.3)	12258.58	+0.3	10.71	4.25	11.89	2.88	2252,80	2237.83	2248.60	2286.53	2554.69 12/7 /89	1836.25 4 /1 /89	2554.69 12/7 /89	90.80 29/6 /6
5 Telephone Networks(2)	1257.61	-0.2	10,10	4.68	12.88	0.08	3268.89	1248,94	1243.81	1017.71	1298.72 3 /1 /90	1902.43 3 /1 /89	1290,72 5 /1 /90	517.92 30/11/5
	2079.68		16.76	6.51	6.61	6.00	2963,17	2021,94	1997.14	0.00	2079.08 16/2 /91	1951.04 16/1 /90	2079.08 16/2 /90	1951.04 16/1 /
3 Miscellaneous (26)	1881.10		9.46	4.38	11.92							1183.56 5 /1 /89		60.39 <u>6 [7 [7</u>
PINDUSTRIAL GROUP (483).	1156.68	+8.3	10.49	4.33	11.67	1.86	1152.69	1147,62	1145,37	1088.71	1273.7 <u>1 5 /</u> 9 /89	935,74 3 /1 /89	1273.71 5 /9 /89	59.81 <u>13/12/</u>
1 Oil & Gas (17)	2458.52	+6.8	9.83	4.82	13.46			2419.18				1725.77 3 /1 /89		87.23 29/5 /6
9 500 SHARE INDEX (500).	1264.48	+0.4	18.39	4,40	11.98	2.20	1259.41	1253.65	1250.38		1355.68 5 /9 /89			63.49 13/12/
1 FINANCIAL GROUP (114).		_	-	5.13	-	8.99	825.39	822.65		750.64	869.67 3 /1 /98		896,67 13/10/87	55.89 13/12/7
2 Banks (9)	874.64		19.59	5.74	6.71					752.94	918.38 2 /2 /90		918.30 2 /2 /90	62.44 12/12/
	1366.68			4.86	! =			1364.86			1484.67 3 /1 /90		1484.67 3 /1 /90	44,88 2 /1 /7
6 Insurance (Composite) (7)]	5.34	J	0.00		701_53		599.46	768.11 29/12/89			43.96 13/12/
7 Insurance (Brokers) (6)			6.66	5.68	26.60	0.00	1108.77	1098.58			1194.74 4 /1 /98		1399.56 17/7 /87	65.86 16/12/7
8 Merchant Banks (8)	501.22	+8.3	l -	3.55	l –	9.54	499.91	495.84	496.32	350.61	592.02 8 /2 /98	318.05 3 /1 /89	547.59 12/10/67	31.21 7 /1 /7
	1162.34		7.85	3.74	16.11		1158.01				1398.87 5 /9 /89	1126.55 17/10/89	1398.87 5 /9 /69	56.01 20/4 /6
O Other Financial (28)	331.57	-0.1	13.09	6.37	18.08	1.75	331_87	330,73			391.49 8 /2 /89	304.56 16/10/89	623.48 16/7 /27	33.29 17/12/7
1 Investment Trusts (68)	1220.23	+0.3	-	3.01	-			1214.53			1323,81 4 /1 /98		1323.81 4 /1 /98	71.12 13/12/7
1 Overseas Traders (5)	1423.65	+L.I	18.68	6.4Z	I1.61	30.79	1407.78	1407.65	1482.52	1407_17	1614.04 3 /1 /90	1255.98 17/10/89	1614,84 3 <u>/</u> 1 /96	97.37 6 (1. 7
9 ALL-SHARE INDEX (687).	1159.33	+9.4	-	4.48	-	2.04	1154.36	1149.07	1146.88	1858.89	1226.83 3 /1 /90	921.22 3 /1 /89	1238.57 16/7 /87	61.92 13/12/7
	Index	Day's	Day's	Day's	Feb	Fab	Feb	Feb	Feb	Year				
ł	No.		High (a)			14	13	12	9	ago		1		
		7							<u> </u>					

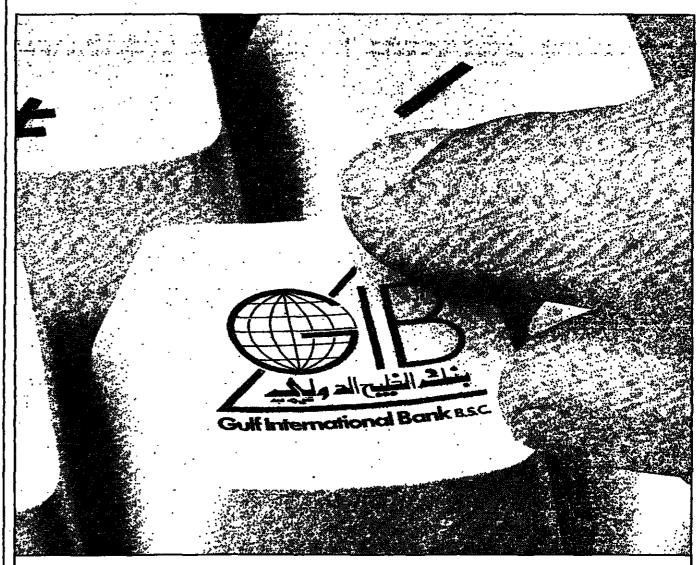
FT-ACTUARIES SHARE INDICES

	FIX	ED I	NTE	REST	-	-		AVERAGE GROSS REDEMPTION VIELDS	Fri Feb	Thu Feb 15	Year ago	1969	190
							<u> </u>		16	15	(approx.)	<u>High</u>	<u> </u>
	PRICE INDECES	Freb 16	Day's change %	Thu Feb 15	xd ad]. today	xd adj. 1990 to date	1 2	Sritish Gavernment Low 5 years Coupons 15 years	10.78 10.49 10.39	10.73 10.39 10.29	8.96 8.80 8.73	10.86 24/1 /90 10.49 16/2 /96 10.39 16/2 /90	8.88 9 /2 /89 8.77 9 /2 /89 8.73 16/2 /89
2 3 4	British Government Up to 5 years 5-15 years Over 15 years Irredeemables	123.79 131.03 148.67	-0.36 -0.71 -0.86	114.73 124.24 132.45 149.97	- 8.48 -	0.00	56789	Medium 5 years. Coupous 15 years. 25 years. High 5 years. Coupous 15 years. 25 years. Lyredeemables.	11.98 10.87 10.51 12.11	11.89 10.78 28.40 12.03 10.97 10.53 10.34	10.17	11.98 24/1 /98 10.87 16/2 /90 18.51 16/2 /90 12.11 24/1 /90 11.06 16/2 /90 10.44 16/2 /90	9.96 8 /2 /89 9.21 8 /2 /89 8.85 17/2 /89 10.13 8 /2 /89 9.41 8 /2 /89 8.99 27/1 /89 8.68 15/3 /89
6	All stocks	139.38 134.53	+0.06 -0.28	123.55 139.29 134.91 135.12	0,05 - - -	0.94 0.81 0.82	11 12 13 14	Index-Linked inflation rate 5% Up to 5yrs. Inflation rate 5% Over 5 yrs. Inflation rate 10% Up to 5 yrs. Inflation rate 10% Over 5 yrs. Bels & 5 years	4.58 3.96 3.59 3.78 13.51	3.65 3.77		4.58 16/2 /96/ 3.96 16/2 /90/ 3.65 15/2 /90/ 3.78 16/2 /90/ 13.82 3 /11/89	2.75 21/8 /89 3.41 21/8 /89 1.91 21/8 /89
_9	Debestures & Leaves			101.88		1.14		Leasts 15 years 25 years		12.76 12.75	11.26 10.68	12.84 7 /2 /90 12.83 7 /2 /90	11.19 1 /2 /89
10	Preference	80.03	-0.37	80.33		0.86	18	Preferent	11.53	11.49	10.03	11.53 16/2 /90	10.00 17/3 /89

FT-SE 100 SHARE INDEX 4 2325.9 +12.1 2334.4 2319.6 2313.8 2298.3 2298.2 2286.9 2313.6 2042.9 2463.7 3 /1 /90 1694.5 8 /2 /88 2463.7 3 /1 /90 986.9 23/7 /84

	1- 4	22 22					1.	1	25 ر وع	1	15.01	12./2	TA-00	12.03	1 12 170	10.00 2	3/2 /
10	Preference	80,03	-0.37	80.33		0.86	꾜	Preference			11.53	11.49	10.03	11.53	16/2 /90	10.00 1	7/3 /
Eng Eng Wat Age Con Tele	ening index 2322.1; 1 Equity section or grow inner ing - Aerospace ineering - General ter coles	p Ba	21.0; 11 a se fate 19/12/89 19/12/89 19/12/89 11/12/86 10/11/84 10/12/83	m 2325.7 Base value 486.0 486.0 1968.4 1114.0 517.9 1646.6	t 10 Ott 10 He 15 Ott 17 Ovt 17 Inc 12 Ott	Equity s her Industral aith/Hous her Groups erseas Tra lustrial Gr her Finance	etic ial ehol ders oup ial	328.1; 2 pm 23 pe or group Materials Id Products	31/12/80 30/12/77 31/12/74 31/12/74 31/12/70 31/12/70	29.5; 3 se vale 287. 261. 63. 100. 128. 114.	ne 41 77 75 00 20 06	Eguity: Food Retail Insurance B All Other British Gow	rokers erament -linked		29/12/6: 10/4/6: 31/12/7: 30/4/8: 31/12/7	Pase vale 7 114. 7 96. 2 100. 5 100. 7 100. 7 76.	13 67 00 00 00 00 72

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INTERNATIONAL COMPANIES AND FINANCE

Telefonica buys control of Vuitton Chilean utility from BCI

original acquisition.

stake in BCL

By Michael Marray in Hong Kong and Peter Bruce in Madrid

Corporation International (BCI), the Hong Kong-listed subsidiary of Mr Alan Bond's Australian-based Bond Corporation Holdings, is to sell its controlling stake in Compania de Telefonos de Chile (CTC), the Chilean telecommunications utility, to Telefonica of Spain for

US\$391m.
The sale represents the latest move in Mr Bond's asset disposal programme as he fights to stave off the collapse of his debt-burdened business

empire.
For Telefonica, the Spanish telecommunications monopoly, the deal is its biggest advance yet into the South American elecommunications market. It comes eight months after Telefonica and Banco Santander of Spain each paid \$27.2m for 10 per cent stakes in Entel, the higgest Chilean telecoms trans-

CITIC HK\$7bn LOAN OVERSUBSCRIBED

THE HK\$7bn (US\$897.4m) syndicated loan arranged by Barclays to finance the acquisition by the Peking-controlled China International Trust and Investment Corporation (Citic) of a 20 per cent stake in Hong-kong Telecommunications from Cable and Wireless of the UK has been successfully underwritten, writes Michael

ing was one third oversubsribed, with 19 banks joining the syndication. Ten of the banks are European, including Midland, National Westminster, Dresdner Bank and Ban-que Indosuez. Japanese inter-est is represented by Bank of

Hewlett-Packard

in surprise 10%

earnings decline

HEWLETT-PACKARD, the US computer and electronic equip-

ment manufacturer, reported an unexpected 10 per cent

decline in net earnings for its

The company's stock price fell sharply in heavy trading yesterday morning to \$43%

Revenues rose 17 per cent to \$3.1bn. Net earnings totalled

\$173m, or 72 cents per share,

down from \$193m, or 83 cents a

ago. H-P reduced its workforce by

New orders booked during

the quarter rose to a record \$3.3bn from \$3.0bn. "This was a

quarter of progress in some areas and disappointment in

others," said Mr John Young,

1,000 during the quarter.

WEEKLY PRICE

first quarter to January.

from \$47%.

By Louise Kehoe

in San Francisco

Tokyo, Dai-ichi Kangyo and Long-Term Credit Bank. Also included is Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corpo-ration, which decided to join the syndication late in the proceedings. Wardley, its mer-chant banking unit,failed to win the mandate to arrange the loan, but was later named as co-arranger. At the same time Hongkong Bank announced its decision to join. Marray.

Barclays said the underwrit-

The facilities comprise a 10year term loan of around HK\$5.4bn and a five-year zero coupon facility providing another US\$220m. A HK\$1bn issue of covered warrants is being separately arranged. See Lex, Page 22

bond placings in an effort to finance a Pta3,000bn (\$27.7bn)

investment programme over

the next five years.

BCI, which holds around 53 The company this week per cent of CTC, said in a state-ment that it had not yet been announced an 11 per cent increase in net profits last year decided how to deploy the cash proceeds, which will total some \$343m after the repayment of to Pta68.5bn, and said it plans to issue domestic bonds worth Pta20bn to fund local investfinancing associated with the

This mainly centres on try-However, last year proceeds from the sale of the Bond Cen-tre office building in Hong ing to satisfy demand for new lines - the backlog now stands at more than 500,000 Kong were passed on to BCI shareholders by means of a special dividend, with most of the cash going to the Austra-lian parent via its 66 per cent It is expected that the pur-

chase will be completed by mid-April. The agreement is subject among other things to BCI shareholder approval. After the sale BCI, which was A similar arrangement for the CTC proceeds would realise around \$225m for Bond Corpolisted in Hong Kong early in 1987, will have only two assets left - an interest in a property development in Rome and an Telefonica also announced per cent share in a brewery vesterday it planned to make one of Spain's largest-ever

BCI officials in Hong Kong said Telefonica would be paying well over the market price for the Chilean stake, which the Spanish appear to have been anxious to secure. Tele-fonica had competed for the CTC stake with Mr Bond in

The Spanish are also trying to buy some 40 per cent of the Argentine telephone monopoly for around \$500m although the new Government in Buenos Aires has so far blocked priva tisation of the company.

Mr Candido Velazquez, appointed as Telefonica chair-man by the Government last year, has implied in the past that he is opposed to expansion plans in South America begun by his predecessor, Mr Luis Solana. The new management at Telefonica is on record as saying it intended to concen-trate its efforts on improving its weak domestic services.

NYSE examines move to 24-hour electronic trading

By Janet Bush in New York

THE NEW York Stock Exchange, which has long bat-tled to maintain a floor trading structure against a worldwide trend towards off-floor electronic dealing, is studying a development towards 24-hour

The fact that the exchange is considering an after-hours ses-sion is likely to prompt a torrent of complaints from exchange specialists, market makers who enjoy an exclusive and highly lucrative franchise, and who have long felt threatened by the development of electronic trading in other cen-

losing business as block trading houses can trade electronically without a middle man. NYSE officials said its study of an after-hours trading session was in the preliminary stages and no decision had been made whether to proceed. However, Mr Richard Grasso, NYSE president, said such a system would be put in place and 24-hour trading would doubtless follow.

The current system of spe cialists has long been critic-ised. The main argument is that specialists are not sufficiently well capitalised to make efficient two-way mar-kets and provide liquidity transactions these days.

The Securities and Exchange
Commission, which regulates

the securities markets, has become increasingly concerned about the ability of US exchanges to compete with their overseas counterparts, many of which have been fast modernising their systems.

1508-6 1508-6

Gash 1434-6 3 months 1421-2

Cash 446-8 3 months 423-4

1473-5 1479-80

family buys control of Lanvin

By William Dawkins

LANVIN, the 100-year-old French fashion and perfume business, recently revived after years of heavy losses, was yesterday taken over by the Vultton family, holders of a minority stake in the embat-tled LVMH drinks, luxury goods and luggage company. Midland Bank of the UK, which took control of Lanvin about a year ago, has sold its 95 per cent stake in the group 95 per cent stake in the group for an estimated FFr400m to FFr500m (\$70 to \$87m). It is being bought through Orcofi, a holding company 70 per cent owned by the Vuitton family, which lends its name to the luggage brand. Orcofi sald this was the first step in the "creation of a new French focus of activity in luxury."

activity in luxury."

It will pay for the deal partly through a private bond issue and partly by splitting Lanvin between itself and L'Oréal, France's largest contents group Oreoff controls. metics group. Orcofi controls Vuitton Investissement Ges-tion, which is headed by Mr Bernard Racamier, and holds a 17.4 per cent stake in LVMH.

The deal adds a twist to the legal battle for control of LVMH between Mr Racamier, head of its Louis Vulton luggage subsidiary, and Mr Bernard Arnault, the LVMH chairman. LVMH management last night welcomed the deal as night westomen the deal as giving Mr Racamier a "new structure to which he can devote his time" and hoped it would bring a settlement. Just over half of Lanvin's Processor transport in 1999 the

FFr250m turnover in 1988, the most recent accounts available, came from fashion, with the rest from licensing fees for the use of Lanvin's name by other companies, and perfume. Lanvin lost FFr100m in the same year, mainly because of the costs of servicing debts, said Midland.

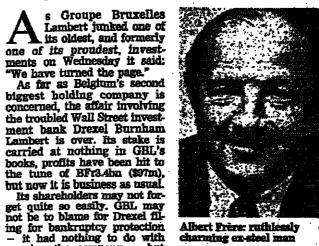
On taking control, the bank changed the top management and design staff and sold the former Lanvin family home and offices near the Arc de Triomphe for FFr260m to pay off the company's debts. Mr Léon Bressler, former presi-dent of Midland's French subsidiary, took over as director last September, and will stay

Last year's results showed "a dramatic improvement" and Lanvin was on track to break even in 1990, according to a Midland official, who described it as the best French turnround ever achieved by

FFr2hm bond issue, increasing its capital to FFr7hm, in a private placing to seven institutions in order to fund this and

Icy wind from Drexel cools GBL

Lucy Kellaway reassesses the strategy at Groupe Bruxelles Lambert



charming ex-steel man running the company - but the management of its invest-ment in the junk bond firm has left much to be desired.

It was a brilliant move on the part of Baron Leon Leon-bert to put \$40m into William help but cast a doubt over D Witter, a Wall Street stockbroker that became part of Drexel in the mid 1970s. The glittering rise of Drexel lifted its Belgian cousin with it, so five years ago Drexel was con-tributing 40 per cent of GBL's

profits. The move down has been ess brilliant. GBL started to unload its stake long before the top — in August 1983 it sold 43 per cent of the subsidiary through which it manages the stake, 17 per cent of which is now owned by Kuwaiti inter-

Over the past two years, since Drexel got into trouble, GBL has proved staunch, even to the detriment of its own shareholders. It falled to see which way the junk bond firm was heading: just six months ago GBL seemed to think Drexel would contribute again to group profits. Far from try-ing to get out, it seemed confident things would improve.



Albert Frère: ruthlessly

GBL's strategy of sitting on hig stakes in hig companies. More than 90 per cent of its portfolio man 30 per cent or its portions comprises companies in which it holds 20 per cent or more. It is one of the most important owners of Belgium's energy sector, with large stakes in Petrofina, and Tractabel, and owns large holdings in a string of international financial services firms

Such big stakes should have control premiums attached to them, yet the disadvantage — as demonstrated by Drexel - is that if one part gets into trouble the minimum and the state of the st ble the whole group takes a heavy blow.

ven before Drexel's trou-bles, some observers were begining to doubt the rationale of building an international financial holding company. They argued that the promised synergies from link-ing companies such as Banque Bruxelles Lambert, Bank Inter-nationale à Luxembourg and Henry Ansbacher did not seem to be materialising. GBL is a caricature of a con-

tinental holding company, with a tangle of shareholdings and



Gerard Eskenazi: banker who brought financial wizardry

shareholders. Its 25 per cent stake in Petrofina — its most valuable single asset — is held through a web of cross holdings comprising at least seven different strands.

The company bears the strong mark of its two creators, a somewhat odd martiage of Mr Gerard Eskenazi and Mr Albert Frère. Eskenazi is a French banker who left Parihas in 1981 and is now at the head of Pargesa - the Swiss holding company as complex as GBL.

Frère is a self-made man, a ruthlessly charming ex-steel-man from Charleroi in Belgium. The two came together at GBL in the early 1980s, an alliance that led to a flurry of paper and deals, and resulted in a giant holding company that at one point was worth over BFr100bn. Mr Eskenazi contributed financial wizardry. and Mr Frère shrewdness, qualities which made GBL one of the Belgian stockmarket's

Since then things have been quiet, with a thin diet of deals which reshaped what the company already had, rather than building anew.

Against this background, and especially since the problem with Drexel, the share price behaviour looks a little odd. Even though the shares have fallen by about 10 per cent as a result of the Drexel-write off, they still trade at asset value - whereas holding companies of this sort usually expect a discount of 15 per cent

15 E 1 C 1

"You really expect the shares of these Belgian holding companies to be logical?" joked one analyst. The word is that Mr Albert Frère and Mr Eskenari are not getting along quite as well as they used to. Some people in the market even think GBL might be ripe for a break-up. Others say this is abject nonsense — the Belgian pursues his interests in the Belgian energy sechae and the Belgian energy sector, and the Frenchman his in the finance sector as harmoniously as

t least one shareholder, t least one shareholder, who has proved sharp at interpreting the Belgian scene in the past, expects further action at GBL.

Belcoff, a company owned by a group of Flemish investors has recently been building up a stake in the company. It made a mint in the battle for Société Général de Belgique by selling

Général de Belgique by selling out at the top to Suez, and has been adding to its declared 5.2 per cent stake, and yesterday revealed it had raised its stake to 10 per cent. It must be hoping the Bel-

gian market is in for another big battle. If it came, it would be of a complexity that would make the battle for Société Générale de Belgique look like child's play. • Kuwait Investment Office

states that it does not have, nor has it ever had, any equity or other interest, direct or indi-rect, in Drexel Burnham Lam-

Mondadori affair a plot. claims De Benedetti

By John Wyles in Rome

MR CARLO De Benedetti yesterday broke his silence in the battle to wrest control of Mondadori, the Italian publishing group, from him when he asserted Mr Silvio Beriusconi's seizure of the company's man-agement was the result of a plot involving political, business and legal worlds.
"When the history of Mondadori comes to be written, there

is no doubt that it will say that this affair has aspects of a political-business-judicial plot^a Mr De Benedetti said.

This is the first time he has given public credence to the view, widely held in Italy, that his rival Mr Berluscom and his allies have been actively encouraged by outside forces. The conspiracy theorists hold that Prime Minister Mr

Gulio Andreotti and those sections of the Christian Demo-cratic Party which support him, together with Mr Bettino Craxi's Socialists, are extremely anxious that Mondadori publications, particularly
La Republica newspaper, and
the the two weekly news magazines, L'Espresso and Pan-orama, should be in politically

sympathetic hands. This explanation holds that months in favour of the Berius coni group have been politi-cally influenced, and that the whole anti-De Benedetti stratwhole anti-De Benedetti strat-egy is being actively supported by the "old guard" of Italian business. The fact that there is very little hard evidence to support this reading of events has not affected its popularity.

22,42 22,17 21,97 21,78 21,82 21,82

22.43 22.24 22.04 21.80 21.58

Bolar recalls drugs amid possible criminal charges By Alan Friedman in New York

Chicago

ROLAR Pharmaceutical, the hig US generic drug manufac-turer that has been under investigation by the Food and Drug Administration (FDA), vesterday said it was volunyestermy said it was value tarily recalling several antihi-otic products and it might face criminal charges. Bolar said its halt in sales

could result in a "substantial reduction of the company's operations and will have a company's financial position." The recall is the latest devel-opment in a controversy over

The company's most dra-matic disclosure, however, was that "certain of the matters referred to may give rise to criminal liability, including

possible criminal liability with respect to the company." A federal grand jury investigation is underway and so is a probe by the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC).

Mr Larry Raisfeld, the former chief financial officer of

THE SECTION

PARKENC'S?

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Bolar who has been named the new president, said yesterday the company "wants to make a full disclosure and start with a clean slate." Regulators began gations that Bolar gave false information concerning its proposed generic drugs.

Bolar said yesterday it plans to co-operate fully with the RDA and it is auditing about

64 drug products it makes. Trading in shares of Bolar on the New York Stock Exchange was suspended yesterday.

392/4 343/4

79,55 77,55 72,67 71,27 72,55 78,25 73,10

WORLD COMMODITIES PRICES

Kerb close Open into

	prices	on week	aĝo	1989/90	1989/90
Gold per troy oz.	\$417.75	+2.00	\$405.25		
Silver Per troy oz	315.65	+1.30	339.65p		
Aluminium 99.7% (cesh	\$1507.6	+67.0	\$2357.5		\$1394.5
Copper Grade A (cash)		+75.5	£1935	£1982.5	
Lead(cash)	£447	+1	£375.5	£487.5	£337
Nickel (cash)	\$7837.5	+ 1487.5			
Zinc SHG (cash)	\$1450.5	+50	\$1757.5		
Tin (cash)	\$8220	-90	£4325	\$10760	\$8220
Cocoa Futures (May) Coffee Futures (May)	£636 £620	+4	£865 24102	€947	6622
Sugar (LDP Raw)	\$358.0	+29	£1193	£1270	£572 £23 5.8
Barley Futures (May)	£108.15	-1.6 -1.20	\$250 £111.35	\$381.0	
Wheat Futures (May)	£115.55	-1.00	£114.5		
Cotton Outlook A Index	78.25c	+2.25	63.80c	£121.65 84.95c	£104.7 61.35c
Wool (64s Super)	548p	-8	680p	710p	548p
					OHOD
Oil (Brent Blend)	\$19.625z		\$17.80	\$21.975	\$16.125
Oil (Brent Blend) Per lonne unless otherwise a	\$19.625z	l. p-pence/kg.	ecints ib. :	t-Apr.	
Oil (Brant Blend) Per lonne unless otherwise a	\$19.625z	COCO	e-cents ib. :	e-Apr.	£Æ.
Oil (Brent Blend) Per lonne unless otherwise a "OT SEASIBLETS ude oil (per barrel FOB)	\$19.625z tated. fUnquoted + c	COCO	A — Lond Close	e-Apr.	£/ti
Oil (Brent Blend) Per lonne unless otherwise a POT MARKENTS ude oil (per barrel POB) ubel \$1	\$19.625z	COCO	e-cents ib. :	e-Apr.	£Æ.

			COCO	L — Land	on POX		£
Crede oil (per barrel FOB)		+ er -		Close	Previous	Hågta/L.mw	_
Dubei	\$16.58-6.682	02	Mar	627	625	627 820	_
Brent Blend W.T.L. (1 pm est)	\$19.60-0.65z		May	696	634	637 632	
	\$22,10-2,15z	~10	Jul	647	647	850 844	
Oil products			Sep	664	662	666 BB1	
(NWE prompt delivery per t	onne CII-)	+ cr -	Dec	688	685	689 685	
Premium Gesoline	\$223-225	-1	Mar	70 0 723	707	712 706	
Gas Oil Heavy Fuei Oil	\$174-175	-3	May	<u> </u>	722	725 722	
Naphthe	\$89-90 \$191-193	-1	Turnove	vr. 8536 (1	3485) lots o	f 10 tonnes	
Petroleum Argus Estimates	A121-164	~				a per tonne	
Other		+ or -	price to	r Feb 15 16 754.25	773.01 (760 L 755 661	.55) 10 day a	۳
Gold (per troy oz)	\$417.75	+2.00		K - Len			٤
Silver (per troy oz)de	637e	+1	-				v
Platinum (per troy oz) Paliadium (per troy oz)	\$519.16 \$136.45	-9.35 +0.20		Close	Previous	High/Low	_
Numinium (free market)	\$1510	+55	Mer	608	605	619 595	
Copper (US Producer)	1115-115c	+15	May	620	607	627 696	
Leed (US Producer)	41.0c		Jul Sep	630 643	619 634	633 610	
dickel (free market)	355c	+20	Nov	650	648	647 624 660 640	
iin (Kuala Lumpur market)		-0.01	Jan	676	664	677 650	
In (New York)	284e	+2	Mar	680 .	680	881 681	
Zinc (US Prime Western)	6540						_
Cattle (live weight)†	109.27p	+ 1.53*			1039) lots o		
heep (deed weight)	207.76p	+7.29*	ICO Ind	cator pri	CER (US C	ints per pou	п
7gs (live weight)?	94.63p	+2.37			MIA 21.115 (57.42). 15 da	y
ondon daily sugar (raw)	\$358.0x	+ 1.0		(63,69)			
ondon daily sugar (white)			SUGAR	- Lond	er FOX	(\$ per	1
	E327.D	+2.0	Rew	Close	Previous	High/Low	_
ate and Lyle export price							
arley (English feed)	£112.0						_
Sarley (English feed) daize (US No. 3 yellow)	2127.5		Mar	327.40	326.60	327.40 324.0	
arley (English feed)			Mar May	327.40 328.20	325.60 327.60	328.40 325.2	0
Sarley (English feed) daize (US No. 3 yellow)	£127.5 £129 55.25p	-25	Mar May Aug	327.40 328.20 327.20	325.50 327.50 325.20	328.40 325.2 326.20 324.0	0
Barley (English feed) taize (US No. 3 yellow) Wheat (US Dark Northern) kubber (Mar) wubber (Apr)	£127.5 £129 55.25p 56.25p	-25	Mar May Aug Oct	327.40 328.20 327.20 317.80	326.60 327.60 326.20 316.80	328.40 325.2	0
Barley (English feed) daize (US No. 3 yellow) Wheat (US Dark Northern) Mubber (Mar)	£127.5 £129 55.25p 56.25p	-25 -25 +0.5	Mar May Aug Oct Dec	327.40 328.20 327.20 317.80 316.00	325.50 327.60 325.20 316.80 315.00	328.40 325.2 326.20 324.0 317.00 315.0	0
Surfey (English feed) ##################################	£127.5 £129 55.25p 66.25p 231.5m	+0.5	Mar May Aug Oct Dec Mar	327.40 328.20 327.20 317.80 316.00 295.60	325.50 327.50 326.20 316.80 315.00 294.90	328.40 325.2 328.20 324.0 317.00 315.0 295.00	0
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Parley (English feed) faize (US No. 3 yellow) wheat (US Dark Northern) subber (Mar) subber (Apr) subber (KL RSS No 1 Mar) cocout oil (Philippines) som Oil (Makaysian) fora (Philippines)	2127.5 2129 55.25p 68.25p 231.5m \$382.6t \$275.0w \$225	+0.5	Mar May Aug Oct Dec Mar	327.40 328.20 327.20 317.80 316.00 295.80 Close	325.50 327.50 326.20 316.80 315.00 294.90	328.40 325.2 328.20 324.0 317.00 315.0 295.00	0
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Latest Previous High/Low

19.70 19.49 19.30 19.37

19.72 19.58 19.36 19.65

19.90 19.55 19.60 19.37 19.40 19.18

0.450	\$17.80	\$21.97	\$16.125
ence/kg. (-cents lb.	z-Apr.	
		_	
COCO	A – Lone	los POX	£/toque
	Close	Previous	H\$gts/Low
Mar	627	625	627 620
May Jul	696 647	634	637 632
Sep	854	647 662	850 844 665 881
Dec	686	685	689 685
Mar	70 0	707	712 705
May	728	722	725 722
Turnov	er: 8536 (8485) lots (of 10 tonnes
KXXI I	NOICETOR	PROSE (52)	ta per tonne). Cally
price to	or Feb 15	773.01 (78)	0.55) 10 day average
tor Feb	16 754.2	3 (752.68)	
COFFE	IX — Len	dee POX	E/lonne
	Close	Previous	
Mar	608 620	605	619 595
-Jul	620	607 619	627 696 633 610
Sep	643	634	847 624
Nov	650	648	660 640
Jan	676	664	677 659
Mar	660 ·	680	881 681
Turnow	er: 5122 (5039) lots o	/ 5 toppes
ICO Inc	ilcator pr	ices (US c	ents per pound) for
Feb 15:	Como d	allo 57 09 /	
		MAILY OF THE !	OLVATE ID CEN EAST-
age 63.	98 (83.69))	(67,42), 15 day aver-
age 63.	98 (83.69)	<u></u>	
SUGAL	98 (63.69) 1 — Lond	on FOX	(5 per tonne)
age 63.	98 (63.69) ? — Lond Close	<u></u>	
SUGAL	98 (63.69) 7 — Lond Close 327.40	Previous 325.60	(5 per totine) High/Low 327.40 324.00
Age 63. SUGAF Rew Max May	98 (63.69) 7 — Lond Close 327.40 328.20	Previous 326.60 327.60	(5 per tonne) High/Low 327.40 324.00 328.40 325.20
Rem Mar May Aug	98 (63.69) 7 - Lond Close 327.40 328.20 327.20	Previous 326.60 327.60 328.20	(5 per tonne) High/Low 327.40 324.00 326.40 326.20 326.20 324.00
Rem Rem Mar May Aug Cot	98 (83.69) T - Lend Close 327.40 328.20 327.20 317.80	PTEVIOUS 225.60 327.60 320.20 316.80	(5 per tonne) High/Low 327.40 324.00 328.40 325.20
Raw Mar May Aug Oct Dec	88 (63.69) 7 - Lond Close 327.40 328.20 327.20 317.80 316.00	PTEVIOUS 326.60 327.60 329.20 316.80 315.00	(5 per tonne) High/Low 227.40 324.00 328.40 325.20 326.20 324.00 317.00 315.08
Raw Mar May Aug Oct Dec Mar	68 (63.69) 7 - Lond Close 327.40 328.20 327.20 317.80 316.00 295.80	Previous 325.50 327.50 320.20 316.80 315.00 294.80	(5 per tonne) High/Low 227.40 324.00 328.40 325.20 326.20 324.00 317.00 315.00
Raw Mar May Aug Oct Dec	88 (63.69) 7 - Lond Close 327.40 328.20 327.20 317.80 316.00	PTEVIOUS 326.60 327.60 329.20 316.80 315.00	(5 per tonne) High/Low 227.40 324.00 328.40 325.20 326.20 324.00 317.00 315.08
Raw Mar May Aug Oct Dec Mar	68 (63.68) 7 - Lond Ciose 327.40 328.20 327.20 317.80 316.00 295.80 Close 426.0	Previous 326.60 327.60 328.20 316.80 316.80 294.80 Previous	(5 per tonne) High/Low 227.40 324.00 328.40 325.20 326.20 324.00 317.00 315.00
Raw Mar May Aug Oct Dec Mar White May Aug	98 (63.68) 7 - Lond Ciose 327.40 328.20 317.80 316.00 205.80 Close 426.0 428.0	Previous 326.60 327.60 326.20 316.80 315.00 294.80 Previous 427.5	(5 per totine) High/Low 327.40 324.00 328.40 325.20 328.20 324.00 317.00 315.00 296.00 High/Low 426.0 426.0 427.5
Row Mar Mar May Aug Oct Dec Mar White May Aug Oct Oct Oct Oct Oct	98 (63.69) 7 - Lond Close 327.40 328.20 327.20 317.80 316.00 295.80 Close 426.0 426.0 394.0	225.60 325.60 327.60 326.20 315.00 294.80 Previous 427.5 383.5	(5 per tonne) High/Low 227.40 324.00 328.40 325.20 326.20 324.00 317.00 315.00 296.00 High/Low 428.0 428.0 427.5 427.5 383.5 389.5
Age 63. SUQAF Rew Mar May Aug Get Dee Mar White May Aug Cot Dee Dec Dec Dec Dec Dec Dec Dec Dec Dec	98 (63.69) 7 - Lond Close 327.40 329.20 317.80 316.00 295.90 Close 428.0 428.0 394.0 373.0	Previous 326.60 327.60 328.20 316.80 315.00 294.80 Previous 427.5 427.5 380.5 370.0	(5 per tonne) High/Low 327.40 324.00 328.40 325.20 328.20 324.00 317.00 315.00 296.00 High/Low 428.0 428.0 427.5 427.5 399.5 389.5 271.0 388.5
Row Mar May Aug Oct Dec Mar May Aug Oct Dec Mar	98 (63.69) 7 - Lend Glose 327.40 329.20 327.30 317.30 316.00 295.80 Close 426.0 426.0 334.0 373.0 336.0	Previous 325.60 327.60 326.20 316.80 315.00 294.80 Previous 427.5 383.5 370.0 354.0	(5 per tonne) High/Low 227.40 324.00 328.40 325.20 326.20 324.00 317.00 315.00 296.00 High/Low 428.0 428.0 427.5 427.5 383.5 389.5 271.0 383.5
Row Mar May Aug Oct Doc Mar May Aug Oct May Aug Oct May Aug Oct May Aug	98 (63.69) 7 - Lend Glose 327.40 329.20 317.80 316.00 295.90 Close 426.0 394.0 373.0 384.0	POX Previous 325.50 327.50 328.20 315.00 294.80 Previous 427.5 427.5 370.0 384.0 383.0	(5 per tonne) High/Low 227.40 324.00 328.40 325.20 326.20 324.00 317.00 315.00 296.00 High/Low 426.0 426.0 427.5 427.5 385.5 389.5 271.0 386.5 386.0 383.0 386.0 383.0
Age 63. SUGAF Rew Mar Mar May Aug Oct Dee Mar White Oct Dec Mar May Aug Aug Aug	26 (63.69) 7 - Lend Ciose 327.40 329.20 317.80 317.80 316.00 295.80 428.0 394.0 394.0 394.0 384.0 384.0 382.5	POX Previous 325.50 327.50 328.20 315.00 294.80 Previous 427.5 427.5 370.0 383.0 383.0	(5 per tonne) High/Low 227.40 324.00 328.40 325.20 326.20 324.00 317.00 315.00 296.00 High/Low 426.0 426.0 427.5 427.5 363.5 363.0 364.0 363.0 364.0 363.0
Age 63. SUQAF Rew Mar May Aug Oct Dec Mar White May Aug Aug Aug Turnove	26 (63.69) 7 - Lond Close 327.40 327.20 377.80 316.00 295.60 Close 426.0 426.0 394.0 373.0 373.0 373.0 373.0 373.0	POX Previous 325.50 327.50 328.20 315.00 294.80 Previous 427.5 427.5 370.0 383.0 383.0	(5 per tonne) High/Low 227.40 324.00 328.40 325.20 326.20 324.00 317.00 315.00 296.00 High/Low 426.0 426.0 427.5 427.5 385.5 389.5 271.0 386.5 386.0 383.0 386.0 383.0
Age 63. SUGAF Row Mar Mar May Aug Oct Dec Mar May Aug Oct Dec Mar May Aug Turnow White 5	88 (63.69) 7 - Lond Ciose 327.40 327.20 327.20 317.80 316.00 295.90 Ciose 422.0 384.0 384.0 384.0 384.0 384.0 384.0 384.0 384.0 384.0	Previous 326.50 327.50 328.20 316.90 315.00 294.80 Previous 427.5 383.5 370.0 363.0 363.0 363.0	(5 per tonne) High/Low 227.40 324.00 328.40 325.20 326.20 324.00 317.00 315.00 296.00 High/Low 428.0 426.0 427.5 427.5 383.5 389.5 271.0 383.0 384.0 383.0 iots of 80 tonnes.
Rew Mar Mar May Aug Oct Dec Mar May Aug Oct Dec Mar May Aug Oct Dec Mar May Aug Paris- New White	26 (63.69) 7 - Lond Close 327.40 329.20 327.20 316.03 295.60 Close 426.0 426.0 373.0 384.0 384.0 384.0 384.0 384.0 384.0 384.0 384.0 384.0 384.0 384.0 384.0	POX Previous 326.50 327.50 328.20 316.50 294.80 Previous 427.5 427.5 328.5 370.0 388.0 383.0	(5 per tonne) High/Low 227.40 324.00 328.40 325.20 326.20 324.00 317.00 315.00 296.00 High/Low 428.0 426.0 427.5 427.5 365.0 363.0 365.0 363.0 364.0 363.0 lots of 50 tonnes.
Rew Mar Mar May Aug Oct Mer Mar May Aug Oct Dec Mar May Aug Oct De	88 (63.69) 7 - Lond Close 327.40 329.20 327.20 317.90 316.00 295.90 Close 422.0 329.0 334.0 336.0 362.6 Wr. Ress King (FF) King (FF) Ct 2258, E	POX Previous 326.50 327.50 328.20 316.50 294.80 Previous 427.5 427.5 328.5 370.0 388.0 383.0	(5 per tonne) High/Low 227.40 324.00 328.40 325.20 326.20 324.00 217.00 315.00 296.00 High/Low 428.0 426.0 427.5 427.5 385.0 383.0 385.1 385.5 371.0 368.5 384.0 361.5 364.0 363.0 lots of 50 tonnes. a): May 2435, Aug ar 2120, May 2120.
Rew Mar Mar May Aug Oct Mer Mar May Aug Oct Dec Mar May Aug Oct De	26 (63.69) 7 - Lond Close 327.40 329.20 327.20 316.03 295.60 Close 426.0 426.0 373.0 384.0 384.0 384.0 384.0 384.0 384.0 384.0 384.0 384.0 384.0 384.0 384.0	POX Previous 326.50 327.50 328.20 316.50 294.80 Previous 427.5 427.5 328.5 370.0 388.0 383.0	(5 per tonne) High/Low 227.40 324.00 328.40 325.20 326.20 324.00 317.00 315.00 296.00 High/Low 428.0 426.0 427.5 427.5 365.0 363.0 365.0 363.0 364.0 363.0 lots of 50 tonnes.
Rew Mar Mar May Aug Oct Mer Mar May Aug Oct Dec Mar May Aug Oct De	88 (63.69) 7 - Lond Close 327.40 329.20 327.20 317.90 316.00 295.90 Close 422.0 329.0 334.0 336.0 362.6 Wr. Ress King (FF) King (FF) Ct 2258, E	POX Previous 326.50 327.50 328.20 316.50 294.80 Previous 427.5 427.5 328.5 370.0 388.0 383.0	(5 per tonne) High/Low 227.40 324.00 328.40 325.20 326.20 324.00 217.00 315.00 296.00 High/Low 428.0 426.0 427.5 427.5 385.0 383.0 385.1 385.5 371.0 368.5 384.0 361.5 364.0 363.0 lots of 50 tonnes. a): May 2435, Aug ar 2120, May 2120.
Age 63. SUCAF Rew Mar Mar May Aug Oct Dec Mar May Aug Aug Oct Dec Mar May Aug	26 (63.69) 7 - Lond Ciose 327.40 329.20 327.20 317.80 316.00 295.60 Close 429.0 429.0 334.0 334.0 336.0 336.0 336.0 367.0 367.0 367.0 367.0 367.0 367.0 367.0 367.0 367.0 367.0 367.0 367.0 367.0 367.0 367.0 367.0 367.0 367.0	Previous 326.50 327.50 328.20 316.90 316.90 316.90 294.80 Previous 427.5 427.5 370.0 384.0 383.0 383.0 383.0 Previous	(5 per tonne) High/Low 227.40 324.00 328.40 325.20 326.20 324.00 317.00 315.00 296.00 High/Low 426.0 426.0 427.5 427.5 385.0 383.0 384.0 361.5 364.0 363.0 lots of 50 tonnes. a): May 2435, Aug ar 2120, May 2120. Shonne
Rew Mar Mar May Aug Oct Mer Mar May Aug Oct Dec Mar May Aug Oct De	26 (63.69) 7 - Lond Close 327.20 327.20 317.20 316.00 295.90 Close 422.0 314.0 314.0 314.0 314.0 315.0	POX Previous 325.50 327.50 328.20 315.00 294.80 Previous 427.5 427.5 370.0 383.0 383.0 383.0 7 per tonnec 2140, M	(5 per tonne) High/Low 227.40 324.00 328.40 325.20 326.20 324.00 317.00 315.00 296.00 High/Low 426.0 426.0 427.5 427.5 385.5 389.5 271.0 388.5 386.0 383.0 384.0 381.5 364.0 383.0 lots of 50 tonnes. a): May 2435, Aug ar 2120, May 2120.
Age 63. SUGAF Rew Mar May Aug Oct	26 (63.69) 7 - Lond Cicee 327.20 327.20 317.80 316.00 205.60 Cicse 426.0 426.0 394.0 394.0 384.0 386.5 pr. Raw : 44 (895.6) Latest 189.75	POX Previous 326.50 327.60 328.20 316.90 316.90 316.90 Previous 427.5 427.5 383.5 370.0 384.0 383.0 383.0 383.0 7 per form oc 2140, M	(5 per totine) High/Low 227.40 324.00 328.40 325.20 326.20 324.00 317.00 315.00 296.00 High/Low 428.0 426.0 427.5 427.5 369.5 369.5 371.0 368.5 369.5 369.5 364.0 361.5 364.0 361.5 364.0 361.5 364.0 361.5 364.0 361.5 364.0 361.5 364.0 361.5 364.0 361.5 364.0 361.5 364.0 361.5 364.0 361.5 364.0 361.5 364.0 361.5 364.0 361.5 364.0 361.5 365.0 369.5 371.25 160.75 371.25 160.75
Age 63. SUGAI Rew Mar Mary Aug Oot Dec Mar May Aug Oct Dec Mar May Aug	88 (63.69) 7 - Lond Cices 327.40 327.20 327.20 327.20 337.80 316.00 295.80 Cicse 428.0 428.0 334.0 334.0 334.0 334.0 334.0 364.0 373.0 364.0 374.0 364.0 374.0 364.0 374.0 364.0 374	Previous 25.50 328.50 328.50 328.50 315.00 294.80 Previous 427.5 370.0 383.0 383.0 383.0 383.0 Previous 173.50 169.50	(5 per tonne) High/Low 227.40 324.00 328.40 325.20 326.20 324.00 317.00 315.00 296.00 High/Low 428.0 428.0 427.5 427.5 369.5 399.5 271.0 368.5 368.0 369.0 lots of 50 tonnes. a): May 2435, Aug ar 2120, May 2120. **High/Low High/Low High/Low 176.25 160.75 176.25 160.75

167.00

168.50

171.00 171.00

Cash 3 month	446-1 1s 423-		445-8 422.5-23	450/443 426/422	450-1 422-3	423-4			l laka
	\$ per ton			72.0	-229				, 116 tons
Cesh	7825	-60	7525-75	7675/7650	7670-80	- "	A 104.E		
3 month			7400-50	7800/7450	7525-75	7660-			iota
Tim (5 p	er tonne						Ring tu	nover	680 too
3 month	8210 hs 6340		6140-80 6280-90	6185 6370/6300	6180-5 6300-16	6370-	40 0	5.369	lots
Zinc, Sp	pecial His	h Grade (per tonne)						,025 tons
Cash	1449	-52	1385-7	1434/1418	1419-20 1409-10		_		
3 month	ns 1435 per tonne		1379-80	1440/1380	1409-10	1426	_		i iots
Cesh	1436		1383-8	1436/1418	4554.5	Ri	ug pun	over 1	,050 tons
Merch 3		-20	1355-85	14307 1418	1416-8 1390-400		_	789	ots ·
SPOT: 1	.6945		months: 1,68	76	6 months:	1.6421		9 moni	that 1.617
POTAT	CES - 1	174	•	£/lonse	LONDOM BU	illión m	JEKNY	•	
	Close	Previous			Gold (fine cz)			2 equiv	na.lent
Apr May	181.1 206.5	180.4 206.0	181.5 178.0 206,4 202,6	1	Close	41712-418	-	M64-2	464
Nov Apr	100.0 145.0	199.9 145.0	98.5 98.5 140.5 140.5		Opening Morning fix	413%-414 414.90	•	245 4-2 245,983	
			140.5 140.5 40 tonnes.		Atternoon fix	416.50 4173-418	1	48.086	
					Day's high Day's low	4124-413	ζ		
SUYAL	Ciose	AL - MA		2/tonne	Coine	S price		equiv	elen!
Apr	128.50	Previous 129.00	High/Low 129.50		Maplelesi	426-431		51-254	
Jun	124.50	125.00	124.00		Britannia	426-431	-1	X1-254	•
Aug Oct	124,00 128.00	124.50 127.60	123.50		US Esgle Angel	425-431 425-430	2	:51-254 :50-253	<u>.</u>
		lats of 20	tonnes.	 .	Krugerrand New Sov.	417-420 97 ¹ 2-98 ¹ 2	2	46-248 7-58-2	
الأوزواح	it Futu	RES - 84	# \$10/m4	ar aslet	Old Sor.	97 ¹ 2-88 ¹ 2		7-66-2	
	Glose	Previous		ev besile	Noble Plat	525.40-533	.70 8	12.10-1	17.00
Feb	1590	1588	1590 1590		Silver fix	p/fine oz		18 cts	equiv .
Mar Apr	1832 1845	1633 1642	1632 1631		Spot	315.65		32.50	
لتنك	1402	1400	1644 1641 1402 1408		3 months 6 months	327.35 336.85		43.30 54.05	٠.
Oct Jen	1515 1515	1505 1512	1518 1515		o months	363.05		77.60	
Jen BFI	1576	1576	1676						٠.
UITOYE	r 90 (338	n			TRADED OPT				Pule
CRAINS	- SFE			Phonon	Aluminton (96		Calls	Mar	May
Wheat	Close	Previous	High/Low		Strike price \$		May	Mar 2	16
Mer	111.75	T12,80	112.10 111.		1400 1450	114 37	,122 59	24	50
May Jun	115.55 117.80	116.60 118.80	116.00 115.	56 M	1500	. 5.	23	\$1	.112
Sep	107.05	107.00	115,00 118, 107,10 107,	10	Copper (Grad	• A) (alis		Puts.
Nov Jan	108.75 113.50	109.80 113.50	109.90 109.	75	2300	126	136	11 .	63
Mar	116.60	116,50			2350 2400	57 19	85 49	47 102	173
Barley	Close	Provious	High/Low					<u> </u>	
Mar May	105.45 108.15	106,25 109,00	105.75 105.4 108.50 108.5	20	Coffee	Mar	May	Mar	May.
Sep	104.15	104.15	104,30 104,	30	550	58	73 97	į	5 19
	107.40	107.50	107.50 107.	-	600 650	9	. 15.	4 7 ·	47
	- W	334 (371),	Barley 143 (7	70)	Cocce	Mer	May	Mar	May
Nov Turnover Turnover	r: Wheet r lots of	100 tonnes	h						13
Turnover Turnover	r: Wheat r lots of	TOD tonner			600	32	47	8	
Turnover Turnover	r lots of	TOD tonner	ash Settleme High/Low	<u>ati p/kg</u>	600 650 700	32 6	47 20 7	5 29 73	36 73
Turnover Turnover PSGS —	EFE Close	(C Previous 112.0	ash Settleme High/Low	<u>ati p/kg</u>	650 700	6 .	20 7	29 73	36. 73
Turnover Turnover PIGS —	EFE Close 112.5 118.5 118.5	100 tonnes	ash Settleme High/Low 112.0 118.0	<u>ati p/kg</u> .	650 700 Brent Crude	6 Apr	20 7 May	29 73 Apr	36 73 May
Turnover Turnover PROS — Feb Apr Jun Aug	Close 112.5 118.5 118.6 118.0	(C Provious 112.9 118.0	Tigh/Low 112.0 118.0 118.0 118.5	<u>aq p/kg</u>	650 700	6 .	20 7	29 73	36. 73

			. ;	
N	ew 1	fork		:
GOL	D 100 tro	oz.; \$/va	y 02.	
	Close	Previou		
Feb Mar Apr Jun Ang	417,1 418,1 420,8 426,3	412.4 413.6 416.2 421.6 425.6	417.7 0 421.5 438.8	413.8 6 416.3 421.6 427.3
Oct Dec Feb.	431.5 435.7 441.9 447.4 452.6	431.7 436.8 442.2 447.3	431.5 0 442.0 • 446.0 0	0 437.7 445.5
			.:	
PLAT		roy az, \$/I		
	Close	Previou 516.9	# High/Lo 520.0	520.6
Feb. Mar Apr Jul Oct Jan Apr	519.4 520.0 625.4 530.3 536.8 541.5 547.3	510.9 522.9 527.9 533.4 530.6 547.4	625.0 525.0 583.0 583.0 543.6 562.0	0 522.5 527.5 584.5 643.0 548.5
· ·		٠.	1,	
SELVE			ha/h/gy oz.	·
Feb	Glose 632.8	Previous 531.7	High/Lo	655.0
May May Jul Sep Dec	534.0 536.2 542.4 530.7 539.4 571.2 574.6	533.0 537.2 541.5 540.8 556.5 570.3 578.7	636,4 0 547.0 665,0 962,5 576,5	\$31.5 6 540.0 548.5 859.0 570.5
Mer	683.3 691,5	582.4 590.8	580.0	. 586.0
			,000 lbs; oe	
Feb	Close 112.85	Previous 106,50	112.85	111,50
Apr Apr May Jul Jul Sap Oct	111.35 106.80 105.85 103.85 102.20 101.25 100.30	105.05 105.05 105.05 103.46 192.25 101.05 100.35 90.86	111,80 108,80 108,00 0 102,80 0	108.55 107.20 104.60 0 101.10 0
Nov	99.10	96.70	ů.	å
MO!		e: Septen	ber 18 193	- 100)
	Feb 18		1790.6	c yr ego 1938,3
	1804.5			
DOW			31 1974 =	1007
DOW		Feb 14		

APT	22.17	22.43	22,43	22.02 .		Close	Previous	High/Low
May Jun	21,97 21,78	22.24 22.04	22.21 22.00	21. 50 21. 58	Mer	560/6	571/G	571/2
Jul	21,52	21.80	21.74	21.42	May	551/4	583/2	689/2
Aug	21,27	21.58	21.52	21.18	Juli Aug	693/4 696/4	594/6 597/6	595/0
Sep	21.08	21.41	21,34	20.95	Sep	683/4	595/0	596/2 596/0
	20.98	21.29	20.98	20.92	Nov	599/2	500/4	599/6
Nov Dec	20,90 20,86	21.25 21.18	21.04	20.88 20.85	Jen	908/0	610/4	609/6
		E1.10	24.00	. 4000	Mar	616/0	620/0	0
_				·	SOY		60,000 ibs;	cents/lb
HEA	THE CIL	42,000 US	palls, cent	e/US galls		Close	Previous	High/Low
	Latest	Previou	s High/L	aw .	Mer	19.94		
Mer	5715	6865	5865		- May	20.22	20,11 20.37	20.13 20.38
Apr	5540	5796	5790	5700 5820	Jul	20.34	20.48	20.45
Jian	5460	5597 ·	5595	6480	Aug	20.30	20.42	20,40
Aug	5535 ·	6652	\$505	5520	Sep	20.26	20.36	20,30
Sep		5747	5745	5630	Oct. Dec	20.05 20.05	20.23 20.27	20.21
-	5760	5612	5750	\$750. ·	Jan	20.02	20.20	20.25 20,20
							AL 100 Yara;	
COC	0A 10 10n	nes;\$/tores	54					
	Close	Previous	Hightle		• · 	Close	Previous	High/Low
Mar	997	981	. 1000	979	Mar May	166.2	165.6	166.7
Mey	967	972	959	978	gray.	170,1 174,3	170.0 173.9	170.7 174.9
Jul 1	963	982	995	957	Aug	176.3	175.7	176.3
Sep	1010	1001	1012	1004	Sep	177.5	177.5	177.8
Dec	1025	1027	1056	1029	Oct	178.5	178.6	179.0
Mar	1065 1067	1045 1058	1063	. 1053	Dec	181,6	5181.3	181.8
Jol.	1063	1071	6	8	Jan	182,3	182.0	182.5
			-		HAIZ		min; cente/5	51b bushel
==	=	· · ·				Close	Previous	High/Low
COTT	or c 2	7,500lbs; cs	ints/lbs		Mar	241/2	242/8	242/6
· ··	Close	Previous	High/Lo	· ·	May Jul	247/6 252/2	249/0	248/6
Mar	85.81	84.98	96.90	84.60	Sep	258/D	- 251/4	254/0 251/0
May	26,73	87,32	89,40	26.80	Dec	246/2	248/6	248/4
44	20.51	89.61	91.75	86.75	Mar	2544	255/4	254/6
Sep Dec	92.17 93.86	90.71	92.50	90.40	May	268/2	259/0	258/4
Mar .	95.88	93.60 94.38	94,50 . 96.50	92.50 98.50	· WHEA	T 5.000 bu	min; cents/t	Dily-breat-of
May	97.00	96.75	0	9		Close		
-Just	96.43	99.50	0	, ō				High/Law
		٠.			Mar May	354/0 363/D	385/2	367/6
ettne					- Ju	344/4	365/2· 345/6	386/0 345/4
ann		711-172	000 Pos; ce	rdz/ibe		35078	351/4	361/4
	Close	Previous	High/Lo	4 .	Sep. Dec	362/4	363/4	363/2
Mer	14.78	14.74	14,53	14.03	Mar	362/4	370/2	.370/2
May	14.85	14.77	14.85	14.70	LIVE	ATTLE O	OOC for; can	s/lbe
	14.60	14.66	14.09	14.56				·
. Oct	14.29	14.27	14.30	14.18	<u>.</u>	Cibes	Previous	HaghyLow
Mar May	13.67	13.55	13.50	13.43	Feb	79,77	79.77	79.90
Jui	13,45 13,35	13.42 13.32	- G	0 .	Apr	77.62	77.72	77.87
-	HELDON.	13.ag	•	9	Jún	72.85	72.77	73.00
					Aug	71,45 73.00	72.72 72.72	71.00
COTT	7N 50,000	cents/lbs			Dec	73.45	73.40	73.10 73.45
	Close	Previous	Lilebil es		Feb	75.25	73.30	73.45
Mar			High/Lov		. CME A	008 30 00	C lb; cents/k	
May	69.20 70.60	64.53 70.95	89.80 71,05	89.05	-			
Jul .	70.93	71.32	71.40	70,50 70.75		Close	Previous	HightLow
Oct	67.40	67.85	67.65	67.35	Feb	49.62	49:55	49.82
Dec.	56.15	65.05	66.30	65.80	Apr	47.42	47.57	47.65
Mer	67.00	66.7G	64.75	66.55	میان ایان	52.72	53.00	52.85
May	67.55	67.30	67.50	67.50	Aug	57.52 59.50	52.72 51,20	52.65 51.10
				•	Cct	48.22	48.45	45.25
ORAN	GIE NUC	15,000 lbs	contribution		Dec	48.62	45.05	46.8G
					Feb	47.00		47.10
 _	Cioss	Previous	i ligh/Lo	· ·	PORK	SELLES 4	0,000 fbe; çe	nte/lb
May	199,65	201.20	200.52	198.60	***************************************	Clone		
Jus	195,15 191,60	195.25 191.25	195.70 192.25	194,10	E		Previous	HighAow
Sep	188.30	186.53	188.90	190,80 186,00	Feb	48.85	81.10 ·	51.00
Nov	182.60	182.25	193.00	182.00	Mer May .	50.07 51.42	£1.55	\$1.20
Jen	179.30	179.00	.0	0	Jul .	51.62	53.00 · 52.65	52.40 52.65
Mar	179.30	179,00	0	0	Aug	49,77	50.47	60.90 .
May Jul	179.30	179.00	8	0	Feb	<u>54.90</u>	56.00	56.10
	179.30	179.00	0	e e	Mar	64.60	54.60	0

CURRENCIES, MONEY AND CAPITAL MARKETS

LONDO

FOREIGN EXCHANGES

Trade gain fails to buoy dollar

Good US trade figures did not provide any lasting support for the dollar yesterday. The currency lost ground after falling to its lowest level since 1984. A close. to sustain a break through technical resistance at DM1.7000. News that the US trade deficit narrowed to \$7.2bn in December, from a revised \$10.3bn in November, pushed the dollar up to a peak of DML 7010, but special factors in the trade data and weak US industrial production last month brought it back to a low of DM1.6760 before the London

The dollar finished in London at DM1.6785, against DM1.6805 on Thursday, It fell to Y144.10 from Y144.40; to SF11.4930 from SF11.4945, and to FFT5.7050 from FFT.4945, and to FFr5.7050 from FFr5.7125.
On Bank of England figures the dollar's index was unchanged at 67.1.

An improvement to about \$9bn in the US trade gap was expected, but the even beiter figure was largely the result of renewed aircraft shipments by

E IN NEW YORK						
Feb.16	late	1		Previous Close		
1.6860-1.6870 1.6853-1.6853 1.6853-1.685						
	<u> </u>	Feb.	i6	Previous		
8.30 am 9.00 am 10.00 am 11.00 am 1.00 pm 2.00 pm 3.00 pm	Manager Man Ma	89. 89. 89. 89. 89. 89.		- 89.6 89.6 89.6 89.6 89.6 89.6 89.7		

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CUR	REN	CY RA	TES
Feb.16	Bank rate %	Special Drawing Rights	European (Correccy Unit.
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Sterling mote	d In term	cn/SDR ±=f	ATTI NO F

Saviss France 6,00 Greek Drack 2012 Irish Pant	1.98223 N/A N/A	1.81518 192.256 0.769354
# Sterling quoted in t t European Commiss. All SOR rates are fi	on Calculations.	f ECS.per £.
CURRENC	Y MOVE	MENTS
Feb. 16	Bank of England lodex	Morgan ^{to} Guaranty Clasopes %
Feb.16 Sterling U.5 Dotter Canadian Dotter Asstrain Schriffing Beiglan Franc Consist Krose	England	Guaranty `

Australia Dollar	Guaranty Bank of	1145 1145 113,4 190,3 129,3 change:	Robert (Br	-144.8 -28.5 -12.7 -18.8 +60.0
OTHE		<u> </u>	NCII	ES
Feb.16	E			<u> </u>
Argentisa Australia Brazii Fioland	2.2385 - 40.9580 - 6.6945 -	2.2405	1.3230	

VINE	n CURRE	MC/1E3
Feb.16	£	\$
razii Teland recor Iong Kong	4852.60 - 4879.55 2.2756- 2.2245 40.5930 - 40.9755 26.40 - 270.90 1111.405 - 1117.50 1111.405 - 1117.50 1111.405 - 1117.50 40.57.30 - 57.30 40.57.30 - 45.715 6.3255 - 6.3116 4.3125 - 4.325 4.3125 - 4.325 4.315 - 4.425 6.3965 - 6.3965 4.315 - 4.425 6.3965 - 6.3965	3.9600 - 3.9700 158.05 - 160.65
	"Selling rate	V

*Selling rate					`			
FORWARD RATES AGAINST STERLING								
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US Dollar D-mark French Fr. Swiss Fr. Yen	15955 28450 93725 25125 244.25	1 6869 2 8304 9.6416 2 5211 242.75	1.6686 2.8017 9.5854 2.4986 239.77	1 6431 2 7647 9 5081 2 4680 235 54	1.59 2.70 9.54 2.40 2.40 2.28			

MONEY MARKETS

fall in January industrial pro-duction was expected, but only by about 0.6 per cent, or half the published drop of 1.2 per

The D-Mark traded quietly, showing little movement against other European currenagainst other European currencies, but losing ground to the Japanese yen. Dealers reported squaring of long D-Mark positions against the yen, ahead of tomorrow's general election in Japan. Signs of an improvement in the standing of the ruling Liberal Democrats, and speculation that the party will retain power, helped the yen. At the London close the D-Mark had eased to Y85.85 from Y85.93. The West German currency was unchanged at FFr3.3990, as the French franc moved slightly above the Belgian franc at the bottom of the European Monetary System.

European Monetary System. The Italian lira remained the

Sterling's reaction to disap-

pointing news on UK retail prices was muted. Hopes of a fall in the annual rate of infla-tion were dashed, but this is unlikely to have any impact on interest rates. The pound rose 20 points to \$1.8955, and climbed to SFr2.5325 from SFr2.5300. It was unchanged at DM2.8450 while falling to Y244.25 from Y244.50 and to FFr9.6725 from FFr9.6750. According to the Bank of England sterling's index rose

Recent volatile trading in the Australian dollar may have ended, according to dealers. A further easing of the Reserve Bank of Australia's monetary policy is not expected ahead of the general election on March 24. The currency closed at 75.60 US cents in London, rising from 75.05 cents on Thursday.

DOLL	AR SPOT-	FORWAR	D AGAII	IST .	THE DOL	LAR
Feb.16	Cay's spread	Clese	One month	NA PA	Three months	% p.z.
UK) relaced relaced Rector lands Rector land	148.50 - 149.00 108.30 - 109.53 1244 - 1260 t 6.46 t ₂ - 6.53 t	1 6900 1 1990 1 5900 1 1990 1 1995 1 2005 1 1995 1 2005 3 5.00 38 10 1 6 7 6 47 1 6 7 6 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	0.87-0.85;pm 0.41.435;pm 0.42-0.44cis 0.10-1.2cis 2.00-0.00cis 1.80-2.100cis 2.00-0.00cis 1.80-2.100cis 1.30-5.50tesis 1.30-1.55eresis 1.30-1.04;pm 0.05-0.11cis 0.44-0.41;pm	89 FF ST	2.71-2.50pm 1.45-1.75pm 1.39-1.45de; 0.37-0.40de; 0.30-0.80de; 0.30-0.25de; 0.30-0.25de; 13.00-1.00de; 4.00-5.00de; 0.30-1.45de; 0.30-1.45de; 0.30-1.45de; 0.30-1.45de; 0.30-1.45de; 0.30-1.45de; 0.30-1.45de; 0.30-1.45de; 0.30-1.45de;	6.36 3.57 4.081 -2.15 4.027 -8.35 -4.31 -2.95 -2.78 -0.34 -4.13
reniums and	eus takes towards the I discounts amply to t dal franc 35.20-35.	end of London trading he US dollar and not 10.	to the lectividual o	ECU preq prrepcy.	noind in US currenc leighan rate is for	y. Ferward convertible
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Feb.I6	Day's	- Close	One month	%	Three	%

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20185 20360 20300 20300 20300 180 0.57-0.85mm 180 0.57-0.85m	2.0185 - 2.0340 2.0300 - 2.0310 0.34-0.27cm 1.80 0.37-0.88cm 1.80 0.38-0.88cm 1.80 0.38	Feb.16		- Close	One month	% 8.3			
rance 9.664 - 9.712 9.664 - 9.674 34-34-0m 3.95 94-64-0m 3	France 9.664 9.771 9.664 9.672 31, 34, 51, 610 3.95 94, 674, 674, 674, 674, 674, 674, 674, 67	atodo letherlands leigium leigium lensuarit reland W. Germany Vortagal lensuarit pula	20185 - 20360 \$204 - 3.22 \$9.40 - \$9.60 \$0.954 - 11.06 1.0705 - 1.9025 2.844 - 2.85 250.75 - 252.25 183.45 - 184.95 2110 5 - 21204	2.0300 - 2.0310 3.2014 - 3.2114 59.40 - 59.50 10.97 - 10.98 1.0745 - 1.0752 2.8414 - 2.8414 251.05 - 282.00 183.45 - 183.75 21104 - 211114	0.94-0.27cm 15-15-cm 23-25cm 24-25-cm 0.30-0.25-cm 15-15-cm 3-14-cm 4-20-cm	1.80 5.38 4.94 2.60 3.07 7.43 4.41	0.97-0.6 45-4 66-6 71-6 0.90-0.6 41-4 92-11 11-	Spra 1-pm 3-pm 1-pm 1-pm 10-pm 17-dis 2-pm 9-pm	1.8 5.6 4.3 2.4 3.1 6.2 1.8 0.2
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Ecol Correscy % change % change control associate control associate control adjusted for Best %	central accounts from adjusted for Best %	elgian Franc	2	1679 42.67 9845 7.892		1 :	1.10	±1.5506	

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	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	JRO-CL	IRRENC	Y INTI	REST	RATES	rangen.
- ·	Feb 16	Short. term	7 Days aptice	(Inc Month	Three Months	Six - Months	One Year
• • •	Sterling US Duylar Can, Dollar D, Gaslar SW, Frage Deutschesserk Fr. Franc Raillan Lira B. Fr. (Frai) B. Fr. (God) Yen D. Knone Asian SSing	73-73 103-103 13-11 103-103 101-94 68-64 124-118 84-84	14-14-14-14-14-14-14-14-14-14-14-14-14-1	151-15 81-82 9-83 9-83 9-83 9-83 13-101 13-101 68-64 123-124 82-82	154-154 84-84 124-124 94-94 84-84 114-11 134-124 104-104 74-74 124-124 84-84	91, 91 91, 91 81, 91 113, 121 103, 104 11-103 74-74 125, 127 84-84	15,15,15,1 \$7,85,124,124,124,124,124,124,124,124,124,124

		EX	CHA	NGE	CRO	iss f	RATE	<u>:\$</u>		
Feb.16	. £	5	Def	Yea	F Fr.	S Fr.	H FL	Life	CS	ß Ft.
Š	0.540	1,696	2.845 1.677	244.3 144.0	9.673 5.703	2.533 1.494	3-208 1-892	2111 1245	2031 1.198	59,45 35.05
DM	0.351	0.5%	1145	85.87	3.400	0.890	1128	742.0	0.71A	20.90
YEN	4,093	6.942		1000.	39.59	10.37	13.13	8641	8.314	263.3
F Fr.	1.034	1,753	2.941	252.6	10.	2619	3.316	2182	2.100	61_46
S Fr.	0.395	0,670	1.123	96.45	3.819	1.	1.266	833.4	0.802	23.47
H FL	0.312	0.529	0.887	76.15	3.015	0.790	1	658.0	0.633	18.59
	0.474	0.803	1.348	115.7	4.582	1,200	1.520	1000.	0.962	28.16
C S	0.492	0.835	1.401	120.3	4.763	1247	1.580	1039	1	29.23
B Fr.	1.682	2.853	4.786	410.9	16.27	4261	5.3%	555I	3.416	100,

1.247 4.251 7. per 100	1.580 5.3%	1039 5551	ÌAIL	29.27 100,	Mar Jun Sep	Latest .16828 16574 16230	High 1,6856 1,6320 1,6310	Low 1.6700 1.6450 1.6230	Pres. 16776 16312 16266
.	FT L	OND	ON	INT	ERBA	NK F	IXI	lG	
07.00	LUL Feb.)	5) 3 move	je U\$ (oliars .		6 months	US Dalta	rs	
坤	84	1	alter 8	1/2	PH	84		ofter 8%	
flying rate		itimetic ne	205 700	ded to the b	earest one-six	teenth, of the l	ke and off	ered rates	for \$10m

POUND-S (FOREIGN EXCHANGE)

1-mth 3-mth, 6-mth, 12-mth, 16869 1,6686 1,6431 1,5998

INTEREST RATES were little changed on the London money market yesterday, in spite of disappointment that the annual UK inflation rate was unchanged at 7.7 per cent for January. It had been hoped the rate would fall and that the worst might be over on the

worst might be over on the inflation front, but recent developments, including higher mortgage rates, have led to suggestions that the inflation rate might touch 8

UK clearing bank base leading rate 15 per cent from October 5

per cent in the next few months. Three-month sterling interbank was quoted at 15%-15% per cent, against 15%-15% on Thursday.
On Liffe June short sterling fatures fell through technical months of \$2.50 to 2 low of support at 85.18, to a low of 85.13, before closing at 85.15, compared with 85.22

previously.

The Bank of England initially forecast a day-to-day credit shortage of £350m, but revised this to £300m in the afternoon. The authorities did not operate in the market during the morning, in the afternoon £257m bills were bought in band 2 at 14% per

cent.
Bills maturing in official hands, repayment of late

London rates steady assistance and a take-up of Treasury bills drained £84m, with a rise in the note circulation absorbing £435m and bank balances below target £40m. These outweighed £xchequer transactions adding £200m to higher transactions.

The average rate of discount at yesterday's tender for 2500m of 91-day UK Treasury bills fell to 14.4853 from 14.4955 per cent. Another £200m of 182-day bills attracted an average rate of attracted an average rate of 14.0161 per cent, against 13.9802

In New York the Federal Reserve drained funds, via four-day matched sale and repurchase agreements when Federal funds were trading at 81 per cent

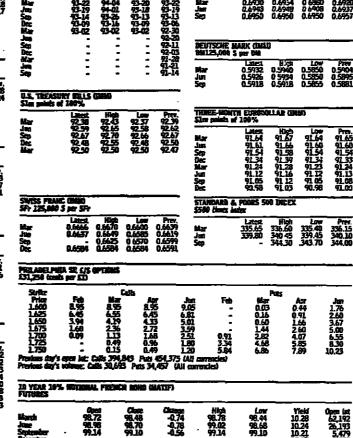
In Frankfurt call money fell to 7.70 from 7.75 per cent. Banks have been well supplied with liquidity so far this month, but tax payments are expected to drain funds from the money market next week. Reserve holdings at the Bundesbank averaged DM62.1bn for the first 14 days of February, against an expected requirement for the whole month of about DM59bn to DM59.5bn.

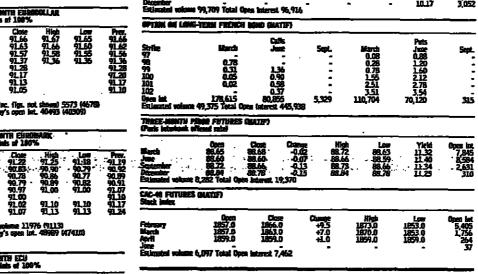
In Paris the the Bank of France left its money market intervention rate at 10 per cent and the five to 10-day Finance House Base Rate 15 from February 1, 1990; Bank Deposit Rates for sums at seven repurchase rate at 10% per cent, when injecting funds at a securities repurchase tender.

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· .	M	ONE	RAT	ES	-	
NEW YORK		-	Treasury	Bills and	Bonds	
(Lurychtlime) Prize site Proter ioan rote Fed funds Fed funds at laterweation.	. 10 Ti . 94 Si . 84 Gi	oe proeth go proeth gree moeth he year go year		7,77 Foury 7,96 Fixey 8,09 Seven		8.40 8.41
Feb.26	Overalght .	Goe Month	Two Montis	Three Ringstis	Six Months	Lombard Substitution
rankfart aris urisi	7.70-7.80 10.1-10.1 81-81 8.75-8.85 62-62 121-13 8.30 111-1114	7.45-7.60 103-1011 9-914 8.93-9.03 613-613 103-103- 111-113	7.95-8.10 - - 112-12	8.20-8.40 113-114 94.94 9.02-9.12 74-774 134-134 103-103 12-124	8.60-8.75 11-12-12-12-12-12-12-12-12-12-12-12-12-1	8.00 10.00
<u> </u>	ONDO)N MC	DNEY	RATE	.s	
Feb 16	Qvernight.	7 days	One Month	Three Months	Stx Mouths	One Year
nterbank Offer Interbank Bid terling CDs. Interbank Deps. Interbank Deps.	13	14년 14년 14년	15 144 144 144 144	154 154 154 154	154 154 154 154	154 151 15 151
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Sank Bills (Buy) Ine Trade Bills (Buy) . Rollar CDs. DR Linked Dep. Offer DR Linked Dep. Bild	Ξ.	=	153 8.25 8.4	14 % 15 & 8 25 9 4	144 148 8.27 93	8,42 91 93

(11:00 a.m. Feb.)6)	3 movie l	15 dollars .	1 .	6 month	s US Daltars	
bid 8%	alfe	r 8%	bis	84	offe	7 B ³ 2
The fixing rates are the artic quoted to the market by fiv Bank, Bank of Tokyo, Des	ismetic megas e reference be esche Bank, B	rounded to the eles at 11.00 a langue Mation	searest one-st .m. each work al de Paris an	steenth, of the top day. The ba d Morgan Guar	ble and offered sits are Nation ranky Trust.	rates for \$10 rai Westminst
	M	ONE	RAT	ES	-	-
NEW YORK			Treasury	Bills and	Bonds	-
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Prise cate	· 15 Ti	ree mosth		704 Char		841
Prime rate	94 S	a marth		8.09 Sees 8.12 10-st	764 F	<u>843</u>
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Feb.26	Overzight .	Goe Month	Tue Montis	Three Riggitis	Six Months	Lombard Sugrention
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Brussels	130 I	102-101		101-101	: '	! :-
Dublin ,	114-114	114-114	114-12	12 12 1	11법-12실	-
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Feb 16	Oversight	7 days notice	One Month	Three Months	Stx Months	One Year
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Discount Mkt Deps	141	24%	143	145	l . .	\ - -
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Finance House Deposits Transport Billis (Russ)	, .	1 -	144	145	'	-14
Treasory Bills (Bay) Bank Bills (Buy)	l ~	} ·=	14%	1415 1415 154 8.25	144	_
Fine Trade Bills (Buy)	-] =	151	15.6	1433	8.42
SOR Linked Dep. Offer.	1 =	; =	7	94	8.27	912
SDR Linked Dep. Bid	-) -	8%	1 64	94 94	93
ECU Linked Dep. Offer .]	87 107	91 ₈	11&	11 %
ECU Linked Sep. Bid			104	ΠÇ	114	11/2
Treasury Bittle (snll) one-month 14% per ce discount 14.4853 p.e. E . Agreed rates for period & 0t: 16.43 p.e. Refere 15.199 p.e. Local Antib	cone-month nt; three m CGD Fixed in Februay, 26 not rate for nority and F	1431 per ce puties 141 ₂ tate Sterling 1990 to M period Dec mance Hou	at; three mo per cent; Tr Export Fin, arch 25, 19 30,1989 to ses seven de	nths I4W person Bills; ance, Make o 90, Scheme of January, 31 ys' notice, o	r cent; Bank Average te p day Janka i: 15.89 p.c. 1990, Sci thers seven	Bilis (self) nder rate of ry,31,1990 , Schemes I terne IV&V days' fixed

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3-00 4- 2-01 3- 1-06 3- 0-26 2- 0-06 1- 0-02 1- 0 0-	M May 12 0 14 0-01 10 5-06 13 0-26 13 1-06 15 2-02 12 3-00	1.02 0.46 1.02 1.25 1.25 1.25 2.27 3.04 3.50 3.50 9704		3-45 2-45 2-45 1-46 0-06 0 0	triesents 4403 3-16 2-33 1-56 1-24 0-61 0-41 0-27 etal, Calls 53 et. Calls 53	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0		Strike Price 8050 8150 8250 8250 8350 8400 Ediameter Previous 6	Mar 1 90 1 42 0 97 8 63 0 31 0 14 0 05 0 02	Sticeness June 2.66 2.20 1.71 1.47 1.25 1.06 0.89 onto Calls 3.30 onto Calls 3	Mar 0.01 0 03 0.93 0.24 0.75 1.16 1.63	Ulescents Jun 0.99 1.16 1.34 1.55 1.81 2.69 2.40 2.73 12423 10638
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	alls O Pats O						13	Estimated Previous d	Workstane to Walistane to	ntal, Calls a mt. Calls 5	1037 Pols 2681 Pols	319 31





BANK	RETURN		
BANKING DEPARTMENT	Wednesday February 14, 1990		increase or rease for week
LIABILITIES	2		£
Capital	14,553,000		
Public Deposits	58,083,853	+	1,453,085
Bankera Deposits	1,606,583,648	+	89,224,404
Reserve and other Accounts	2,074,762,543	-	22,785,122
	3,753,983,042	+	87,892,387
ASSETS	4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4		4
Government Securities	1,313,584,500	-	4,525,124
Advance and other Accounts	574,309,835	-	167,847,286
Premises Equipment & other Secs	1,852,488,255	+	230,474,732
Notes	13,369,209	+	9,793,787
Coin	233,242	-	3,742
•	3,753,983,042	+	67,892,367
SSUE DEPARTMENT LIABILITIES			
Notes in circulation	14,936,630,791	_	39,793,787
Notes in Banking Department	13,369,209	í	9.793.787
Andrew is not the first of the control of the contr	13,000,203		3,150,161
•	14,950,000,000	-	30,000,000

14,950,000,000

+ 1,686,701,703 - 1,716,701,703

- 30,000,000

ARM Bank 15 Control & Co. 15 HartWestmissier. Alled Irish Bank 15 Control & Co. 15 Hortwork Bank Ltd. Alled Irish Bank 15 Duntar Bank PLC 15 Hortwork Bank Ltd. Alled Irish Bank 15 Duntar Bank PLC 15 Hortwork Bank Ltd. Associates Cap Cop 1512 Bank of Barnda 15 Eparatorial Bank pix 15 Privalicial Bank pix 15 Privalicial Bank pix 15 Bank of Barnda 15 Firsh Bational Bank Pix 15 Rocker-pix Grantee Royal R of Scotlar Royal R of Scotlar Royal R of Scotlar Royal Bank Pix 15 Bank Creft & Canner 15 Robert Frening & Co. 15 Scotlar Royal Trust Bank Wilken Se Sank of Oppres 15 Globark 15 Sank of Pyres 15 Gentees Maken 15 Sank of Heland 15 Gentees Maken 15 Up 1512 Bank of Heland 15 Gentees Maken 15 Up 1512 Bank of Heland 15 Gentees Maken 15 Up 1512 Bank of Heland 15 Gentees Maken 15 Up 1512 Bank of Heland 15 Up 1512 Bank of Kuradit	
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FOOD INDUSTRY The Financial Times proposes to publish this survey on:

For a (nii editorial synopsis and advertisement details, please contact: JONATHAN WALLIS on 01-873 3565 or write to him at: Number One Southwark Bridge

TIME TO BUY . GOLD?

FINANCIAL TIMES CONFERENCES CABLE TELEVISION AND SATELLITE BROADCASTING ondon, 28 February & 1 March 1990

Additional speakers to the conference since it was first announced include George Russell, Chairman, IBA who will be the guest lunch speaker on the first day. Brent Wilkinson, Managing Director, Comet Group will speak on satellite receiving equipment for the home market and John Howkins, Director, ETR will analyse the need for a secondary programme market in Europe. The development of DBS in Japan will be reviewed by Kinya Inoue, Director of Public Relations, Nippon Hoso Kyokai (NHK).

COMPETITION, MERGERS, ACQUISITIONS AND ALLIANCES IN EUROPE 13 & 14 March 1990 - London

Competition policy at Community and member state levels will be the focus of the agenda at this important Financial Times conference. Speakers will assess the impact of the Brussels agreements and will look at developments in the countries where there is the most interest in mergers, acquisitions and alliances. The problems of structuring deals across several jurisdictions will also be a significant feature of the programme. Speakers include: Sir Gordon Borrie, Director General of Fair Trading, John Redwood, Parliamentary Under-Secretary of State for Corporate Affairs; Stanley Clinton Davis, Former Member of the Commission: Antony Beevor, Executive Director of Hambros Bank and former Director, General of the Takeover Panel; Lawrence Maisel, Partner at Salans, Hertzfeld, Heilbronn & van Riel; Avv Giovanni De Berti, Partner of Studio Legale de Berti Jacchia and Martin Waldenström, President of Booz Allen

CAPITAL MARKETS WORKSHOPS 21, 22 & 23 March & 16, 18 & 18 May 1990 - London

In 1988 the Financial Times and Price Waterhouse joined forces to arrange a highly popular series of capital market workshops. The Workshops provide intensive training for small numbers of individuals and a further two are planned this Spring. The programme provides detailed coverage, supported by case studies of capital markets activities, ranging from underlying concepts through the specific markets and instruments, to practical midance on key severis of management and control of the guidance on key aspects of management and control of the business including operations, risk management and performance

WORLD PHARMACEUTICALS CONFERENCE

This topical two-day conference will focus on research, development and marketing and assess the rapid changes facing the international pharmaceuticals business in the next decade, at a time when the industry has seen a number of mergers and business alliances. The steadily rising costs of research, the need to identify corporate R & D strategies to maximise capital returns and the challenges of new product development will also be debated. Sir Paul Girolami of Glaxo Holdings will deliver the keynote address and other speakers include: John F Chappell, SmithKline Beecham; Professor Dr Jürgen Drews, F Hoffmann-La Roche; Igor Landau, Rhone-Poulenc Santé; Dr Andrew G Bodnar, The Squibb Institute for Medical Research; Professor Trevor Jones, The Wellcome Foundation; Professor Walter P von Wartburg, CIBA-GEIGY AG and Robert Hankin, Commission of the European Communities. The conference is being arranged in association with Coopers & Lybrand Deloitte.

All enquirles should be addressed to: Financial Times Conference Organisation 126 Jermyn Street, London SW1Y 4UJ Tel: 01-925 2323 (24-hour answering service) Telex: 27347 FT CONF G Fax: 01-925 2125

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The Financial Times proposes to publish this survey on:

16th March 1990

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LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE: Dealings

Details of business done shown below have been taken with consent from last Thursday's Stock Exchange Official List and should not be reproduced without permission.

Details relate to those securities not included in the FT Share Information Services.

Unless otherwise indicated prices are in pence. The prices are those at which the business was done in the 24 hours up to 5 pm on Thursday and settled through the Stock Exchange Talisman sys they are not in order of execution but in ascending order which denotes the day's highest and lowest dealings.

For those securities in which no business was recorded in Thursday's Official List the latest recorded business in the four previous

days is given with the relevant date.
Rule 535(2) and Third Market stocks are not regulated by the
International Stock Exchange of the United Kingdom and the Republic

‡ Bargains at special prices. • Bargains done the previous day.

2008(Reg) — 2106% 후 12차% Gid Ln Stk 2008(Br 25000) — 2108% 후

% % % % 10 % % 2004(Reg) - 290% % 11% Ln Six 2002(Reg) - 294% Firitand(Republic of) 11% Ln Six 2002(Reg) - 295% % Hydro-Quebec 12.75% Ln Six 2015 - 2105% %

£106% % 15% Ln Stk 2011 – £121% % % %

- £114% Inter-American Development Bank9%% Ln Six 2015 - £26% (14Fe90) International Bank for Rec & Dev8%% Ln Six 2010(Reg) - £25% £276 % 11.5% Ln Six 2003 - £39% Ireland 12.4% Ln Six 2008(Reg) - £104%

Eark of Ireland(Governor & Co of)7% Ln Sk 68-91 - 254 (14Fe90) Berdaya P.C.ADR (4-1) - 537 % © Berdaya Benk P.C.71% Lina Cap Ln Six 96-91 - 590% (13Fe90) 8 % Una Cap Ln Six 85-93 - 284 % % 5%

939 12% Une Cap Ln Stk 2010 - 298% % 16% Une Cap Ln Stk 2002/07 -\$120% 9

nder Benk of Near East PLC

Commercial Benk of Near East PLC £5(Reg) - £5% (13Fe90) GPG PLC4.2% Cum Prl £1 - 40 (12Fe80) Hambros PLCNon Vrg £1 - 61 Kyowa Bank LidSha of Com Six Y50 -Y1559.80588 600 Midland Benk PLC714% Subord Una Ln Six 8393 - £231% 10%% Subord Una Ln Six 93/98 -

293% 4% 14% Subord Uns Ln Sik 2002/07 -

2107% 4 % Millsubieth Trust & Banking Corp.Shs of Com Skt Y50 – Y2620 40 60 Mitsul Bank LdShs of Com Skt Y50 – Y2600 600 10 10 20 National Westminster Bank PLC7% Cum

Y2500 Stur in Table 19 Standard Standard Westminster Bank PLC776 Camping 11 = 63
9% Subord Une Lin Six 1993 - 256% % 127% Subord Une Lin Six 2004 - 256% % 255 % 100
Royal Sank of Scolland Group PLC
Warrants to sub for Ord - 52 (14Fe80)
5% Cum Pri £1 - 52 (14Fe80)
5% Cum Pri £1 - 52 (14Fe80)
5% Cum Pri £1 - 52 (14Fe80)
5% The Six 200207 - 255%
TS2 Group PLC 10%% Subord Lin Six 200207 - 255%
TS2 Group PLC 10%% Subord Lin Six 200207 & 255%

B - 287% 8% El Samuel Bank Holding Co PLC8%

Uns Lin Str. 8994 - 284 Varburg (S.G.) Group PLC Criv Did 25p -266 (12Fe90) 7%% Cum Pri £1 - 76 (13Fe90)

Breweries and Distilleries
No. of bargains included 490

Allied-Lyons PLCADR (1:1) - \$8.15 51% Cum Prf 21 - 50 74% Cum Prf 21 - 61% 3% Red Deb Sts 8590 - 292 (13Fe80) 71% Red Deb Sts 8893 - 284

92/97 - 277% Loddington Group PLC9%% Cny Uns Ln 5% 2000/05 - 2150 Johner(H.P.)Hidgs PLC9%% Cum Pri £1 -

Belmer(H.P.) Hidgs PLG9%% Cum Pri £1 - 85 (14Fe80) 8 1/4Fe80) 8 1/4Fe80) 8 1/4Fe80) 8 1/4Fe80) 9 1/5 1 - 80 Greenali Whitley PLC"A" Ord 5p - 210 8 1/4 Cum Pri £1 - 80 (14Fe80) 10% Deb Sit 2014 - 283.45 4 1/4 7% Irrd Uns Ln Sit - 282 (12Fe90) 8 1/4Fe80) Hardys & Hamsons PLCOrd 25p - 925 (14Fe80) International Distillers & Vintners 8 1/4 Uns Ln Sit 87/92 - 235 (9Fe90) McMusen & Sons Ld 10 1/4 Cus Pri £1 -114 (9Fe90)

114 (9Fe90) lanefield Brewery PLCOrd £1 - 470

114 (9Fe90)
Manefield Brewery PLCOrd E1 – 470
(14Fe90)
Soutish & Newcastle Breweries PLC7%
Crv Cum Pri E1 – 144 (14Fe90)
Sasgram Distillers PLC 12%% Deb Stk
2012 – 2101% %
South African Breweries Ld6.2% Cum Pri 82 – 5 (13Fe90)
Vaux Group PLC41% & Cum Pri E1 – 40
(13Fe90)
9.875% Deb Stk 2015 – 250% (14Fe90)
10.75% Deb Stk 2019 – 255%
111% Deb Stk 2010 – 255 % (12Fe90)
Waterey Maren & Truman Hidge PLC41%
Ind Deb Stk – 236 (12Fe90)
10.76% Std Deb Stk 9095 – 293%
(13Fe90)

(13Fe90) 12%% Red Deb Sik 2008 - £101% 2%

2 54% Uns Ln Stk - 251 (12Fe90) 8%% Uns Ln Stk - 269 (12Fe90) hitbread & Co PLCB Ord 25p - 2122

4%% 1st Cum Pri Skt 21 - 40% (14Fe80) 6% 3rd Cum Pri Skt 21 - 60 (12Fe80) 7% 3rd Cum Pri Skt 51 - 63 (13Fe80) 7% Red Deb Skt 88/93 - 283% (9Fe80) 7%% Red Deb Skt 88/94 - 288 (14Fe80) 93% Red Deb Skt 91/96 - 289 (13Fe80) 7%% Una Ln Skt 96/91 - 293 (9Fe90) 7%% Una Ln Skt 96/91 - 293 (9Fe90) 7%% Una Ln Skt 96/2000 - Z77 (13Fe90) 10% Una Ln Skt 2000/05 - 292 (12Fe90)

(12Fe90) 5%% ind Uns Ln Sik = £48 (9Fe90)

North Housing Association LdZaro Con Lts Stk 2027 - 275 90 (125e90)

Commercial, Industrial, etc.

AAH Hidgs PLC4.2% Cum Pri 21 - 55

Transfer) - 21.8 1.83 ADR (10:1) - 532½ % AMEC PLC 157 Une Ln Stx 1992 - 2100 100 (131-690) Airtours PLC Wertrants to sub for Ord - 7

Airtours PLCWerrams - (SFeRO) (SFeRO) Alega Atuminium LdCom Shs of NEV -

Alexan Authorism Lateons are or re-v = \$19.2 Alexan Group PLC6.25p (Net) Griv Cum Red Pri 10p - 85 Arien PLC 11 1/4 Griv Une Lin Str. 1990 -

Arian PLC 11 %% Care Uns La Stx 1990 - 290
Associated Paper Industries PLC 3.86% Cum Pri £1 - 50 (12Fe90)
Attwoods PLC ADR (\$1) - \$34% (14Fe90)
Attwoods (Finance) NV Skip Gtd Red Care Pri £p - 132 (14Fe90)
Automisted Security(18dgs) PLC 5% Care Cum Red Pri £1 - 152
6% Care Cum Red Pri £1 - 125 6
Avdel PLC 10 %% Uns La Stx 98498 - 291

(9Fe90) Avon Rubber PLC4.9% Cum Pri £1 -60

(9Fe80) ADT Ld Com She \$0.01 (Restricted

Registered Housing

Associations

(13Fe90) 4%% 1st Cum Pri Stk £1 – 40%

lass investments 92/97 – £77%

Banks and Discount

No. of bargains included 1594

Companies

4Fe90) Ld 15-%% Una Ln Stk 2006 \$ Rep Opt

2108개호 11%% Gtd Ser Lin Sek 2009/12(Reg) -2102% (9Fe80) uroppean treastment Banks% Lin Stik 2001 (Reg) - 282% 9%% Lin Sik 2009 - 285% 및 등 등 등 등

British Funds, etc Treasury 9% Ln 2008 "8" - £88% (9Fe90) Corporation and County Stocks No. of bargains included 6 Greater London Council 61/4 Stk 90/92 - 286 % Isangton Corp 12.65% Red Stk 2007 - £101% (13Fe90) 101% (13Fe90)
Kensington & Chelsea(Royal Borough)
1-1.15% Red Six 2006 − £34%Φ
1-1.15% Red Six 2006 − £34%Φ
1-1.15% Red Six 2006 − £34%Φ

1108% • 9 % • 8 % Manchester Corp 1891 37 reto dix 1941(or atter) - 226 (12Fe90) 4% Cons Irrd Sit - 235 (12Fe90) Merton(London Borough of) 11%% Red Sit 2017 - 231% (14Fe90) Newcastle-Upon-Tyne(City of) 11%% Red Sit 2017 - 234% (24hem Met Byrough Council 12.40% Red Citchem Met Borough Council 12.40% Red Stk 2022 - £102% % % 49 Sunderland(Borough of) 11 % % Red Stk 2008 - £98% %

UK Public Boards

Sk 61/61 - 1859 Sk 61/61 - 1859 51% Deb Sk 92/85 - 2800 244 64% Deb Sk 92/85 - 2800 244 64% Deb Sk 92/84 - 578% 66% Deb Sk 85/80 - 594 (14Fe80) 74% Deb Sk 91/83 - 584 (12Fe80) / 10% Deb Sit 8296 - 291 (137e90)
Down Harbour Board 45% 2nd Red Deb
Sit 78/63 - 270 (37e90)
Metropolitan Water Metropolitan Water 3%
A Sit 63/2003 - 245
Chelsaa W.W.2% Deb Sit 1897 S159

Part of London Authority3% Port of London A Six 2999 - 650 Scottish Agric Sec Corp 10%% Deb Six 89/91 - 592 (14Fe80) Foreign Stocks, Bonds, etc-(coupons payable in

LONGON) No. of bargains included 17 Greece (Kingdom of) Mon 4* 1887(Assd with Accept Cert) - 252 (137-890) 5% Fdg Ln 1893(Assd with Accept Cert) - 254 (137-890) 5% Fdg Ln 1893(Assd with Accept Cert) - 254 (137-890) 5% Fdg Ln 1893 Stig Fdg Bdn of 1985 - 254 (137-890) 5% Nat Ln 1907(Assd with Accept Cert) - 254 (137-890)

954 (13Fe90) % National Ln 1907 Stig Fdg Bds 1965 254 (13Fe90) % Public Works Stig Ln of 1928(Assd) - 554 (137-90) 8% Public Works Sig Ln of 1928(Asset) - 556 (137-90) Hungary (Republic of) 7%% Sig Bds(Asset Lon 1988 Sett) - 590 (137-90) Montenegro 5% Government Ln 1909(Asset) - 250 (137-90) Portugal(Republic of) Ext 3% (1st Serg(Stamped) - 225 (137-90) Ext 3% (3rd Serg(Stamped) - 235 (137-90) Saxony(Free State of) Germany 8% 25yr

(13F890) Saxony(Free State of)Germany 8% 25yr Sidg Bds of 1927(Cpri 25) - £20 (13F890) 6% 25yr Stig Bds of 1927(Without Cpri) - £20 (13F880) Spain(Govt of) 4% (Sealed Bids) - 242 (14Fe90)

(14resti) Yugoslavia(Soc Fed Rep of) 5% Stig Fdg Bds 1936(Br)(Lon)(Assd) - 230 (13Fe90) Abbay National Building Society 10%% Bds 1988 (Br25000&50000) - 288% .98 Anglo Group PLC9%% Cnv Bds 1999 (Reg) - £103**©** ASDA Group PLC4X% Criv Bds

(14Fe90) P America inc 14% Gtd Nts 1994

(Brish1000810000) - SN101.8
Bank of Montreal Realty Inc10%% Nts
1982 - SC95%
Bank of New Zealand 11%% Cap Nts 1983
- S1029
Banque Nationale De Paris 9% Nts 1983
(Br25000) - 287.7 % % (127e90)
Bardays Bank PLC 10%% Senior Subord
8ds 1997 - 288% (127e90)
Bardays Overseas Inv Co 5V 9% Old Bds
1996 (BrY1000000) - Y94% % (9Fe90)
British Gas PLC 12% Bds 1995
(Br21000810000) - E99% (14Fe90)
Dow Chemical Co Zero Cpn Nts 30/5/97 241% (12Fe90)

Dow Chemical Co Zero Cpn Nes 300-97 -241% (12Fe90) Export-Import Bank of Japan 9% Gid Bds 1993 - \$101.639 .7 (13Fe90) 9%% Gid Bds 1999 - \$103% (13Fe90) Federal Business Development Benk 9% Nts 14/3-90 (8*5C1008.81000) \$C86%Ф 7%Ф Fullent/Republic of 10%% Bds 2008 -

Nts 14/990 (ersc100021000) \$C95/46 71/40
Finland(Republic of) 101/46 Bds 2008 £87% (14Fe90)
General Electric Credit Int'l NV Zero Cpn
Gid Nts 1995 - \$84% (13Fe90)
Halitax Building Society Filig Rate In Nts
1992(8/25000) - £100.03
Hanson Trust PLC 107/6 Bds 2008
(8/E3000) - £82'4 (12Fe90)
Harrisons & Crediteid PLC71/46 Subord
CNr Bds 2003 - £90 (14Fe90)
Harrisons & Crediteid PLC71/46 Subord
CNr Bds 2003 - £90 (14Fe90)
Halitason Capital Ld71/6 Cnv Cap Bds 2004
(Rag) - 98%
7% Cnv Cap Bds 2004
(erc10008 10000) - £97
Inter-American Development Bank111/46

(BRX.10005 10000) - 237
Sater-American Development Bank 11%%
Bds 1991 - 256% (12Fe90)
Japan Development Bank 8%% Gtd Nts
1995 - \$98% (9Fe90)
Ladbroke Group PLC5%% Subord Cnw
Eds 2004(BRZ1000&5000) - £100%
(14Fe90)

(14Fe90) seds Permanent Building Society 10%% Subord Bds 1998 (Br£5000) – £86% 7% (SFe90) Lawis (John) PLC 10%% Bds 2006 - 583% % (9Fe90) 75 (9F69U) London International Group PLC4%% Crv Bds 2002 – £97 (13F69U) Marubent U.K. PLC9%% Gtd Nts 1993 – \$100M. MAECON Merubeni U.K. PLC8%% Gad Nts 1945 – \$100% (14Fe90)
Midland Intern Fin Serv BV 111%% Gad Bds 1992 – \$104% % (14Fe90)
Morgan Guaranty Tat. Co of New York. 12%% Deposit Nts 1994 – \$39% Posterolchische Kontrollbank AS 10% Gdd Nts 1991 – \$100% 1 (14Fe90)
Pearson PLC Zero Con Bds 1992(Br\$1000\$5000) – £73% Pentraukar & Orlental Steam Nav Co 4%% Cne Bds 2002 – £99% (14Fe80)

contrauter & Oriental Steam Nev Co4%% Criv Bds 2002 - £99% (14Fe90) ledland Finance PLC Zero Con Nts 1992

Rediand Finance PLCZero Con Nts 1992 - 274 % (9Fe90)

Royal Insurance PLC 10%% Nts 1992(8F65000) - 291% 2% Seinsbury(J) PLC 10%% Nts 1993 (8F5000) - 295.17812 (9Fe90)

Sainsbury (J) (Capita) Ld5% Crw Cap Bds 2004 (8F5) - 2107 (14Fe80)

Scottish & Newcastle Broweries PLC9%% Bds 2006 - 278% 8 (9Fe90)

Slough Estates PLC 6% Crw Bds 2003 - 2102%

Smith(W,M,I)& Son(Hdgs) PLC7%%

\$102% mith(W.H.)& Son(Hidgs) PLC7%% Subord Cnv Bds 2002 - 239% (14Fe90) Evensk Expertiredit A812% Nts 1994 -ES8% (12Fe90) Baeden(Craydom of) 10%% Nts 1998 (ErSC1000.810000) - \$C97% (8Fe80) Tesco PLC 4% Cnv Bds 2002(Br£100085000) - £115% (14Fe90)

2002(97) 1100-300) THORN EMI Capital NV54% Girl Red Cr Pri 2004 (8/55000) - 2107% (13/690) United Biscuits Finance NV54% Girl Red (12/690) United Biscuits Finance NV54% Girl Red (12Fe90)
United Biscuits Finance NV5%% Gtd Red
Crw Prf 2003 - \$108% \$4 \times 9 \times 4
WCRS (Netherlands AntiRes) Fin NV8%%
Gtd Red Crw Prf 2004 1p(Reg) - \$3%
(12Fe90)

Corporation Stocks -

Foreign No. of bargains included nil Dresden(City of)5%% Stig Ln 1927(Cpn 29) – 220 (13Fe90) 5%% Stig Ln 1827(Cpn 36) – 220 (13Fe90)

Sterling Issues by Overseas

Borrowers No. of bargains included 49 Asian Development Bank 10 ½ % Ln Stk. 2009(Reg) - £31 % Ф alth of)9%% Lis Stk

Australia(Commonwealth of)9% L 2012(Reg) - £82% (13Fe90) 11% Ln S& 2015(Reg) - £97% Bank of Greecs 10%% Ln Sck 2010[Reg] -284% (13Fe90) £24% (13Fe80) Raisse Nationale Des Autoroutes 18% Gtd Ln Stk 2008 - £1257% Pedit Foncier De France 14%% Gtd Ln Stk 2007(fe9) - £122% (14Fe90) Jonmart(Kingdom of) 13% Ln Stk 2005 -

z, 100 m schichte de France 12%% Gad Lin Stic

Ayrahire Metal Products PLCORS 25p - 93 (13Fe90) B.A.T industries PLCADR (1:1) - \$13% B.A.T. Investments PLC10% Uns Ln Stk 90/85 - 253 10%% Uns Ln Sik 90/95 - 252 3 BhS PLC5%% Mig Deb Sik 89/94 - 273 BICC PLC6% 1st Cum Pri Sik 21 - 53

(\$Fe90) 5%% 2nd Cum Pri Stk 21 - 45 (14Fe90) 7% Deb Stk 85/80 - 9904 7%% Deb Stk 90/95 - 282% (14Fe90) 3M Group PLC4.8p (Net) Chv Cum, Red Prf 20p - 125 BOC Group PLC2.8% Gum 2nd Prf 21 -

35 (9Fe90) 3.5% Cum 2nd Pri £1 - 45 (9Fe90) 12%% Una Ln Sik 2012/17 - £88 % % BS Group PLCOrd Stk 5p - 380 ½ 90 B.S.G.International PLC 12%% Uns Ln Stk ELS.(J.International PLC-122% Units Lit Six 93/98 - 233 (137690) ETP PLC7.5p(Net) Cnv Cuth Red Prf 10p - 102 3 (147690) Belley(C.H.) PLC*9* Ord 10p - 35 Beer Brand PLCWarrants to sub for Ord -

2% % 3 % 10.75% (Net) Cmv Cum Pri 21' - 71 2 3 4
Beeuford PLC7p (Net) Cum Cnv Red Pri
10p = 55 (147690)
Beezor PLC867% Cum Red Pri 21 = 71
8%% Cnv Une Ln Sek 2000 = £113
(137690)
Behway PLC9.5% Cum Red Pri 2014 £1 =
810 8149 Bibby(J.) & Sons PLC4.2% Cum Pri 21 -_____63 (14Fe90) 63 (14Fe90) Birmid Cusicast PLC7%% Uns Ln Six 87/92 - 285 Reserved

Birriel Custosst PLC7%% tins Ln Stk 87/92 - 225
Blackwood Hodge PLC9% Curn Red Prf £1 - 74 % 5 (14Fe80) - 231 (14Fe80) 9% tins Ln Stk 85/90 - 231 (14Fe80) 8lue Arrow PLCACR (10:1) - \$15% % % Blue Circle Industries PLC6%% tins Ln Stk 1975 or st) - 238
Boots Co PLC7%% tins Ln Stk 88/93 - 270 93 5% Boots Co PLC7%% tins Ln Stk 88/93 - 270 93 5% Boots Co PLC7%% tins Ln Stk 88/93 - 270 95 1% Corn PH 50p - 70 70 Brent Chemicals International PLC6% Curn Red Pri £1 - 85% (8Fe90) Bridon PLC6% Curn Red Pri £1 - 85% (8Fe90) 10%% Deb Stk 91/95 - 250 (9Fe90)
(14Fe90) Griish Airways PLCADR (10:1) = \$32.99 3.105 British Airways PLCAUM (101) = \$3.250€

\$1.105€
British-American Tobacco Co Ld5% Cum
Pri Stk £1 = 48% 59 (12Fe90)
6% 2nd Cum Pri Stk £1 = 58 (9Fe90)
British Shoe Corp Hidgs PLC5%% Cum
2nd Pri £1 = 45 (14Fe90)
6%% Cum 3nd Pri £1 = 55 (14Fe90)
7% Uns Ln Stk 85/90 = 291 4 (13Fe90)
British Shoe PLCOnd 50p = 134 4 5 % %
.835 .894 6 6 .363 % % % 7 7 % %
ADR (10:1) = \$22% % 3 3 % 6 9%
British Sugar PLC10%% Red Deb Stk
2013 = 290%©
British Sugar PLC10%% Red Deb Stk

ritish Syphon Industries PLCOrd 20p = 165 (13Fe90)) ION PLC10.75% Cm/ Cum 70WH & Jacobson PCC 1827578 CH7 CH87 PM 21 - 103 rownLohn) PLC5%% Sec Ln Stk 2003 -257% 257% Bulghi(A.F.) & Co PLCOrd 9tk 5p - 73 (9F690) Bullers PLC6% Curn Pri 21 - 45 7

(137-990) Burnel PLC7% Carv Lins Ln Six 95/97 – \$70 3 Burton Group PLCWis to Sub for Ord Sha 1991 – 13 (127-990) 8% Carv Lins Ln Six 1996/2001 – 299 % ST Group PLCOrd 10p - 72 5 (14Fe90)
Caird Group PLC7p Cum Crtv Red Pri
2009 10p - 116
Canadian Overs Pack Industr LdCom Mpv
- 430
Canadian Pacific Ld.4% Non-Cum Pri

Canadat Pacat L478 restriction FT 258g NPV - 40% (14Fe90) Capero Industries PLC8.75p Dividend Criv Curr Rad Prf 20p - 140 (12Fe90) Cape PLC 10% Deb Stk 86991 - 290 (3Fe90) (9Fe90) ercio Engineering Group PLC 10%% Cum Red Prf £1 - 95 (9Fe90) eriton Communications PLCADR (2:1) -Carlton Co \$26,355 \$20.356 Caterpliar inc She of Com Sik \$1 -\$54.9571050 Centraway Trust PLC 11% Cum Pri £1 ~ 102 (9Fe90) hennel Tunnel kwestments PLC5p - 117

Charmel Tunnel Investments PLC9.375% (14Fe90) Church(Charles)Gevelopments PLC8.375% Cum Red Pri £1 - 80 % (9Fe90) Chysision PLC8.5%(Net) Cmv Cum Red Pri £1 - 230 Clyde Blowers PLCOrd 25p - 340 (13Fe90) Costs Patons PLC4%% Lins Ln Six 2002/07 - 280 (14Fe90) 6%% Lins Ln Six 2002/07 - 280 7%% Lins Ln Six 30095 - 279 (14Fe90) Costs Viyels PLC4.8% Cum Pri £1 - 47 59 (12Fe90)

56 (13Fe90) ploroil Group PLC9p Cum Red Pyl 2005 rup = 50 (12Fe90) Comben Group PLC7%% Uns Ln Sik 92/97 = 278 32/97 - 278
Cooper (Frederick) PLC6.5p (Net) Crw Red
Curn Ptg Prf 19p - 34 (14Fe90)
Courtsuids PLC7%% Deb Six 89/94 -

284% P 5% Uns Ln Sik 94/96 - 289 (14Fe90) 8% Uns Ln Sik 94/96 - 275% P 7% Uns Ln Sik 94/96 - 275 8 80 (14Fe90) 7%% Uns Lin Sik 2000/05 – 272 7 / 75 Charles Let State Control 147690; Courtesides Coatings Let8 1% Uns Ln Stk 9095 - 2861% (147690) Courtesides Crothing Brands Ld77/% Cuss Prl Stk 21 - 70 (87690) Cowan,de Groot PLC 10%% Cuss Prl 21 -98
Crode International PLC5.9% Cum Prf E1
- 70 (12Fe90)
Cropper(James) PLC9% Uns Ln Six 94/99
- 27 (SFe90)
Crosty Woodfield PLC10% Cum Prf E1
- 25 (reference

- £77 (97-950)
Crosby Woodfield PLC16% Cum Pri £1 - 85 (14F-950)
Crystatisch Hidge PLC8%% Cnv Una Ln Sit 2003 - £55
DRG PLC78% Uns Ln Sit 95-91 - 298
Dalgety PLC4.85% Cum Pri £1 - 58 (13F-950)
Devenoort Knibwer PLCOrd 10b - 400 (13Fe90) (12Fe90) (2FeHU) les & Metcalle PLC*ATNon_V)Ord 10p De La Rue Co PLC2.45% Cum Pri Sik £1 = 30 3 (14Fe90) |benhams PLC7%% 2nd Deb Stk 91/98

13(F6970) ba PLC7%% Deb Stk 85/90 - 291 Defta PLC7%% DBD SR 65769 - 231
(13Fe90)
10%% Deb SR 95769 - 194% (12Fe90)
Dencom PLC3£2% Cum Cnv Red Pri £1
- 122 (13Fe90)
Deviturat PLCOrd 10p - 83 (14Fe90)
Deviturat PLCOrd 10p - 83 (14Fe90)
Deviturat PLCOrd 10p - 83 (14Fe90)
Tovity Group PLC7% Cnv Cum Red Pri £1 - 101 3
7% Use Ln Sk 66931 - £960
East Lancachire Paper Group PLC7%%
Use Ln Sk 67792 - 283 (13Fe90)
ElictitE.) PLC7% Cnv Cum Red Pri £1 90 (14Fe90)
Empire Stores Group PLC8%% Deb Sik

90 (14Fe90) Empire Stores Group PLC8%% Deb Stk 91/86 - 282 (14Fe90) Euro Disneyland S.C.A. Shs FR10 (Depositary Receipts) - 210/23 10% 10% 10.265 10.27 10.35 10.38 10.4 10.45 10.45 10% 10.8 10.8 \$ 17.5 17.57

Shs FR10 (84) - FR89 29 39 % 100 She FRTO (BY) - FRS9 29 39 % 100 100 % 1 11 % 11 % 11 % 11 % 12 - 68 8 (13*680) Eurobunnel PLC5%% Cnv Cum Red Pri 2006/11 21 - 68 6 (13*680) Eurobunnel PLC/Eurobunnel SAUnits (1 EPLC Ord 40p & 1 ESA FRTO) (Br) - 256.4 58 Units (Sicovasn Inscribed) - FRS5% .7262 6 6 .05 Ex-Lunds PLCWarrents to sub for Shs - 45 (14*690) Executax Clothes PLCGrd 20p - 27 Ferrant International PLC5.5% 1st Cum Pri 21 - 70 (13*680) 3.5% 2nd Red Cum Pri 21 - 45 (12*690) Finley(Jemes)PLC4.2% Cum 2nd Pri Sik

(12Fe90)
Firley, James; PLC4.2% Cum 2nd Pri Sik
21 - 55 (14Fe90)
Fisher(Albert)Group PLCADR (10:1) =
\$21% (13Fe90)
Fisher (Albert)Group PLCADR (10:1) =
\$21% (13Fe90)
Fisher (Albert)Group PLCADR (10:1) =
\$3%% Uns Lin Sik 2004/09 - 257
Fluor Corp Com \$0.625 - \$41.88436
\$65690

(SF690) (SF690) Cilias Group PLCOrd Sp - 65 Setman & Mason PLCOrd Stk £1 - £46 (12Fa00)
Friendly Hotels PLC7% City Cum Red Pri 21 - 108
GKN (United Kingdom) PLC10%% Gtd Deb Six 9095 - 522%
General Electric Co PLCADR (1:1) - \$3.7
7%% Uns Ls Six 87/92 - 287%
c13Fa001 (13Fe90) 7%% Uns Ln Stk 88/83 - £86%

(101-050)
General Instrument Corp. She of Com Sit.
\$1 - \$39,348127 (13F-90)
Gestetiner Hidgs PLC 10% City Une Ln Sit;
\$0/35 - \$110 (14F-90)
Glavo Group L67%% Une Ln Sit; 85/95
50p - 40
Glymed International To Communication 50p - 40 Gymwed intermetional PLC 1011% Uns Ln Six 94/99 - 285 (14Fe80) Goode Durrant PLC3.5% Cam Pri 50p -23 (14Fe80) Goodelin PLCCrid 10p - 30 Grand Metropolitan PLC5% Cum Pri £1 ~ 45 (12Fe80) Grant Metropolitan PLC5% Cum Pri £1 ~ 45 (12Fe80) Grant Universal Stones PLC5% Red Uns Ln Six - £46 (12Fe90) rnational PLC10%% Una Ln

8%% Uns Ln Stk 93/96 - 280% P awker Stiddeley Group PLC5%% Cum Pri 21 - 49 7%% Deb Stk 87/92 - 285 % (12F-60) r N TO DED SIN 67/82 - 285 % (12Fe90)
Hickson intermedional PLC8%% Unp La
Six 88/94 - 278 8 (6Fe90)
High Gosforth Park PLC704 21 - 248 9
Honde Motor Co Ld Sha of Com Six Y50 \$12.2 Y 1785 70 1.484545 4.88 80
Hopkinsone Hidgs PLC5.25% Cum Pri 21
- 67

u/ ne of Fraser PLC6% Une Lii Sik 93/98 670% (13Fe90) - 270% (13Fe90) 8%% Uns Lo Sik 98/98 - 282**©** Hunting PLCA-2% Cum Pri E1 - 50 (12Fe90) 5%% Ums Ln Stk 2001/06 - 253 (14Fe90) 7%% Una Lii Şik 88/93 - 284% (12Fe90) 8%% Una Ln Sak 87/92 – 288% (137689) wland Frozen Foods Hidgs PLCCIW Cum Rad Pri 20p – 81 % 3 ingworth Monts PLC6%% Cum Pri Sik

£1 - 60 imperial Cold Storage&Supply Co LdOrd R0.25 - 225 (127-680) Johnson & Firth Brown PLC 11.05% Cum 11% Uns Un Sik 93/98 - 286% chineon Group Cleaners PLC7.5p (Net) Cnv Curn Red Pri 10p - 124 (14Fe90) ohneon,Matthey PLC8% Cnv Curn Pri E1 Jones & Shipmen PLC4.9% Cum Prf 25p - 14 (9Fe90)

- 14 (9Fe80) Jones, Stroudi-Hogel PLC 10% Cum Prf £1 - 85 (13Fe80) Keppel Corporation Ld Ord \$51 -\$57,3952 Kingstay & Forester Group PLC3.85% Cum Pl £1 - 45 (9Fe80) Ladiroke Group PLCADR (1:1) - \$5.18 Ladroke Group PLCAUM (11/4)
(147-90)
3% GRI Uns Lin Sik 90/92 - 259
Laporte PLC10%% Deb Sik 94/99 - 252
(127-95)
Latham(James) PLC8% Curs Pri £1 - 70
(137-95)
Leisure investments PLC7% Curs Cav
Red Pri (937-95) £1 - 47 (137-950)
Lawiel(John)Partnership PLC5% Curs Pri
cut £1 - 45

Histo Pri (2015) 2.1 — 1 (10-64) Lawlei, Lohn) Partnership PLC5% Cum Pri Sik 21 — 45 Liberty PLC5% Cum Pri 21 — 57 (12Fe80) 8.5% Cum Pri 21 — 68 (12Fe80) Libertsall PLC5% Cum Pri 21 — 45 (8Fe80) Liby (El) & CoStes of Com Six NEV — \$61,710 561.719 Lontho PLCADR (1:1) - \$4.8 Lookers PLC8% Chr Cum Red Prf £1 -83 4% (9Fe80) Longwinj & Co PLC8.75% Cum Chr Red PTI 11 - 158 9 9 OWE(Robert H.) & Co PLC6%% 1st Curs Pri 21 - 43 (14Fe90) 87.5% (Net Curr Curn Red Pri 10p - 40

Lucas Industrias PLC10% Una Ln Six 92/97 - 295 (12Fe90) McAlpine(Altred) PLC5% Cum Pri £1 - 86 9 91 (14Fe90) McCarthy & Stone PLC8.75% Cum Red Pri 2003 £1 - 75 % (9Fe90) 7% Cnv Una Ln Six 9904 - 290 Magnet Group PLC7.5p (Ned) 1st Red Pri 50p - 8 Manders(Hidgs) PLC5% Cum Pri £1 - 48 (14Fe90) Senders (Hidgs) PLC5% Cum Pri £1 - 48 (14Fe80) Necca Leisure Group PLC7 25p (Net) Criv Cum Red Pri 20p - 87 .85 % 8 8 % % 9 Neders PLCNew Ord 10p (FpPAL-28/290) - 99 100 Wernants to aub for Ord (Ex Ros) - 73 Jestzies (John) PLC5% Cum Pri £1 - 90 (8Fe80)

el Closuras Group PLC6% Cura Pri 21 Mittel CorporationCom Sha of NPV - 21.22 (1:2Fe90) Hisubishi Eleciric CorporationShe of Com Skk Y50 — Y1080.554 76.867 80 90 110 Ioneanto PLC6K% Gid Ln Sik 92/97 — 235 (\$7-80) Morgan Cruzible Co PLC 91/% Deb Stk 95/2000 - 26/4 5 (\$7-89) Morgan Cruzible 1/9 (\$7-89) Morgan Charlotte Investments PLC 10/4/4 1st Mtg Deb Stk 20/4 - 289% % NCR Ld 81/% Gtd Ln Stk 93/96 - 277 (12Fe90) NMC Group PLC Warrants to sub for Shs

NMC Group PLC Warrants to sub for 593

-77

NSM PLC8.5c (Net) Crov Curn Red Pri 10p

- 121 (13Fe90)

News international PLC7% 1st Curn Pri £1

- 63 (12Fe90)

Next PLC7% A* Curn Pri £1 - 57 (12Fe90)

10% B* Curn Pri 50p - 35 (13Fe90)

Normans Group PLC8% Crov Uns Ln Sik,

5904 - £70 7 (13Fe90)

Norsk Data ASCass B* (Non Vig) NiC20
NiK62 3% (13Fe90)

Northern Engineering Industries PLC5%

Curn Red Pri £1 - 43

5.575% Curn Pri £1 - 70 (13Fe90)

8%% Uns Ln Sit \$653 - £52

7% Uns Ln Sit \$095 - £53

Ceonics Group PLC Warrants to sub for Ord - 15 (13Fe90)

Owen & Robinson PLCSW% (Net) Crov

Curn Red Pri £1 - 83 (14Fe90)

Owen & Robinson PLC8W; (Net) Crov

Curn Red Pri £1 - 83 (14Fe90)

PFG Hodgson Kenjon ind PLC8.75% Crov

Pri 91/2001 10p - 82 arklield Group PLCCum Red Pri 2010/13 7% Curn Criv Red Pri 21 - 455 starson Zochonis PLC 10% Cum Pri 21 -Paterson Zochonia PLU 194 8 94 8 Payllon Leisure Hidgs PLCOrd 10p -70 2 8.25% Una Ln Stt 88/93 - £85% on Leisure Hidgs PLCOrd 10p - 69

8.25% Ung Lr Stx 86%3 - 125% (9Fe90)
Parrios PLC 13%% Cnv Uns Ln Stx 1990(Series"A) - 2115
Portals Hidgs PLC5%% Cnv Uns Ln Stx 94/2000 - 2485 (127e90)
Porter Charburn PLC5% Cnv Cum Red Pri 1993 £1 - 138
Powell Duffryn PLC4%% Cum Pri 50p - 20 (14Fe90)
Cucens Moet Houses PLC 10%% 1st Mig Deb Stx 2020 - 285%
Cuicks Group PLC 10% Cura Pri £1 - 90 (13Fe90) (13Fe90) R.E.A.Hidgs PLC9% Cum Pri 21 - 75

(14Fe90) 12% Cnv Uns Ln Stk 2000 – £75 (14Fe90) RPH Ld8% Deb Six 92/96 - 282 (13Fe90) 4%% Uns La Six 2004/09 - 235 4%% Uns Ln Six 2004/09 - 270@ (14Fe90) 9% Uns Ln Six 99/2004 - 270@ Racal Electronics PLCADR (2-1) - \$7.45 - 48 % .56 .57 Racal Telecom PLCADR (10-1) - \$39.16 Rank Organization PLCADR (1:1) - \$18% (13Fe90) Ranks Hovis McDougal PLC6% Curs 1st Pri £1 - 59 (9Fe90) 6% Curs "17 Pri £1 - 55 Six % Uns Ln Six 90/94 - 285% 8%% Uns Ln Six 90/95 - 285% 8%% Uns Ln Six 91/95 - 285% Ransomme PLC6.25p (Nei) Curs Cry Pri 12.50 - 94 4 6 8

Rensomes PLC8.25p (Net) Curn Cnv Prf 12.5p = 94 4 6 8
Retners Group PLC8.75p Cnv Curn Non-Vrg Red Prf 20p = 97% 8 8 9
Readlast International PLC8% Lins Ln Stk 88/93 = 286 (14Fe90)
Reschitt & Colmain PLC5% Curn Prf 21 = 45 (14Fe90)
Reschitt & Cult PlC6% Curn Red Prf 21 = 45 (14Fe90)
Renold PLC7%% 2nd Deb Stk 92/97 = 274% ©
Rockware Group PLC7.25% Cnv Curn

274%9
Rockersre Group PLC7.25% Cnv Curs
Red 2nd Pri E1 - 79
Ruberold PLC10%% Uns Ln Stk 90/95 ~ 290 (13Fe90) Rugby Group PLC6% Uns Ln Stk 93/98 – 287 Pussel(Alexander) PLC5.75% Cum Crtv Red Prf - 77 (SFs50) SD-Scicon PLC5.75% Crtv Cum Red Prf 21 - 130 Warrante to see face Crty

- 130
Warrante to sub for Ord - 13 7
Septich & Septich Co PLCADR (\$11) \$11,529 .6459
8% Crv Uns Ln Sk 2015 - 259%
Sanderson Murray&Elder(Hidgs) PLCOrd 50p - 192 Savoy Hotel PLC'B' Ord 5p - £140 (14Fe90) carrironic Hidge PLC7.25p (Net) Criv Cum Red Pri 20p - 125 (14Fe90) 5.75% Criv Cum Red Pri £1 - 210

(12Fe90) Scepa Group PLC5% Uns Ln Sik 88/83 -233 Sears PLC7% "A" Clim Pri E1 - 50 (13Fe90)
12%%-Cum Pri E1 = 105 (13Fe90)
7%%-Uns Ln Six 9297 - E77 (14Fe90)
Shopsite Group PLC7%%-Uns Ln Six
200305 - E58 (14Fe90)
Simon Engineering PLC7% Cum Pri E1 =
50 (SFe90)

Simon Enginearing PLC6% Cum Pri £1 ~ 50 (SFe50) 600 Group PLC4.55% Cum 2nd Pri £1 ~ 61 (SFe80) 5mith a Nephew PLC5%% Cum Pri £1 ~ 50 (14Fe80) 5mith (W.H.) Group PLC78* Ord 10p ~ 65 (14Fe80) 5k% Red Uns Ln Sik ~ 240 (12Fe80) 5k% Red Uns Ln Sik ~ 240 (12Fe80) 5mithKine Beecham PLCADR (5:1) ~ \$459 .353480 %0 5mithKine Beecham PLC4DR (5:1) ~ \$459 .353480 %0 5mithKine Beecham PLC4DR (5:1) ~ \$459 .353480 %0 5mithKine Beecham PLC4DR (5:1) ~ \$458 .353480 %0 5mithKine Beecham PLC4DR (5:1) ~ \$458 .353480 %0 5mithKine Beecham PLC4DR (5:1) ~ \$416450 5mithKine ADR (5:1) ~ \$416450 5mithKine ADR (5:1) ~ \$116450 5m

enouse PLC9% Cay Uns La Sak 1992 Storehouse PLC9% Cav Dris Lin Six 193; - 231 (14fe90) Suiciffie, Speakman PLC9%% Red Cure Pri 21 - 83 (9fe90) SwarkJohn) & Sone PLC Ord 25p - 569 (13fe90) Symonds Englishering PLC Ord 5p - 40 T & N PLC 10.1% Mrg Deb Six 90/95 -290 (12fe90) 290 (12Fe90) rmac PLC7%% Deb Stk 87/92 - 286

(14Fe80) 7%% Deb Six 82/97 - 277 (14Fe80) Tate & Lyle PLC65% Curr Pri Six 21 -56 (14Fe80) 10%% Une Lri Six 2003/06 - 290 9Fe9U) Are Woodrow PLC9%% 1st Mig Deb Taylor Woodrow PLC9%% 1st Mitg Deb Six 2014 - 279% 95 80 Tellos Hidgs PLCWarrants to sub for Ord - 115% (14Fe60) Tesco PLC4% Uns Deep Disc Ln Six 2008

Triling(Thomas) PLC5.25% Gum Prf 21 - 67 67 8% Deb Stx 85/80 = 295 (14Fe80) 8% Ums Ln Stx 89/94 = 296 (14Fe80) 1ghook PLCUInits of 420p of CULS 1990(Pely PO((Reg) = 138 8 8% 40 Tookal Group PLC5% Gum Prf 21 - 44

(13Fe90)
71% Deb Stx 85/90 - £92 (13Fe90)
71% Uns L7 Stx 83/94 - £90 4%
Towles P.C"A" Non.V.Ord 10p - 95
Trefaiger House PLC7% Uns Deb Stx £1 - 86 명개 9%% Une Ln Stk 2000R05 - 280 10%% Une Ln Stk 2001/06 - 286

(SFe80)
Paresport Development Group PLC9W%
Uns Ln Stx 95/2000 - 283
Institute Forte PLCWarrante to sub for
Ord - 80 (SFe90)
7.25% 1st Mtg Deb Stx 86/91 - 289 7_2574 1st may 5-4 (12Fe89) 10.5% Mtg Deb Sit 81/95 - 294% 9.1% Uhs Ln Sit 95/2000 - 552 Unigeto PLC6%% Ums Ln Sit 91/95 - 272 3 5 95% Ums Ln Sit 92/97 - 271 (13Fe90) Unigroup PLC7%% Cum Criv Red Pri E1

Unitary Corp Com Stk SS - \$14.00 (13Fe90) United Biscutter(Hidgs) PLC8% Deb Stk 93/98 - £80 96 - 230 | Scientific Hidgs PLC5.5% Crw Cure |-Vig Red Pri 21 - 53 % .696 % 44

o Upton & Southern Holdings PLCOrd 25p ∽ 32
Vickers PLCS% Cum(Tax Free To 30p)Pri
Sik 21 - 65
Wagon Industrial Hidge PLC7 25p (Net)
Crn Pig Pri 10p - 96 9
Water & Staff Hidge PLCOrd 5p - 168
(127690)
Warmer Holidays PLCOrd 5p - 48 (137690)
Warmer Holidays Ld6%% Cum Pri 21 - 50
(137690)

Name Habitays Ld6%% Cum Pri 21 - 50 (13Fe90)
Name Lambert Co Corn Str \$1 - \$111 (12Fe90)
Name Lambert Co Corn Str \$1 - \$111 (12Fe90)
Name Lambert Co Corn Str \$1 - \$111 (12Fe90)
Name Lambor PLC7-50 (Net) Criv Cum Red Pri 59 - 60 (14Fe90)
Name Lambor PLC7-5% Criv Uns Ln Str 1999 - 230 (SFe90)
Nestland Group PLCWarrants to sub for Ord - 499

Ord - 490
75% Orw Curn Pri 21 - 150 (13Fe90)
75% Ore Curn Pri 21 - 150 (13Fe90)
75% Deb Stk 87/82 - 284/k
Williams Hidgs PLC 10%% Curn Pri 21 107 (13Fe90)
William (Connolly)Hidge PLC 10%% Curn
2nd Pri 21 - 90 (13Fe90)
Xerox Corp Corn Stk \$1 - 230.3 Financial Trusts, Land, etc. Armour Trust PLC 10%% Uns Ln Stk 91/96

- 282 (13Fe80) balle Gifford Technology PLC Warrants to sub for Ord - 12 sub for Ord - 12 British & Countrorrecalth Hidge PLC10W%. Urs Ln Sek 2012 - 255 6 8 Colonnede Development Capital PLCOrd 21 - 160 3 (14F96) Daily Mell & General Trust PLCOrd 50p ~ EFT Group PLCWarrents to sub for Ord -7 (13Fe80)

roup PLCWarrants to sub for On 7 (13Fe90)
Exploration Co PLCOrd Six 5p - 207 (13Fe90)
Fâ. C Enterprise Trust PLCSer 8
Warrants to sub for Ord - 6 (SFe90)
Warrants to sub for Ord - 16 (SFe90)
First Debenture Finance PLC11.125%
Severally Gid Deb Six 2018 - 292 (13Fe90)
First Bestein Finance PLC11. (13Fe90)
First liberian Fund inc Ste of Corn Stk \$0.01 - \$13.95 (12Fe90)
Foreign & Col Reserve Asset Fund Ld PtgRedPrt \$0.05 Cl C(US\$ Bonds) - \$7.67 7.98 (12Fe90)
PtgRedPrt \$0.05 Cl MUS Equities) = 28.45 8.79 (12Fe90)
Q.T. Berry Japan Fund Ld\$0.10 - \$45.12 (14Fe50)
Geneste Materials \$1.55.

(14Fe90)
Genesis Mahyela Maju Fund LdPig Red
Fri \$0.01 - \$10.35 (13Fe90)
Goveti High income GR Fund LdPig Red
Pri 1p - 35.76 (SFe90)
Gracca Fund LdShs \$0.01 (IDRs to Br) ~
£160000
Dagnesis Ltd.

E18009
Deposits y Warrents to sub for Ship — 15109
Deposits y Warrents to sub for Ship — 15109
Gainness Fifting Global Strategy FGP2,
Red Pri \$0.01(Managed Currency Fund) — \$2.8 (RFe00)
Pig Red Pri \$0.01(Global Equity Fund) — \$3.7
Hefnia Holdings A/SWIs to sub for "A/S"S" — E12% (13Fe00)
Hambro Eurobond&Money Market Fd Ld Pig Red Pri 1p(Stig Money Market Fd Ld Pig Red Pri 115-69)
Pig Red Pri 1p(Maraged Fund) — 210.19 (13Fe00)
Rid Global Funds Ld Pig Red Pri \$0.01(Stering Ship) — £19.51 (13Fe00)
Pig Red Pri \$0.01(Managed Ship) — 220.4 (13Fe00)
Pig Red Pri \$0.01(Managed Ship) — 220.4 (13Fe00)
Rhous Lin Sik 87/90 — £38 (13Fe00)
105% Una Lin Sik 87/90 — £38 (13Fe00)
105% Una Lin Sik 87/90 — £38 (13Fe00)
Intersational City Hidga PLCOV% Civ
Cum Red Pri £1 — 51
International Inv. Tet Co of Jersey 13%
Cum Red Pri £1 — 100 (14Fe00)
Intl Stock Exchange of UKARep of It Ld
7% Mitg Deb Shi 90/95 — £72 (13Fe00)
Korea—Europe Fund Ld Shis \$0.10 — \$4250 (13Fe00)
ShetIDR to Br) \$0.10 (Cpn 3) — \$4437/k

(13Fe90) She(IDR to Br) \$0.10 (Cpn 3) - \$4437½

(137-890)
ShajiDR to Br) 30.10 (Cpn 3) - \$4437½ (137-890)
MMM Britannia Pioneer Markets FundLid Pig Red Pri 19 - 285½ (137-890)
Malaysten Smaller Cos Fund (Cryman)Lid Ord \$0.01 - 210% 10% 10% 11 11½ Warrants to sub for Ord - 24% 5 Manile Fund (Cryman) LdPig Red Pri \$0.01 - \$3.05
Mercury intermational bry Trust LdPig Red Pri 19 (Resene Fund) - 250.0477€ Mercury Selected Trust She NPV (Bobal Fund(Reg) - 344.1095 (127-80)
Mezzanins Capitalâher Tet 2001 PLCInc She 21 - 136 8 (14Pa00)
Mational Home Loans Hidgs PLCOrd 15p - 130 1 4 Pri 21 - 83.416 ½ 5 6
Oporto Growth Fund LdPig Red Pri \$0.01 (Br) - 39%
Remissance Hidgs PLC6.5% Cnv Uns Ln Stt 1994 - 290 (8Fa90)
Royal Trust Government Secs Fund LdPig Red Pri 1p - 56.7€
Stam Smaller Companies Fund LdPig Red Pri 1p - 56.7€
Stam Smaller Companies Fund LdPig Red St. 2001 - 310½ (127-80)
Smith New Court PLC12½ Subord Uns Ln St. 2001 - 280 (14Fe90)
The Investment Fund LdPig Red Pri 19.01 Trust Investment Fund LdPig Red Pri 50.01 - 311 11½ (13Fe90)
The Investment Fund LdPig Red Pri 50.01 - 327
Thailand intermational Fund LdPig Shs 50.01 (007% to 8); - 218% 19

\$27 Thailand International Fund Ld Ptg Shs \$0.01 (IDP's to Br) - £15% 19 at PLC71% "A" Deb Six 69/62 - £34 7% "A" Deb Six 91/64 - £80% (9Fe80) 9% "A" Deb Six 91/64 - £87 Whitbroad Investment Co PLC6%% Deb Six 67/62 - £86 (12Fe80)

Insurance No. of bargains included 474 General Acc Firefallie Asso Corp PLC 78% Uns Ln Sat 87/92 - 234 (13Fe90) 78% Uns Ln Sat 92/97 - 230 (13Fe90) Guardian RoyelExchange AssurancePLC 7% Cum Red Pri £1 - 700 7% Uns Ln Sat 88/91 - 237 8 (14Fe90) investment Trusts

No. of bargains included 660

Abrust New Daven lev Trust PLCOrd 25p - 137 40

Warrants to sub for Ord - 95 6
(127-90)
Abrust New Thai Invest Trust PLCOrd 25p - 97 (137-93)
Warrants to sub for Ord - 50 (127-90)
Warrants to sub for Ord - 50 (127-90)
BZW Conventible for Trust PLCNew Ord 10p (7-p1.A-93-90) - 101
Units of 5p of Equitagindex ULS 982002 - 99 (97-90)
British Assets Trust PLC-7-5% Pri 584(Curb) - 549 (137-90)
British Assets Trust PLC-7-5% Pri 544(-90)
British Assets Trust PLC-7-1-15% (147-90)
British Empire Sec & General Trust 10%% Deb 38t 2011 - 2822/-9
British divisionent Trust PLC-7-1-125% Socured Deb 38t 2012 - 193% (147-90)
Capital Genering Trust PLC-0rd 25p - 5500

Cabitant investment Trust PLC-0rd 25p - 5500 No. of bargains inch

Chicken's Medical Charley Inv TexPLC Ord 21 - 70 (14Fe90) Warrants to sub for Ord - 8 (14Fe30) (by of Oxford Investment Trust PLC Ord (bc 5p - 50 1 1 Edinburgh Investment Trust PLC 11 N/4 Deb Six 2014 - £97% % % (14Fe90)

English & international Trust PLC55%
Cum Prf 21 = 63 (12Fe30)
10% beb Stx 2014 - 295% (12Fe30)
English & Scottain Investors PLC 18 25p =
138 (13Fe30)
F.& C. Peolic Investment Trust PLC
Warrants to sub for Ord - 122 (13Fe30)
Fifth Throgmorton Co PLC7.25% Cav Ling
Ln Set 2003 - 995%
First Spanish Inv Trust PLC Warrants to
sub for Ord - 43

Ln Skr 2003 - 935 XP
First Sporish law Trust PLC Warrants to
sub for Ord - 43
Fierning Marcantile inv Trust PLC3.5%
Cum Pri Six 21 - 48 (14Fe90)
4%% Perp Deb Six - 240 (9Fe90)
Gartnore Emerging Pacific inv Tet PLC
Ord 10p - 55
Warrants to sub for Ord - 24
(14Fe90)
Gertnore Value Investments PLC Zero
Divident Pri 10p - 544

Germore Value treestments PLC Zero
Dividend Pyf 10p = 54.5.
German Smelter Co's Inv Trust PLC
Warrents to sub tor Ord - 1899 739
George Income Trust PLC Warrents to
sub for Ord - 5 (14Fe90)
Globe Investment Trust PLC 10% Deb Six.
2016 - 283% (12Fe90)
175% Crv Ums Ln Six 90/95 - 2410

(14Fe80) oveit Strategic by Trust PLC9%% Deb Six 2017 - £82% (14Fe80) 10%% Deb Six 2016 - £84% % 103/F8 GBS and LB GBS (125/F8) greraged Opportunity Trust PLC Zer Cpn Criv Uns Lin Sits 88/98 – 287 owlend investment Co PLC 11 ½% Deb Sit 2010 – 290% 1 lerfin trd Green Inv Tat PLC Ord 25p – 83 6 1/28/F8)

lefter from Land (1994)
Warrants to sub for Ord - 30% 4
(127-90)
Wherants Oss&Res She Fund Inc\$0.10 \$16.57 (87-90)
Acrals Investment Trust PLC 11% Deb Sta 2012 - 290% Multitrust PLCWarrants to sub for Ord - 5 (13Fe80) (unrey international Trust PLC4% Deb Skr. = 230 (AFe90) New Guernsey Securities Trust LdOrd 25p www.duertsey/Securities Trust LdOrd 25p - 75 (13Fe90) ew Throgmorton Trust(1983) PLC12-8% Deb Stk 2008 - £102 (13Fe90) Zero Cpn Deb Stk 1995 - 234 (14Fe90) lorthern indust Improv Trust PLC Ord £1 cm 21 cm 25 cm

forthern Indust Improv Trust PLL Ord 2:

-403 6 (138-99)
cottish American investment Co PLC
Equities Index Uns Ln St. 2004 - 111½
(97-99)
cottish Cities Inv Trust PLC Ord St. 25p
est 4 (25p-ent) Soutish Chies any Trust PLC6W% Red -661 4 (SF660) Soutish Eastern Inv Trust PLC6W% Red Deb Stk 85760 - 288% (SF660) 91% Deb Stk 2020 - 281% Soutish Investment Trust PLC3L% Com Pid Stk - 248 (14760) Soutish Mortgage & Trust PLC6%-14% Stepped Interest Deb Stk 2020 -

Stepped Interest Dep on Step 2110% (13Fe90) Scottish National Trust PLC10% Deb Stit.
2011 - 255% (SFe90)
Securities Trust of Scottand PLC4%%
Cum Pri Stit. - 240 (12Fe90)
Shires investomer PLC Warrents to sub for Ord - 43 5 (14Fe90)
TR Fer East Income Trust PLC7% Deb Stit 97/2002 - 258 (SFe90)
Throgmorton Trust PLC12 5/16% Deb Stit 2010 - 2100 (13Fe90)
Throgmorton USM Trust PLC5%% Cum Pby Cnv Red Pri 21 - 90 (13Fe90)
Updown Investment Co PLC0rd 25p -

430
Vantage Securities PLCWarrants to sub-for Ord - 79 (9Fe80)
Witan Investment Co PLC6% Deb Six 98799 - 277 (9Fe80) 51/% Deb Six 2016 - 273% % % 4

Unit Trusts No. of bergains included \$1

M.A. G. American Smaller Co's Funding Units - 57.7 (8Fe80) Accum Units - 58 (13Fe80) M.A. G. Europeen Olvidend Funding Units M.& G.Gold & General Funding Units -

62.1 (9Fe99) M.S.G. International Income Funding Units Mines - Miscellaneous Amalgameted Financial Invs PLCWerrents to sub for Shs - 0% (12Fe90)

to sub for Shs = 0% (12Fe80) Statich Mining PLC-10p = 30 (13Fe80) Botswens RST Ld Pu2 = 32 (14Fe80) De Beers Consolidated Mines Ld-40% Cum Pri R5 (Br) (Cpn 162) = R16 p 100 (SFe90) Did R0.05 (Br) (Cpn 84) - 27.39© Adelen Excloration Co PLCOrd 10p = 420 Europa Minerate Group PLCOrd 2p = 92 Mitangura Copper Mines LiCrd Six \$21 = 5 (127e80) Fistessu Mining PLCOrd 20p = 90 RTZ Corporation PLCG3325% "A" Cum Pri pri = 28 406549%

£1 - 43 (9Fe90) 48 (137-99) Zambie Consolidated Copper Mines Ld B Ord K10 - 100**0** 50 Mines - South African

Semato Exploration Ld Ord R0.01 - 60 Coronation Syndicate Ld R0.25 - 22 Coronation Syndrotte LOPALES -- 22 (137-99)

DAB Investments LdOrd R0.01 -- 300 (137-90)

East Rand Gold & Urankur Co Ld'S' Ord. R0.50 -- 225 (97-90)

Johannesburg Cons Invest Co Ld R0.10 --28 Lebowa Pistinum Mines Ld Ord R0.01 -140 140 Lindum Reefs Gold Mining Co LdOrd R0.01 - 30 Onyx Gold Holdings Ld Ord Shs of NPV -\$290

Oil No. of bargains included 2216

British Petrolaum Co PLC9% Cum 2nd Pri 21 - 30 (147-980)

Burnish Oil PLC71/% Cum Red Pri 21 ~ Burmath CR PLLF at the same of (14Fe80) 57 (14Fe80) 5% Cum Pri 21 - 73 (LASMO PLC 15%% Deb Six 2009 - 236% (14Fe80) Shell Transport&TradingCo PLCOrd She (27) 25p(Cpn 183) - 472 (14Fe80) 5% 1st Pri(Cum)21 - 55 (8Fe80)

Property No. of bargains included 463 7% Cmv Uns Ln Stk 2005/05 - 2167
Colman(E.Alecjamestments Ld 8% Uns Ln Stk 91/56 - 277 (67480)
Deres Estates PLC7.75% Cmv Cum Red Pri 21 - 80
Gneet Portland Estates PLC9.5% 1st Mg Deb Stk 2016 - 280% (14Fe90)
Greycost PLC9%% Cum Red Pri 2014 21 - 81 2

Greycost PLCSX% Curn Had Pri 301 £1 - 81 2
Harmmerson Prop Inv&Dav Corp PLCOrd 259 - 780 506 (8Fe90)
Hasternera Estates PLC10X% 1st Mtg Deb Stk 98/2003 - 281 ½ (12Fe90)
Land Securities PLC9% 1st Mtg Deb Stk 98/2001 - 281 ½ 81 ½ (14Fe90)
London&Prov Shop Centres(Pdgs)PLC 10% 1st Mtg Deb Stk 2025 - 281 ½ 9 London&Prov Shop Centres(Pdgs)PLC 10% 1st Mtg Deb Stk 2025 - 281 ½ 9 London County Free, & Less. Prop 7 ½ 1st Mtg Deb Stk 91/86 - 280 (12Fe90)
MEPC PLC3.55% Curn Pri Sot £1 - 42 (14Fe90) (14Fe90) 9%% 1st Mig Deb Sik 97/2002 - £87 (12Fe90) 10%% 1st May Deb Stk 2024 - £90% %

10%% List Mig Deb Six 2024 - 190% %
1% (147-90)
3% Urm Ln Six 200005 - 172
10% Urm Ln Six 2022 - 120%
6%% Car Ure Ln Six 2022 - 120%
6%% Car Ure Ln Six 202200 - 11406
McInemey Essaiss P.L.CS.575% Gad Cure
Red Pri 1997 2 - 97% % (147-90)
Meriin Inservetional Properties Ld Cure
Red Care Pit 1 - 37
Mucklow(A. & J. Xcroup PLC7%% 1st Mig
Deb Six 90%5 - 17%
Pest Hidgs P.L.CS.25% (Net) Care
Non-Vig Pri 11 - 39% (147-90)
9%% 1st Mig Deb Six 2011 - 281%
Power Corporation PLCNew Ord \$150.10 2.1
Rejis Property Hidge PLCS%% Gtd Ure

2.1
Repis Property Holge PLCB%% Gid Usin
Ln Skt 1997 – 199 (8P960)
Rosehaugh Greycost Estates PLG 11% 1et
Mitg Dab Sit. 2014 – 290 (8P960)
Rush & Tompidas Group PLC7.5% Chv
Cum Rad Pri £1 – 85 (137460)
Scottish Netropolism Property PLG 10%%
1st Mitg Deb Sit. 2016 – 294
Shield Group PLC5.54% (Net) Chv Cum
Red Pri £1 – 41 (147460)
Speyhewk, PLC9.75% Cum Red Pri 2014
21 – 885, 996490 Spayheak PLC9.75% Cam Red Pri 2014 21 - 85% (9Fe80) Town Centre Securises PLC9% Cre Uns Ln Se 962000 - £185 (13Fe90) Warrier Exten Hedge PLC6%% Uns Ln Stk 91/96 - £75 (9Fe80)

Plantations No. of bargains included5

Anglo-Eessen Plantations PLCWarrants to sub for Ord = 25 (14Febb) 12% Uns Ln 3ck 95/99 - 205 (12Fe9b) Chillegon Corporation PLC Did 25p - 83 Warranta to sub for Ord - 43 (12Fe9b) 8% Quo Red Pri £1 - 82 (14Fe8b)

9% Cay Uns La Sik 1999 - 296 (14Fe90) Durinop Pierotations Ld 6% Cum Pri 21 - 55 (13Fe90) Jitra Rubber Plantations PLCStk 10p - 50 (9Fè90) arborough Plantations FLCOrd 10p - 30

(12Fe90) Padang Senang Hidgs PLC10p -- 70 (9Fe90) Railways No. of bergeins included 2

Buffato & Loke Hurori Railway Co5%% 1st
Mtg Perp. Bds (Con 219) - 226

Cuebec Central Railway Co 1st Mtg Deb
Stk(Gdd by C.P.) - 230 (127-690)

Shipping No. of bargains included 232 Bergssen d-y AS B Non Vig She NKS -\$53% NK405 8 9 10 5 6.54 8.65 NFC PLC Var Vig Ord 5p - \$4.06 p 243

4%, 6 7 Peninsular & Oriental Steam New Co Warrants to purchase Dfd Stx = 125 38

Utilities No. of bergains included 13 American Information Tech. CorpSits of Com Sit \$1 - \$56%\$\Delta\$ (CSSC Ld Equity Ru10 - \$5 (14Fe80) Casionals Energy Co IncSits of Com Sit \$0.0675 - 28.88 \$ 14.475 (SFe80) FPL Group IncSits of Com Sit \$0.01 -\$338 (13Fe80) (13Fe90) ve Dock & Railway CoPri Unita

Fellostowie Dock & Rahmay CoPrt Units — £103% 5% (12Fe80) GTE Corporation Com Sak \$0.10 — \$2.2175 % (13Fe80) — —— Manchester Ship Canal Co5% Perp Prt £1 —£100 4% Perp Deb Sak —£25 (12Fe80) Mersey Docks & Harrbour Co6%% Red Deb Sak \$6/99 —£70 US WEST Inc Sak of Com Sak of NPV — \$69% (13Fe80)

Water No. of bargains included 1818 Mid Kent Holdings PLCWarrants to sub for Ord - 759 NOD THE TOTALIST PLATFORM SALE OF THE TOTALIST PROPERTY OF THE STATE O

Mid Kent Water Co 4% Perp Deb Sik -230 (127690) 7% Ped Deb Sik 91/83 - 280 (14Fe80) North Surrey Water Co 71 % Red Deb Six 91/83 - 283 (12Fe90) Portsmouth Water Co 3.5% Fmby 5% Ord Six - 21200© South Staffordstive Waterworks Co 7% Red Deb Six 88/90 - 294 (9Fe80) Sundertand & South Shelds Water Co 7% Red Deb Six 91/93 - 282 (12Fe90) (12Fe90) 10% Red Deb Sik 92/94 - E87 (14Fe90)

Miscellaneous Warrants No. of bargains include Bankers Trust intermedianel Latilities Rei to Ord Shis in Glasso Hidge PLC - 20.19

USM Appendix USM Appendix.
No. of bargains included 918
Apollo Methis PLC@p(Net) Cura Criv Red
Pri 10p - 172 (137-690)
Attacks Resources PLCWarrants to Sub
for Ord - 0% (137-690)
BLP Group PLC@p (Net) Criv Cura Red Pri
10p - 53% 7 (147-690)
Barle Holdings PLCOrd 10p - 162
(147-690)
Beckenheim Group PLCWarrants to sub

Bans Hottangs PUCCHO hep — rec. (14Fe80)
Beckenham Group PLCWarrants to subfor Ord. – 26 (14Fe80)
9% Rad Cure Non-Vig Pri E1 — 88%
(14Fe80)
Corton Seach PLC7.5p (Net) Criv Cure
Rad Pri 10p — 70 (13Fe80)
Deway Warran Hidgs PLCVar Rate Criv
Uns Ln Sik 1995 — 2100 (8Fe80)
Great Southern Group PLC 3/75p Cure Criv
Red Pri Sp — 77Ф 80Ф
Heavitree Brawery PLCOrd 25p — 212.7
(8Fe80)
Midland & Soutish Resources PLCOrd
10p — 193 8

10p - 193 8 Cuarto Group Incests of Com Str \$0.10 (Rest: Transler) - 146 (SPs90) Seegge Group PLC6.5% (Net) Com Red Circ Pf 21 - 48

Selectiv PLCOrd 1p - 14½

Sheldon Jones PLCOrd 25p - 88 (1SFeed)

Surrey Group PLCOrd 5p - 18 ½ 4

Total Systems PLCOrd 5p - 17 (9Fe90)
Vistec Group PLCOrd 1p - 13 % (14Fe90)
Xrs-Vision PLCOrd tr20.05 - r20.96 p 90
York Trust Group PLCRed Curn Cry Pri

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The Third Market Appendix No. of bergains included 90

Kromagraphic PLCOrd 5p - 7 (13Fe90) Poddington, PLCOrd 5p - 90 t (14Fe90) Rule 535(2) included 35 No. of bergeins

Acidil Cart PLC*A* Ord 25p = 20.2 Addril Cert PLC'A" Ord 25p — 20.2 (137-90) All England Lawn Tennis Ground LifDeb 9670 2500 — 26100 4200 (147-90) Andrews Group PLC 117/2 Cert Pri 21.— 29.95 (97-90) Anglo American Agriculture PLCOrd 25p — 20.515 (67-90) Arn Street Breweries Co LdOrd 21 — 25.9 (127-90) (12Fe90) Cav Red 2nd Pri 21 - 213 (12Fe90)

City Red 2nd Pri 21 - 213 (12Fe90)
Audicipat PLCOrd 1p - 20.12 0.15 0.15
Bleagdet Computer Systems PLCOrd 1p
- 20.015 (13Fe90)
Dart Varley Light Relbeary LdOrd 21 - 23.85 (14Fe90)
Dolprin International LdOrd 10p - 20.27 (13Fe90)
Emerald Energy LdOrd 1p - 20.075 (14Fe90)
Patrooni Hotel PLCOrd 21 - 238 (14Fe80) Falmouth Hotel PLCOrd £1 - £25 (12Fe90) Gale (George) & Co LdOrd £1 - £9% Gander Pilver Resources PLCOrd Sp -

Gander Hiver Recources PLGOrd Sp ~ 10.14

Greenster Hoteta PLCOrd 10p ~ 20.82

Gaernesy Press Co LdOrd 10p ~ 22.3

(SFe90) was Co LdOrd 10p ~ 22.3

(SFe90) hambros PLCOrd 20pt22 Options 38/91) ~ 21.23

(SFe90) instant Yard Investments PLCOrd 10p ~ 20.05 (14Fe80) Jennings Bros LdOrd 25p ~ 23.2 (SFe90) Lewis Group PLCOrd 21 ~ 222/4

La Riche's Stones LdOrd 27 ~ 24 (13Fe90) London Reduciary Trust PLCOrd 10p ~ 20.225 0.23 (SFe90) London Wist Hidge PLCOrd 21 ~ 23.2 Loscon Fiduciary Trust PLCOrd 10p -90.225 0.23 (6Fe09) London Wall Hidgs PLCOrd 21 - 23.2 9.24 (12Fe09) MM4 Britannia International LdJapan Income & Growth - 22.275 Manchester United Football Club Ld Ord 21 - 220 (14Fe09) Merrett Hidgs PLCOrd 10p - 21%-MM2 Anglis Radio PLCOrd 21 - 25% (8Fe99) (9Fe90) North West Exploration PLCOrd 20p ~ 32 3 5 8

3 5 2 OM Creek Investments PLCOrd 5p ~ 32 OM Creek Investments PLCOrd 5p ~ 20.6 0.07 (137-98)
Persmount PLCOrd 2.5p ~ 20.19©
Park Larse Hotel PLCOrd 25p ~ 29 (137-98)
Rangers Football Club Pr (13Fe90)
Rangers Football Club PLCOrd 21 - 285
Severn Valley Railway(Hdga)(PLCOrd 21 - 20.55 (9Fe90)
Southern Newspapers PLCOrd 21 - 23.35
3 31 (52-64)

3.38 (9Fe9U)
OF Royally St. Units 1p - 20.38 (9Fe90)
Investme(Deniet) & Co PLC Ord 25p 22.845 2.85 (12Fe90)
Tennastientic Hidge PLC Ord 50p - 23.3 (13Fe90) /adworth & Co10% Cum Pri £1 - £1.035 abix Ld"A" Non.V Ord 25p - 65 Winchmore PLCOrd 25p - 20.26 (13Fe80)
Wolverhampton Racecourse Co PLCOrd
25p - 24 (9Fe90)

RULE 535 (4) (e)
Bargains marked in securities
where principle market is outside
the UK and Republic of Ireland.
Guotation has not been granted in
London and dealings are not
recorded in the Official List.

recorded in the Official List.

Ames Department Stores 360
Ampol Exploration 51. (9.2
Aust. Foundation in WASI, 654 CL2.2)
City Developments SS3.57751
Coss: Modernation in WASI, 654 CL2.2)
City Developments SS3.57751
Coss: Modernation 50, FRA.55
Gresewate Mining ASO.04445 Cl4.2)
Int Mining ASO.07, 0.08 Cl4.2)
Keystone International S21.56 Cl2.2)
Keystone Gresewate S21.56 Cl2.2)
Keystone International S21.56 Cl2.2)
Keystone International S21.56 Cl2.2)
Mining ASO.33 Cl4.2)
Mining ASO.33 Cl4.2)
Mining ASO.33 Cl4.2)
More S21.56 Cl2.2

Our Search 29.450.727,0.73
Olimet 66 Cl2.2

Our Search 29.450.727,0.73
Olimet 66 Cl2.2

Seagant Energy: Corp S20.6714 Cl4.2)
Seagant Mineratio R4 Cl4.2)
Seystone Land 466 Cl4.2)
Seystone Land 466 Cl4.2)
Sey Line Explorts 1954 Cl4.2)
Target-Resources ASO.259-Cl2.20
Target-Resources ASO.259-Cl2.20
Target-Resources ASO.259-Cl2.20

Target Resources Apul 271 112 Westfield Minerals 65 (142)

By Particular of the Stock Exchange Council

TRANSPORT LINKS WITH THE CONTINENT

The Financial Times proposes to publish this survey on:

5th April 1990

For a full editorial synopsis and advertisement details, please contact:

> Neville Woodcock on 01-873 3365

or write to him at:

Number One Southwark Bridge London SEI 9HL

COVENTRY

The Financial Times proposes to publish this survey on:

15th March 1990

For a full editorial synopsis and advertisement details, please contact:

> Anthony G. Hayes on 021 454 0922

or write to him at:

George House George Road Edgbaston Birmingham B15 1PG

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LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

Equities end the week on firm note

THE RECOVERY of confidence in the UK equity market con-tinued yesterday despite disap-pointing statistics on domestic inflation. Better news came from across the Atlantic where the US trade deficit came in much lower than expected; but London's initially optimistic response was discouraged by a slow start on Wall Street.

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The mood of the market remained confident, with UBS Phillips & Drew joining the list of London-based securities houses to shift to a more bullish tack. However, business volume, briefly hoisted by a trading programme in the pre-vious session fell away again. Seaq volume of 438.8m shares

	<u> </u>	
Account	rt Denting	Dates
'Third Daulioge: Jan 29	Feb 12	Feb 28
Option Declarati Feb 8	Feb 22	May 8
Last Deallage: Feb 9	Feb 23	Mer 9
Accord Bay: Feb 19	War 5	Mar 19
New time death	ngo may laka	plane treet

compared with 632.7m on Thursday. Business was nlarly thin in late dealings as the first week of the account ended. The stock market opened in good form and early gains were barely disturbed by the announcement that the Retail Price Index (RPI) had risen by

an annualised 7.7 per cent in

January. The rise was greater than expected and several equity strategists warned that with home losn rates now rising again, domestic inflation could even reach 8.5 per cent this Spring.

UK Government bonds, unsettled both by the RPI number and by Treasury data showing that the Budget surplus halved over the first ten months of 1989-90, turned down again to show losses ranging almost to a full point at the longer end.

At mid-session, the news that the US monthly trade deficit had shrunk to \$7.17bn in December from \$10.3bn in the previous month reached Lon-

don and share prices moved up afresh to show a net gain of more than 20 FT-SE points. However, Wall Street showed concern over the 1.2 per cent fall in US industrial production in January and was only 3.83 ahead when London closed.

Deprived of encouragement from the US market, which will be closed on Monday for President's Day, UK equities lost heart and ended below the best of the day. The final reading showed the FT-SE at 2,825.9, a gain of 12.1 on the

The market has managed to gain just over 12 Footsie points on the week, having rallied steadily from a sharp fall on

FT-A All-Share Index

Monday when problems at Drexel Burnham Lambert, the US junk bond specialist surfaced. The resilience of the US and Japanese bond markets in the face of the Drexel collapse has helped London.

UK stocks also stood up well to the rise this week in loan rates by Abbey National, second largest lender in the Brit-ish home loan market, and to some unsettling corporate news. However, while most analysts remain confident of a strong equity performance in the second half of the year, others have warned of increasing electoral support for the UK Opposition parties as Budget day approaches.

Feb Feb Year 13 12 Ago 1989/90 High Low 89.29 60.48 127.4 (8/2/89) (16/2/90) (9/1/35) 80.48 80.87 81.38 81.11 80.89 99.59 90.77 105.4 50.53 (15/3/89) (16/2/90) (28/11/47) (3/1/75) 91.00 91.24 90.98 91.54 2008.6 1447.8 2008.6 48.4 (5/9/89) (3/1/89) (5/9/89) (26/6/40) 1836.6 1829.5 1822.4 1818.1 1810.6 164.7 734.7 **Gold Mines** 292.3 288.3 328.8 344.2 378.5 (6/2/90) (17/2/89) (15/2/83) (26/10/71) F7-SE 100 Share 2325.9 2313.8 2298.3 2283.2 2288.9 2042.9 2463.7 1782.8 2463.7 986.9 (3/1/90) (3/1/89) (3/1/90) (23/7/84) Ord, Div. Yield Earning Yid %(full) P/E Ratio(Nex)(4) 4.73 11.44 10.58 4.70 11.45 10.57 4.71 11.38 10.63 Basis 100 Govt. Secs 15/10/25, Fixed Int. 1928 11.48 10.54 10.79 11.26 Ordinary 1/7/35, Gold mines, 12/9/55, Sesis 1000 FT-SE 100 31/12/83, & NII 10.62 11.43 10.59 SEAO Bargains(5pm) Equity Turnover(2m)† Equity Bargains† Shares Traded (ml)† 27,485 25,443 1026,85 24,198 817,29 24,025 774.41 24,590 23,255 658,44 1491,67 GILT EDGED ACTIVITY Gilt Edged Bargains 90.7 25,219 524.8 Ordinary Share index, Hourly changes Day's High 1842.7 Day's Low 1833.1 "SE Activity 1974. †Excluding intra-market business & Oversees turnover. Calculation of the FT Indices of daily Equity Bargains and Equity Value and of the five-day averages of Equity Bargains and Equity Value, was discontinued on July 31. Closing values for July 23 available on request. Open 10 a.m. 11 a.m. 12 p.m. 1835.8 1834.5 1837.2 1838.2 1 p.m. 2 p.m. 3 p.m. 4 p.m. 1838.3 1834.8 FT-SE, Hourly changes Day's High 2334.4 Day's Low 2319.6 Open 2322.1 2321.0 2325.7 2327.9 1 p.m. 2323.1 2329.5 2324.9 TRADING VOLUME IN MAJOR STOCKS

FINANCIAL TIMES STOCK INDICES

Action in the drug sector

Two pharmaceutical sector leaders, Glaxo and Pisons, were among the day's best per-forming FT-SE 100 stocks. The former continued Thursday's good run on the back of a Kleinwort Benson recommendation.

Glaxo shares got a further boost yesterday from the publication of letters in The Lances, the UK medical journal, in which Glaxo and two other companies, Merck and Astra, disagreed over the safety of Losec, the Astra product, which is a potential rival to Zantac, the world's best selling drug and the source of half Claxo's profits. Analysts were unwilling to pronounce on the debate, but pointed out that even the possibility of difficulties for Losec was good for Glaxo. The shares peaked at 749p before settling at 743p, up 11 on on the day as 3.8m shares

changed hands.
Fisons' performance reflected the efforts of several brokers to publicise the company's performance in the US. "Fisons' December sales figures in dollar terms are up 40%," explained Mr Robin Gilbert of James Capel. The shares added 6 at 336p on a steady 3m turnover.

Mixed views on BP

BP continued to attract a good two-way business after fourth quarter figures on Thursday. The shares edged up 2 more to 348% on turnover of 8.5m, having touched 351p at one point, and showed a rise of

7 over the week. Specialists said sentiment towards BP remained positive and had been reinforced by comments from Sir Peter Walters, the soon to retire chair-man, predicting that crude oil s would reach \$25 a barrel by 1996.

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STLC. ISSUES (3) African Dav. 8t. 11-3pc
2010, Auton Dav. Sk. 10-4pc 2009, Europeán
lev. St., 11-pc 2002, FOREIGN SONDS (1) BZW, whose oil team recently issued a note forecasting that oil prices will reach \$28 a barrel in the midnineties continued to rate the shares a buy, labelling them as "the best play on the upward pressures on oil prices in the

But other brokers were more cautious. County NatWest said the stock "looks expensive rel-ative to the market," while Nomura said "a prospective multiple of 3.5 times 1990 carnings is too expensive for a stock which will be hindered by sluggish mainstream busiss performance over the current year." Hoare Govett said the share rated a "hold" but added that a change in sentiment regarding the oil sector was anticipated at some stage when the negative influences at work are taken on board by the investment community. Kitcat & Aitken said BP "are resting on their yield of 6.2 per cent prospective - we would like to buy nearer 7 per cent,

FKI profit warning

FKI weakened in heavy trade of 10m shares as the con pany gave a profits warning. The shares fell 2 to 585, the lowest level since FKI was demerged from Babcock last year. The company said profits for the year to March 1990 would be 20 per cent below the £68.8m made last year. It blamed a disappointing second-half trading performance in its North American busi-

Severe market conditions in the automotive industry and a softening in demand in other operational areas were cited as further problems.

Following the announcement, Mr Jim Ross, electricals analyst at James Capel, cut his current year forecast to £55m and that for next year to £59m. The profits warning, he said, had been widely discounted. but he expected the shares to be weak relative to the market until there were signs that the management's recovery programme was showing progress. Stores continued the previous day's improved form with rises across the board. S.G. Warburg published a bullish circular on the sector. Its theme was that although life is

still tough on the shop floor, management was managing its way through the difficulties in the short term, and that falling base rates would help in the

Mr Tim Kirkwood at War-

NEW Highes (27). AMERICANS (1) Ploor Corp., CANADENIES (1) Varity Corp., BARRISES Schröders, Co.

orders for stainless steel, the downward trend in which had

been largely responsible for the earlier decline in nickel demand. A knock-on effect of

that, he adds, has been a sharp fall in US exports to Europe of

stainless steel scrap, an impor-tant source of secondary nickel, which has led to a scramble by consumers to

cover supply requirements. But Mr Lennon sees this

scramble as a short-term factor—"on paper," he says, "the market should be well oversup-

plied this year." Even after the announcement of a series of

production curbs by smelters he still expects pickel supply to outstrip consumption by about

The LME copper market pro-vided an illustration this week

burg put Marks and Speacer, up 3 at 211p, at the top of his buy list, adding that if the sector began to rise strongly he would additionally recommend recovery stocks. He was also bullish on Burton, whose share price has suffered from publicity on the company's high exposure to the inoperty mar-ket. "The strains are largely discounted in the price," said Mr Kirkwood. Burton climbed

8 to 191p. The water stocks, although mixed and tending to close below their best, nevertheless attracted heavy trading again, with dealers noting a number of short positions in the market. "There has been an element of panic buying in a cou-ple of the stocks," said one

The Water Package rose to 21755 before closing a net 22 higher at £1745. Severn Trent added 4½ more 157½p on 3.7m while North West rose 4 to 170p on 2m and Thames the same amount to 169%p on 3.5m. South West Water, which sailed through the 200p mark on Thursday, progressed fur-ther to touch 208p before ending the session a net 2 higher at 202p.

Mr Christopher Murphy of Shearson Lehman Hutton said the sector "remains very attractive," and described it as the most secure in the UK market." But he recommended clients to switch out of Southern Water (up 3 at 167p), saying the resignation of the managing director was "worrying," and into South West, "yielding 6.9 per cent," or Severn Trent, "vastly underrated," according

to Mr Murphy.

US buying helped British Airways firm 4½ to 199½p, while RAA retreated 4 to 382p as profit-taking developed after the previous day's sharp rise on the news that the Office of

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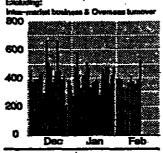
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763 556 1,622 2,963 2,880 7,848

On the week

1200 1150 1100

Equity Shares Traded Turnover by volume (million) Excluding:



Fair Trading would not refer the company to the Monopolies and Mergers Commission. A ruling in a French court that Eurotannel had to give TML, the consortium building

the Channel tunnel, £62m in unpaid fees left the shares another 20 lower at 553p. Euro-tunnel fell 73 on the week, undermined by a public row over the role of Mr Alastair Morton, the joint chairman. Mr Clive Anderson at Kitcat & Aitken took a cautiously positive view, saying "The court decision is a symptom of the per-sonality clash in the relation-ship between Eurotunnel and TML It is a problem that can be solved."

Grand Metropolitan firmed 5 to 597p on news that the com-pany was to sell the leases of 220 pubs to Control Securities

Standard Chartered, one of the market's longest-running so-called takeover targets advanced 10 more to 615p with dealers noting persistent demand from the Far East.

GEC were a vulnerable mar-ket, closing 4% off at 217% on ket, closing 4% off at 217% on turnover of 9m, despite what was described by the host, Smith New Court, as a positive lunch. GEC was said to have been particularly enthusiastic over the merger with Alsthom, which has resulted in a huge order book Mr Mire Styles of order book. Mr Mike Styles of Smith said GEC offered "good earnings per share growth and a solid dividend yield. Other analysts remain concerned over the performance of some of the Plessey businesses

acquired last year. Bennett & Fountain moved up 4 to 33p following a buy recommendation issued by UBS Phillips & Drew. Mr Nizam Hamid at UBS said the company was poised to return to profif in the current year, anticipated further disposals to

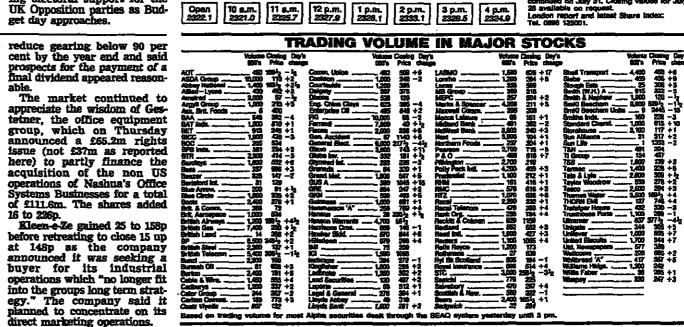
reduce gearing below 90 per cent by the year end and said prospects for the payment of a

egy." The company said it planned to concentrate on its direct marketing operations.

Shares in USM-listed Just Rubber raced forward 63 to 135p on the announcement of an agreed bid from Scapa, the Blackburn-based specialist paper and fabrics group. The offer values Just rubber at £10.5m though there was talk in the market that Scapa. slightly easier at 153p, may have payed too much for the

company. Christies International, the auction house, was once again a firm market, adding 5 to 329p on continued speculation that Aska International, the Japanese art gallery with a 6.4 per cent stake in Christies, would soon make a bid. However, an analyst said: "Td be surprised about a Japanese company going into a business in which it has no expertise."

Defence worries continued to plague Smith Industries and the shares gave up another 3 to 228p. County Natwest, which recently issued a positive 43 page review on the company, believes: "The poor perfor-



Based on tracing vot mance of the shares over the last twelve months can be largely attributed to concern about the outlook for defence spending. We believe that the falls have been overdone as there is unlikely to be a signifi-cant reduction in conventional forces until the mid 1990s." This, County says, should give Smith Industries enough time to seek out new growth areas. Camford Engineering Were wanted and the shares gained 27 to 243p as talk of a bid from

Markheath Securities which holds a stake of some 29 per Takeover speculation continued to boost Asda following a report that Metro, a Swiss food group, was to play an impor-tant role in a bid involving Canada's Belzberg brothers. The report said that Metro was

interested in becoming a major UK operator, though it did not specify what its role in any bid would be.

Analysts were largely scepti-cal of the idea that a bid for

ued to buy stock. Mr Carl Asda could soon be launched. Short of Kitcat said UB had "It can't be totally ruled out. But I tend to believe it is unlikely. The business has got problems. And the difficulties in the junk bond market may make financing a problem," said one. In the traded options market Asda was the second busiest stock, turning over the equivalent of 1.9m shares. Asda finished 2 higher at 113p

on volume of 10m.

Kwik Save gained 3 to 547p despite talk or a profits downgrading by S. G. Warburg for 1990 from £92m to £87m. Warburg analysis were unwilling to comment. However, dealers said Warburg appeared to catching up with other down-gradings. Mr Andrew Fowler of Charterhouse Tilney met Kwik Save on Thursday and said he would be sticking to his £90m forecast. "The cost pressures which held back profits in the first half will begin to fade in the second," he said.

United Biscuits added 7 to

344p as Kitcat & Aifken contin-

underperformed the market and had good growth prespects this year. Unigate gained 5 to 305p on scattered speculation that Mr Larry Goodman, the Irish businessman, had picked up 1m shares. Priest Marians rose 13 to

278p after Grovewood Securities announced on Thurday that it had taken a 13.8 per cent stake. After the market closed, it was announced that Grovewood had approached Priest Marians and might make an offer. LASMO, after strong support

from one securities house, set-tled 17 higher at 6280 on turnover of 1.5m while Shell, reporting fourth quarter fig-ures on Wednesday, improved 8 to 488p on 4.5m.

Other Market statistics, including the FT-Actuaries share index Page 9; recent issues (including the water issue stocks), Page 8.

LEADERS AND LAGGARDS

Percentage changes since December 29 1989 based on

er+	4.81	Brewers and Distillers	4.84
kaging & Paper , +	3.44	Motors	5.20
chant Banks+	3.39	Consumer Group	5.23
ncies+	2.39	Gold Mines Index	5.44
tronics +	0.12	Leisure	5.51
ephone Networks	0.38	Contracting Construction	6.08
d Retailing =	0.38	Property	6.09
	1.00	Investment Trusts	6.24
giomerates	1.06	Capital Goods	6.25
& Gas	1.07	Insurance(Brokers)	6.61
als & Metal Forming	1.22	Insurance(Life)	8.88
		TIBLIEU COLLIE)	
er Groups	1.63	Food Manufacturing	7.07
ks	2.86	Publishing & Printing	7.13
ties =	3.68	Electricale	7.59
nsport	3.85	Building Materials	7.94
micels	3.91	Insurance(Composite)	8.49
Share Index	3.97	Health & Household Products -	9.21
Share Index	4.18	Other Industrial Materials	9.96
ingering-General	4.35	Engineering-Aerospace	11.69
strial Group	4.38	Overseas Traders	12.25
notel Group	4.78	CA613000 1180012 "	الجيجا

Commercial director for

Vickers Defence Systems

		Сопрол	Red Date	Price	Change	Yjeki	Week age	Mont
UK GILTS		10.000	4/93	93-23	-6/32	12.45	12.29	12.24
		10.500	5/99	95-19	-15/32	11.45	11.32	11.18
		9.000	10/08	87-18	-19/32	10.53	10.38	10.21
US TREAS	URY	8.500	02/00	100-16	-1/32	0.00	0.00	0.60
		8.500	02/20	100-13	+2/32	0.00	0.00	0.00
JAPAN	No 119	4.800	6/99	88.3992	-0.196	6.84	6.66	8.64
	No 2	5,700	3/07	94.8281	-0.311	6.33	6.30	8.47
GERMANY	,	7.125	12/99	90.2500	-0.480	8.63	8,44	7.60
FRANCE	BTAN	8.00C	10/94	89.9957	-0.152	10.82	10.49	10.17
	CAT	8.125	5/99	87.7200	-0.580	10.22	8.94	9.51
CANADA '		9.250	12/99	93.0500	+0.050	10.39	10.05	9.82
NETHERLA	NDS	7.500	11/99	90.6300	-0.190	8.98	8.57	8,12
AUSTRALI	A	12.000	7/99	93.6830	-0.202	13.18	12.87	12.98

RENCHMARK GOVERNMENT BONDS

Technical DetaiATLAS Price S

COMMODITIES

RISES AND FALLS

On Friday

NEW HIGHS AND LOWS FOR 1989/90

WEEK IN THE MARKETS

Analysts cautious on nickel rise

IN RECENT years the London Metal Exchange rickel market has become a byword for vola-tility, the 1983 price surge from \$3,000 to \$22,000 a tonne being followed by an extatic decline to January's low of \$5,887.50. So, with weekly changes still regularly exceeding \$400 a tonne, analysts are understandably wary of hailing any price spike, however impressive, as the end of the long bear trend. bear trend.
Their restraint has been

severely tested by this week's \$1,487.50 rise to \$7,837.50 a tonne in the LME cash price but most are still on the side of

"The fact of the matter is that there will be a big surplus of nickel this year," says Mr John Harris of London broker Rudolf Wolff. Some consumers have come back to the market to rebuild stocks a little earlier than expected, he explains, and this has prompted "a lot of panic-buying." But he expects that the market will "come to its senses in a couple of weeks" and settle a little below current

Mr Jim Lennon of Shearson Lehman Hutton is not so sure. A few weeks ago he was still a convinced bear, but now he admits to taking a slightly more "agnostic" view. He points to an upturn in US

of the fact that a price rise can be more impressive if there is no apparent reason for it. Apart for a continued drawdown from LME warehouse stocks, which last week reached a 15-week low, there was little fundamental news to £75.50 rise to £1,435 a tonne. So. the rise was interpreted by

49,000 formes this year.

many traders as confirmation

that the earlier bear trend was

closing level but breach of that resistance could signal a fur-ther £65-a-tonne rise, the traders said. Aluminium also made good

ground, helped by the by the International Primary Aluminium Institute's announcement of an unexpected fall in non-communist world stocks of the metal in the final quarter of last year. After Far Eastern buying had pushed the three months delivery price through resistance at \$1,500 a tonne yesterday the cash price closed at \$1,507 a torme, up \$67 on the

Traders warned, however, that a sustained rise was not to be expected as consumer demand was still thin and LME stocks were relatively high, having doubled over the past 10 weeks to 93,150 tonnes. Last week's 6,675-tonne stocks rise had pushed the cash price down to \$1,418 a tonne at Tuesday's close.

A bigger-than-expected rise in LME stocks also weighed down the zinc market early in account for the cash price's the week, but a surge of charthased speculative buying yes-terday left the cash price \$43 up on balance at \$1,438 a

The market was being the exchange's lead stocks, to a restrained by chart resistance a few pounds above last wight's a few pounds above last night's much response, and the cash

on the week at £447 a tonne, after see-sawing between £444 and £449 a tonne.

Tin's continuing bearish fun-damentals pushed the cash LME price down to \$6,150 a tonne on Thursday but the price rallied with the other metals yesterday to end the week at \$5,220 a tonne, down \$90 on balance. The coffee market weathered

the disappearance of two bull-ish factors before ending the week well ahead.

Rain in Brazil eased fears of drought damage to the coffee crop and yesterday it appeared that a threatened dock workers' strike there had been averted. In addition President Bush's statement on leaving drugs talks in Colombia that the US would work towards creating a new coffee pact, while warning that the country's consumers did not want to pay higher prices was not thought, overall, to be encouraging.

Nevertheless, renewed strength on the New York market enabled the London robusta futures market to recoup early losses yesterday and finish with the May position £13 up at £620 a tonne, a gain of £29 on the week. Richard Mooney

SYSTEMS has appointed Mr John Crowther (pictured) as commercial director. He joins

from British Aerospace where he has been an executive

director since 1986.

In his new post he will be responsible for contracts and procurement at both the Armstrong Works in Newcastle, and the Barnbow Works in Leeds. The company is a division of Vickers.

Mr Don S. Passey has been appointed construction director of BEECH CONSTRUCTION, Deeside. He was construction manager.

■ Mr Hans-Jürgen Queisser has been appointed managing director of BURNS FRY INTERNATIONAL INC, London. He was resident director of the Geneva office. Mr Roger Graham becomes equity sales manager. The parent company is a Canadian equity dealer.

■ Mr R.O. Done has been appointed director of AMTAC

DEFENCE LABORATORIES quality management services, based at Altrincham.

> ■ Mr David Muir has been appointed director of sales and marketing at MICROVITEC, Bradford.

Mr Nigel Day has been appointed director and general manager at TELEMOTIVE UK, a member of Davy Corporation's services division.

LAMBERT HOWARTH GROUP has appointed Mr Roger Rowland as a director. He will succeed the present chairman, Mr Michael Jourdan, who intends to retire after the annual meeting in April. Mr Alun Evans, group financial controller, has been appointed group financial

At TUSKAR RESOURCES Mr Ian J. Cooling has been approinted to the board of directors of the holding company subsidiary Tuskar International. He is responsible for new ventures and negotiations. Mr Cooling was managing director of a British oil and gas consultancy.

■ The OLDWAY PROPERTY GROUP has appointed Mr Geoffrey Davies as its finance director and deputy chief executive. He joins from Spicer and Oppenheim, where he was the partner responsible for auditing in the firm's business services department in the Cardiff office.

■ Mr John Bygate has been made managing director of the DOCKLANDS LIGHT RAILWAY. He was general

manager (railway extensions) of the Hong Kong Mass Transit

APPOINTMENTS

■ Mr Barrie Smith, formerly a senior manager at Lombard North Central in the City of London, has become general manager-leasing at NIKKO

■ LANDIS & GYR

COMMUNICATIONS (UK) has appointed Mr David McCormack as director of business development. He joins from GPT's pay phone division where he was director of sales. Landis & Gyr Building Control (UK) has appointed Mr Matt Shields as director of human resources. He was personnel resources. He was personnel director at Satchwell Control

■ NENPLAS EXTRUDING CO, a McKechnie Group company, has appointed Mr Alan M. Emery as managing director. He moves to the Ashbourne, Derbyshire, company from financial director at sister company Harrison Drape.



PHILIPS has appointed Mr John Hawkins (above) as managing director of its business systems company. He was sales and marketing

■ PARRISH STOCKBROKERS has appointed the following as directors: Mr Rupert Baron, Mr Jeremy Harris-St John, Mrs Maria Jordan, Miss Maria Neary, and Mr Peter Sich.

■ CHESCOR has appointed Mr Robert Adatr as an executive director to specialise in corporate finance. He is chairman of Terrace Hill Group and managing director-finance of Trinity

AMEC sector chairmen

AMEC has appointed as sector chairmen: Mr Malcolm Hawe, housing and property; Mr Mike Kersey, mechanical and electrical; Mr Bill Dale, sector chairman and chief executive for AUST-AMEC (Australian operations); and Mr David Beardsmore, sector chairman and chief executive for AMEC Holdings, Inc (US operations).

■ Mr Michael Gatenby, vice chairman of Charterbouse Bank, has been appointed a director of CHARTERHOUSE, part of the Royal Bank of Scotland Group.

■ Mr Greg G. Porter has been appointed commercial director of RS COMPONENTS, a

subsidiary of Electrocomponents. He joins from Nabisco (U.K.).

■ CORPORATE RISK, independent insurance broker, has appointed Mr Bernard Dunn as finance director. He was regional development director for Bowring in Scotland, Mr John S. Elder joins as a director of Corporate Pensions and Financial Services. He was with Stirling Hendry Financial Services.

● Current Unit Trust Prices are available on FT Cityline. To obtain your free Unit Trust Code Booklet ring the FT Cityline help desk on 01-925-2128

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Better trade data fail to cause excitement for Dow

Wall Street

BETTER-than-expected trade figures and signs of a further slowdown in the US manufacturing and consumer sectors tailed to cause excitement on Wall Street yesterday, writes Anatole Kaletsky in New York.
The Dow Jones Industrial

Average opened higher but then drifted throughout the morning. At 2 pm it stood at 2,654.05, up 4.50 points from its overnight close. The Dow rose 25.23 points on Thursday. Volume was moderate, with 102m shares changing hands by early afternoon and gains outearly afternoon and gains outnumbered declining shares by about four to three.

The main news of the day came before the opening bell, with the official announcements of December trade fig-ures and January capacity util-isation and industrial production. All of the figures were outside the range of mar-ket expectations and pointed in the same direction — towards an economy which was slowing abruptly, at least during

the early winter months. However, analysts refused to read too much into any of the statistics, arguing that weather and other distortions made accurate interpretations almost

The trade figures showed the US trade deficit falling sharply in December to \$7.17bn from a revised \$10.29hn in November. The Wall Street consensus for the December deficit had been \$9.1bn Industrial production fell by 1.2 per cent in January and capacity utilisation declined to 81.9 per cent, from 83.1 per cent the month before. The bond market shrugged aside the indications of a weaker-than-expected econ-

omy, partly because of doubts about the accuracy of the sta-tistics and partly because of continuing concerns about the extremely rapid rise in interest rates abroad. The Treasury's long bond was unchanged at lunchtime at 100%, a price at which it yielded 8.45 per cent. In the stock market, most of the blue chips were narrowly mixed, with little evidence of strong sectoral leadership.
IBM rose by \$% to \$104%, while Digital Equipment fell \$% to \$76%. Among the indus-

Among the busiest individual issues was Hewlett-Packard, which fell \$1% to \$45% after reporting disappointing results. Its net income in the latest fiscal quarter fell by

trial leaders, General Motors traded at \$44, giving back \$% of its big gains on Thursday, while General Electric rose \$% **SOUTH AFRICA**

GOLD shares closed mixed and the rest of the Johannesburg market also drifted in nervous trading after Thursday's par-tial raily from recent lows.

more than 10 per cent. Castle & Cooke jumped by \$3% to \$34% as the market

reacted to an announcement

late on Thursday that the big

food processing company would spin off its Dole fruit

operations to shareholders as a

separate company.
Global Marine rose \$1/4 to \$6

in heavy trading after Norsk Viking Olje of Norway announced that it had a 5 per

INVESTORS waited on the

sidelines in Toronto for the

result of the Japanese elections and the Canadian federal bud-

get. Stocks were mixed in slug-

to 3,741.3 on volume of 13.4m shares. Declines led advances

Echo Bay Mines dropped C32% to C\$20% following an

analysts' meeting at which the

company announced a loss in fourth quarter earnings.

The composite index rose 8.6

Canada

gish trade.

Drug companies find a formula for success

Jacqueline Moore examines the promise and pitfalls of a sector driven by stories

MERICA is proving a powerful lure for powerful lure was Europe's pharmaceutical businesses, as companies and stock market investors alike recognise the need to be in the biggest market in the world for drug products. This can be an expensive business. The Swiss-based Hoffmann-La Roche closed a

deal to acquire the US blotechnology company, Genentech, earlier this month and BNP Securities calculates that the acquisition will dilute Roche's net earnings by 7 per cent in 1990 and 4 per cent in 1991. On the Monday after the deal, Roche's Genusscheine, which are non-voting shares favoured by foreign investors, rose SFr65 to SFr3,765, reaching

SF13,870 yesterday. Mr Ian Broadhurst, bealth-

care analyst at BNP Securities, says that, on balance, the move looks encouraging for Roche. "If it positively surprises on [1989] earnings and can make the acquisition work, then the net benefit can more than compensate for the dilution." Corporate deals are not the only driving force hehind the pharmaceutical sector. Investors rush into drugs when the economic outlook seems weak, because pharmaceutical com-pany profits are less vulnerable to cyclical downturns. Peo-

ple do not stop being ill in the

lean years, so demand for med-

icines and drugs remain high.

stocks with their local market indices in Switzerland, the UK and the US, broker James Capel says: "It can be seen that in all cases, the sector outperforms the market during periods of slow corporate growth."

The most dramatic growth in pharmaceutical share prices, however, usually comes on new drug developments. "The sector is story-driven," says Ms Susan Haylock, pharmaceuticals analyst at brokers BZW, who explains that a hint of a new drug or approval for an existing product can send a

price soaring.
Shares of European compa-nies are not as prone to sudden surges as those of UK groups such as Glaxo, because most continental businesses have

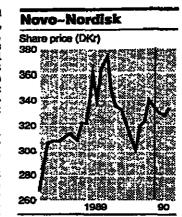
to Y3,160 and Yamaichi rose

Y30 to Y1,750.

interests in other sectors, such as agrochemicals. However, the Swedish company, Astra, described by Ms Haylock as "the purest pharmaceutical play on the Continent," has surged 118 per cent since the start of 1989, closing up SKr5 at SKr405 yesterday. This fol-lowed the introduction last year of its ulcer drug, Losec -currently the subject of a debate with Glaxo over side-effects - into the UK, US, French and German markets.

The typical pattern for a pharmaceutical share is a surge before, and at the time 150 of, the launch of a drug, followed by underperformance for about a year before the earn-Comparing pharmaceutical ings growth from the new product shows on the bottom line. "People find they are holding stock for a year or two with a very high price/earnings ratio; worries set in that the drug's potential is not as good as expected," says Ms Haylock. Not all drug companies are thought to have rosy prospects. Those with older product ranges face increasing generic competition as patents expire. There are analysis, too, who believe that the current prefer-ence for pharmaceutical shares

over the more cyclical chemi-cal stocks could be overdone. "There is the risk that the low p/e and cash flow multiples of cyclical businesses cur-rently discount a more dra-



and that the growth [pharma-ceutical] businesses are commanding a higher p/e premium
... than is justified," says
Shearson Lehmann Hutton in
its latest Pharmabulletin. In addition, the drug business is expected to become tougher over the next decade,

1989

as it faces higher research and development expenditure. increased marketing costs and lower retail prices in the face of greater competition. The need for European pharmaceu-tical companies to find a broader market for their products will become ever more

pressing.
Some are paying for their experience. The French chemicals group, Rhône-Poulenc, recently announced the pro-posed acquisition of Rorer, the

Its share price fell after the announcement, amid worries about how it would finance the deal However, analysts believe the deal could be a good, long-term, fundamental move. enhancing the French group's pharmaceutical and US expo-

in parallel with US moves, European deals are being struck with the Japanese phar-Roche and Dainippon; and between Sanofi of France and Daiichi; while Schering of West Germany is also expected to see a strong increase in sales from a possible launch of its oral contraceptives in Japan in

Corporate deals within Europe are also on the se. Novo-Nordisk of Denmark has just completed its first year as a combined company. Nikko Securities expects it to achieve steady profits growth – better than the Dan-ish corporate average – this year: "The merger (of Novo) with Nordisk potentially cre-ates a powerful force in the insulin market," it maintains. Analysts say that Novo-Nor-disk has been at an excessive discount to the Copenhagen market since March last year.

Yesterday it closed at DKr332 a 24 per cent rise since the start of 1989, compared with a gain of 37 per cent in the bourse index.

Foreign investors return to a buoyant Frankfurt

FOREIGNERS FLOCKED back to Frankfurt yesterday and other bourses also took heart FFr53.50; news that contractor in a vigorous session, writes Our Markets Staff.

FRANKFURT advanced for a second day after its recent period of consolidation, as for-eign investors returned to the market and traders squared positions taken earlier, when interest rate worries were to

Equities were not affected by the continued depression of domestic bonds. The DAX index advanced 42.68, or 2.3 per cent, to 1,893.66, after a midsession gain of 18.73, or 2.4 per cent, in the FAZ. Both indices were fractionally better on the

Sector preferences favoured recent laggards. The big chemical groups, back-markers for a long time, were strong as BASF put on DM8.50 to DB6312, Bayer DM10.50 to DM317.50 and Hoechst DM19, or 6.3 per cent, to DM319. Some dealers pointed to the prospects of bet-ter dividends for 1989.

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The banking sector, after its specific interest rate worries, saw Deutsche Bank up DM20.50 at DM224.50 and Com-merzbank DM10.20 at DM310.70. Retailers were broadly higher after a fortnight of general weakness, with Horten rising DM16 to DM220, Karstadt DM19 to DM669 and Kauthof DM17 to DM667.

Volume rebounded on the day from DM6.3bn to DM11.4bn. Veba topped the individual list again in turnover of DM1.5bm, its shares rising a relatively modest DM6.30

PARIS also ignored another slump in the domestic bond market, encouraged by news of the better-than-expected US December trade figures. The CAC 40 index gained

14.26 to 1,871.12, reducing its decline over the week to 1.4 per cent. Turnover was estimated at FFr2.5bn, up on Thursday's

Among losers on the day, Eurotunnel fell FFrs.40 to Transmanche Link had won its court claim for FF1600m was anticipated during the session, although the judgment came after the close. Compagnie Bancaire, which has predicted a difficult year ahead, lost FFr40 to FFr502

LVMH, the drinks, luxury goods and luggage company, gained FFr110 to FFr4.850, after hitting FFr4.935. There was speculation that the Vuitton family, which holds a minority stake in LVMH, might throw in the towel in the battle for control of the company after news that the Vuittons had taken over Lanvin, the fashion and perfume business. Midland Bank SA, which sold its 95 per cent stake in Lanvin, gained FF16.50 to FF1176.50. The company will be split between the Vuitton family's Orcoft holding company and L'Oreal, which

rose FFT19 to FFT4.469.

Perrier continued to recompound of the ground lost this week, adding FFr31 to FF11,533.

AMSTERDAM edged higher, supported by a timer local bond market, with the CBS tendency index rising 0.4 to 110.3. The market was almost unchanged over the week.
Heineken declined by 30 cents to F1110.7; news that the company had failed to win an injunction against strikes at two of its plants came after the market closed. Oce van der Grinten, the office automation company, rose F18 to F1286 after it reported an II per cent

gain is 1989 profits.

MILAN began the new account in confident fashion, with the Comit index rising 9.83 to 675.94, up 0.6 per cent on

the week. Fiat was reported to be buy-ing back its stock again, as the shares rose Li45 to Li0,180. Banks fared well, partly on news that a draft law to transform Italy's state-owned banks

into joint stock companies has been placed on Parliament's agenda for next week.

ZURICH ran into very active

trading, with banking Issues pacing the Credit Suisse Index, which rose 4.8 to 616.4 for a 0.2 per cent rise on the week. Hopes that leading banks will produce dividend increases for 1989 pulled the sector up, with Union Bank setting the pace at SFrs.065, up SFr55. BRUSSELS firmed in bar-

gain-hunting at the end of an otherwise bearish week. The cash market index rose 79.92 to 5,890.58, leaving it 3.5 per cent lower over the week.

Groupe Bruxelles Lambert, which on Wednesday wrote off its stake in Drexel, gained BFri30 to BFr4120. GBL was heiped by the amouncement that Belcoff, the Flemish investment group, had taken a stake of more than 10 per cent. STOCKHOLM recovered from sharp early losses after the three-week bank workers' strike was settled. The Affars-världen General index rose 18.3 to 1,1748, a 5 per cent fall on the week. Turnover eased from SKr158 to SKr139m.

Prices fell sharply earlier in the week as the country's polit-ical crisis deepened, culminat-ing in the Government's resig-nation on Thursday after the defeat of its austerity package in Parliament.

in Parliament.
OSLO reached a record high in heavy trading with support from good corporate prospects and higher oil prices. The all-share index rose 12 to 618.85. up 2 per cent on the week and 15 per cent so far this year. Turnover was NKr780m. **HELSINKI** firmed in quiet trade. The Unitas all-share index rose 22 to 658.7 for a I per cent fall since the previous Friday. More than 600,000 Ran-ma-Repola free shares were traded in two large deals, clos-ing FMI higher at FM46. MADRID was little changed.

saw gains after news that they would post record profits: Nomura Securities gained Y50 with the general index up 0.50

ASIA PACIFIC

Japan loses nerve in session before elections

High-technology issues and railways were in demand in Osaka, where the OSE average THE JAPANESE market lost its nerve yesterday, ahead of tomorrow's national elections. climbed 122.09 to 38,697.79. Vol-After initial support from ume slipped to 57.9m from index buying and New York's overnight rise, share prices closed slightly lower, writes Michigo Nakamoto in Tokyo. The Nikkei index moved between a high of 37,673.50 and a low of 37,405.47 before closing 11.67 lower at 37,460.32, up 0.5 per cent on the week. Gains led

ses by 482 to 448 with 195 Volume remained thin at 520m shares, against 513m on Thursday. The Topix index of all listed stocks gained 3.84 to 2,746.05 and, in London, the E/Nikkei 50 Index rose 2.21 to

2.040.28 "There was much less activity than I expected," said Mr Yusuke Fuliwara at Baring Securities. With the polls hadicating the rolling party has a good chance of retaining its majority, equities might have taken a more positive stance. The chances for a quick, complete recovery do not look good, said Mr Fujiwara. While

prices have fallen to low levels, this has not prompted much bargain-hunting. Special situations attracted some attention. Tekken Construction, the medium-sized construction company which has been emphasising its rail-road construction interests.

was third in volume with 11.8m shares and rose Y90 to Y1,860. Tekken has allocated a substantial amount of new shares to East Japan Railway, a comto East Japan Ranway, a com-pany likely to be listed in 1991. It is also building up its busi-ness in high-rise building con-struction and magnetic levita-

tion linear motor car systems.
The market's sensitivity to
bad news showed, as Canon fell Y100 to Y1,710 in active trading after it announced lower earnings projections Leading securities houses

62.3m on Thursday. Nintendo, the maker of video games which has been rising on the strength of its sales, encountered profit-taking and fell Y500 to Y17,700. Roundup HONG KONG resumed its

unward path after a period of consolidation at the start of the week, while other Asia Pacific markets, particularly Singa-pore, were preoccupied by lead-

BRITISH FUNDS

"Shorts" (Lives up to Five Years)

Price | + or | Yeld | 1989/90 | £ - | Int. | Red. | High Law

HONG KONG rose strongly, although profit-taking tipped shares off their highs. The Hang Seng index closed 29.21 up at 2,939.25, after an early rise of 59 points; the index gained 1.6 per cent over the week. Turnover grew to HK\$1.6bn from HK\$1.2bn.

Wall Street's overnight rise huying by institutions and the agreement between the UK and China on the pace of develop-ment of democracy in the col-ony all fuelled the rally.

SINGAPORE rose in moderately busy trading encouraged by gains on Wall Street and in Tokyo. The optimistic mood was tempered, however, by caution before tomorrow's Jap-

The Straits Times Industrial index gained 5.42 to 1.584.77, — a similar level to the previous Friday's close — in volume of 148m shares worth \$\$289m. AUSTRALIA edged higher as

investors moved to the sidelines with the announcement of a general election on March 24. The All Ordinaries index rose 2.9 to 1,641.4, to register a 0.6 per rise on the week.
With leading institutions out
of the market, turnover shrank
to 75m shares worth A\$152m.

Western Mining, the resources group, continued to weaken after Thursday's announcement of poor profits. It eased 16 cents to A\$5.66. Bougainville Copper, the min-

Stack | Price |+ or | Whild | 1989/90 |

ing company, shed 10 cents to A\$1.05 on 2m shares as investors re-rated the stock.
TAIWAN suffered a sharp 3.1

per cent fall as confidence was damaged by uncertainty over the forthcoming presidential election. The weighted index, which shed 205.88 on Thursday, fell a further 366.53 to finish at 11,659.50, the lowest level since January 19 and a 6 per cent fall during the week. KUALA LUMPUR rose to an all-time high on sustained bargain hunting. The composite index rose 4 to 614.37. MANILA crept higher in thin trade in

spite of this week's military

alert and fears of another coup

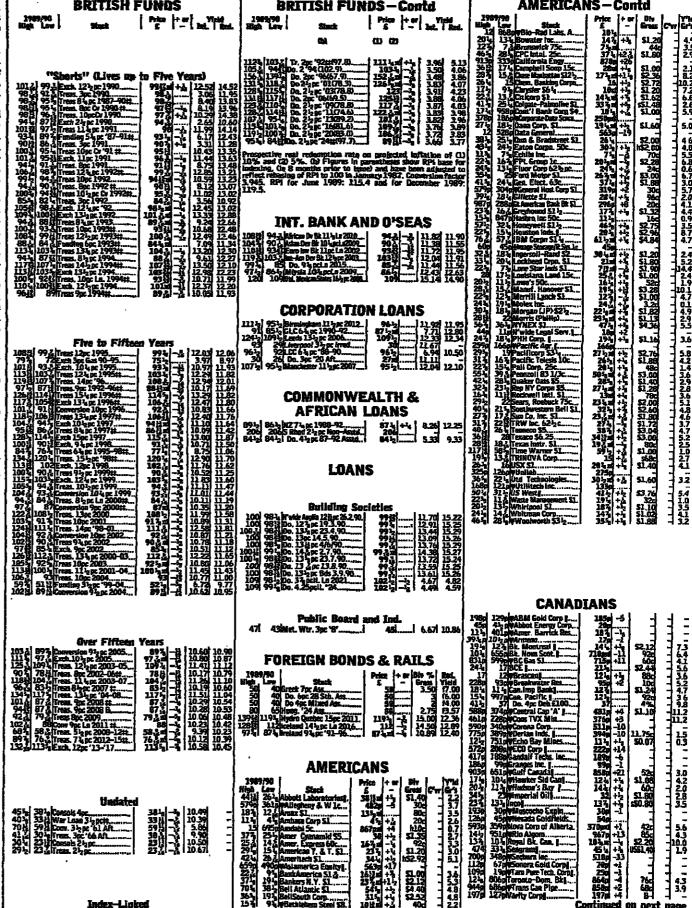
attempt. The composite index

put on 5.87 to 1,040.35.

AMERICANS - Contd

LONDON SHARE SERVICE

BRITISH FUNDS - Contd



FT-ACTUARIES WORLD INDICES

Jointly compiled by The Financial Times Limited, Goldman, Sachs & Co., and County NatWest/Wood Mackenzie in conjunction with the Institute of Actuaries and the Faculty of Actuaries

NATIONAL AND REGIONAL MARKETS _		THUR	SDAY FEBI	RUARY 15	1990		WEDNESDA	Y FEBRUAR	Y 14 1990	DOI	LLAR INDE	<u>* </u>
Figures in parentheses show number of stocks per grouping	US Dollar Index	Day's Change	Pound Sterling Index	Local Currency Index	Day's change % local currency	Gross Div. Yield	US Dollar Index	Pound Starting Index	Local Currency Index	1969/90 High	1989/90 Low	Year ago (approx)
Australia (84)	143.34	+1.1	125.48	126.99	+0.2	5.34	141.82	123.94	126,78	160.41	128.28	137,78
Austria (19)	251.26	+1.2	219.96	219.39	+ 1.7	1.21	248,27	216.97	215.73	251.26	92.84	96.51
Belgium (61)	139,17	-0.3	121.83	120.46	+0.2	4.62	139.52	121,93	120.25	160.02	125.58	135.60
Canada (120)	139.81	-0.1	122.40	122.09	-0.2	3.38	139.94	122.29	122.31	154.17	124.67	134.83
Denmark (36)	252.39	-0.6	220.96	222.61	+0.0	1.44	253.85	221.85	222.61	260.82	165.35	158,48
Finland (26)	149.00	-0.7	130.44	123.59	-0,5	2.40	150.08	131,15	124.17	159.18	118.63	144.73
France (125)	146,69	-0.1	128,42	131.44	+0.4	2.86	146,83	128.32	130.94	157.97	112.57	116.51
West Germany (96)	129.26	-0.2	113.17	112.93	+0.4	1.88	129.48	113.15	112.51	137.01	79.56	85.67
Hong Kong (48)	119.51	+1.1	104.63	119.81	+1.1	4.79	118.24	103.33	118.54	140.33	86.41	128.81
Ireland (17)	192.11	-0.6	168,19	171.27	-0.3	2.44	193.26	168.90	171.86	198.57	125.00	. 139.23
Italy (96)	95.23	~0.3	83.87	88.69	+0.1	2.59	95.52	83.48	88.57	102.11	74.97	80.62
Jepan (455)	185.03	+0.7	161.98	168.89	+0.8	0.48	183.70	160.54	167.50	200.11	164.22	197,89
Malaysia (36)	242.81	+ 0.6	212.57	252.44	+0.5	2.10	241.28	210.86	251,27	243.87	143.35	157.19
Mexico (13)	374.04	+0.1	327.45	1115.63	-0.1	0.46	373.84	326.71	1116.27	374.04	153.32	162.25
Netherland (43)	137.27	+0.1	120,18	118.57	+0.6	4.54	137.14	119.85	117.86	145.66	110.63	113.65
New Zealand (18)	67.23	+12	58.88	60.94	+0.5	. 5.66	66.46	58.08	60.61	88.18	62,64	72.97
MBA SHRIGHT (10)	237,72	+0.0	208.11	208.92	+0.8	1.37	237.61	207.65	208.34	241.53	139.92	164.65
Norway (24)	196,69	+0.7	172.20	168.96	+0.8	1.72	195.26	170.64	167.59	199.38	124.57	142,13
Singapore (26)	201.31	-1.2	175.24	160.30	+0.8	3.48	203.72	178.03	159.04	251.39	115.35	124,51
South Africa (60)	155.03	-0.6	135.72	127.49	-02	4.12	155.96	136.29	127.78	169.75	143.14	145,30
Spain (43)	185.06	-20	162.02	16B.22	-17	2.17.	188.80	164.99	171.19	206.95	138.45	150,97
Sweden (35)	96.65	+0.5	84.82	89.55	+0.7	2.00	96.15	84.03	88.94	99.12	67.81	77.50
Switzerland (62)		+0.4	139.62	139.62	+0.5	4.53	158.92	138.88	138.88	164.31	133.28	150.52
United Kingdom (306)	159,48			135,52	. +0.9	3.50	134.35	117.41	134.35	146.29	112.13	120,09
USA (542)	135,52	+ 0.9	118.64	120,02	, +0,3	3.00	(34.33					
T (000)	141.87	+0.0	124.20	124.47	+0.4	3.44	141.81	123.93	123.99	146.68	112.63	119.59
Europe (989)	192.04	-1.1	168.12	164.84	-0.7	1.80	194.20	169.72	166.07	201.69	137.95	146.94
Nordic (121)	181.02	+0.7	158.47	165.37	+0.8	0.73	179.69	157.03	164,04	194.72	160.44	192.56
Pacific Basin (667)	165.56	+0.5	144.94	149.06	+0.7	1.67	164,74	143.97	148.08	174.18	141.58	163,36
Euro - Pacific (1656)		+0.8	118.79	134.68	+0.B	3.49	134.59	117.62	133,60	146.66	112.79	120.88
North America (662)	135.68			115.10	+0.3	2.71	130.09	113.69	114.77	135.73	96,30	100.53
Europe Ex. UK (683)	129,89	-0.2	113.71					114.88	120.59	140.05	111.93	128.75
Pacific Ex. Japan (212)	132,80	+1.0	116.26	121.22	+0.5	4.73	131.45		147.61	173.77	141.49	161.98
World Ex. US (1849)	165.14	+0.5	144.58	148.55	+0.6	1.74	164.39	143.66				145.41
World Ex. UK (2085)	152,98	+0.6	133.92	144.58	+0.7	2.05	152.05	132.88	143.54	162.00	136,98	145.99
World Ex. So. At. (2331)	153,25	+0.6	134.16	143.96	+0.7	2.27	152.33	133.12	142.95	161.84	138.67	
World Ex. Japan (1936)	138.83	+0.5	121.54	131.36	+0.5	3.52	138.15	120.73	130.53	145.52	114.51	120.81
The World Index (2391)	153.54	+0.8	134.42	144.07	+0.7	2.28	152.64	133.40	143.06	162.05	136.68	145.85
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SURAHCES

FINANCIAL TIMES

Weekend February 17/February 18 1990



Medical records of N-workers may be checked

By David Fishlock, David Thomas and Ivor Owen

THE medical records of more than 100,000 people who have worked with radioactivity in Britain since the 1940s may be investigated to seek links with childhood leukaemia.

The proposal follows the news that an official study has found a possible link between workers at the Sellafield nuclear reprocessing plant in Cumbria and the leukaemia contracted by some of their

children. The National Radiological Protection Board, the Govern-ment's watchdog on public exposure to radiation, has urged a nationwide follow-up study drawing on the national register of radiation workers. Such a study could take two to three years and cost upwards of \$100,000.

Professor Martin Gardner, author of this week's study on leukaemia among children near Sellafield, will travel to Cumbria next week for discussions with representatives of the 6,500 workers there regularly exposed to radiation. British Nuclear Fuels

(BNFL), owner of the Sellafield plant, said yesterday that it would wait for its own discuswith with Professor Gardner and for further studies ordered by the Government before deciding if any action needs to be taken.

However, Mr Jack Dromey, national officer of the Transport and General Workers' unions, said the Sellafield unions would press BNFL next week to extend its compensation scheme to children of employees who have con-tracted leukaemia.

BNFL has made payments to 15 Sellafield workers who have died of cancer since it intro-duced its scheme in 1982. Mr Paddy Ashdown, Liberal

Democrat leader, claimed that a shutdown in electricity sup-plies could have led to a "meltdown" at the Hinkley nuclear power station in Somerset last Sunday. The Liberal Democrat leader

ed that reactors at Hinkley were left without a cooling gales knocked out power sup-However, Nuclear Electric said the reactors were shut

down, totally safe and in a

cooled state during the cut-out

. 1194 ., 319

- something Mr Ashdown later Leukaemia link, Page 4

NEW YORK (\$)

Body Shop Intl 582 Burton Grp. 191

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£3m invoice to Guinness 'was false,' court told

By Raymond Hughes, Law Courts Correspondent

SIR JACK LYONS, the millionaire financier, was yesterday alleged to have arranged for a false £3m invoice to be sent to Guinness to enable him to collect a "concealed pay-off" for his part in an alleged unlawful share support operation. The jury in the Guinness trial at South-wark Crown Court also heard that Mr

Berisford group, was among those who bought Guinness shares to keep their price up during the 1986 takeover battle for Distillers.

Mr John Chadwick, QC, prosecuting, said that companies controlled by Mr Mar-gulies had been paid a total of £3.5m for supporting Guinness.

Payment of the money — most of which had later been repaid to Guinness — had been authorised Mr Ernest Saunders, then Guinness's chairman and chief executive, Mr Chadwick alleged.

Mr Saunders and Sir Jack Lyons, together with Mr Gerald Ronson, head of the Heron group, and City stockbroker Mr Anthony Parnes, have pleaded not guilty to criminal charges arising from the share

Support operation.

Their trial was restarted yesterday after being aborted on Wednesday when a juror had to be excused on health grounds.

A new jury of eight men and four women was sworn in yesterday for the trial, which is expected to last until the end of July.

Mr Chadwick said that Mr Margulies had been brought into the share support operation by Mr Parnes, who had later claimed that Mr Margulies was trying to "frame" him and make it appear that Mr Parnes had been personally responsible for payments made to one of Mr Margulies'

Mr Chadwick also alleged that, after enlisting the support of an Austrian bank, Zentralsparkasse und Kommerzial, in the Guinness share support. Sir Jack Lyons had proposed a "cover-up" to try to make payments made to ZKB on false involces appear legitimate.

ZKB had declined to be involved in the

cover-up and had subsequently repaid, with interest, the money it had received, Mr Chadwick said.

He alleged that Sir Jack Lyons had arranged to be paid in 12 monthly payments of £25,000 the £300,000 he had personally lost when he sold Guinness shares he had bought to aid the support opera-

Mr Parnes and Sir Jack Lyons each received a reward of about £3m, negotiated by Sir Jack with Mr Saunders, Mr Chad-

wick said.

He claimed that, at Mr Parnes' request,
Mr Ari Margulies - Mr Ephraim Margulies' son — gave Mr Parnes an invoice for "corporate finance success fee as agreed" on the paper of a company called Consul-

tations et Investissements.
"Mr Parnes did not know anything about C&I," said Mr Chadwick. "He did not know whether or not it existed at all. That did not matter to him." The trial resumes on Monday. The Guinness Trial, Page 4



Ernest Saunders: alleged authorisation

Fall in imports cuts US trade gap to \$7.2bn but output drops

percentage terms, however, much the strongest perfor-

mance is coming from US

exports of consumer goods. While these still account for

they have been rising strongly

through the year, to pass \$3bn for the first time in December

monthly average in 1988.

65 per cent above their

Industrial output in January

was depressed by two widely publicised special factors -

heavy lay-offs in the motor

industry, and a sharp fall in

the output of public utilities in

By Anthony Harris in Washington

A SHARP fall in imports produced a dramatically improved US merchandise trade balance in December. The deficit fell to \$7.2bn, (£4.2bn) compared with \$10.3bn in November, leaving the gap at its lowest for five years both for the month and the whole

The figure was described as "quite encouraging" by Mr Michael Darby, the under-secretary for economic affairs at the US Commerce Department. However, it mainly reflected a slowdown in US industrial activity, and the announcement of a further 1.2 per cent ened the reception of the trade figures in the financial mar-

Nearly half the fall in imports was in capital equipment, which dropped \$1.1bn, reflecting lower US investment spending.

Imports of industrial supplies fell by about \$600m, and there were small falls in most

30 31

CHIEF PRICE CHANGES YESTERDAY

WORLDWIDE WEATHER

BANGKOK 28°82° Sunny

E Fly Thai 01-499 9113

TOKYO (Yee)

Tokyo Cosmos 1650 Totetsu Kogyo 1490

1430

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response to the warmest Janu other categories. Exports rose ary weather yet recorded. However, the 1.2 per cent fall was about twice as big as marby 2.4 per cent, more than reversing the 2.1 per cent fall in the previous month. in the previous month.

Both figures were strongly affected by the strike at Boeing's aircraft plants, which ended at the beginning of December, and allowed a recovery of about \$500m in ket forecasters had estimated.

Car assembly was down by nearly 34 per cent from Decem-ber, and the consumer truck market, which has shown stronger and more consistent growth, was also sufficiently Growth in aircraft exports is over-stocked to call for a proexpected to continue strongly in response to record orders. In duction cut of nearly 30 per

These figures partly reflect the continued loss of market share to the US plants of Japa-nese manufacturers, which still cannot meet demand. Honda, actually produced more cars in the US in January than did General Motors, the market

Car output can be expected to recover shortly, since January sales were unexpectedly strong, in response to beavy Thrift rescue agency seeks

more finance, Page 2

Eurotunnel Continued from Page 1

current lawsuit did not serve any identifiable purpose as the contractors knew that without their signature on the amended construction agreement the banks would not allow Eurotunnel to draw any fresh

He said he fully supported Mr Morton's strong stance against the contractors over mounting costs, but admitted that Mr Morton's abrasive manner had upset the construction companies.

I am as stubborn and as intransigent, if not more so, over matters of principle like the issue of costs, but we have different ways of dealing with

"One of my basic principles is never to make the other guy lose face even if I totally disagree with him," said Mr Ben-

Mr Morton's public criticisms over delays and mounting costs have angered the con-

Mr Benard said: "I have the highest regard for Mr Morton. He played a great role in putting together the finance for the project and has ensured the interests of the banks and the shareholders have been defended.

"We have worked together for three years and we have agreed on all the fundamenals. As far as I am concerned he has always been totally loyal to the principles we established at the start of our

relationship. Mr Benard said Eurotunnel had sought to address the contractors' concerns over the management of the construc-

tion contract by strengthening Eurotunnel's project team under Mr Tony Ridley. Mr Rid-ley has forged a good working relationship with the contractors since he joined Eurotunnel a year ago. He will now be supported by two new senior man

Mr Benard said that while the changes were designed to assist the project he could not guarantee that there would not be further public disputes.
"Maybe the contractors find

us too sensitive, but when you have nothing in your pocket except what the banks put there it is easy to become

"We have got used with liv-ing with the fact that, particu-larly in Britain, every incident seems to become a major one. But we owe our shareholders a dear and detailed account of what is going on and what is happening to their money. Eurotunnel had one of the largest numbers of shareholders of any company quoted on the Paris stock exchange, he

If the project falled, the contractors would have other developments to turn to. For employers and investors in Eurotunnel, this was a oneproject company with no alter-native businesses to fall back

on if it failed. "I am always surprised that the contractors want to treat us like Shell or Exxon or some other diversified corporation which has lots of other businesses to turn to and very deep pockets," he said.

"Crises are a matter of life and death to us."

Drexel Continued from Page 1

option.
The administration order does not affect DBL Trading, a company active in the foreign exchange markets which is continuing to trade under the direct supervision of of the Bank of England. The position of DBL Finance, a company described by Drexel as active in securities, finance and investment, is under review.

The companies affected by
the administration order are

DBL Holdings; DBL, a member of the Association of Futures Brokers and Dealers as well as the London Metal Exchange and the London International Financial Futures Exchange; and DBL Securities, a member of The Securities Association

(TSA) and the Stock Exchange. TSA said yesterday DBL Securities had been under instructions not to conduct any business since Wednesday, except to wind down positions.

UK accused of sell-out on Hong Kong democracy

By Philip Stephens in London and John Elliot

THE BRITISH Government yesterday faced charges that it had caved in to China over the introduction of democracy in Hong Kong.

In Hong Kong, several thousand university students pro-tested at what they branded a sell-out by Britain of the interests of the people of Hong Kong. They later marched to the Xinhua news agency, China's de facto embassy in Hong Kong, where a copy of the Basic Law - covering Hong Kong after its handover to Chinese sovereignty in 1997

was burned. Mr Douglas Hurd, Foreign Secretary, said in the House of Commons that the final draft of the Basic Law for Hong Kong envisages that 18 of the 60 seats in its Legislative Coun-cil will be filled by direct elec-

tions in 1991. That figure will rise to 20 by the time of the handover in 1997 and 24 in 1999, increasing

Mr Hurd acknowledged that the agreement worked out in Peking was "not ideal." However, speaking amid a barrage of criticism from the opposition, Mr Hurd said that the deal was the best Britain could achieve in a series of "very blunt" negotiations with China. He insisted that Britain would continue to press for a laster pace of democratisation.

Mr Hurd said that the Government had faced a difficult balancing act. It had been anxious to secure as much democracy as possible, but believed that "constant collisions" with Peking would undermine confidence in the colony.

Some Hong Kong business-men agree. Mr Li Ka-shing, a leading Hong Kong tycoon, said the pace of democracy was "quite acceptable."

The Foreign Secretary won a ympathetic response in the Commons from Conservative backbench MPs, but in private many senior figures in the party expressed deep disappointment with the outcome. For the Labour Party, Mr Gerald Kaufman said the agreement marked a "shabby end" to the last major chapter in the history of Britain's

Share prices rose sharply on the local stock market as investors looked forward to what they hoped would be the end of a period of political uncertainty caused by the Basic Law drafting process. The Hang Seng index rose 45 points in the first 10 minutes of trading, before falling back slightly to close 29.21 up at 2.939.25

Mr Lu Ping, a deputy director-general of the Basic Law Drafting Committee last night cast doubt on the practicality of the idea that the law could be amended before 1997 to raise the number of directly-elected seats in the colony's 1995-1999 legislature beyond the planned 20. "I don't know how it can be done. Its already written into the Basic Law."

The law will go to a standing committee of the National Peoples Congress next week, before being promulgated at a full Congress meeting expected to start around March 20. Mandarin repairs the road to

A game of chicken in the tunnel

Eurotunnel's quarterly crises are becoming as regular as fatal accidents in Dallas, with Mr Alastair Morton in the role of JR. If real life were true to soap opera, no doubt his body
Share price relative to the
would soon be found forming FT-A Al-Share index part of the tunnel's founda tions. But enthralling though this public game of poker may

be, it is time for someone to call both parties' bluff.

The banks hold the strongest hand. They are refusing to lend money until Eurotunnel and TML agree on a management structure. It makes sense for them to impose agreement if all else fails. For all the posturing, the sides are not that far apart. Eurotunnel did intro-duce a "buffer manager" between Mr Morton and the contractors, only to spoil the effect by appointing Mr Morton as chief executive. Some modification of his title, and a hint that his role will be largely that his role will be largely concerned with finance, ought to do the trick. Despite his reputation for bluster, Mr Morton has given ground before.

The project may be setting new records for brinkmanship, but no one seriously expects it to be abandoned. The banks and the shareholders have

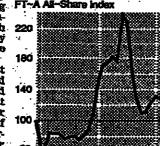
and the shareholders have each committed over £1 billion already. TML would face subalready. TML would face sub-stantial costs if it walked away, and the current con-struction market is hardly the ideal place to find replacement work. Nor would sacking the contractors or replacing Euro-tunnel with a new parent com-ment do anything but add costs. pany do anything but add costs and time to the project. As it is, the first dividend payment gets closer and closer to the next millenium.

Markets

Against the odds, the 2,300 floor for the FT-SE 100 has taken the strain in a tough week. Wednesday's rise in the mortgage rate was expected in principle, but not necessarily in scale. If followed across the board, the rise would mean a further 0.4 per cent on the inflation rate: but the market still managed a 5 point rise on the day and 13 points on the week. From a technical viewon a short-term view equities are a touch oversold.

On a longer view, there is still room for unease in political terms. Granted, the routine statistics for the week turned out broadly as expected; inflation unchanged, the fall in unemployment slowing and the budget surplus still heading for about half the official forecast of £12.5bn. But if the mortgage rate rise turns out as FT index rose 7.1 to 1,836.6

Eurotunnel



Dec 87 88

painful as expected, so much paintil as expected, so much the worse for the Tory vote. And with inflation in the fourth quarter now likely to be as high as 6% per cent, rattling the figure down for an election may be less easy than the mar-ket assumes. And while the market's attention is presently distracted by momentous distracted by momentous events overseas, next week's string of hig company results may be a reminder of issues

MAM

It is hard to work out the precise rationale of Mercury Asset Management's share buy-back scheme. It neatly allows MAM's parent, S.G. Warburg, to maintain its stake at 75 per cent, avoiding the dilution if MAM executives everying outloss on up to 194m. exercise options on up to 1.94m shares. This is understandable, given that Warburg needs 75 per cent to give it the use of MAM's profits when claiming tax allowances in its leasing business. But it is difficult to see why MAM must go through the palayer of a tender offer and egm to achieve what War-burg could have accomplished by spending £10m in the mar-

Not that a share repurchase is necessarily bad for MAM, whose shareholders' funds have swollen from £62m in 1988 to at least £110m now. Given the relative maturity of its UK pension fund management. ted to use its money to buy abroad or finance its new Mercury Life unit, but would not need all that money to do so. So the share buy-back, with MAM's planned 50 per cent dividend increase, is a welcome hint to corporate UK that it should give more cash flow straight back to shareholders. The net effect of the proposal is to suggest how undervalued

night's close of 665p, or 12 times 1990 earnings. MAM has raised its pre-tax profits tenfold since 1985, but equally important is the near-doubling important is the near-doubling in profits as a percentage of funds managed. This does not say much for the street-savvy of pension trustees, but it says a lot about MAM's quality of earnings and management.

HK Telecom

It is interesting to speculate whether the China Interna-tional Trust and Investment Corporation would have been able to secure such favourable financing terms for its purchase of 20 per cent of Hong Kong Telecom if Barclays Bank had not challenged the Hongkong Bank's domination of its home turf. China is not the world's best credit risk. the world's best credit risk. But such worries have a habit of being subsumed when one big bank rubs up against another. Citic is putting up vir-tually none of its own money and purchasing its stake at a 15 per cent discount to the cur-

rent price.

The deal is equally good news for Cable and Wireless, HK Telecom's parent. The £700m it will get more than offsets its own net debt; and the size of the Chinese partici-pation should calm any worries about its political risk exposure in the run-up to 1997. Given this, it is more than a little surprising that the C and W share price has underperformed both the Hong Kong stock market and the shares of British Telecom and Racal Telecom since last December's initial announcement.

Norfolk Capital

Queens Moat Houses' final all-paper bid for Norfolk Capital is decidedly cheap, but Norfolk Capital cannot put up much of a defence. A 4 per cent rise in 1989 pre-tax profits is disappointing; its net asset value of 53p is unsurprising; and plans to raise £75m from asset sales smack of desperation rather than innovation. The report of the two disgrun-tled ex-directors does not inspire much confidence; and while Norfolk's efforts to cut its interest bill are welcome, one wonders why it has taken so long to recognise the company's basic problem. Queens Most needs to keep on buying hotels to maintain its impres sive growth rate, but its management has shown an admira-ble regard for its own shareholders' best interests to

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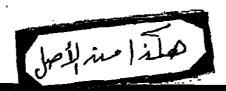
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Weekend FT

Weekend February 17/February 18, 1990

Money for your life

extremely dreary. Yet for reasons which no one in the publishing industry quite understands, the appetite for books about eminent authors seems to have become insatiable. One explanation might be the high standards of modern British biographers. But that hardly tells the whole story. What more is it that gives these books their current

vogue?

The literary world is an exclusive one that excites curiosity. What really goes on in it? Through reading a literary biography we can gatecrash this world, and once inside we see what a greasy-pole is literary success. We can identify with the hero or heroine through early rejection, parsimo-nious acceptance, ultimate fame and for-tune. If the author happens to be a novelist whose work we know, we can satisfy ourselves as to the mixture in his or her fiction between invention and straight autobiography and the grey area in between. We can live the life of a creative artist who takes the whole of life as his material.

The novelist and biographer Peter Ack-royd has said: "The biographer's job is to give real events the *authenticity* of fic-tion." Brenda Maddox, biographer of Mrs James Joyce, now at work on a new life of D H Lawrence, views biography as an investigative assignment akin to journalism. She does not believe that there are be ism. She does not believe that there can be too many biographies of an author. "Each biographer has a different viewpoint, like a painter approaching a landscape." Victoria Glendinning, who has published biographies of Edith Sitwell, Vita Sackville-West, and Rebecca West, notable for their candour in dealing with the private life, puts it like this: "We have to make sense of life on earth. Human beings just do not have enough information about the condihave enough information about the conditions of their existence."

Capital

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The art or craft of biography requires in the writer not only the stamina to pursue years of research, but also narrative gifts in ordering the material when it has been assembled, historical awareness, and psychological penetration. In that new biographical dawn which broke in Britain at the end of the 1950s these qualities were end of the 1950s these qualities were apparent in George Painter's Proust, recently reissued, and in Michael Holroyd's Lytton Strackey, which revolutionised the concept of literary biography. Although these books contained a wealth of original material and conformed to the not written either by or for academics but

for a wider literary market. The British literary biographer, unlike his American counterpart, is usually a freelance who does not have a permanent university appointment or any funding from a big foundation such as Guggenheim or Ford. He has to provide his own funding by eking out the publisher's advance, by book reviewing and living providently. Such was the career of Richard Holmes, who won the Whitbread Book of the Year Award with his biography of Coleridge, *Early Visions*. Holmes is a

loner, who generated all the the funding of this book and his earlier biography of Shelley himself; above all, he had a sup-portive literary agent in Peter Janson-Smith. After 20 years hard labour Homes may now expect lucrative advances for his future projects.

future projects.

Winning the Whithread has not altered his plans, however. He always intended to pause after publishing the first volume of Coleridge, and as he put it "get a fresh bearing on the subject." He will now write one short biographical book on an 18th century figure before resuming volume two. He sees the present boom in literary biography as an attempt by ordinary readers to understand the present in terms of the past through the life of an outstanding person. But has his own success changed Holmes's outlook? "It is gratifying, of course, a bit like a buoy thrown out to a man overboard, but when I go back to work it is the same typewriter, the same table, the same view from the window, and when I go on my travels I become the same anonymous individual."

In the past few years, thanks to the much publicised huge advance paid to Hol-

much-punished nige anyance paid to hor-royd for Shaw, there is now big money on offer for anyone with a proven capacity to deliver the goods. The goods consist of a subject likely to have an appeal on both sides of the Atlantic. The initial choice of such a subject is a hazardous procedure at which even the most consisted events. which even the most experienced operator



Anthony Curtis investigates the extraordinary rise of the literary biography industry on both sides of the Atlantic

can slip up. Who would have thought, for example, that Americans would be crazy about a mild rural village novelist like Barbara Pym? But one may safely predict that when her sister's biography of Pym is

published it will have a fine sale in the US. How do biographies of writers come to be written? Sometimes the estate will combe written? Sometimes the estate will commission an "official" biography, as in the case of Andrew Motion's forthcoming life of Philip Larkin or the new hiography of Orwell in preparation by Michael Shelden. Sometimes the subject in his advancing years will commission his own biography, as in the case of Norman Sherry's life of Graham Greene. Graham Greene.

Sometimes the estate will neither encourage nor prohibit a biographer, as in the case of Am Thwaite's life of A.A. Milne to be published later this year. Sometimes the estate will give permission for a relation of the subject to use family papers but not deem him the sole biogra-pher, as in the case of Richard Graves's biography of his uncle Robert, the second volume of which, The Years With Laura,

appears later this year.

Sometimes the estate will actively discourage a would-be biographer and try to make any biography an impossibility, as have the estates of the novelists Rizabeth Taylor and Henry Green

It is difficult, however, for an estate to hold out for ever against the onslaughts of a truly determined biographer, as was shown in Peter Ackroyd's T S Eliot, written in defiance of the estate without a ten in defiance of the estate without a single direct quotation from any of Eliot's letters and almost none from the verse. Some authors or their descendants leave their estates to be administered by the Society of Authors, as did Shaw, on which the burden of dealing with enquiries from potential biographers falls. The Society is looking aftesh at the terms on which it will accept the administration of a literary estate in the future. estate in the future.

Brends Maddox is on the sub-committee that is trying to formulate the guide-lines. She says that it is difficult to come up with general principles that will apply in all cases, but she wants the Society to make a commitment to openness. She points out that in the pre-Wolfenden era of 1951, in *The Life of John Maynard Keynes*, the "official" blography, Roy Harrod was not permitted to make any mention of Keynes's homosexuality, an omission that would be inconceivable today.

Ronald Hayman is an experienced biographer with an eye for a big subject. His first biography was of John Gielgud with

the active cooperation of the subject in 1971. Hayman speaks French and German and since then has published biographies of the Marquis de Sade, Nietzsche, Kafka, Brecht, Sartre, and is just about to turn in a new life of Proust. Each has taken him between three and four years. He has had some subsidy from the Arts Council and the Phoenix Trust but the American advance is crucial to the funding of the whole operation, and he usually sells German rights too,

hat, after Painter, is there new to say about Proust? A very great deal according to Hayman. He thinks that Painter was unduly concerned with the roman à clef element, striving to identify originals in life of Charlus, Swann and so on. Since the death of Proust's niece, Suzy Mante-Proust, there has been a new openness on the part of the estate. Proust's letters to his publisher Gaston Gallimard, of considerable biographical interest, were published last year. So was the concluding section of the great novel, Albertine Disparue, in the form which Proust wanted it, which had for long been suppressed.

There is an important random factor

known as "biographer's luck" which comes into play. Suddenly, after months of hard slog, a windfall drops into the biogra-pher's lap in the form either of documenta-

pner's lap in the form either of documenta-tion or living testimony. While research-ing her life of novelist Ivy Compton-Burnett, Hilary Spurling spoke to Philip Noel-Baker, a King's contempo-rary of Ivy's brother at Cambridge, and he described Ivy's extraordinary beauty as a young woman. "It knocked the college sideways" he explained opening an unexsideways," he exclaimed, opening an unex-pected vista for the biographer. Spurling has had some lucky strikes too

in her current project now nearing comple-tion, a life of Paul Scott. She has been to people who knew Scott well. Scott was a literary agent but he had to give it up if he was ever going to be able to write his own novels. He had worked with the Indian Supply Corps during the Second World War and when it was over returned to India several times. He made a long, shattering journey across the sub-continent in 1964, after which he wrote the first volume of The Raj Quartet, The Jewel in the Crown. Twenty-four years later Spurling re-traced his steps and found that the trail

Spurling gave up her-full time job as

literary editor of *The Spectator* in 1970 to work on Ivy. Her advance for volume one from Gollancz was 2500. After the book, Ivy When Young, was published to rave reviews the advance for the second volume was £1,000. In the event it was not published until 10 years later, and then by another publisher, Hodder. The sums paid today to a biographer

with a high reputation make these with a high reputation make these advances seem pairry. Victoria Glendinning recently signed an agreement with Century Hutchinson for more than £100,000 for a new life of Trollope. The suggestion she should write such a biography came from Century Hutchinson's Richard Cohen, who was keen to woo Glendinning away from Weidenfeld, publisher of her female biographies. He succeeded, but at a price. Glendinning is happy to be at work on Trollope but worried that the biography bubble may be about to burst.

about to burst. Such a handsome advance now puts Glendinning near the top of the literary biography earnings league, just below Michael Holroyd and Peter Ackroyd, who have both received advances around £600,000; Holroyd from Chatto & Windus for his three-volume life of Shaw, and Ackroyd from the new house of Sinclair-Stevenson for biographies of Dickens and William Blake.

But can such astronomical sums ever be recovered by the publisher through sales of the eventual book? This is a question that is often asked at publishing lunches. these days. The consensus seems to be that they cannot — not in a hundred years, old boy." To put these sums in proportion: they represent 10 to 15 years work on the part of the author, on top of Continued on Page IX

The Long View

After the junk, the invisible crash

SO FAREWELL, then, Drexel Burnham Lambert. This week, the junk bond-based empire seemed to disappear almost without trace, like some Soviet puppet regime in eastern Europe. The capital markets scarcely reacted to the retreat of Drexel's remnants behind the protection of America's Chapter 11 Bankruptcy Code, surely never to re-emerge.

I wonder, though, if we have been deceived by an illusion of tranquility. The share prices in your newspaper or on your screen have hardly moved this week, but has there been an invisible crash? Certainly, the past few months have been dismal for the parallel market in corporate deals which became so extraordinarily strong up to the middle of last year.
I have referred several times

to the divergence between the inter-investor equity market and the corporate market. The former is the normal secondary stock market which sets values on companies according to their investment merits. The latter is the informal and unstructured arena in which whole companies are bought and sold, sometimes from and to the investor market through take-over bids and new flota-

There are no daily quotes and no indices in the corporate market; we have to guess at its strength from the evidence of published deals. We know it became remarkably strong in the year or two after the crash of the investor market in October 1987. In America, it probably peaked around the time of the RJR Nabisco leveraged buy-out at the end of 1988, and got into trouble by October 1989 when the United Airlines buy-out failed spectacularly. In Britain, the high point came later: the bid for BAT Indus-tries was not launched until

On both sides of the Atlan-tic, though, the bid and buy-out scene has gone very quiet. The corporate financiers will have to be content with banking their huge fees of the past few years and, meanwhile, turning to the task of repairing the damage that has been done to corporate structures. They need not be idle.

For the conventional stock market, there are enormous cash-flow implications. In the UK, companies lavished money on the stock market last year in the first nine months, they spent on acquisitions at an annual rate of £20hn. In 1985, by comparison, they laid out less than £3hn on acquisitions

Where did the money come from? Well, industrial and com-mercial companies borrowed £28.5bn from banks in January-September 1989 and raised another £11.6bn from debt issues, largely in the Euro-markets. They raised just £1.4hn net through equity issues, a low figure which in part reflects the increased buying in by companies of their own

This behaviour by British companies was a pale reflection of the even more dramatic



No tears were shed for Drexel **Burnham Lambert** this week but the real impact of its collapse on the stock market could be yet to come

trend across the Atlantic. It is reckoned that something like 8 per cent of all US common stocks have been removed from the market, mostly through take overs, within the past five years - equivalent to value of more than \$1,000bn. Buy-backs, meanwhile, have been running at \$40bn-50bn a year, well ahead of new issues.

The key to this amazing period for the American stock market lay not in bank borrow-ing - although the banks played their part eagerly -but, of course, in junk bonds. In a few years, these grew from practically nothing to a peak of some \$200bn in terms of out-standing nominal value. Right now, you can call that \$150bn at market value, although there might not be any market. The myth of junk bonds has now been destroyed. The argu-

ment was that the return overcompensated for risks that were exaggerated in the minds of most investors. Now, though, the sound companies which have issued such bonds will be tempted to buy them back cheaply, whereas the dubious issuers which cannot re-finance the debt will let it run on. So, the average quality of the outstanding junk bonds will decline sharply. will decline sharply.

The junk bond debacle, and
the reining-back of credit by

banks which are starting to appreciate the true risks involved in their LBO lending, have cut off the major sources of finance for the corporate stock market, Prices must have fallen back much more closely in line with those of the investor market. Cautious corporate dinosaurs with cash like Siemens and GEC, which were priced out of the take-over market during the booming 1980s, now find they can start to do deals.

How did the phenomenon of the over-priced corporate market ever occur? Essentially,

aggressive companies were able to gain access to large amounts of capital from new kinds of investors who did not allow properly for risk. The late 1980s provided the perfect framework for financial excesses because there had been an unusually long time since a recession - bearing in mind that recessions serve the essential periodic function of straightening-out twisted capi-

Generally speaking, equity investors (who have increasinvestors (who have increasingly been professional rather than amateur) continued to insist on high returns. Any over-enthusiasm was knocked out of them by the 1987 crash. But junk bond investors carried on regardless; they could point to juicy historical returns over most of the 1989s. And the over most of the 1980s. And the regulatory peculiarities of the US markets meant that many investment institutions saw the opportunity to make equi-ty-type returns even though they were confined within the supposed security of the bond

As for the banks, an imperviousness to proper risk analysis seems to be built into the lending institutions that have given us various property and Third World debt crises.

Now, the game has changed. After the invisible crash, we are going to see some very visible re-structuring. I shall be surprised if the investor market stands up to the strains quite as comfortably as the post-Drexel complacency seems to suggest.

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Finance: The mortgage treadmill ... Small Business: Financing an orchestra ...VIII

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How To Spend Its Pure craftsmenship XVIII Yachtings in colour

Sport: The Cinderella club

XXX Gurdening
XXI How To Si
XXX Motoring
XXIV Property
III-VII Sport

XIX Stock Mass XVI London XVII New York XVII TV and Radio XXII Travel XXII Wine

MERCURY Management

FINANCE & THE FAMILY: THIS WEEK

Company reports: where to begin

A company's preliminary results can yield valuable information - if you can read between the lines, says Andrew Hill. Page III

Act before Mr Major

One of the most effective tax avoidance plays is the Chancellor may put an end to this in the Budget on March 20. Plus: a sizeable chunk of the UK market in convertible shares is likely to disappear shortly if Hanson gains approval to convert its 10 per cent 2,007/12 stock. Terry Dodsworth reports. Page V

Are you sure you're covered?

The stormy weather that has battered Britain this winter has taken quite a toll on homes and homeowners alike. Eric Short advises you to check your insurance policy to make sure you have adequate cover. Plus John Edwards considers the state of the mortgage market given the latest

Taxing problems for the elite

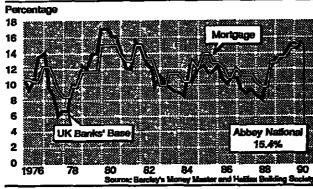
Foreign businessmen based in Britain have long formed an "elite" class of taxpayer. But as Donald Eikin warns, special cases call for special planning. Page VII

Minding Your Own Business

There's not much profit in Vivaldi, but . . . Roy Hodson meets a couple who are happy running a most unusual business: a small orchestra. Plus the story of two young entrepreneurs in their flying machine. Page VIII

BRIEFCASE: A bequest to children: Page VII

UK Banks' Base and Mortgage rates



Abbey lifts mortgage rate to all-time high

Abbey National's decision to raise its basic mortgage rate to an all-time high of 15.4 per cent from 14.5 per cent has sparked off fears of another round of interest rate increases for home-owners in the UK.

The other banks and building societies have hinted that they may be forced to raise their rates soon, which could mean that the interest rates for borrowers will climb to their highest level since 1981, putting the squeeze on many more

The high interest rates have already taken their toll: the Council of Mortgage Lenders announced this week that arrears in mortgage payments and repossessions increased in the second half of 1989. More than 58,000 borrowers, out of a total of 7.95m building society mortgages, were more than six months in arrears at the end of 1989.

■ The Nationwide Anglia Building Society is raising its mortgage rate by 0.9 per cent to 15.4 per cent with effect from March 1, it was announced late yesterday. It also announced help for new borrowers by offering loan discounts of 0.65 per cent for the first three years of a 260,000 loan - more than double the previous discount. The mortgage treadmill: Page VI. Sara Webb

Stock Group continues growth

Stock Group, the stockbroking arm of British & Commonwealth Holdings, has acquired Chase Manhattan's London-based private client stock-broking business. The deal, for an undisclosed sum, means Stock has nearly £4bn in funds under management once Chase's £300m is included, and 2,000 more clients in the UK and abroad. Stock is eager to chase "high net worth individuals" with an average of £150,000 to invest, and has ambitions to become the number one private client stock-broker in the UK. It has built up its private client business through the acquisition of regional brokers Stock Beech and Campbell Neill, Hoare Govett's private client operations, and two members of Lazards' private client team.

Chase formed Chase Manhattan Securities in 1986 by merging Simon & Coates with Laurie Milbank at a time when banks and brokers were pairing-up in haste. It decided to sell off its private client business this week, however, saying that this no longer complemented its private banking strategy and that it provided an unsatisfactory return on capital. S W

Course for investors

Amateur investors may be interested in a weekend course being run by the Stock Exchange Investors' Club and National investment Group on March 16-18. The programme includes lectures on how to interpret reports and accounts, how to structure your portfolio, share evaluation, personal equity plans, traded options and convertibles.

Those taking part will then be tested on a dummy portfolio to see how much money they can make and how much of the course they have assimilated.

The action takes place in Clifton Village, West Yorkshire, and includes a visit to Harry Ramsden's famous fish and chip shop, floated recently on the Third Market. Those attending will be charged £150 each (or £250 if accompanied by a partner). Further details are available from Farmer Public Relations, Elsworth House, Alfred Gelder Street, Hull HU1 2AN (tel. 0482-224-285).

LONDON

Footsie reflects on what might still be

ON THE other side of the looking glass, in a dark forest, Alice encountered the White Queen screaming and shaking her hand. "What is the matter," said Alice, as soon as she could make herself heard. "Have you pricked your finger?" "I haven't pricked it yet,"
the Queen said "but I see," Queen said, "but I soon

Alice Through the Looking-Glass, by Lewis Carroll

LIKE the White Queen, shares seemed to remember the future better than the past. After six weeks cringing in anticipation of another rise in mortgage rates, the stock market breathed a sigh of relief when Abbey National did the deed on Wednesday. It barely blinked when Nationwide Anglia followed suit yesterday. The 0.9 per cent increase to a record level was greater than many had expected, but domestic and US institutions bought

FT-SE 100 Index

English China Clays

Crest Nicholso

Enterprise Oil

Fairline Boats

Neuman Torda

Priest Meriens

Racal Telecom

market investors.

IT WOULD be hard to imagine a more eventful week for Wall

Street and the world economy,

or a duller one for US stock

To judge by the market's performance, investors seemed totally indifferent to the

collapse of Drexel Burnham Lambert, the firm which

Wall Street into the Yukon of the 1980s. With its

invention of the junk bond

a paper gold rush on Wall

great prospecting crazes of

demise was underlined for

Drexel should have passed

the Golden Eighties. But symbolism is out of

fashion these days on Wall

incurable romantics of the

which marked the manic

leveraged deal fever. In

passage of historic time.

however, a whole era has

In 1989 the markets could

be swayed from the extremes

fear and back again by a mere

of greed to the extremes of

ramour of a corporate raid,

a whiff of an insider trading scandal, a hint of a

bankruptcy. Today, investors

merely shrug like book-keepers who stumble

upon poetry - they timidly

avert their gaze and go back to their computer printouts

In principle, the boring

profits.

of interest rates and corporate

sobriety which has taken over

on Wall Street should be good

news for long-term investors

in US securities. Not only will

the humbling of the corporate raiders and leverage quacks

give US managers the chance

to run their companies again

for the first time in more than

climax of the last decade's

Street. Investors seem to be made of sterner stuff than the

1980s. In strict chronology, it may be just six months since the United Airlines debacke

seemed almost inevitable that

into history hand in hand with

the 19th century. The

symbolism of the firm's

history by its theatrical timing. In retrospect, it

the Philosopher's Stone of the 1980s - Drexel unleashed

Street with all the lawlessness, machismo and romance of the

almost single-handedly turned

Hertrell

Parkfield

Price y'day

2325.9

365

553

715

743

681

156

176

425

278

616

393

+12.3

-33

-29

-72

-110

+42

+21

+15

-12

-42

+ 100

2500

10 years. It might also help

gradually to stabilise the wildly fluctuating asset prices

which have made Wall Street

feel like an offshoot of the Las Vegas casino industry. In this respect, a vitally important piece of news this week was almost overlooked

New York Stock Exchange said it would consider removing

advantages currently enjoyed

by programme traders - their

rale" which normally allows

after the price has risen in

a previous transaction, or

lealers to sell stock short only

If the NYSE were to make

good on this plan, it could make large-scale programme trading almost impossible an

shift the US stock market's

main price-making mechanism

back to Wall Street from the

Chicago futures pits. In fact, the relatively slow

ents at Drexel. The

on from the "uptick

because of the dramatic

one of the major technical

-38

blue chip stocks anyway and, in doing so, looked as if they were calling the top of the credit squeeze

The market consequently spent the latter part of the week in perky, if slightly sur-prised, mood. Dealers were quick to act on the optimistic interpretation of any price movements. Heavy buying of options in the fashion chain Next, for example, sparked thoughts that another retailer, Sears, might bid. Sears has a near 2 per cent stake in Next, although analysts said an attempted takeover was unlikely. The whole retail sector, from Marks and Spencer to Laura Achles, put in firm per-Laura Ashley, put in firm per-formances nevertheless.

Mortgage rates were not alone in entering uncharted seas. South West Water became the first of the recently privatised water companies to break through £2 a share. Shareholders who had bought

HIGHLIGHTS OF THE WEEK

Low

158

437

1782.8 Global markets steadled

Profits warning

Bid talks anded

329 Brokers' upgradiage

78 Increased James offer.

262 Director's resignation.

153 Grovewood takes stake

100 Talk of stakebuilding

WALL STREET

Sobering up

for the '90s

Dow Jones Industrial Averages

158 £32.3m rights issue/disposels

Hich

2463.7

231

541

680

890

824

689

156

211

524

535

819

557

on flotation in December have ubled their investment. Traders briefly blamed demand on switching out of shares in Perrier, the French

mineral water supplier which withdrew its product from sale around the world on Wednesday. They swiftly removed their tongues from their cheeks when confronted with real and supposed stakebuild-ing. The French company Lyonnaise des Eaux built up holdings in Severn Trent, Anglian and Wessex last year, although others were said to have been buying this week. All eyes will be on the first nprehensive lists of shareholders which are likely to be

made available next we Entrepreneurs old and new caught analysts unawares. Hanson followed its barely noticed third quarter figures on Wednesday with a \$504m payout for 45 per cent of Pea-body, the largest US coal pro-

Disappointing prelims/profits warning

Rights issue fears/ICI stake sale hinte

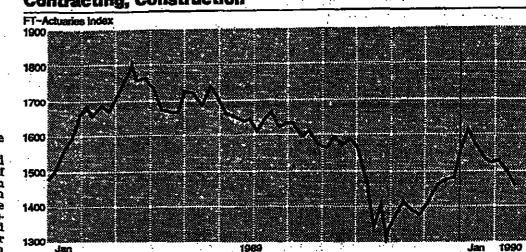
376 Row over management changes

Kleinwort reca. Losec doubts

503 Mortgage rate rise bits building sector

184 Government contract/US roadshow

Contracting, Construction



ducer. The rest of Peabody is owned by Newmont Mining, in which Hanson has a 49 per cent stake. Normally such acquisitions are seen as reaf-firming Lord Hanson's risk-taking credentials, but the shares marked time while analysts tried to calculate what Hanson might have in mind.

Amstrad's half year profits were above the highest analysts' forecasts at £30.1m. The shares, at 57p yesterday, con-tinued their slow recovery from the low of 37p on December 1. The charismatic Alan Sugar, Amstrad's chairman still has to prove to the City that he can run a multina-tional in troubled times as well as he managed growth in a consumer boom. Last year's interim profit was 275.3m and the shares then stood at 160p.

The entrepreneurs in the dock at Southwark crown court saw their trial on a variety of fraud and theft charges off to a faltering start. While the jury was being cho-sen for the second time, one of the accused, Ernest Saunders, will have had plenty of time to follow the fortunes of his erstwhile employer, Guinness. The shares, already the best per-former among Footsie stocks last year, rose another 21p to 661p. Several brokers published positive views on the company ahead of figures due next month. BZW changed its advice from hold to buy, say-

apparent than in the reactions of German bond and equity prices to the events in eastern Europe. This does not seem the place for a detailed analysis of the impact of currency reform on the German economy. But it is worth recalling that when the Berlin Wall first came down in November, the knee-jerk reaction of the currency

ing that improving margins

traders was to sell dollars. It took a week of reflection for the markets to realise that reunification would be extremely builish for the Deutschemark, because it would stem the Germa capital outflows which had been the main reason for the mark's surprising weakness in the previous two years.

The panic in the German and other European bond markets at present certainly has more complex and plausible explanations than the mindless "flight to safety after the Wall came down. But this time, too, the market seems to be ignoring many of powerfully anti-inflationary tures of German currency

The fact that investors in Europe seem to have over-reacted in such a sided manner to an event which might have been welcomed only a few months ago may well have something to do with the growing dominance of futures trading in European bond markets. It is Ironic that the German bond market is being wagged by its tail in the London Exchange, just as some serious steps are finally being taken to curb the ans tenomenon on Wall Street. Unfortunately for Wall Street investors, therefore,

there will be volatile times ahead, even if many of the home grown US speculative trends gradually die away.

2619.14 - 29.06 2624.10 + 4.96 2624.32 + 0.22 2648.66 + 25.23

Anatole Kaletsky

would continue to push earnings per share ahead at 20 per

Analysts also threw their weight behind Glazo. Kleinwort Benson will shortly publish a review of four of the company's drugs under devel-opment and argues that they will collectively be as impor-tant as Zantac – the world's best seller which is credited with having put Glaro into the top five of drug companies. Not all shares reacted with

equanimity to the rise in mort-gage rates. Housebuilders fell back and the construction sector continued its year-long slide. There was more to the gloom than the plight of home-owners, however. Profits warnings from English China Clays and Crest Nicholson did not help. Lord Chilver, the ECC chairman, said a worsening international economic environment as well as UK interest rates were the problem. Crest said falling house prices were

squeezing margins. The construction sector also produced one of the week's rights issues. Newman Tonks asked for £32m from its share-holders to cut borrowings. The other cash call had been the subject of much talk in the market shead of its announcement. Gestetner, the office equipment company, is raising almost three-quarters of the £90.6m it intends paying for the non-US operations of

Nashua, a photocopier and fax

machine supplier. A better kept secret was Godfrey Davies' hostile bid for Sketchley. The offer valued the dry cleaning company at £137m and the Godfrey Davies chief executive promised Sketchley shareholders they can keep

their 25 per cent discount on their cleaning bills. Meanwhile, another takeover bid seemed to enter its final act. Jameel, the Saudi Arabian trading concern, raised its hostile offer for Hartwell, the motor distributor, from £151m to £172m. Jameel took its stake to 29.1 per cent of the ordinary shares and 45.3 per cent of the convertibles. Hartwell ended the week with traders offering 153p a share, 2p less than

Jameel's offer. Iconoclasts of 1980s culture found a symbol in the London stock market with which to round off their week. Anyone unsatisfied with the stumbles of boxer Mike Tyson, US magnate Donald Trump, or Perrier could descend on a small UK company called Filofax. The maker of personal organisers issued another profit warning, but its shares had their traumas last year and ended the week barely changed. As the White Queen said: "I've done all the screaming already. What would be the use of having it all over again? Now you understand the way things happen here."

Daniel Green

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(JUNIOR MARKETS)

Novalal gets green for go

Novalal, a tree cloning com-pany, could on the face of it be Looking a few years ahead, one of the debuts of the deca It is at the forefront of technology, it boasts a board of scientific huminaries and it could make a very real contribution to the critical problem of global warming. Its launch harnesses equity for ecology. What could be better?

For all that, Novalal is meet-ing with a rather mixed reception. As the first start-up to join the USM for several years. it has inspired some unease among those who remember the abysmal performances of former high technology start-ups. Bio-Isolates, Bio-mechanics, Synterials . . . the list of disappointments goes on and

One common feature of the earlier arrivals was that they failed to meet profit projections. With this in mind, the cynics argue that Novalal's valuation of £20m — which is modest enough if its meets its illustrated profits of £2.85m for the first full year trading to July 31 1991 — may well prove to be exorbitant.

In response, Richard Wallis, managing director, points out that the group already has orders worth £11.15m over the next two and a half years. Moreover, he believes that his own background in chemical production will help the company keep to its budgets. Be that as it may, Novalal has a challenging time ahead. It is hard enough for any young company to meet the demands of the City without having to grapple with the vicissitudes of setting up a

business. But whatever its relations with the City, Novalal should command considerable interest both for its "green" credentials and as example of commercial exploitation of academic work. Novalal's principle hopes are pinned to its ability to help

restore ravaged tropical rain

forests. It says that its cloning techniques produce healthier, more resilient, faster growing and higher yielding plantlets than those grown by seed, and that this makes them particularly suitable for reforestation. Nonetheless, it expects to benefit from the increased funds available from lumber companies and international aid agencies which are con-cerned about the effects that the destruction of rain forests have had on the world's cli-

mate and ecology. Its main board includes Lord Plumb, the former President of the European Parliament, who has a particular interest in promoting funding by the European Community of reforestation programmes.

In addition to rainforest hardwoods, it hopes to use cloning techniques to produce flowers, houseplants, tropical fruit and nuts for the food sector and encalyptus and

NEXT WEEK'S launch of Douglas fir for the paper indus-

Novalal also expects to exploit a technique known as continuous fermentation, which har-nesses the ability of cells to produce certain chemicals. It intends to use this process

to produce castanospermine, now extracted from a rare Australian tree, which is a possible anti-viral agent that might have a role in the treatment of

It is also enthusiastic about the long term possibilities of biotransformation, a method that exploits the catalytic abil-ity of cells to develop new products. It expects to use the process to make flavours and fragrances, including a range of products for Estée Lauder.

The ambitious nature of these projects might deter some potential investors. However, they may take some encouragement from Novalal's august advisory board which comprises 13 eminent academics including two Nobel prize winners (who together will be paid a maximum of £50,000 a

year). Not surprisingly, the company's own board and manage ment is also rich in scientific talent. Several of its projects are linked to employees' former doctorate work.

Perhaps as a result of this the company is strikingly young its board includes three scientists under the age of 30 and three of the senior managers are scientists aged 25 or under.

The roots of the company go back to Richard Wallis's earlier career as a manufacturer of speciality chemicals. As part of this, he supported a research project by Dr Karen Davis into biotransformation techniques at the Cranfield Institute of Technology. After speaking at a conference two years, Dr Davis was introduced to Dr Marie Louise Broby, who with her husband and family were also working on tissue culture

technology.
They decided to join forces and try to float a start-up company on the stock market. After a false start, thanks to the demise of the Third Market, Douglas le Mare expects to place 5m shares at 100p each next week.

The founders and promoters of the business, who reckon they have spent 22m developing the technology, keep 75 per cent of the shares - although they will not be allowed to sell for the next two years.

The flotation is a gamble, but Richard Wallis sees it as infinitely preferable to the stranglehold of venture capital-ists, who he feels might sell the company over his head to a major drugs company. "We want to run the company our

way." he says. Vanessa Houlder

The many of the second of the

County NatWest still counting cost of Blue Arrow Arrow's shares. They had fallen to 91p, compared with

bank paying compensation to shareholders who had lost money following a disastrous rights issue 2½ years ago. Between 2,000 and 5,000 shareholders are expected to benefit.

But then, these were highly unusual circumstances. The bank was County NatWest, and the rights issue was the £837m issue of employment group Blue Arrow, close to the peak of the bull market in September 1987.

County's role in disguising the failure of the issue from the market in order to keep up the company's share price has led to a string of criminal charges: against County, UBS Phillips & Drew (the brokers to the issue) and 11 City figures. However, County says its decision to pay compensation does not mean it is admitting

INVESTORS WERE treated to obligation to investors: to the rare sight this week of a admit the first would lay it open to legal claims, while to admit the second would probably prompt the Inland Revenue to dispute the tax-deductibility of the compensation thereby greatly increasing the cost to the bank of the arrangement.

Nevertheless, the money is on the table now - preferable by far to awaiting the outcome of the criminal trial. Also, it is unlikely that many small shareholders would follow the example set by one keen investor who bought £700 of Blue Arrow shares and is currently the only person to be suing County for damages.

The compensation package falls into two parts. The first is only for the institutional investors which bought 180m Blue Arrow shares in a placing exercise shortly after the rights issue. County and P&D, which legal liability, or even a moral handled most of the placing, reflects the low point for Blue rights issue.

are disputing how to share the costs of this scheme. The second part is for the 2.000 to 5,000 shareholders who bought an estimated 40m to 50m Blue Arrow shares on the stock market during a specified period: between 29 September and 26 October 1987. It is worth up to 30p a share, plus a further 10p interest to reflect the 21/4 year gap. Basic rate income tax will be deducted from the interest section.

investors might wonder why the compensation only applies to a limited period and how the amount was decided. The Blue Arrow rights issue closed on September 28 1987, so the start date is clear: anyone who bought shares after this was misled by the lack of disclosure that the issue had failed, and so paid too high a price. The cut-off date (a week after the 1987 stock market crash)

issue. County did not actually own up to the failure of the issue until December 17. However, at that time the share price did not move an inch. sting that the stock market price already reflected the irne value (probably more by luck and misjudgement than by any brilliant insight into the true extent of the problem). So only the people who bought shares before October 26 actually paid too much. The amount - up to 80p a share - is more difficult to assess. The first thing to note

166p at the time of the rights

is that the bank is not compensating people for what hap-pened during the stock market crash of October 19 and the following days, only for the fact that investors were in the dark about the outcome of the

County says it has looked carefully at the movement of the Blue Arrow share price relative to the rest of the stock market, and at companies which had successful rights issues at about the same time. It has also taken advice from several independent firms on the likely extent of the overvaluation of the shares. It says that 30p is at the top of the range of answers it was given. It is also probably no coincidence that, at the time they decided to hide the outcome of the issue, County's executives estimated that to disclose the true picture would knock 20 to

February

and steady recovery of stock prices after the sudden plunge they suffered last month may

conceivably suggest that Wall

Street investors are already

Perhaps the US stock market

Unfortunately, however

it is still far too early to have

any confidence in this conclusion. And even if Wall

other side of the world seem

new-found stability in the US

financial markets. For itest

when speculation seems to

be going out of style among US investors, the European and Japanese financial

markets are showing a propensity for volatility which

would have delighted Drezel

and its cohorts in their golden

days.

Nowhere has this been more

more sober, events on the

destined to shake the

Street is determined to become

is already becoming a slightly

starting to regain their

supremacy over the speculators in Chicago.

30p off the share price. It seems almost impossible for the small shareholder to assess the suitability of the compensation, which leaves two options. The first is to watch out for what the big investing institutions do. If they think the amount on offer

is not enough, they are likely to push publicly for more, although this seems unlikely, after their initial favourable reaction to County's announcement. The second option is to

accept the assurance of County chairman Howard Macdonald, the forthright Scot brought in to clean up the bank after the Blue Arrow affair. He says the bank's aim is to put the whole business behind it: "to attempt to be cheap would be counter-Shareholders who believe

they have a claim should clip the coupon from NatWest's advertisements in last Thursday's papers. Alternatively, write to: Claims Administration Service, NatWest Investment Bank, Drapers Gardens, 12 Throgmorton Avenue, London, EC2P 2ES.

Richard Waters

FINANCE & THE FAMILY

Andrew Hill explains company reports

Why the bare facts are just not enough

carrying news of Lonrho's 1988-89 results was fulsome: it was "a splendid year" for Lonrho; Krupp Lonrho, a European subsidiary, "advanced remorselessly," and the release added: "What else would you expect?" Well most financial journalists - and many small shareholders - would expect a little more detail.

In fact, closer examination of the 21 per cent rise in pre-tax profits showed that the international conglomerate owed much of the increase to a large trading profit on the sale of whisky stock to Brent Walker in November 1988. Stripping out that gain, the group's profits were up just 4.4 per cent.

Lonrho is notorious for prod-

ucing sparse preliminary results' announcements. It probably doesn't matter much to its shareholders, who are among the most loyal in the country. But the high season for company results - early March to April - is approaching and small shareholders generally will be hoping their companies offer a few more scraps of information on which to chew than Lonrho usually

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Under Stock Exchange rules, all listed companies must make a preliminary announcement of profits at the end of their full-year and half-year stage. These statements are no substitute for the glossy and detailed report and accounts, but the exchange wants to prevent a false market in the shares of any company.

Once a team of auditors begins to pore over the full-year figures the risk of pricesensitive information leaking out increases, so Stock Exchange rules state that a preliminary announcement of full-year figures must be made "as soon as possible after draft accounts have been agreed with the auditors as the basis for completing the annual report."

Listed companies also have to send their interim (half-year) report to shareholders -or advertise it in at least two daily newspapers - within four months of the end of that financial period. Groups on the Unlisted Securities Market, which also are regulated by the exchange, have an extra two months in which to report half-way figures and need advertise them in only-one

newspaper. At any rate, shareholders after the year-end to judge their group's performance the report and accounts must themselves be published within six months. In fact, most companies publish pre-liminary results three or four months after the year-end (hence the cluster of result stories during March and April from companies which have a

calendar financial year).
Frustrated Lonrho investors
may be surprised to learn that their company has no particular obligation to elaborate on its preliminary figures at that

tage.

The Stock Exchange specifies the figures a listed group must supply (outlined below) and, broadly speaking, these are also the points reported by newspapers like the Financial Times. Preliminary results provide the first formal indication ented "fully diluted." That of a group's trading position; thus, they are almost certain to be more newsworthy for a daily paper than the report and accounts, which usually follow about a month later.

Theoretically, of course, the audited report and accounts could differ from the preliminary figures. In practice, this happens only rarely; when it does, it almost always justifies a separate news story. In the company's announce-

ment, the figures are displayed in tabular form alongside comparative figures for the corresponding period a year ago. Depending on the business of the company, turnover is usu-

ally synonymous with sales. Profit or loss, before taxation and extraordinary items, is the figure taken commonly as the first indication of a UK company's performance. For example, a headline such as Lonrho profits rise by 21 per cent" would refer to the pre-tax line. That is an attempt to make companies' results broadly comparable, because taxation – which has also to appear in the preliminary results - can vary quite widely from the standard 35 per cent charge if, say, the group has strong overseas

As already indicated, though, the pre-tax figure can be misleading. Companies can take so-called exceptional items "above the line" if they fall within its normal trading activities. Exceptional items – which could be gains or losses are not mentioned explicitly in the Stock Exchange rules, although all companies have an obligation to explain "any special factor" that has influ-

enced its activities. If the gains or losses fall outside the company's normal trading activities - so-called extraordinary items - they must be taken below the line, where they would not affect the group's pre-tax profits. Whether unusual gains or losses should be above or below the line can be a matter of considerable debate.

Companies include the full benefit of subsidiaries' profits in their pre-tax results. But if a group owns, say, 70 per cent of a subsidiary, it must list minority interests as a debit. That is, the share of the sub-sidiary's profit due to the 30 per cent minority shareholders. It falls after the tax line and before the profit or loss

Extraordinary items come next in the table, followed by attributable profits after extraordinary items, and the total amount absorbed by dividend payments. Most compa-nies will list separately the div-idend payment as it would apply to individual shareholders. It will always appear, in news reports and in company figures, as a net figure - which assumes the basic rate of tax has been paid - in

pence per share. The group will also list earnings per share, which is the profits figure — after tax and minority interests, but before extraordinary items and the distribution of dividends -divided by the number of shares on issue, in the *Finan*cial Times, the earnings per share figure is always pres-

means it is based on the maximum number of ordinary shares which could be traded for instance, if convertible shares in issue were trans-

formed into ordinary shares.

Divisional breakdowns, balance sheets and interest charges are not on the Stock Exchange's Ten Command-ments. That is not to say that companies cannot include more information in their press releases, or that financial reporters will not shy away from pressing executives to release more statistics. But even the bare bones of a group's figures may give investors and analysts the ability to prepare some basic investment ratios, allowing them to compare a company with its competitors.

The FT's analysis of company results might appear in the Lex column - if the group is particularly large, or its results particularly significant - or in the 120-150 word paragraph, headed "Comment" which usually follows a straight news story in the UK straight news story in the UK Company News section.

The pre-tax margin (pre-tax profits divided by turnover), is a crude index of how profitable



the group is. A profit of £100m might sound large but, if it is generated from turnover of £10bn (a pre-tax margin of just I per cent), then shareholders could wonder, justifiably, if their company was in the right

One point likely to be pursued by analysts when the cost of borrowing money is high is a company's level of gearing. Gearing is the company's borrowings expressed as a per-centage of shareholders' funds. Groups perceived to have high gearing (say, 50 per cent or more) could argue with some justification that a more rele-

(profits before interest and tax divided by interest charges); as a rule, the higher the interest cover, the more secure the company, irrespective of the extent of its borrowings. Shareholders may also wish

to know how easily a company can pay its dividends. They can do this by calculating dividend cover - profits after tax divided by the total dividend payment. A figure for this, covering every company in the ering every company in the London share service, appears at the back of the FT.

Company comments usually come with a reference to the prospective p/e ratio or multi-ple. This stands for price/earnshare price divided by a fore-cast of earnings per share for the full year (in comments on interim figures) or the follow-ing year (in the case of fullyear results).

The p/e can be interpreted in a number of ways. If it is high compared with the market or sector, it could mean that the company's shares are over-valued by investors; that the group is the subject of take-over speculation (the presence of a large, potentially aggressive shareholder would push up the share price); or that it is an excellent company which analysts believe deserves a pre-

Corporate carnage

IN THE past few weeks and months, the City air has been fall of black-winged harbingers of the coming results' season. From the large (English China Clays, Coloroll, Tarmac) to the small (Filofax and Sock Shop), quoted companies have been heralding the corporate carnage which an uncertain stock market has feared since before Christmas.

The market still cowers at the thought of what other groups may be covering up, but investors who are worried could seek re-assurance in the Stock Exchange rulebook. It says: "Any information neces sary to enable [shareholders] and the public to appraise the position of the company, and to avoid the establishment of a false market in its [shares], must be notified" to the

mium rating. Normally, the comment would explain the

reasons.

The small shareholder could also compare the prospective p/e against the historic figures for each sector listed daily in the FT-Actuaries share indices (they appear in the second half of the paper in the section headed "London Market Statis-

Unfortunately, in spite of the Stock Exchange's good inten-tions, the smallest investors are still likely to find them-selves at the end of a long queue when it comes to selling or buying shares on the strength of companies' prelimiexchange. That allows the companies some flexibility, and none would forecast the possibility of a drop in profits without careful consideration: shares in English China Clays tumbled by nearly 7 per cent when, on Tuesday, it warned of the effect of higher interest

rates.

But withholding bad news risks incurring the wrath of the Stock Exchange, especially if word leaks out unofficially. And surprising the market with poor figures when the results are published is equally unpopular.

Those companies which

Those companies which have warned already of trou-bles ahead can at least comfort themselves with the possibility that investors may feel more sympathetic when the actual figures emerge.

nary results. The news appears first on the exchange screens and is disseminated from there by financial journalists and

It is by no means a false market but, if you don't have a screen and are not poised by the phone for a first sighting of the results, you are likely to be beaten to the market place by the professionals. Those who wait for the following day's newspapers - and per haps, a more searching analysis - will be receiving information that has been absorbed, and acted on, by most of the investment community

The promise of the East.



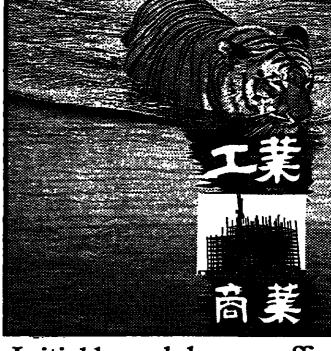
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£920 a burial, £712 a cremation The very high cost of dying

*But there, everything has its drawbacks, as the man said when his mother in law died and they came down upon him for the funeral expenses".

> - Jerome K. Jerome Three Men in a Boat

NO-ONE likes to dwell on the cost of dying but the unpleasant truth is that it is has become a very expensive

Funeral costs in England, Wales and the Channel Islands have shown a sharp increase in the past year. This has emerged from a recent survey by market research company Mason-Shakespeare which was commissioned by the Odd Fellows Manchester Unity Friendly Society.

Burials now cost £920 on average, up 24.8 per cent on last year (including basic disbursements) while the average cost of a cremation has increased by 12.9 per cent

to £712. Prices do vary across the country, though: East Anglia, the Channel Islands and the south-west of England are particularly expensive regions for burials. If you want your interment to be cheap, you had better die in the Midlands.

Like property, burial plots vary widely in price from £60 to £620, according to region: they tend to be more expensive in the city than in rural areas. On the other hand, if you have chosen to be cremated, the survey says these are much more expensive in the south of the country (including

London) and Wales. The basic cost of a funeral covers removal of the body to the chapel of rest, a simple coffin, one hearse and one car and the national average cost is £638. However. disbursements such as grave digger's fees, death certificates headstone, flowers, burial plot, obituaries in the press and

minister's fees add, on average an extra £282 Cremations are cheaper, because they do not include the burial plot and grave digger's charges. The average hasic cost is £533 with disbursements adding a further

Dying abroad can, however. be much more expensive. Transporting a body back home costs far more than a one-way economy class air

On average, it costs £2,500-£3,000 to fly from Spain, Germany or Yugoslavia to London (including embalming and airport fees), and £2,700 from California to London. Thus, it is a good idea to check that your travel insurance

includes adequate cover.

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*The FT Accurates World Indices Pacific (ex. Japan). Figures to 30th November 1989 offer to offer

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in the regional index.*

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COMPANY NEWS SUMMARY

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FINANCE & THE FAMILY

The Week Ahead

ears open, as much for any hints of what the banks plan to

lure for

KEEP IT under your hat, but one building society has formed an Isle of Man subsidiary that will pay interest gross to investors. It will, therefore, appeal particularly to non-taxpayers seeking to take advantage of new rules for the indepen

Bingley, since it claims to be the first society to receive an operating licence from the Isle of Man Financial Supervision from the UK Inland Revenue

There are some snags. though. The Revenue will not allow the society to promote the Isle of Man products through its branches - it

Second, investors will be allowed to deal with the Isle

All this is rather awkward. there is the re-assurance of staying within the British

advantages, too, for of between £5,000 and

The other is the Maximiser for 12 months. However, the first interest payment will be made on April 5, 1991, so that maximum benefits under the

Offshore investors

to offer its gross interest products to UK residents.

must wait for investors to ask

of Man subsidiary — Bradford & Bingley (Douglas) Ltd only by post or in person. You cannot deal through any of the UK branches.

Still, for those nervous about putting their money offshore,

non-taxpayers. Bradford & Bingley (Douglas) is offering two products. One, called the Maximiser Independent Account, pays gross interest of 13.5 per cent (which will vary in line with changes in UK interest rates) on deposits £250,000. You must give three months' notice of withdrawal

Independent Bond, which pays 15.2 per cent gross (although this rate also could be varied) on investments of £10,000 and above that are locked away investors will receive the independent taxation rules,

starting on April 6. The move is something of a coup for the Bradford &

for details

Isles and dealing with one of the top 10 building societies.

to avoid any loss of interest.

John Edwards

Chemical IMPERIAL Industries, one of Britain's biggest manufacturing companies and a bellwether of the state of the UK economy generally, is unlikely to send anyone into raptures on Thursday when it unveils its results for the year to December 31. With the chemicals sector overall showing signs of a downturn, ICI is believed to have had a poor final quarter, with sales and profits hit particularly badly in commodity chemicals such as fertilisers and bulk organic

That will leave pre-tax profits at about £1.5bn, only slightly above the record £1,47bn achieved in 1988. According to analysts, sales are likely to have moved up from £11.70bn in 1988 to around

materials.

£13bn last year. Sir Denys Henderson, ICI chairman, is expected to give a downbeat assessment of pros-pects for 1990. Trading in many kinds of chemicals, particu-larly the bulk variety which are sold in high volumes and at relatively low margins, is likely to become increasingly difficult as the year progresses.

That will be offset by better
prospects for higher-value
products like drugs and agrohemicals.

Worryingly for many inves-tors, though, ICI's performance in some other parts of its speci-ality chemicals portfolio has left much to be desired. There are thought to be particular problems in paints, films and other specialised industrial chemicals such as polyure-

Three of the clearing banks
- NatWest, Midland and Lloyds - produce their 1989 final results next week but investors will be keeping their

a distinctly European flavour.

IF YOU BUY shares in a new investment trust

these days, you will almost certainly be opting

for a highly focused investment in one sector or

Out of 21 trusts launched in the UK last year.

20 were aimed at specialised areas, according to

a study by County NatWest WoodMac. So far

this year, a further eight specialist investment trusts have been announced, many of them with

This emphasis on focused investments is one

of the reasons for the present buoyancy of the investment trust industry, Managers have found

objectives - high income funds for private indi-viduals, for example, or Far Eastern funds for

people who want to cash in on the rapid industrialisation of the Pacific region. But there are dangers as well as advantages in this approach.

The first point to remember is that by invest-

ing in a specialist trust, you are exercising far more of your own judgment about financial trends than you would in buying into a general-

With a specialist trust, you are saying that

you believe a certain area has good prospects and is worth backing with your own money. It

is no good blaming the fund managers if, for

example, you go into a German fund only days before the Frankfurt Stock Exchange suffers a

A RECORD number of

empt investment schemes

more than double the number

stems from the rules having been changed in the last Bud-

get, allowing investors to raise the maximum investment from £3,000 to £4,800, while the maxi-mum that could be invested in

unit trusts and investment trusts within the plan was raised from £750 to £2,400. —

. . .

THE YORKSHIRE Building

Society has announced a new mortgage with a fixed interest rate of 13.5 per cent which will be available from next week. The rate is fixed for two years,

after which it reverts to York-

shire's normal variable base rate; thus, if you think rates will stay high for two years or

more, this could be worth investigating.
But remember that, as with

all these fixed-rate schemes.

the penalties for changing are

heavy if interest rates come

down suddenly - in this case, three months' interest for early

The minimum loan is £25,000

and Yorkshire will lend a max-

imum of 95 per cent of the pur-

chase price or valuation (whichever is the lower) for house purchases. - S. W.

BROWN Shipley Unit Trust Managers has re-launched its

Orient Fund with a new invest-

ment manager - Kangyo Kak-umaru Capital Management. This is the investment arm of a

Japanese security group, Nip-

pon Kangyo Kakumaru Securities. It seems logical to employ

redemption.

Sara Webb.

Poor quarter hits ICI

do this year as for the figures themselve NatWest kicks off on Tues-day and is expected to produce pre-tax profits - after provision for lesser developed countries (LDC) - of £450m. The bad news about the Blue Arrow affair is mostly out of the way now: the announcement last week that the bank will make a £30m provision because of it hardly touched the share price.

Analysts hope the banks might drop some hints about tax relief on LDC provisions. Although a formal amounce-ment might not come before the Budget, they are eager to know if the banks have been given any assurances from the Bank of England.

Lloyds is thought to be the most vulnerable in this respect and is expected to report a loss of £630m after its LDC provi-sions. Although it is the most "housing-connected" of the big four banks, analysts doubt



ICI's Sir Denys Henderson · ·

Terry Dodsworth on investment trusts

Where danger lurks

whether the recent rises in interest rates will affect it, despite its increasing attention on the domestic market.

However, the result awaited most eagerly is that of the Midland, in which the HongKong & Shanghai Banking Group has a 14.9 per cent stake. The two are looking at some form of close business association, but investors are keen to know whether this will be a cash bid

or share swap.

The other point for which Midland's investors will look is evidence that its cost-cutting measures are taking effect.

Analysts expect Midland to produce a loss (after LDC provisions) of £240m when it reports on Thursday.

reports on Thursday.

The effect of lending to LDC, which has hit the banking sector since 1982, has changed in the past year, the provisions made by the banks have cured the problem in balance sheet terms and its significance is expected to diminish as times

Owners Abroad: the tour operating and airline broking group, seems well-placed to ride out the turmoil in the package holiday business. Pre-liminary results due on Tuesday should show a healthy increase in pre-tax profits to about £13.5m, compared with full-year results last year of

The company is also expected on Tuesday to announce it is buying British Airways' 50 per cent stake in the Redwing Group for a nominal sum. Owners already has a close working relationship with BA on its air charter wholesaling. and the Redwing move will establish it firmly as the thirdlargest travel group after

NatWest, points out that the batch of recent

trusts aimed at continental Europe will try to

exploit the prospects for growth in the region in several different ways – one by concentrating on small companies, another on blue chips, and

Fifth, most new trusts carry warrants. They do this because investors like them and can

generally make money out of them. But the equity dilution caused eventually by warrants can give you an unpleasant surprise if you for-get that they are there.

some by country specialisation.

PRELIMINARY RESULTS bet spere (b) bet spe (1,652) (420) (36,060) (7,970) (3,400*) ke Tool Eng. 489 L 37,120 19,020 (23.6) (11.1) (0.14) (2.7) (1.24) (3.87) (8.45) (6.33) Egerton Trust Dec♥ 4,070¥ Dec 474 (279) (8531) (967#) (3,7801) 1,120† 1,580# 4,200† 4.67 9.46 8.4 Dect1 2,120 Oct 2,200L (1,420) (6,450) Lestie Wise Lioyds Merchant London Fiduciary Manchester Ship 8.72 (3,190) (8,101) (263) (486) 4,170 12,800 437 5,000 264,500 Oct Dec 90.7 283,000 (215,400) (5.280t)

on its air charter wholesaling, and the Redwing move will establish it firmly as the third-largest travel group after Thomson and ILG.	Scottish America SEP industrial Summer Int. TR Pacific inv. Yeoman Invest.	Dec Dec Sept Dec Dec Dec	8,080 4 2,490 1,510 1,600† 2,930† 2,840	(6,290 \Phi) (6,290 \Phi) (1,324) (151 L**) (1,050†) (2,490†) (2,536)	3.61 (2.1 4.01 (3.1 10.4 - 0.52 (0.1 11.9 (10 22.1 (22	81) 3.3 14) 1.0 1.0 35) 0.25 1.1) 12.2	
n investment trusts	·	INT	erim s	TATEM	ENTS		
nger lurks	Company	,	iali-year to	Pre-tex (20)		divid	erim iende" hare (p)
meet tutto	Abingworth		Dec	105	(166)	-	-
	Amstrad		Dec	30,100	(75,300)	· 0.4	(0.4)
Second, the selection of a specific area for	Automegic Holding	.	Oct	35	(173)	2.25	(2.25)
	Baitey ČH		Oct	328	(188)	-	(-)
investment means you are exposing yourself to	Black Peter Holding		Dec	5,250	(5,000)	0.77	(0.65)
potentially more volatile movements in share	British Airways		Dec§	71,000	(51,000)		(-)
prices than in a general trust.	Bryant Group		Nov	14,700	(31,100)	1.4	(1.4)
Generalists have widely-spread portfolios that	Dalgety		Dec	57,100	(51,700)	7.15	(6.5)
can balance sectors performing poorly with the	Essex Furniture		Dec	281	(246)	1.0	-
stocks that are performing better. Specialists, on	First Spenish Inv.		Nov .	340	(221)	. = _	-
the other hand, should show handsome gains	GC Floorings & Fu		Dec	12	(285)	0.9	(0.9)
when their area of investment is performing	GT Venture invest.		Dec	701#	(38##)	-	(-)
well, but will have little to cushion a fall if the	Hunson		Dec§§	225,000	(195,000)		(-)
investment area goes into reverse.	Hartley Baird		Oct	408	(403)	0.25	-
Third, don't forget that many specialist funds	Honeysuckie Group		Nov .	294	(1,590)		(2.0)
and the contract of the contra	Howard Holdings		Oct	1,210	(1,610)	- 0.6	(0.6)
are put together to exploit short-lived opportuni-	Huntingdon Int'l.		Dec		(2,880)	· -	57
ties. Thus, you need to be alert to the fact that	Independent investi		Dec	95† ··	(7061)	•	77
these opportunities may disappear and be	News Corporation		Nov.	762 L 138.300	(171)	•	19
replaced by new ones - another reason for fairly	Norton Group		Deces: ···	517	(201,315)	- 7	777
active management on your part.	Orchid Technology		Dect .		(257) (1,100)	: 🎍	F7)
Fourth, look carefully at what distinguishes	Photo-Me Infil.		Oct .	8.830	(8,720)	1.2	(0.6)
the different trusts. Hamish Buchan of County	Second Alliance Ta		Jan	3.240†			
Notificat mainte out that the battle of manual	AMANINA VINNINGS 19	-	âch r	3,2401	(2,7201)	11.0	(8.0)

8,830 3,240† 4,000L 934 Jan Aug Nov (630) (847) (Figures in parentheses are for the corresponding period.) Polydonds are shown not pence per share, except where otherwise indicated. L ≈ loss.† Net revenue.‡ Figures in US dollars and cents.‡ Net income.♥ Figures in Dutch guilders. ● 1st quarter figures.‡ Gross revenue.** Figure for 6 month period.\$ 3rd quarter figures.\$\frac{1}{2}\$ tst quarter figures.\$\frac{1}{2}\$ Net profits in Australian dollars.†† Irish punts & pence.‡† Income for six months. ◆ After-lax profits.

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Trace Computers

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RIGHTS ISSUES

sistner Holdings is to raise £85.2m via a one-for-two rights issue 180p. Odman Group is to raise £5m via a three-for-four rights issue at 22p. woman Tonks is to raise £32.3m via a one-for-four rights issue at 150p.

OFFERS FOR SALE, PLACINGS AND INTRODUCTIONS

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TRANSPORT LINKS WITH THE CONTINENT

The Financial Times proposes to publish a Survey on the above on

5th April 1990

For a full editorial synopsis and advertisement details, please contact:

Neville Woodcock

on 01-873 3365 or write to him at: Number One, Southwark Bridge London SE1 9HL.

FINANCIALTIMES

IN BRIEF personal equity plans (PEPs) were taken out in 1989, according to Peter Lilley, Financial Secretary to the Treasury. Since PEPs (which are tax-exaimed at encouraging wider share ownership) were introduced in 1987, investors have taken out nearly 700,000 with a total investment of nearly £1.5bn. Of those PEPs, 300,000 alone were taken out last year, in 1988. Part of the explanation for the increased interest in 1989 record

a major Japanese investment house to manage a fund which invests both in Japan and the emerging Asian markets. How-ever, Brown Shipley is the first UK unit trust group to form such a liaison.

Up to now, the Orient Fund's investments have been managed by the Edinburgh-based Dunedin Fund Managers. Figures from Micropal show that, over the longer term, the Orient Fund has been in the sec-ond quartile but its perfor-mance has slipped over the short term.

Dunedin now has its own Far East Trust, so it was to be expected that Brown Shipley should find another manager. Nippon Kangyo Kakumaru Securities is the fifth-largest

securities company in Japan in terms of net assets (\$1.5bn). and its two major asset management companies oversee funds worth \$25bn. Brown Shipley investment Management has funds of \$1.4bn. It might smack of David and Goliath but investors must now await the outcome in terms of performance. - Bric Short.

MANY investors need to think about whether they should "bed-and-breakfast" their shares before the end of this tax year. This is the practice of selling shares on one day and buying them back at the same price the following morning in order to realise a capital gain or loss for tax-planning pur-

poses,
If you decide to do this,

always check first that your broker is not going to charge you the commission twice. It is standard practice to charge only the normal commission on the sale of shares and then to waive commission on their re-purchase.

Of the banks which offe cheap dealing-only services to investors, Midland, Barclays and Lloyds do not charge fo the re-purchase but NatWes levies a £25 fee. But the deal must take place in the sam account period and cannot be accepted on the last dealing day of the period. - S. W.

THE LEEDS Permanent Building Society is raising the interest rate on its Visa card from

27.57 per cent to 29.08 (APR next week, which puts it at the upper end of the scale. This is however, an affinity card money is donated to the Brit ish Heart Foundation, Imperia Cancer Research Fund an MENCAP every time one is used. - S. W.

INVESTMENT trust savings schemes, which allow people to buy shares with regular monthly payments, are continuing to increase in popular

Last year, 264m worth of investment trust shares were bought through such schemes against just £22m in 1988 and £14m in the previous year. The Association of Investment Trust Companies says the number of regular savers has increased to more than 31,000. with an average of £62 invested each month.

The AFTC also is arguing for new tax measures and improved dealing facilities in order to spread share owner-ship. In a submission to the Confederation of British Industry's task force on the subject, the AITC says centralised savings schemes, simpler regis-tration procedures and screen-based dealing services all have a part to play in encouraging more ownership of shares. -

RES	ULTS DU	E	<u> </u>		
Company A	nnouncement	Dividend (p)* Last year This y			
			Final	Titals yo	
FINAL DIVIDENDS		-		100.	
Amcilile Holdings	Wednesday -	20	4.0 -	2 25	
Camellia Investments	Monday	8.0	12.0	9.0	
Campari International	Tuesday	20	6.5	2.0 2.0	
Cityvision	Tuesday		1.0	2.0	
EFT Group	Thursday	0.2	0.5	0.3	
English and Overseas Prop	Thursday		1.5	2.0	
First Tokyo Index Trust	Wednesday		0.25		
Forwell Group	Thursday	-		Ξ.	
1CI	Thursday	18.0	32.0#	21.0	
Lancashire & London Inv. Tet	Thursday	1.0	1.75	- 1.0.	
Lloyds Abbey Life	Friday	3.6	9.9	6.0	
Lloyds Bank	Friday	5.5	11.3	6.4	
LW7 (Holdings)	Friday	2.04		245	
Midlend Saak	Thursday	6.8	9.6#	73	
National Wastminster Bank	Tuesday	4.625	19.0	5.325	
Owners Abroad Group	Tuesday	0.6	1.75	0.7	
P&P	Tuesday	1.0	2.0	1.1	
Property Company of Landon	Tuesday	-		1.1	
Provident Financial	Wednesday	8.0	12.0	7.0	
Reliant Group	Monday		0.5	7.0	
Renown Inc	Friday		12.5	-	
SCOUSH Eastern Investment	Tuesday	1.0	20	1.15	
Second Market Investment Co	Wednesday		0.33	1, 13,	
Temple Ber Investment Trust	Monday	3.2	5.3	3.7	
Trancherwood	Wednesday	1.31	3.82	1.5	
Yorkshire Chemicals	Wednesday	3.0	7.0	3.5	
Diterim Dividends				3.0	
Alumasc Group	Friday	0.00			
Armour Trust	Monday	2.65 0.25	5.35	•	
Ashtond Group	Monday	0.85	0.95	-	
Courtney, Pope (Holdings)	Friday	3.5	1.85	-	
Elders CO	Fridays		5.0	-	
Pl Group		9.5	11.0	-	
Fietcher Challenge	February	3.5	6.5	-	
Havelock Europe	Tuesdayt	11.5	15.5	-	
London Contra	Wednesday	26	1.0	-	
Herrburger Brooks	Wednesday	-	-	-	
Milliant Chie of Hes Sits Pung	Friday		-	_	
New Zealand Investment Trust	Wednesday	1.5	1.5#	_	
Pikco Holdings	Tuesday	6. Q	7,0	_	
Scottish Investment Trust	Thursdays	1.0	2.2	1.15	
Sinciair Goldsmith Holdings	Thursday	1,5	3.5	4.13	
SWP Group	Friday	-	-	-	
Throgmorton Dual Trust	Monday	. 2.0.	5.5	2 25	
Dividends are shown not pence po			4.0		

BOOKS

The WEEKEND FT publishes a Books Page every week.

To advertise here and reach the right market please contact CATRIONA JAMIESON on 01-873 3576 or 01-407 5758

the Chancellor may put an end to this particular form of tax planning in this year's Budget on March 20. Last year there were similar rumours, and nothing happened but there could be a general move to close tax "loopholes" this year

so if you want to be sure of using an offshore trust to save tax, it may be wise to act fast.

An offshore trust allows you to transfer your wealth to offshore trustees who own the trust fund for the benefit of you or your beneficiaries, such as your children or grandchil-dren. Your trustees will pay no tax in the tax "haven" and the trust fund remains unknown to the rest of the world and, to a large extent, protected from your children.

Because a trust is secret, it has advantages over an off-shore company. Not least of these are the tax benefits. The trust is owned by the trustees, so neither you nor your benefi-ciaries are deemed to have any control over it, whereas a shareholder of an offshore company is in control to a

greater or lesser extent. UK taxation respects this dif-ference. Take the example of a company which would be regarded as a "close company" if it were based in the UK: if it makes a capital gain, a UK resident shareholder owning 5 per cent or more could be liable personally to tax on the gain

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PLACINGS

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made by the company.

If offshore trusts make a gain, however, neither the set-tior nor the UK resident beneficlaries are liable to capital gains tax immediately and in certain situations no one will

be liable at all. This is the principle behind the "freezer" trust. If you "emigrate" a company into an offshore trust, even if it has increased in value since you purchased it, no tax is payable at the time you appoint the

new trustees.

For example, if you bought a small private company "off the shelf" for £100, you could decide to transfer it immediately into a UK-based trust with yourself and your solici-tor as trustees. The costs of running an offshore trust mean that it is not worth "emi-

grating" your trust until it has a value of at least £200,000. Say, for example, that the company increases in value to c500,000 and you think that shares.

over the next few years it will many of the banks, lawyers and accountants in the main offshore tax havens (such as you hope to sell it. So you the Channel Islands, Gibraltar,

the time that you move the trust offshore and appoint new trustees even though the com-

If you wait until your company is worth £200,000 before you put it into the UK trust, you will have to pay tax at your top rate of tax on the £199,900 gain (less indexation) as soon as you put it into trust or when you appoint the off-shore trustees, depending on

the type of trust and what you put into it.

If you sell the shares in the offshore trust for £5m, say in two years time, the entire gain made on the shares since they were put into trust will not be liable to capital gains tax immediately. The tax can be deferred until either capital is paid to a UK-resident benefi-ciary or he receives a benefit from the trust which is not charged to income tax. In some cases where the settlor or the beneficiaries are not resident in the UK, the capital gains tax can be avoided altogether. Offshore trusts can also be

used to save income tax and inheritance tax, but only if you as settlor are prepared never to benefit directly from the trust. You could use the the trust, for example, to build up a nest egg for your children or grandchildren, transferring investments to the offshore trustees to reinvest out of the UK. The income from the trust fund can then be accumulated tax free, until such time as the money is

If you set up a trust for your children or grandchildren, no inheritance tax will be payable on those investments unless you die within seven years. Trusts, and in particular off-

shore trusts, sound too good to be true, but they are not advis-able for everyone. Offshore trusts are expensive to run. The average offshore trust, where the trustees are not involved in any complicated or time-consuming asset manage-ment, will cost the trust fund at least £1,000 a year.
As a rule of thumb, £200,000

is usually considered the mini-mum amount worth putting into an offshore trust, with the possible exception of assets which are worth less than this but which are expected to increase rapidly in value, for example, private company

ONE OF the most effective tax avoidance ploys is the offshore it by appointing Guernsey Islands) provide a truste service. Usually the best are the Chancellas near that the the trust are the Chancellas near that the trust are the Chancellas near the trust are trustees. No tax is payable at vice. Usually the best are found in countries which have a trust law so that the trust is not obliged to borrow a trust law from another country. This pany, in this example, has already gained £199,900. can prove awkward if any

> because legal advice has then to be imported, leading to massive costs.
> UK law and most other laws relating to trusts and trustees are very strict and do not permit the trustees to benefit from the trust in any way. Unless otherwise stated in the trust deed, trustees' services must be gratuitous.

be gratuitous.

However, unwary settlors of offshore settlements frequently fall into the trap of signing an "off the peg" trust deed provided by a professional offshore trustee. In fact a trust deed is not just another piece of paper given to you by your banker or accountant: it is the only link you will have left with your money and it must with your money and it must be carefully drafted to reflect the settlor's intentions.



In many cases where a set-tior has signed on the dotted line for an "off the peg" trust, he may discover later on that it cannot be altered, or that he has agreed to an absurdly wide indemnity clause to cover all the mistakes that his trustees could make or that he has agreed to a trustee charging provision which cannot be questioned.
Offshore trusts are probably

the most effective form of tax avoidance available to the UK tax payer and it is hoped they will remain as a tax avoidance loophole for many years.

Caroline Garnham is a tax lawyer with the London firm of solicitors Taylor Joynson Garrett. Terry Dodsworth on worries over convertible shares

Hanson is as Hanson does

convertible shares is likely to disappear shortly if Hanson gains approval to con-vert its 10 per cent 2,007/12 stock. The four year old issue will be converted if holders of 75 per cent or more agree by the end of this month. This would eliminate about 19 per cent of the convertibles available in the UK.

Not all investors are happy with the proposal, though. In particular, some Financial Times' readers are questioning the timing of the income payments of the

two types of stock.
Interest on the convertible is paid in March and September to coincide with Hanson's October to September fiscal year. But dividends go out in July and February finals). As a result, convertible holders would miss their March payment if conversion went through and it would be July before they received the first dividends on their new characteristics.

their new shares.
Stephen Hugh-Jones, who has owned some Hanson convertibles from the time of the company's takeover of Imperial in 1986, says this discrepancy in the payment date will probably lead to a cut in his income from the company over the period to next March. "Tm not saying that Han-son is doing anything illegitimate," he stresses. "But I am saying that a sensible convertible holder would not accept this

cash flow from his Hanson investments. Take a holder of a nominal £1,000 of the convertibles, he says. This investor would be due three net payments of £37.50 on the be due three net payments of £37.50 on the stock over the next 13 months (one in March, another in September and the last in March 1991) — a total of £112.50. But if the conversion is agreed, the investor will receive just two payments, in July and February next year, missing out on the final dividend due this month.

Based on a conversion rate of 775 shares to £1,000 of convertible stock, and Hanson's forecast of a 10.4p dividend for the present year, the net dividend income will amount to only £30.60.

amount to only £80.60.

Hugh-Jones says it is quite reasonable to argue that this will mean a shortfall of £31.90 for the period he has selected. In addition, investors may suffer a further blow since the Inland Revenue could tax accurated interest up to the conversion data. accrued interest up to the conversion date.

accrued interest up to the conversion date. Hanson, however, is not impressed by these arguments. According to Martin Taylor, the group's finance director, convertible holders agreeing to switch into ordinary shares have to accept that they cannot be paid twice for the same period of corporate activity: the convertible payment to March this year relates to the six months from last September; and the interim dividend payment in July will be for the same period. He adds that the

Hugh-Jones' criticism is based on the terms of the conversion were stated clearly at the time of issue.
What should investors do, then? Hugh-

what should investors do, then? Hugh-Jones and other critics would like to whip up feeling against the proposal so that Hanson would not be able to push through the change. "Tve got nothing against Lord Hanson," he says, "but I don't see why he should increase his cash flow by diminish-ing mine."

ing mine."
Hanson's opponents face an uphill battle. For one thing the timing rules on dividend payments will not change, even if the conversion is delayed. At the same time, most institutional investors look set to convert, giving the company the 75 per cent majority it needs to force everyone to

"The point you have to look at is the cost of not converting," says Roger Clough, a Panmure Gordon analyst specialising in convertibles. "Gross annual income for an investor converting into the ordinary shares would come to 13.88p a share on Hanson's forecast while, on a like basis, the convertible income is worth

12.9p a share."

Clough concedes there is a timing diffi-culty for investors. But he points out that this is not unusual in the convertible mar-ket and normally is reflected in the mar-ket price of stock. "If you stick with the Hanson convertible in the future, you will be facing a loss," he adds.

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About Royal

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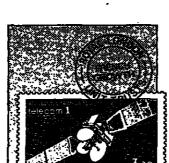
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The new found political and economic freedom in Eastern Europe has opened up new markets hungry for goods and services from their wealthy neighbours. The modernisation of Eastern European economies will furth-



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pean markets, no major

unit trust group offers the

choice between these mar-

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in the immediate future, France offers amongst the best earnings potential of all the major European markets and should obtain sub-stantial benefit from 1932. Its economic co-oneration with Wast Germany has already been a source of considerable strength source of considerable strength to both countries. The country is naturally richly endowed and tertile with agricultural produce being exported all over the world. France's industrial strength is based upon a plentiful supply of nuclear power, iron and natural gas reserves and its varied industrial output includes cars, chemicals, clothing, textiles — and perfumes. As well as the Bourse in Paris there are important provincial exchanges. Paris there are emporialisation, 31 cele exchanges.
Total market capitalisation, 31 December 1995; £1348 billion.
Percentage of total world stock market capitalisation; 2.8%. Spacialist investment advisor: Heare Govett international Securities.

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Eastern European countries. The
country has great potential as
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themselves have a tremendous
propensity to save and invest —
second only to the Japanese —
thus further boosting the econcomy. It is strong in agriculture;
Italian olive oil is exported all over
the world and Italy is the world's
single biggest wine producer. It is
also strong in cars, aircraft, shippling, heavy angineering, clothing
and textiles. Italy is the birthplace
of banking in which it remains a
world force and the 'Ban Stock
Exchange is import... in international transactions.

Total market capitalisation, 31 strong. Spain has important coan and iron resources, powerful agricultural exports — not least sherry! — and a continuing commitment to create new industrial zones. The principal stock exchange in Madrid is supplemented by smaller but active expenses.

tional transactions.

Total market capitalisation, 31
Decamber 1989: £78.7 hilling, Percentage of total world stock market capitalisation: 1.5%. Specialist investment advisor: floure Govett International Securities Limited.

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You may invest in any or all of the six trusts subject to a minimum of £1,000 per trust.

memon by smaller our active exchanges in Bercalona, Bilbeo and Valencia.

Tetal wasket capitalisation, 31 December 1989: £45.5 billion. Parcentage of total world stock market capitalisation: 1.8%. Specialist impactant activities. nor communication: 1.0%. Special-ist investment advisor: Carnegle Espana SV. Valuable discounts – limited period

All investors in any or all of these six new Royal London Trusts are eligible for a discount of 2% provided the application reaches us by 9th March 1990. So don't miss your chance, act now before it's

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aimed at capital growth groups for both UK and and each investing in one of the major European

Six New Unit Trusts With 1992 fast approaching, Royal London is now able to offer a unique range of six specialist

international unit trusts for last year. (Source: Sunday Times, Micropel

ESPAÑA 19

The Royal London

Spanish Growth Trust



intensive agriculture, important coal and natural gas resources and the Netherlands control a great deal of total world output in oil, tin and diamonds. Several of oil, an and diamonds, several of the world's supergiant trading companies — Unitever, Shall and Philips — have roots in the Nether-lands. Some of the best invest-ment opportunities, however, lie amongst the undervalued and of-ten undiscovered smaller comparry stocks. Many of these are good quality, well-managed businesses which have excellent dusinesses which have excellent prospects and are also likely to be at the forefront of European corporate restructuring in the move towards a single European

move towards a single European market. Total market cepitalisation, 31 December 1989: £68.1 billion. Per-cestage of total world stock mar-ket capitalisation: 1.4%. Special-ist investment advisor: BZW Mederland NY.



The Royal London **Swiss Growth Trust**

Switzerland's traditional econom-Switzerland's traditional economic and financial strengths rest in its fierce independence, neutrality and political stability. The Swissenjoy the highest standard of living in the world. Industrial activity embracas a high level of exports of machinery, watches and clocks, chemicals, pharmaceuticals and foods. particularly cheese and foods, particularly chaese and chocolate. The economy and cur-rency are strengthened by its extensive banking industry, amongst the most sophisticated in the world. Although not a member of the European Community, power-ful Swiss companies - of interna-tional blue chip status - were amongst the first to secure posi-tions of increased strength in the

tions of increased strength in the liberated conditions already es-tablished in Europe.

Total market conitalization 35 Total market capitalisation, 31 December 1989: £53.1 billion. Percontage el total world stock mar-let capitalisation: 1.1%. Special-ist investment advisor: Banque Kleinwert Benson SA.

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Portfolio pool

FROM AN office overlooking the main street in the little town of Haddington (pop 7,988), near Edinburgh, a new fund has been devised for the investor who wants his money to be handled by a profes-sional manager but doesn't have enough to meet most fund managers' minimum

fund managers' minimum investment requirements.

McInroy & Wood, a small personal fund management company, has launched an unusual type of unit trust to appeal to those with between £10,000 and £100,000 to invest. Instead of each saver having an individual portfolio, which does not give him a reasonable suread of investments and is spread of investments and is expensive to administrate, the saver's assets are pooled with those of others into a unit

The authorised unit trust, called MW Joint Investors Fund (MWJIF), invests in a range of assets including British and US equities, government stocks and corporate bonds. But it has some unusual features.

There is no front and sales charge, which in other unit trusts is usually 5 or 6 per cent. This is because McInroy

and Wood is not paying com-missions to intermediaries and is only marketing the new vehicle in a modest way. It will levy an annual 1.5 per

cent management charge.

"This is not a conventional unit trust," says Alan McInroy, 69, who retired some years ago as a leading figure in the Edinburgh investment community. "It's an attempt to get back to the roots of the unit trust as a way of pooling resources, before the unit trust was hijacked by salesmen. But naturally it has all the tax benefits and other advantages

of a unit trust." It urges investors to view the unit trust as a long term investment. "We don't want to be exposed to performance pressure and have to get to the top of the tables," says McIn-roy's partner Victor Wood, 46, who previously worked for Investors Capital.

Initial offer price is £10 per unit until February 22. Mini-mum investment is £10,000. Details from: MW Investment Managers, 46 Court Street, Haddington, East Lothian, EH41 3NP.

James Buxton

AIRCRAFT FOR SALE

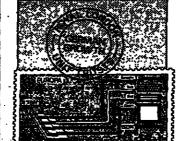
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control and the currency remains
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Total market capitalisation, 31 December 1999: £175.2 billion.
Percentage of total world stock market capitalisation; 3.7%. Specialist investment advisor: Deutsche Bank Capital Markets Limited.

General Information :

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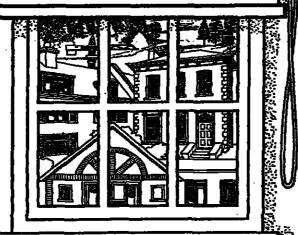
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these drivers.

FINANCE & THE FAMILY

John Edwards on the state of the market after Abbey's rate rise

The mortgage treadmill

ABBEY NATIONAL's decision frantically searching for alterthis week to lift its mortgage rates is a serious blow for many homeowners. There is little doubt that other banks and building societies will follow suit, albeit reluctantly.

The main reason behind

Abbey's move was a drop in the flow of funds coming in from retail depositors, a factor which has also been worrying the major building societies. They have been holding down mortgage rates below the bank base rate and wholesale money market levels by restricting the interest paid on deposits in other words, savers have been subsidising borrowers.

This has always been recognised as a short-term strategy, since many savers will obviously be tempted to transfer their money elsewhere if they can get higher returns. At the same time, building society funds were hit by the water privatisation and, more recently, by savers taking their money out in preparation for the introduction of independent taxation of married couples, due to start in April.

The interest on building society and bank accounts is subject to the automatic deduction of composite rate tax, which cannot be reclaimed even if you are a non-taxpayer. So married couples have been

native savings schemes which will allow non-working wives to use their tax allowances.

One obvious way for banks and building societies to try to stem the outflow is to raise the rates paid to savers, but this of course also means increasing the cost of mortgages. Abbey's transition from building society to bank may have made it especially vulnerable to competitive pressures, as a greater proportion of its funds to finance mortgages come from the more expensive wholesale. money market. Nevertheless, it is still viewed as a building society by the public, so if it puts up interest rates to savers, as promised, the other societies will follow suit.

At this stage it is not quite certain whether Abbey's mortgage rate increase will be fol-lowed in full, and many societies may try to delay rises for as long as possible. It is widely hoped that the Chancellor may do something to help relieve the plight of homeowners, and especially first time buyers, in his forthcoming Budget. There is also the prospect of a cut in interest rates after the Budget bearing in mind that the government does not seem so pre-occupied with protecting the

value of sterling against other

Nevertheless the Council of Mortgage Lenders confirmed this week that mortgage arrears, and repossesions of houses, are rising fast and Abbey's move is likely to add

further pressure: There are several temporary measures which can be taken. Lenders have come up with a wide variety of different types of mortgages where the monthly payment is reduced. As a result there has been a tremendous boom in remortgages, as borrowers switch their loans in an effort to

reduce the burden.

Fixed rate mortgages, from one to 25-year periods, have become very popular. In most cases they are fixed below the present standard level. Their popularity is not surprising since most people believe interest rates have peaked and the next move will be downwards. Low start loans, where you pay interest at a reduced rate in the early years, are another popular alternative. But in most cases the shortfall in the interest paid is added onto the capital sum, thereby increasing the size of the debt. Payment is

thus only deferred and com-pounded interest can mount up at a frightening rate. Foreign currency mortgages are even more dangerous, fol-lowing the fall in the value of sterling and the rise in interest rates in other countries, like

West Germany. Temporary discounts, and delays in starting payments for endowment policies or other mortgage repayment vehicles, are also offered by many lenders to soften the blow. Many. borrowers are switching to straight repayment mortgages, which are cheaper at present

Nevertheless, the fact remains that, apart from the fortunate few who took out mortgages at low fixed rates, borrowers face a hard time, especially as the value of the properties, which provide the collateral for the loan, is fall-

ing at the same time.
For savers, the picture is almost the reverse. Abbey National has promised that it will raise interest rates on deposits by around 0.75 per cent and there is little doubt that societies like the Halifax will follow suit. So it will be worth waiting before making any new investments that lock you in for a specified time period, such as guaranteed

income bonds.

Borrowers should shop around for mortgages, since there is likely to be quite a lot of confusion in the months ahead as other lenders seek to capitalise on Abbey's move.

Eric Short warns that your damage claim may not be paid in full

Are you sure you're covered?

owners, are taking a battering this winter, and with more Total exte storms forecast it is worth Rebuilding checking your policy to make sure you have adequate cover. Insurers and reinsurers are facing costs of at least £2bn. Rebuilding Cost of re Total rebui

although householders will have their claims met in full from their insurer only if they have adequate cover on their house insurance policies. What is adequate cover?

BRITAIN'S HOUSES, like their

Basically, for the house structure, the cover (or sum insured) should be the cost of completely rebuilding the house and any outbuildings, walls or other items covered by the insurance policy.

This is not the same as the

cost of buying the house on the open market. You can calculate the cost of rebuilding and keep the amount of cover up-to-date quite simply with the Association of British Insurers (ABI) and the Royal Institution of Chartered Surveyors (RICS).
The RICS calculates the

rebuilding costs per square foot of external area of the building. The costs depend on the type and size of house, and geographical location, and are updated annually.

The details of these RICS rebuilding costs are given in a free leaflet* from the ABL A revised leaflet with the September 1989 costs will be published shortly.

To work out the rebuilding costs for your house, first calculate the external area, allowing for unstairs, and then use the formula outlined in the accompanying table. The insurance premium for the house will be the current premium rate (£2 per £1,000 sum insured) multiplied by the rebuilding costs (£E).

You will have to make your own estimate of the rebuilding costs for D, although the ABI leaflet gives an indication of rebuilding costs of a garage.
The ARI figures only apply

to standard buildings con-structed of brick and standard fittings, including full central heating. So if your house has a luxury kitchen, for instance you will have to decide the increase for item C yourself.

The ABI has taken much, but not all, of the guesswork out of estimating the rebuilding costs. Once the house-holder has calculated the sum insured, it is usually kept

Green

DRIVERS USING lead free petrol can now get a five per cent discount on their premiums on any of the motor insurance policies offered by the TSB General Insurance Services. The company is the the first to reward motorists who have switched to lead free pet-

In the short-term, the cost of this discount is being borne by TSB itself and the consortium of insurers which underwrite the TSB motor insurance policles, since as yet there is no statistical evidence that drivers using lead free petrol are better drivers and have lower

But TSB believe that people who care about the environ-ment are also likely to be responsible people and this will be reflected in their driv-ing. The company will be tracking the experience of

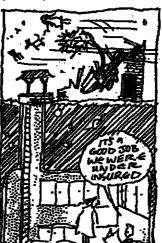
Eric Short

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HOUSE INSURANCE COSTS	5			
rmal area in square feet		A		
g costs per square foot		£B		
g cost of house	£Α	X B	= C	
ebuilding garage and other				
gs, walls etcetera		ΣD		
uilding costs = sum insured	£C	+ D -	= £E	

up-to-date through an automatic link to the RICS rebuilding cost index. Anyone who has taken out a

get a surveyor to do the work. The ABI leaflet includes typimortgage within the past 10 years will have had all the spadework done; the surveycal areas for small, medium and large buildings as a guide. Householders should not be or's report includes a figure for the appropriate cover. surprised to discover that cur-

rent rebuilding costs are far below market values. For example, the typical rebuilding If you have had a mortgage for longer than 10 years, you may have to calculate the area cost (at September 1988 values) of a small terraced house in London built after the Second yourself, which involves mea-



World War with no garage is £43,200. The market value, state, could be twice this. If the sum insured is too low and the householder has not taken the trouble to get it even approximately correct, they risk having a claim scaled down in proportion to the amount of under-insurance. Even if the initial suminsured is correct, the index on which the sum insured is revised is only an average of costs over the whole country.

suring the length of the walls

of the house and thinking back

to your O level maths days, or

So the sum insured on a London property, revalued by the index, could become progressively too low, while in the north of the country it could become too high. This means that the level of

cover should be revalued at

INTEDEST DATES. WHAT YOU SHOULD OUT FOR YOUR HOLE

least once every three years and certainly revalued for any extensions and alterations made to the house. So you should keep your original calculations in a safe place.

If you are about to pay off

your mortgage, remember to find new cover. If your house insurance has been arranged by the mortgage lender, this arrangement will cease when the mortgage finishes and you will need to make your insurance arrangements; something

that is often forgottan.

Finally, do householders face yet another increase in the premium rates to insure their houses as a result of the recent winter storms?

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Fortunately it looks as if there will not be an increase this time: for a start, insurers had two profitable years in 1988 and 1989 on their house buildings account. Secondly, the market is becoming very competitive, with new insurers joining the fray (particularly from Europe) and smaller

insurers trying to expand.

Thirdly, the direct insurers now reinsure their risk, thus limiting the direct cost to them. So the cost of house insurance is partially deter-mined by the cost of getting reinsurance.

However, it could be a different story if there are more severe storms next winter. * Buildings Insurance for Home Owners free from the Associa-tion of British Insurers, Aldermary House, Queen Street, London EC4N 1TT or from most local branches of insurance

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rce:Phillips and Drew. \$5Assumes 5.5 per cent inflation rate, 1 Paid after Suction of composite rate tax. 2

INCOME ACCOUNT SERIES I	MAXIMUM INCOME ACCOUNT SERIES II VARIABLE RATE Applicable to new and existing accountholders	PREMIUM SHARE ACCOUNT VARIABLE RATE
VARIABLE RATE Applicable to existing accountlokers	3 YEAR TERM SHARE 2 YEAR TERM SHARE (minimum investment \$1,000) (minimum investment \$1,000)	Applicable to existing accountholders
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10.00 70 gross*	General General 14.0 (%) gross "Equivalent gross rate for basic rate tax Full details of these accounts can be pre General Portfolio Life Insurance Pi	vided on reonest.



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Taxing problems for the elite

BRITAIN HAS long played host to foreign businessmen and their families. They form an elite class of tamayer, as they are resident but not dominate the UK They are continued. ciled in the UK. They are enti-tled to valuable tax privileges— as are the second or third generation British expatriates who were born overseas but who have returned to the UK temporarily. However, they need to arrange their finances

properly.
The advantages are no longer as great as they were in terms of employment income. However, by setting up sepa-rate employments, non-domi-ciliaries who work in the UK for foreign companies (other than those based in Eire) can ensure that the payment for the overseas element of their work is taxable in Britain only to the awant that it is received. to the extent that it is received there - in other words, on a

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remittance basis.

Not surprisingly, there are special rules which prevent you from avoiding tax by simply inflating the potentially tax-free overseas salary at the expense of the payments for the fully taxed UK duties.

If you fall into this category

If you fall into this category resident but not domiciled in the UK - your overseas investment income will be sub-ject to the remittance basis, enabling you to curtail or eliminate tax liability simply by controlling the amount received in the UK.

Substituting capital remittances for income will also avoid liability, except to the extent that capital gains are

However, it is important to



remember that "remittance" covers several things: a simple transfer of funds to the UK, the direct payment of pecuniary liabilities incurred there, as well as sending funds borrowed overseas to the UK (the debt thus incurred being discharged from overseas

income). You should not assume that unremitted income will, after time, somehow take on the guise of capital which can then be received in the UK without liability.

As a rule, so far as the UK authorities are concerned, income remains taxable indefinitely. Happily, this is subject to limitations. Income which arises in a year in which you

taxable in the UK unless it arose in a year immediately before a year of residence, in cases where a "preceding year" basis of assessment applies. Furthermore, since income

tax must be annually renewed by Parliament, it does not take notice of sources of income which cease in a previous year. So, for example, if you have an overseas deposit account to which interest is credited each year, closure of the account will terminate the source and remittance to the UK on or after the following April 6 will not provoke any liability to

A similar situation would occur if, after some years' resi-dence, you became domiciled in the UK (and therefore liable to income tax thereafter on an arising basis) because the accumulation of overseas income from earlier years could then be remitted without liability.

So if you plan a period of residence in the UK, it is important to make early arrangements to separate those funds which are potentially taxable from those which are not. You need to take considerable care as the Inland Reve-nue will certainly spot any

defect in your plans.

Overseas capital gains are also taxable on a remittance basis although there are important differences. For a start, the Inland Revenue does not accept that gains can be sepa-rated from the underlying capi-tal which gave rise to them. Also, there is no relief for

For example, if you were to

for £5,000, on the same day, with one giving rise to a gain of £2,500 and the other a loss of the same amount, and then remitted all of the proceeds to the UK, the £2,500 gain would be taxable (subject to the annual exemption) and the loss would be ignored. Further-more, since capital gains tax is not annually renewable, remit-tance in a year subsequent to the disposal will attract liabil-

As for inheritance tax, liability is restricted to assets situated in the UK rather than on a worldwide basis. Even foreign currency accounts held by UK banks are excluded. However, for the purpose of inheritance tax only, do not overlook the fact that the definition of domicile is extended to encom-pass any individual who has been tax resident in the UK for any period of 17 out of 20 years

although in applying this
test, any residence owned in
the UK can be left out of

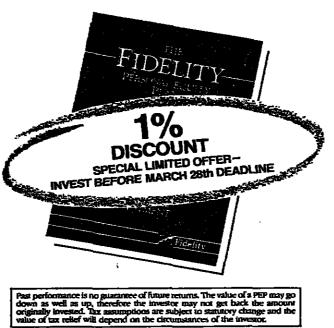
account. The escape of all liability in relation to overseas assets is very valuable in its own right and for those planning perma-nent residence in the UK might be extendable indefinitely. It is lso possible to eliminate liability even on UK assets during a temporary stay although this is an area where changes statutory and otherwise - are

Donald Elkin

■ Donald Elkin is a director of Wilfred T Fry of Worthing, West Sussex.

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What's more, if you invest up to the full £4,800 limit, the equity portion of your PEP will also be invested by the same manager who has guided Fidelity Special Situations Trust to its No.1 position.

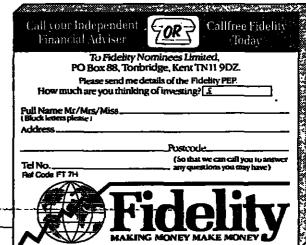
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Source: "Micropal 1.180 to 1.1.90, offer to bid with net income reinvested. Over 5 years the Trust ranks No. 2. "\$2...400 invested on 1st January each year from 1980 to 1990 with performance figures for the period 1.1.80 to 1.1.90 offer to bid, gross income reinvested. The same



A bequest to children

MY CHILDREN, both minors, have received fairly substau-tial bequests as a result of the deaths of their grandparents.
Under the terms of the wills, some of the money is due to them at age 18 and the remainder at 21. Their investments are registered in my wife's name with an account designa-tion of the childrens' initials and dividends are paid into separate bank accounts in

What action, if any, must I take when the children reach MY WIFE and I have most of

who sought to claim a share of their assets following the break-up of a long term relationship?

■ You must give the children the money they are entitled to (or the shares representing such money) at the respective ages provided in the will. If the bequest is absolute at

the respective ages, you cannot do anything to limit the beneficiary's right to dispose of the gift as (s)he thinks fit.

Gems lose sparkle

BOUGHT two diamonds as an investment in 1980, shortly before the market slumped. The original cost was £6,150; by March 1982, the value had dropped to £1,932. The value at October 11 1969 was £2,628. I am considering selling the diamonds and I would be pleased if you could advise as to how the capital loss should be calculated for tax purposes.

■ We are sorry to say that you will not receive any tax relief for your loss. The loss is disallowed by section 128(3) of the Capital Gains Tax Act 1979, as amended by section 123 of the Finance Act 1989, and section 96(4) of the Finance Act 1988.

Change in taxation

when the age of 187

What action can I take now our investments in unit trusts in our joint names. The or later to help them protect their inheritance against, say, our joint bank account. We only have individual building. each have individual building society accounts and one held jointly. Under the new separate taxation regulations, will half the income be accepted for each of us without any adjustments, or is it neces to put half our investments in individual names? We are both

> You should not need to change from the joint unit-holdings. Indeed, it is better not to, since it makes for simpler transposition on the death of one of you if the units and unts are in both names.

Hunt for lost mail

I HAVE recently become aware that my next door neighbour has not been returning mail addressed to me, which the postman has mistakenly put through his letter box. What action can I

take? ■ You can call periodically and ask for your letters. If he

IT'S TIME TO PICK YOUR

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For a list of ten local Independent Financial Advisers

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fails to give them to you or has destroyed them you would have a claim for wrongful interference with goods. But you cannot insist that he deliver them to you or redirect

Taxed on

AM a housewife and have recently been pursuing a working hobby. Can you clarify the following points in view of the change in personal taxation to be introduced in April? I have organised a number of lectures based on my working experience. The income from these is not a lot more than my expenses, although I hope to do better by next year. The expenses are all pertinent to the business: flip chart, videos, telephone and travelling expenses. It is not certain at this stage that my business will end the year in

profit or not.

a) Should any net profit be included in my husband's return for this year? b) Should any net loss be

included in my husband's return for this year?
c) Would there be any gain by bringing forward necessary purchases into this year so as to ensure a loss?

■ You seem to assume that your "working hobby" will be accepted by your tax inspector

as a profession assessable under case II of schedule D. That being so, it is surprising that you do not appear to have given any thought to the day to which you should make up your professional accounts each year. If you have not already done

so, you should ask your tax inspector for these free pamphlets: IR28 (1988) — Starting in business, IR24 (1986) — Class 4 national insurance confidence for the starting in the starting i tributions, CA1 (1973) - Capital allowances on machinery and plant. You should also ask for IR26 (1982) — Income tax assessments on business profits: changes of accounting date. Your tax inspector may decide that your lecture fees are assessable under case VI of schedule D, not case IL Case VI assessments are made on a much simpler basis than those under case II. but the deduct-

ibility of expenses is not as Briefly, the answers to your but the calculation depends upon your choice of accounting date, inter alia. b) Yes, but the amount of the loss need not be stated in his return, merely the fact that there was no profit. c) There may be no advantage, but there would be no disadvantage (apart from the com-

mercial one). After reading the IR28, you will have to decide whether you should seek professional sistance with your accounts and the tax matters (including VAT and class 2 national

Tax bill on expatriates

FOR THE past 17 years my husband and I have lived and worked in Hong Kong, paying no UK tax. We propose to return to live and work in England this year. Will we be subject to UK taxation for the fiscal year ending March 31

■ The UK tax year runs from April 6 to April 5, as dis-tinct from the UK financial year — which runs from April to March 31. The five-day difference between the tax year and the financial year is administratively cumbersome: it will doubtless be eliminated by a reforming Chancellor at some time,

You will find general guidance in a free booklet, IR20 (residents and non residents: liability to tax in the UK), obtainable from the Inland Revenue Public Enquiry Room, Somerset House, Strand, London, WC2R 1LB. Broadly speaking, because there is no double taxation agreement between Hong Kong and the UK, you will be assessable to UK tax on your UK income for the whole of the year 1989-90 (the year ending April 5 1990) but only on your oversea income for the period from the day of your arrival in the UK. Similarly, your capital gains for the period before your arrival in the UK will probably escape UK capital gains tax, by virtue of extrastatutory concession D2. When asking for the booklet IR20, you may also like to ask for the current booklet of extrastatutory concessions, IR1: concession All will interest you, as well as concession

This reply is based upon the assumption that you and your husband are (and always have been) domiciled in England and Wales (or in Scotland or in Northern Ireland) and that you are returning to the UK for permanent residence here.

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And if you already have a Personal Equity Plan. why not switch it into "Four Corners"? Just 'phone our expert advisers for complete details. "Source: Micropal Mikkes Dow Index 31 13/89.

But time is money. So, hurry - after March 27th 1990, Inland Revenue rules change and your chance is gone forever.

Either speak to your financial adviser, or complete the FREEPOST coupon, or, even faster, 'phone us FREE on 0800 456 654, 9.00 am to 7.00 pm weekdays and 9.00 am to 1.00 pm at weekends.

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Colledoup Lone, London NW9 6BW.

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WHOENT

MINDING YOUR OWN BUSINESS

need £12,000 capital - for

starters, a second-hand micro-light costs £5,000 - and put in

£4,500 of their own money. The Deptford Enterprise Agency and the Calor Gas Business Fund lent them £1,000 each and

the manager of Barclays Bank, Deptford, provided a £5,500 loan secured by their parents.

under-funded the day they crashed their first micro-light

on the ground (the wind changed on take-off) and had to top-up the insurance money

for a new model. By then, though, the business was tak-ing shape and Barclays pro-vided an £8,000 overdraft facil-

Their plans include working from fixed-wing aircraft -

Kendall is studying for a

licence – as they take on increasingly sophisticated contracts. Eventually, they would

like to work from a helicopter

as well. But that is in the future. One priority now is to

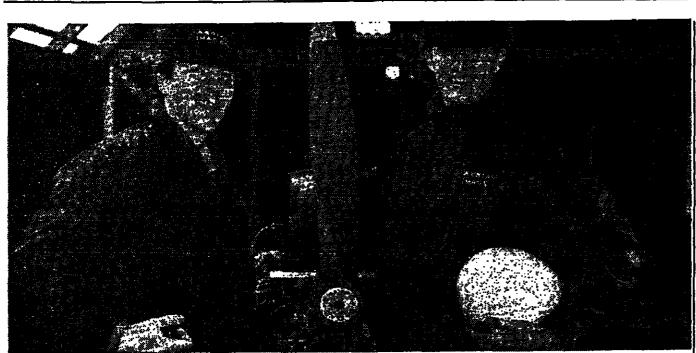
buy a smart new flying suit. At

present (as a gesture to manag-ing their cash flow), they have only one between them —

which they "book" when going out on formal business inter-

■ Aerial Images. Brookfield House, Manns Hill, Burghfield Common, Reading. RG7 3BD

They realised they were



Jason Hawkes, left, and Tim Kendall: only grounded by gales

Roy Hodson meets two young entrepreneurs in a flying machine

Pulling a profit out of the air

TWO FRIENDS who met as schoolboys, and are still only 22, expect to pull £60,000 out of the air this year. They have turned the joys of flying a micro-light aircraft to profit after learning how to use it as a platform for aerial photogra-

Jason Hawkes and Tim Ken-dall are the co-directors of Aerial Images, which they started last year. They were sitting in their tiny office at Burghfield Common, Berkshire, and feeling rather frustrated when I met them.

Many days of gales had kept them grounded. But their business plan provides for the weather factor and its uncertainties and they were confident they could catch up with their commitments as soon as the wind moderated. Anyway, weather or not, they had managed to squeeze six assignments into January after budgeting for only four.

They had an early lucky break with a series of commissions from Berkshire county

council for aerial pictures.

Then, in their first few months they got a better stream of business than they had dared to expect from owners of country houses, property developers wanting to view their land from the air and their land from the air, and companies with attractive new plants in the Thames "silicon

valley" computer heartland. They have had 20 commissions since starting last sum-mer and the pace of business is quickening.

Their minimum charge has been £325 for a set of transparencies and one big colour print. For this flying season, the minimum charge will be raised to £400.

The two-man micro-light is a cheap and flexible tool if you are young and welcome the "Biggles" aspect of each day's work - encased in a flying suit and exposed totally to the

Kendall is the pilot and Hawkes sits behind him. They communicate by microphones and headsets built into their The machine, a Hybred R, is

designed to be dismantled and towed behind a car. It can be packed away in half an hour but needs a little longer to mble because safety tests must be carried out.

The micro-light is powered

by a 450 cc, two-stroke Aus-

trian snow-mobile engine which uses two gallons of pet-rol an hour, giving an endurance of about two hours. Although they can climb to 10,000 ft, most of their photography is done at between 500 and 1,000 ft. When flying into a headwind at 40 miles an hour. they can slow to the speed of a

bicycle. "It makes for brilliant photography," says Hawkes. He began with a 35 mm camera but found that the need to use high shutter speeds of one-500th of a second or less, to avoid camera shake, made it difficult to get fine resolution on the small transparencies. After experimenting with vari-ous formats, he will in future use a Bronica with a big film

Another important strand of Aerial Images' business is producing portfolios of aerial photographs for exhibitions and publishing. Hawkes has already compiled his first, which includes some fascinat-ing geometrical patterns of the Hampshire landscape — the tree-tops of a forest looking like coarse weave tweed, a lake in a field like a jewel on green baize, mysterious patterns showing under the top-soil.

Before they set up the business, Hawkes was working as a photographer in a Covent Garden design studio after completing design and photogra-

phy courses.

Kendall had quit a degree course in politics at the City of London Polytechnic and was learning to fly a micro-light in Kent. "It was an unbelievable feeling," he says. "Then, Jason had the idea that we could combine the two skills." They calculated they would

made out of Vivaldi!" And after hearing of their experiences running a small orchestra over the past seven years, their way of earning a living sounds the most precari-ous I have yet heard about. But the main thing is that their venture, the 20-player Vivaldi Concertante, based in London, is still in business and has a programme of more than 20 concerts this year. Joseph, 58, the Concertante's director, was born in London. He studied the violin and conducting at Trinity College, Lon-don, and has been a full-time musician ever since. His love for Baly and Italian

JOSEPH and Mary Pilbery are sure about one thing: "There's not much money to be

music was shared by Mary, a young oboist in one of the orchestras he conducted. They married in 1970 when she was 21 and have one son, Richard, 15. They decided in 1983 to found their own orchestra, one reason being that they were fed-up with the constant struggle to obtain regular employment in music. "We decided to create our own work by forming a professional chamber orchestra,

They named the orchestra in honour of the composer whose work they planned to feature strongly in their concerts. It is run as a limited company with the Pilberys as

the directors.

Joseph has two widely-differing roles, He is responsible for the artistic side, including conducting. But, to keep the orchestra alive, he has to spend more than half his working hours seeking sponsors for concerts. He would, he says, much pre-fer to spend more of his time studying scores and researching new material but he has yet to find anyone who can take over his role as salesman.

Without sponsorship, the orchestra could not survive. Every concert requires someone to put up more than £6,000 to cover the costs of the night as well as making a proportional subscription to reg-

Mary plays regularly in the orchestra and is also the business manager. She runs its affairs from their home in Potters Bar, north of London, with an Amstrad micro-computer as her main business tool. But Joseph confesses that son Richard is not very interested in music. This reaction is perhaps not surprising given such an intense domestic atmosphere of music and musical economics; indeed, even the dog is

All those in the orchestra, including the Pilherys, are hired for each concert as free-lances. It can call upon a pool of about 5 musicians and has a nucleus of 13 regular players. Paying minimum union rates, it costs the Pilberys just under £100 to have each player for two rehearsal sessions in the concert week plus the performance itself.

The orchestra's first concert was a South Bank debut in the Queen Elizabeth Hall in aid of the Italian Hospital in London. It has appeared at the Royal Festival Hall; the Barbican; St John's, Smith Square; and the Royal Albert Hall. The Pilberys also have inaugurated concerts at the Wellington Museum, Apsley House, sing the Duke of Wellington's Waterloo Gallery, and the orchestra reinforced its Italian connections by being the first to play on the Orient Express train while travelling from London to Venice.



There's not much profit in Vivaldi.

A concerted effort at making a living

The balance sheet for each concert is a delicate affair. In addition to needing sponsorship, they must bring in another £6,500 from ticket sales to cover costs such as wages, advertising, printing (about £1,000 for each performance), box office costs and hire of the hall. (The Queen Elizabeth, one of the orchestra's favourites, costs more than £1,000 for a night). Value-added tax has to be paid on the tickets and the venue chosen for the concert normally takes a commission of between 12.5 to 13.5 per cent on each ticket sold.

Joseph pays himself a conductor's fee of \$550 for each performance — which means he earns nothing for long periods when concerts are a month or more apart. Mary earns her £100 for each performance as a player and also gets £40 a week to handle administration. She is augmenting the family income by teaching music. In the orchestra's first full year, ending

in 1984, it had a turnover of £36,000 and made a £3,000 loss. Two years later, with a turnover of 260,000, it broke even for the first time. Figures for 1988-89 show a turnover of £112,000 and gross profit of £7,000. Some entrepreneurs might be depressed by such an uncertain future. But the Pil-berys are philosophical about it. "We have been there before and will probably be

The orchestra might have gone under without the support of Italian busine men in Britain. Alfa Romeo (UK) had a three-year association and other sponsors have included Pirelli (UK) and Fiat plus Pegasus Holidays, Pilgrim Air, and build-ing contractor Duffy and Carr. "We have been lucky in that sponsors do tend to stay with us for a period of years."

Two years ago, the company won a place on the Management in Action scheme, run by the Manpower Services Commission, and was given the services of a professional business manager for three months. "That was really the turning point for the orchestra," says Mary. "Turnover improved by 50 per cent during the following year and has not slipped back."

Looking ahead, the orchestra will keep

as its bedrock a great deal of Vivaldi's most popular music. But it will also encourage audiences to hear lesser-known compositions by him - first British perfor mances of seven Vivaldi works are scheduled this year — and by other composers from the baroque and classical periods.

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Active Citizens



A refined reservist

Christian Tyler meets the very model of a part-time Colonel

HE OIL refinery across the river from ICTs big chemical works on England's north-east coast is run by an army colonel. Colonel Michael Stewart, general manager of the Phillips-Imperial Petroleum joint venture on Tees-side, does not exactly wear his uniform in the office. But as one of the most senior irregular soldiers in the country, he certainly believes in taking his

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military training to work with him.

The Territorial Army is urging employers constantly to make it easier for people to take time off for training to defend the realm. Stewart thinks they would be doing themselves, as well as the nation, a favour if they paid more attention. Industry, be says, has a lot more to learn from the military than it realises.

Soldiers these days can find themselves in charge of expensive equipment but they do not rise through the ranks unless they can manage men. "In industry, that's not understood. Young graduates think the way to the top is technical brilliance,"

There is no question that the army teaches leadership in a way that industry does not. Both in the army and industry, you must have demonstrable leadership qualities. YOU show that you will do what

you are anxious to understand them, that you know about their wives and children, and which football team they support." Stewart says he meets scepticism at management seminars "from people with a Blimpish view of the army who think it's cushy compared with industry." But he has persuaded his own employer, ICI, to send managers — especially the sceptics — to have a look at army methods.

The political upheaval in eastern Europe and apparent disarray in the camp of and apparent disarray in the camp of Nato's common enemy will not help the recruitment plans of Stewart and his friends. "The tide was going our way until recent weeks," he confessed. "At the time of the Falklands, you had to beat them away from the door. We are a patriotic nation." It will be harder now to sell week. nation." It will be harder now to sell weekend soldiering by appealing to that patriotism. But Stewart is convinced that the reserves will become more important as the UK's regular forces, too expensive to

maintain at home, are cut back. This senior officer in ICI's civilian army gets no more time off for military duties than any other volunteer: the group grants one extra paid week a year. He is chairman of the Territorial, Auxiliary & Volunteer Reserve Association (TAVRA) for the

your men are going to do. YOU show that north of England, a job he hands over in April when be becomes high sheriff of Cleveland. He is also a vice-chairman of the national council of TAVRAs.

Stewart's extra-mural career has brought with it a number of minor honours and ceremonial posts over the years: a deputy lieutenant of the county, honorary ADC to the Queen, honorary colonel of the Signals Regiment, fellow of the Royal Society of Arts, county chairman for the steering committee of Industry Year, Order of the British Empire.

Stationed on Tees-side all his working fe - he joined ICI in 1956 and the Territo-al Army in 1951 after national service with the Signals in Austria and West Ger many - Stewart says he has been able to get involved with the community in a way that more mobile managers cannot.

He thinks that people are less interested in helping others than they used to be. "There is a climate of 'me only,' a breakdown of old values and religious beliefs," he says. "It's sad." But he does not pretend that he chose his other career for anyone but himself. "It was mainly because I got a kick out of it. On the other hand, I can comfort myself that I am doing some good, not just doing it for the hell of it."

Romanian Sanda Miller reflects on the country since the revolution

morning in Buchar est and business is as Lusual: people wrapped up warmly stride pur-posefully along the boulevards; ouses, cars and the occasional lorry speed down busy main roads, contributing to the cacophony of urban noises associated with any metropo-

How deceptive. Soon enough, this impression of normality was dispelled when I came across a kind of makeshift commemorative shrine. Defi-antly placed at a major junction between the Republicii and Magheru boulevards, it consisted of several primitively assembled wooden crosses sur-rounded by bunches of fresh flowers and candles . . . hundreds of thin, yellow-lit candles to which more lit candles were added by a continuous stream of newcomers. They were bringing flowers to those killed on that spot during the revolution. You began to notice more shrines; at street corners, in the middle of squares or on pavements bugging the walls covered with slogans and graf-fiti against the defunct Ceaucescu regime.

In front of the National Theatre, people were congregating in separate groups. Hyde Park Corner in the middle of Bucharest. The crowd made way until I reached the middle of one group but what I saw was not some orator but a silent, protester. The placard around his neck announced that he was on hunger strike for free television.

Free television? A woman scurried by shouting with dis-dzin: "Si tot crapam de foame" (and we are still dying of hunger). Unexpectedly the pro-tester called my name and underneath the black woollen hat, pulled down to the eye-brows, I recognised the son of one of my closest friends. Rodica Dumitrescu is a top politi-cal journalist writing for the magazine Lumea (The World)
– a kind of Romanian Time magazine - who was one of the speakers in the adjacent crowd. She had interrupted her stay in Warsaw and returned to Bucharest alerted by the possibility of civil war. It sounded so portentous I burst into laughter but she was in no laughing mood and had little

Later that day I discovered the cause of the seemingly incomprehensible events I had witnessed by talking to a group of students. Marian Despina, a theatre student, explained that the cause of general hysteria

time to explain.



The Brechtian nightmare

started from the demonstra-tions which took place on the January 28 and 29, when the students organised a street rally. All they wanted was reassurance that the National Salvation Front was not adopt. Salvation Front was not adopting the old methods and ways of the dreaded Ceaucescu regime. It was absolutely civi-lised but the Front alerted the workers that armed hooligans were organising an insurrec-tion, she said. On Monday morning workers and miners, mostly from the provinces, were brought by the lorryful to Bucharest and unleashed upon

"It was horrible. People were inflamed. They needed a hatred. This people need a hatred — they are in continuous revolution because of their their individual of their ind fanatical indoctrination. Ceaucescu disappeared quickly; not everybody could strangle him or tear a piece of flesh from his body but the hatred remains." Silenced for almost half a century, people need this catharsis and they cannot stop arguing, yelling, debating. . . I was not even surprised to witness a bizarre ad-hoc example.

A middle-aged, common-looking little fellow was ushered into our room in the architecture faculty. He sat at the table and without introducing himself proceeded to inform us that he was with the National Salvation Front and the purpose of his visit was to protest against the students. He was the perfect specimen of the long-winded demagogue but in his lunatic ramblings he was voicing the innermost fears which divide Romanians. Vlad Barbu, a young archi-

tect, told me: "The revolution was so unexpected that everything we are experiencing seems unreal I would not be surprised to switch on my tv set and see Ceaucescu preaching his usual inanities - that we must fight for disarmament, peace, etc...Too many unexpected phenomena are happening and we cannot cope. For instance, people are not used to the vote. A colleague interviewed a peasant who told him that before voting was simple: you received a piece of paper with a name on it; you ticked or did not tick it and off you went for your spritzer. 'Now whom do I vote with?' he asked. I ask myself the same question. We don't know the new ones.' For that reason, our students' movement pro-claims itself apolitical; permanently apolitical."

When I visited Romania in July, the supermarkets were empty - apart from bottles of Romanian champagne, tinned green peas and something which looked like shredded a window of a supermarket bunches of fresh kohlrabi. For me the ridiculous vegetable became almost a symbolic harbinger of a Romanian spring. In front of a bakery, boxes full of freshly-baked bread unloaded from a lorry filled the air with the reassuring smell of normality but, paradoxically, this only seemed to add to the surrealist effect of dislocation I have been experiencing.

Queues are still in evidence; one such was for hot doughnuts distributed from a card-board box. I asked one of my two companions to take a pho tograph but instantly regretted my insensitive request. An elderly man touched his face with his finger, which signifies: "Shame on you!" My embarrasment grew when a man from the end of the queue came forward and took my arm. "Come," he said, "I take you in front of the queue."

I spent the evening at the home of my hosts which was like a haven of civilisation. Before the revolution this would have been illegal because foreign citizens were not permitted to accept private invitations. Professor Raoul Sorban, his wife Eva and their teenage daughter Christina are among a privileged minority who own their eighth-floor, three-bedroom flat on a bleak estate in one of the many identical residential quarters of Bucharest. Eva had to give up her job as a costume designer to avoid commuting to the neighbouring town of Giurgiu and now works from home.

We spent the evening talking until 10 pm when we switched on the tv set to watch the end of the trial of the infamous ur – Ceaucescu's ministers - Manea Maescu, Tudor Pos-telnicu, Emil Bobu and Ion Dinca. All received life jail sentences. This was followed by excerpts from the trial of Elena Barbulescu - sister of the former dictator. Dressed like a peasant, she refused to utter a single word. She stood alone in the middle of the room. We could only here the voices of her interrogators.

Suddenly it seemed that we were watching a Brecht play. Bertolt Brecht at his finest. I could almost hear the the insidious: "Oh, moon of Alabama/we now must say good-bye/we've lost our good old mamma . . . Mahagonny. Bucharest was the socialist Mahagonny, only the night-mare was real Frighteningly, it

Archaeology

Ancient bureaucracy

A SURPRISE find from Knossos, the Bronze Age capital of Crete, is always an signs represent different syllaexcitement. A few years ago it was cannibalism, detected from butchering marks on children's bones. Now it is a cache of 3,000 clay tablets written in the Linear B script, the earliest form of Greek, from which a team of experts is uncovering more of the hidden side of the Mycenaean civilisation of Greece (1600 to 1200 BC).

Mycensean frescoes and the

rich finds in their royal graves point to a world of warriors and hunters who loved display and ceremonial. But the Linear B archives show a collectivist society, where bureaucrats used taxes and inventories to. control every part of life.

The new find came after a heavy day in the Heraklion

Museum. The archaeologist Museum. The archaeologist returned to her work in the storerooms and angrily kicked a cupboard door. It burst open, revealing tray upon tray of Linear B tablets wrapped in The Times of 1907. Overlooked for at least half a century, they doubled at once the total of tablets from Knosses and cave tablets from Knossos and gave the experts the exciting promise of new information on Crete around 1375 BC when the palace at Knossos was burned, That was four years ago. Now the results are beginning to emerge. They confirm the brilliance of the young archi-tect Michael Ventris who in

bles, unlike the present Greek and Roman alphabets of 24 and 26 signs where one letter sign can be used as part of different syllables. If Linear B was Greek, that meant Greek Myce-

naeans were ruling Crete from Knossos in 1375 BC. There are other signs, such as the appearance of kits of weapons in graves of, presumably, Mycensean officers, and a change in men's clothing from Minoan codpiece to Mycenaean short kilt.

The other major archive dates from almost 200 years later, 1,200 tablets in the palace at Pylos in the south west Pelo-

The tablets give a coherent picture of the society, in spite of their two centuries' range. They are not literature – three have doodles on the back. A handful at Pylos may indicate shortages and troop movements when the demise of the palace was imminent: The other texts are all lists,

inventories and tax returns. In a decimal system of numbers they record totals and deficits. Ideograms (picture signs) are a quick key to the contents of tablets and were an aid to illiterate porters and messengers. The signs were cut in the tablets with a sharp object, possibly a thorn set in a holder. The tablets were then

has shown that Knossos had about 70 scribes and Pylos 40. Their work provides us with a time capsule of the state of affairs when the palaces were destroyed.

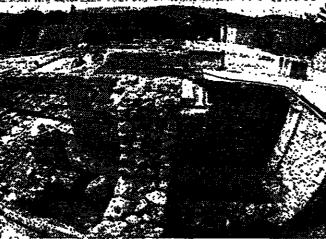
The first step in the study of the new cache from Knossos has been to look for joins with the 3,000 existing tablets. That involves matching scribes' handwriting, checking the con-tents of texts and, as in jigsaw puzzles, looking for how the breaks fit. Already 1,000 joins

have been found.

The new, fuller texts round off accounts, pin down place names and confirm the general picture of intense control near the palaces and a looser rein on the periphery. What do the tablets tell

about the Mycenaeans? The people are farmers, herdsmen, craftsmen and slaves, under local civil officials and military officers. The king owned everything and ruled everybody, and his palace officials recorded what was owed him as taxes or paid as tithes to the gods. A feudal society, its land documents could be from the Domesday Book. Through his officials the king distributed food rations and essentials for

At Pylos, seed corn was doled out and sometimes found insufficent. The smiths got



Shattering the hero myths: Knossos, the palace of bureaucrats

Dusky.

their quotas of raw bronze and perfumiers received herbs and wine to boil up in olive oil to

make scent.

Knossos gives more detail.

The chariot tablets list chariots by their frames and fittings, like a motor car spare parts' list, and some complete chariots with wheels and a pair of horses. Wool was a big source of income. The tablets record huge flocks of sheep. The wool was spin and woven, and some exported. Palace control of all this was so tight that there is no word in the tablets for "merchant," nor is there any

sign of a currency.
Only under the palace scribes' umbrella was Mycenaean daily life possible. Everything was listed, from missing linen to the names of cours at Knesson. Daynle and cows at Knossos - Dapple and

This society is a far cry from the heroic symbolism of the great Lion Gate of Mycenae, let alone the stories of Agamem-non. In mainland Greece it came apart around 1200 BC when the palaces were all burnt. We do not know by whom or why, but the tablets give hints of trouble. The quo-tas for the bronzesmiths are small, suggesting bronze (an import) was scarce. That would mean fewer new weapons. And a group of sailors are des-patched to hold a place called Pleuron. Whatever the trouble, the tablets give an up to the minute account, and when the Mycenaean palaces fell, Greece

never again had a regime like theirs. Gerald Cadogan

The patter of many feet

Bring your children to Belgium, says Tim Dickson

IF YOU'RE condemned to the joys of nappy changing, tod-diers' tea parties, and answering awkward adolescent questions over the breakfast table, come to Belgium.

Large families are definitely "de rigueur" here, as we've just discovered by acquiring the privileges — and, I've no doubt, the status — of a so-called "famille nombreuse"

(minimum three offspring). Besides winning the full social approval of our Belgian

neighbours (three children to each side, three opposite, and four two doors down the street), we now qualify for a whole new range of financial benefits including half price travel for the whole tribe on Palviana Tribana. Belgian railways, Brussels buses and metros, and certain cross-Channel ferries (always assuming, of course, that we ever get the army on the move).

A necessary first step is to sign up for the highly active and fiercely independent League of Families – price of entry BF900 (£15) – a move which also brings advantages like chapter showing (reduclike cheaper shopping (reductions in certain stores), access to more than 160 "babysitting centres," and free copies of Le

Ligueur, a magazine packed with useful tips.

Brussels being the uncrowned capital of the European Community, there is of course no question of foreignment being available from the ers being excluded from the

majority of these perks. Somewhat to our discouragement, though, the Royal Family's long standing patronage of very large families — an endorsement of active breeding if ever there was one - is available only to the Belgian

citizenry. Under a tradition whose origin even a Royal Palace spokesman could not trace seventh sons and seventh daughters automatically become god-children of the King or Queen. Baudouin alone has 591 of

the little charges in Belgium itself (and a further 71 in for-mer colonies like Zaire) but the image of him wrapping up all the Christmas presents and busily engaged in a non-stop round of wedding receptions was quickly destroyed by a Palace official.

"The onus is really on the godchildren to keep in touch and the local mayor usually acts as proxy for the King," he explained, putting an end to thoughts of pursuing the dis-crimination question through the European Court. The promotion of Belgian family life is rooted deep in the

country's social and political structure, but it is also, in part, the result of more recent concern at the falling birth rate. The central role and signifi-cance of the family, for example, is reflected in the political philosophy of almost all the myriad political parties (notably the dominant Flemish

speaking Social Christians) Political power has always been decentralised in Belgium with the result that apparently parochial concerns like the election of the village mayor are much more interesting to most people that who will be the next Prime Minister (though this may also be due to the fact that it's always Wil-

fried Martens). Contrary to the commend able performance of the families in our street, the average Belgian woman now has 1.54 children in a lifetime, against the 2.1 required just to sustain the population. This statistic and growing evidence that working women are either unwilling or unable to combine careers with large numbers of children - has so worried the Belgian employment minister that he has announced a number of new measures aimed at easing the domestic pressures

on double income parents. The situation is even more serious in neighbouring Luxembourg where the fertility rate is just 1.45 children per woman per lifetime and where deaths actually outnumber births by 1,000 a year (not insignificant set against the indigenous population of less than 300,000). The Government of the Grand Duchy now sends the parents of each new Luxamburg before a ciff renging embourg baby a gift ranging from LuxFr15,000 to from LuxFr40,000 for the first four

Money for your life

From Page I

which there is his agent's commission which can be as high as 15 per cent. In the case of Holroyd's Shaw the initial advance of £650,000 for the British Commonwealth Book Rights not only includes the three volumes of the Life itself but also two further volumes, a Companion to the Life and a Companion to the Works. Even so it is good money. But is it enough to allow the author to give up a steady job and to do

biography full-time? Brenda Maddox did precisely that when she resigned from The Economist to write the life of Nora Joyce and found she had doubled her salary. Another good example instance is David Sweetman, who at the age of 45 gave up his job as television arts producer at the BBC, having pre-viously ghosted autobiogra-

phies of Zeffirelli and Callas's sister. He went to John Curtis, formerly his editor at Weiden feld, to discuss his intention of going free-lance. They cast around for a suitable biographical subject and lighted upon. Vincent Van Gogh later discovering there was a centenary coming up this year. The result is The Love of Many Things: A Life of Vincent Van Gogh, which appears in June, the advance sales of which have amply compensated Sweetman for his monthly payship from the BBC.

If there are substantial sums to be made out of literary biography by some authors, what is in it for the publisher? What are the dividends to be had out of the complex game of poker in which the ante is continually being upped to entice authors away from rival houses and the venue shifts between London, New York

and Frankfurt? The trump-card in play at present is the late Richard Ellmann's biography of Oscar Wilde. In this case the author was an academic, the first

American to be appointed Goldsmith's professor of English at Oxford, a man of impeccable scholarship but known to have a style of unpedantic readability through previous work on Yeats and Joyce. The biography, long in the making, was intended for an academic press, probably the Oxford University Press, but then somehow it came on the market at Frankfurt and there was an auction. Sinclair-Stevenson secured it for Hamish Hamilton - of which he was then chairman - at £85,000 without having read a

word of it.
It proved an excellent buy. A respectable sale for a literary biography in hardback in its first year in the UK is between 3,000 and 5,000 copies; an outstanding sale is between 15,000 and 20,000. If a book does that the publisher says he has a best-seller. We might expect Holmes's Coleridge - published at the end of last year, with delirious reviews, several book of the year choices, and now the Whitbread prize - to break though that barrier by

the end of this year, say between 22,000 and 25,000. Wilde was published in October 1987 at the clever price of £15. It subscribed — that is, copies taken up by booksellers before publication - 28,477 and by the end of the year it had sold 57,603, and by the middle of January this year it had sold 74,350. Out of that figure 881 copies were sold at the current price of £17.50 after the publication of the Penguin edition at £7.50 in September 1988, which up to now has sold more than 100,000 copies. Publishers of long experi-

ence, not least Sinclair-Stevenson, are baffled in trying to account for these splendld figures. True it is an excellent book, appreciatively reviewed and well timed for the Christmas market, but so were others that have not done nearly so well. Pichois's Baudelaire, translated from the French, has not made 1,000 copies. Do we have in Wilde's sales an example of a double sympathy vote, one for the author who died just before publication, and the other for the subject,

so cruelly treated by British More to the point perhaps is the further question prompted by the book's commercial success — is this a one-off phe-nomenon, or could such a sale be repeated by other literary hiographies yet to be written? Many of the wisest heads in British publishing are cur-

rently addressing this intrigu-

ing problem.

■ Markus Hess, the West German computer hacker featured in the Weekend FT front page article last week, was convicted with two others on Thursday on charges of selling information from Western military bases to the Soviet secret service.

Hess, aged 28, Dirk Brzezin-ski, aged 30 and Peter Carl, a former casino croupler aged 35, were given suspended prison sentences of between 14 months and two years by a regional court at Celle near Hanover after being found guilty of espionage.

Hess and Brzezinski, operating with a home computer from Hanover, plugged into a network of US military and academic computers, guessing passwords and appropriating scientists' accounts. They used the global telecommunications network to connect from one system to the next and even managed to trick the computer, owned by a US military contractor, into paying for the

Carl acted as the courier to East Berlin, where he sold information called up over the wires to a KGB agent named "Sergei" for a total of D-Mark 90,000 (£31,700). Karl Koch, a fourth man involved in the charges, poured petrol over himself and burned to death in a wood last May.

All four were arrested last March after Clifford Stoll, a computer manager at the Lawrence Berkeley Laboratory, California was alerted to a backer by a 75 cents discrepancy in the account of one of the users' accounts. He spent a year tracing and finally trap-ping the backers.

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WEEKEND FT SPECIAL REPORT - LANGUAGE COURSES

Linguistic illiterates no longer?

their well-deserved reputation Europe's linguistic illiterates sometime during the 1990s - at least, that is what many business people, Govern-ment officials and foreign language teachers fervently hope. The rest of us would be wise to be a mite more sceptical. For the first time in decade

Britons' traditional insouciance about their inability to speak foreign languages is turning to concern. "Sorry, old boy, I never was any good at languages" is giving way to hard graft. Language courses for executives to brush up, or even simply to acquire, ele-mentary language skills, are becoming a growth industry.

The roots of this activity are

not difficult to discern. The programme of completing the internal European market in 1992, together with the crumbling of the barriers in Eastern Europe, are removing the remaining doubts that Britain's future lies in Europe.

The emergence of English as the universal business lan-guage may, paradoxically, be reinforcing the growing neurosis among British executives about their ignorance of foreign languages. For if even senior executives in France – traditionally the other country with a culture arrogant enough to believe it can afford to be monoglot – now speak fluent English, then British feebleness in not being able to mas-ter languages is thrown into

Government Ministers have caught this mood. "The onset

RAVELLING IN a

HE BRITISH will shed of 1992 and the single market, and government policy to strengthen and diversify language teaching, offer a considerable challenge to us all to develop . . . a greater spread and proficiency in our foreign language learning," Angela Rumbold, Education Minister, said last year in one of innumerable pep talks on the

Yet the rhetoric about

Britzin becoming more linguistically attuned has to be set against some worrying trends in the schools which are charged with producing the next generation of young Brit-ish workers. Consider, for example, a little-noticed paragraph in the report on Lon-don's schools published by the chief inspector of the Inner London Education Authority last November. In 1988 alone, 12 of London's state schools phased out German (a 19 per cent cut in the number of schools offering German); nine schools phased out Spanish (a 16 per cent cut); and five schools phased out Italian (a 27

per cent cut).

"Russian, which was once taught in 30 Ilea schools, is now taught in only three," London's chief inspector added in a despairing comment.

London is not alone. One half of all children in English schools abandon languages at 14, having taken up the strug-gle only three years earlier. The chief inspector of schools for England and Wales hig-lighted the complete inadequacy of the numbers persevering with a foreign language in his annual report published

last month.

Moreover, the great majority
of those who plod on with a
language have to study French. German is the only other language which registers at all strongly on the school timetables. And even the fig-ures for French, the one language that many Britons can make a stab at, are not reassuring: in 1988, only 16 per cent of school leavers managed an O level pass or equivalent in the language of Britain's largest neighbour - almost

There are some more posi-tive trends. The teaching of

exactly the same figure as in

Britons are being pressured to brush up their language skills, reports David Thomas

more exotic languages (to English ears) like Japanese is on the increase in British schools, although from an abysmally low base. A survey a year ago found 27 schools teaching Japanese; in the mid-1980s, the number could be counted on one hand. But even this good news is double-edged, since most of the growth in languages such as Japanese and Arabic has been in the prirate sector of education.

Hopes for a great leap forward in language teaching rest on the new national curriculum, now being phased into state schools in England and

Ministers have repeatedly claimed that this will encourage languages largely neglected by British schools, such as Spanish and Russlan, and sharpen up the linguistic skills of all young people in the run-up to 1992. Foreign language teachers, unused to this degree of political attention, have mainly echoed this

But the message is at best wishful thinking and at worst propaganda, as even the most cursory consideration of the national curriculum shows. It simply requires all state secsimply requires all state sec-ondary schools in England and Wales to teach a European Community language to 11- to 16-year-olds. This requirement can be satisfied by a school teaching no language but French. Moreover, schools will be able to offer 14- to 16-year-olds slimmed-down foreign lan-guage (read French) courses guage (read French) courses not leading to the 16+ GCSE exam without breaching the national curriculum, John MacGregor, Education Secre-

tary, announced last month. This move to soften the demands of the national curriculum means that many chil-dren – probably a majority – will study a language after the age of 14 for no more than two to three periods a week. It is not difficult to imagine how feeble their grasp of a foreign language will be on emerging from school. The idea that it will do anything for Britain's competitiveness in Europe post-1992 is questionable.

Wales. It will require all 11- to 16-year-olds to study a foreign language for the first time.

Perhaps the key issue is whether more pupils can be persuaded to study foreign language. guages in the sixth form. The new GCSE exam, sat for the first time in 1988, produced a marked increase in the number of candidates achieving high grades in foreign languages. Language teachers attributed this to the stress on oral skills in the new exam, reinforcing a trend away from the traditional emphasis on reading and writing in language teaching. More sceptical observers won dered whether the results stemmed from a lowering of standards, but the hope on all sides is that it will boost the study of languages in the sixth

form.
Yet the fact remains that Britain is one of the few indus-trialised countries where 16- to 18-year-olds can drop all foreign languages. An opportunity to change this has been lost, thanks to the resolute refusal of the Government to abolish the anachronistic 18plus A level examination. However, MacGregor showed that he was prepared to tackle the problem in another way by announcing last year plans to require all sixth form students study certain core themes,

including languages. What this will mean in practice has yet to be fleshed out. But it will not have any impact before 1992. The signs are that even in the next century many young busines people will have to resort to language schools to acquire linguistic skills because they still will not have done so in their years of com-



Home from homework

"I HAD 14 very instructive days in Moscow." So writes Malene Nielsen to the International College Centre in Denmark, after a language course arranged by the Margate-based Home Language Lessons. She was the first student placed in the USSR by HLL and reported to HIL's Peter Darby on her

The "home" bit of HLL means that you actually move into somebody's house abroad and learn there. Nielsen writes: "I had three lessons a day. Every day we went through a subject, for example, ordinary days of life, transport, food, hobbles, etc. I got gradually trained in a vocabulary, because there are so many terms of speech and expressions which you cannot learn from books." Nielsen, who is Dunish, goes

on: "My teacher, who I stayed with was very eager to speak with me. In the evening we often watched the news and a film of Pushkin. I saw the apartments, the schools, the ocal Poly-Clinic and everything which surrounds the Russians everyday. I saw all thir world-renowner tourist attractions - the Kremlin, the Mausoleum of Lenin, Red Square etc." I quote this pretty well as it is written just to show the many options for learning languages these days. As we read the words of a Danish

girl studying in Russia through the offices of a British agency, British embryo astronauts, standbys for a future Soviet space mission, are learning what can only be called "astro-Russian" at Linguarama's comfortably placed centre just around the corner from Carnaby Street,

One organisation that seems to offer language learning from the grass roots is the Cambridge Language and Activity Courses, which specialises in English or French for 10- to 18-year-olds. Elfrida Heath, its course director, can be contacted on 0223-351547.

Alan Forrest

Opening a window on a wider world

country where one can't speak the language is like seeing the countryside through a window: it's in full view but you can't get at it. Even leaving aside the practical advantages of being able to communicate in a foreign country, speaking another lan-guage means access, insight, a direct key to culture which is

only partially obtainable through translation. No-one imagines you can master a new language in two or three weeks. But you can certainly learn enough to help you communicate in simple sitnations, and perhaps begin to "tune in" to the society which

surrounds you.
In a market as wide as the world, with choice limited tuition in French combined

with a holiday on the Côte d'Alargely by your tastes and your pocket, it's useful to have some professional guidance as to what is available and where. Katherine Brand runs Cultural and Educational Services Abroad (CESA). From an impressive knowledge of the market, she is able to provide information about courses, where to find the most appro-priate balance between tuition and leisure, what kind of accommodation will best suit your needs and so on. Once your choice is made, she will make the bookings and can

help with visas, travel arrangements and insurance. If you'd like some serious zur, for example, you can't do better than the ELFCA institute at Hyères. Students study general French, using a wide variety of modern techniques, for four hours each morning in small groups of similar ability. The rest of the day can be spent swimming, sun-bathing, wind-surfing, exploring the pic-turesque 12th century Old Town, or sitting in a case over

If your choice is for total immersion in French culture, you will probably enjoy stay-ing with a host-family. Alterna-tively, accommodation can be arranged in furnished studios and apartments in the town, or

Toyota, etc.

you may prefer to stay in an hotel. Tuition and half board accommodation with a hostfamily costs £210 per week. The gold-green landscape of Tuscany is one of Italy's most popular regions for holiday learning. Katherine Brand recommends the Centro Linguistico Italiano "Dante Alighieri," housed in a magnificently fres-coed 17th century palazzo in the heart of the medieval city of Siena. "It's Italian run, the

classes are small and the atmo-sphere is more intimate," she says. Prices for tuition are quoted in sterling, but the cost of your accommodation is paid Eurocentres,a non-profitmak-

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ing foundation with headquarters in Zurich, has a school in the Palazzo Guadagni in Fiorence, and offers holiday courses as a sterling package which include 20-25 hours' tuition a week and accommo-dation with Italian families. A three week course costs £606. If you have a yen for some-where more exotic, you could ioin Eurocentres' course in Kanazawa City, Ishikawa,

Kanazawa City, Ishikawa, Japan. Mornings are devoted to listening and speaking skills, and a study of the written lan-guage, while in the afternoons, there are lectures and visits introducing aspects of Japanese life, with excursions at weekends to cultural events, folk festivals, temples and the surrounding countryside. Participants praise the meticulous preparation of the course, and the kindness of their Japanese host families. The cost for four weeks is £1,068 excluding travel and excursions.

If you would like to learn a wider Russian vocabulary than glasnost and perestrolka. Home Language International organises one-to-one tuition in Moscow and Leningrad, in the homes of Russian tutor-hosts. "Accommodation is not luxurious," reports Katherine Brand,
"but the Russians compensate
by giving foreign visitors a
warm welcome. They are hospitable and courteous, and

only too willing to introduce visitors to their friends and relations."

relations."

Brand sees a growth in the provision of language tuition in eastern Europe. "I think East Germany will be a good place to go in future, especially for one to one tuition, which is expensive in the West."

Israel has a sophisticated network of language teaching.

way. Kibbutz ulpanta divide the day into four-hour morning sessions of language tuition and four hours' work on the

kibbutz, the distinctive Israeli version of the farm collective. Best suited to the young and energetic, kibbutz uipanim put you in contact with the land and culture of Israel in a direct

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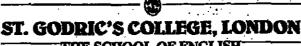
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English a language for all seasons

Marilyn Bentley on the growth of an 'international tongue'

English language teaching has never been greater. While the approach of the single European market in 1992 has concentrated awareness of the need for native English speakers to learn foreign languages, English remains the language of international politics, the air and sea, the media, science and technology; and the global players in the world economy look to English as the linguis-

tic currency of international business and trade. The teaching of English is also "a nice little earner." According to the Economist Intelligence Unit's 1989 report English: A World Commodity, it contributes some £1bn to the UK's invisible earnings. The first English Language Fair and conference, to be held at the institute of Education in London on February 24 and 25, will offer an opportunity to review some of the courses, publications, specialist services and products currently avail-

able in language training.

There is a huge provision of teaching in the UK. But choosing isn't always easy. The sector is substantially unregulated. Anyone can set up a language school, and although

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English language language teaching qualifications, proprietors are not con-strained to employ staff who hold them. Nor are they obliged to subject their arrangements for accommodation and the supervision of their students to independent inspection, Recognition by the British Council's accreditation scheme gives some guarantse of a school's quality, but regis-tration is voluntary and there are institutions outside the scheme who may provide suit-

able teaching.
Arels-Felco, a non-profitmaking body, supplies a list of accredited schools with details of the courses and facilities which they offer. It is a useful starting point, especially at the cheaper end of the market, where Richard Livingston, Arels-Felco general secretary, is concerned at what he sees as the "bangers and mash image" of British schools abroad. He argues for greater regulation, on economic as well as educa-tional grounds. "We are in competition with providers in the US and Australia, and our market share will shrink unless we have higher stan-

Reputation and personal best indicators for the business client. Many multinational companies have built up relationships with particular schools which are able to tailor courses to meet their specific needs. The Linguarama Group has an impressive interna-tional client base including Deutsche Bank, Shell, Michelin and BMW. Its courses range from executive group classes in Stratford Upon Avon, where students stay with selected

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Language Courses in Germany — Landon — Mar



Linguarama's Cheney Court: top of the pile

English families, to one-to-one training at the company's newest residential centre at Cheney Court, near Bath.

This handsome Jacobean mansion welcomes residents with open fires and the atmo-sphere of an informal country house party. But gracious as are the surroundings, one glance at the teaching schedule is enough to dispel any impres-sion that students are here for casual conversation and cock-

An initial interview estab-lishes the student's fluency in English and his particular needs; report writing, presenta-

'Reputation and personal recommendation are

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tions, meetings and so on. The course is then tailored to achieve maximum progress. Work begins at 9 am with individual tuition, lesson-related assignments and self-study, and concludes at 6.15 pm, when dinner and various social activities give the opportunity to continue practising English in informal circumstances. I joined some of Cheney

Court's students on a visit to a local pub. While some were initiated into the mysteries of darts, and others to those of English beer, we discussed the course and their motivation. Tamas Erdei, of the Hungarian Foreign Trade Bank, sees

fluency in English as vital in the face of the growing number of joint ventures between British and Hungarian companies, and Eastern Europe's developing trade links with the West. Ricardo Alonso's work with

the computer and organisational department of Banco de Santander requires him to travel widely and communicate socially, as well as over techni-cal matters, with other employees. He has no difficulty read-ing a technical manual in English, but chatting over a drink is another matter. The intensive training at Cheney Court will develop his fluency and confidence. Adelia Torti, from Genoa, is the media and advertising manager for a firm of domestic detergent manufac-turers whose multinational subsidiaries use English as their common language. "After this course I will probably work not only in Italy but in other parts of the group. Our European subsidiaries all use

cent were German, reflecting Linguarama's client base, but also the importance that German multinationals attach to language skills. At £1,695 per week, Cheney Court is proba-bly the most expensive English course in the country. "The future is in quality provision," says Geoff Monaghan, Linguarama's assistant general man-ager. "Companies like BMW and Deutsche Bank do not make training investments lightly, and their commitment to our residential concept is

Of the students I met. 50 per

Hans-Werner Butz, a German management consultant. is paying for his own three is paying for his own three week course at Cheney Court. He is convinced by Linguarama's methods. "Here, everything is in one place, with no distractions. You speak English, you hear it, 24 hours a day. And there is a very pleasant atmosphere." He is sure of his aim. "To speak more fluhis aim. "To speak more fluently, with fewer mistakes. And to be able to read the

A good case for home study

Melanie Cable-Alexander tunes in to language learning on the move

E WARNED: that man ing you off if your mind begins to wander... see walking down the road carrying a big black briefcase is armed with a Listening Robo L2. It is tucked into a specially designed com-partment and in its briefcase disguise it looks harmless. But once activated the L2 becomes a fearsome marketing weapon with which this man can annihilate even the most aggressive of his opposition in the race to cross the Channel's frontiers or so its makers say.
The L2, codenamed the Mini-

lab System, is the Rolls Royce of the self-study cassette courses, consisting of a tape recorder, a headset, a microphone, eight cassettes and three books. Made by Lingua-phone, it is designed to give the businessman an extensive vocabulary of up to 2,000 words in another language in as little

as three months.
But is it really necessary to aim for the biggest and the best when you can buy a runaround package - or even tune into the radio - for less

than half the price? Learning a language using cassettes is already well established. But the prospect of a single European market in 1992 has rekindled the interest in self-study cassettes in the drive to persuade the British to

develop another language.

The Department of Trade and Industry has recently set up a campaign to give top priority to languages. The Gov-ernment's education policy requires the compulsory learning of a second language up to the age of 16 in the new curriculum. Advertisements are beginning to appear in French, Italian, Spanish or German. Everywhere the British businessman looks he is put at a disadvantage if he does not at least have the most basic understanding of another

language.
The advantages of learning a language by cassette are that you can do it home, in your own time and in privacy. (According to Karina Mellinger from Linguaphone many businessmen are shy of tentatively bringing out their first words in a foreign language in public.) You are also able to learn a language at your own page a language at your own pace, selecting the areas that interest you most, at will, without an ominous instructress tick-

to wander... However, the disadvantages are that it requires a certain amount of self-discipline and self-motivation. You have to make sure you set aside time to do your coursework, and it. is easy to create excuses to avoid it. The Minilab, with its daunting display of books and cassettes, is perhaps the most offputting of the products for self-study as there is so much to come to grips with. And do businessmen really want to carry another bulky briefcase

The Minilab costs £554.20 (including p&p) and is available in 10 different languages from the Linguaphone Institute, St Giles House, 50 Poland Street, London W1V 4AX. It has a two-way taping system so you can compare your voice on the machine with the carefully articulated accents of the specialist. There are exercise books for you to practise your grammar and writing, and if you get really bored with the discipline of working through the text books there's also the foreign language version of Trivial Pursuit, Scrabble or Monopoly at an additional cost of £29.95, £8.99 and £15.95 respectively.

Learning languages the Linguaphone way is the nearest one can get to a school room, text-book style atmosphere in your own living room. Linguaphone is keen to cover all the intricacies of grammar, believing, says Karina Mellinger, that "without that initial grounding it makes speaking the language more difficult later on." It is the most ambitious of the self-study courses and once (and if) completed you will possess a comprehensive knowledge of your chosen

language. However, there is a different, and newer, school of thought that feels that the best way to learn a language is not to adopt a schoolroom approach like Linguaphone but to throw the listener "in at the deep end" and mimic the processes of picking up a language by visiting another country for the first time.

The Macmillan Breakthrough series (Globe Educa-tion, Houndmills, Basingstoke, Hants, RG21 2XS. Tel. 0256-29242) offers just such a course in French, German,

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Greek, Italian and Spanish, and at £29.95 it is considerably cheaper than the Minilab. It begins by giving the listener simple real-life conversations taped on location. The listener is expected to join in, respond and develop a feel for the lan-guage and the confidence to speak it at a very early stage. Once that is achieved then the course takes you back to the textbooks for lessons in gram-mar. With only three cassettes and one book to follow it provides a portable self-study sys-tem that is perhaps more accessible and less daunting than the Minilab.

Jane Lewis, a nurse from Sussex, is a Breakthrough stu-dent. She decided to learn another language because she and her husband had bought a house in France, speculating like many others - on booming property prices in 1992. She opted for the Breakthrough French series because it was cheap, and seemed quick and easy to learn. "I taught myself," she said, "on the way to work in the car, which caused many a loopy grin from fellow drivers. It was fun and I learnt quite a lot. But it became more of a problem to find time to study when I had to use the textbook later on in the course.

Most bookshops sell cassette

language courses. ranging from the Breakthrough Series trom the Breakthrough Series to Hugo's Simplified Language Courses (£30). There are also travel pack systems available such as Longman's Survive Travel Pack (£9.99), designed purely for a short holiday or business trip abroad. These give you information on how to find a bank, a car breakdown service or an easy guide to translating menus and tele-phone systems. You can simply switch these on while doing your household chores or driv-ing a few weeks before you go

away.
The BBC provides one of the most comprehensive self-study courses, providing a cassette and video service that brings a country orally and visually to life. The videos are filmed on location and offer real-life sequences that portray and make accessible the culture and vitality of a European community. At £149 these courses, in French, Italian, German, Spanish and soon Russian (at £500) are designed to bring the student up to an easy conversational level. But if your chief priority is portability then this course has its limitations, as it is inevitably tied to a television screen Available from BBC Education & Training Sales, PO Box 77, Wetherby, W. Yorks LS23 7HN.

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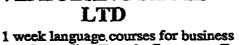
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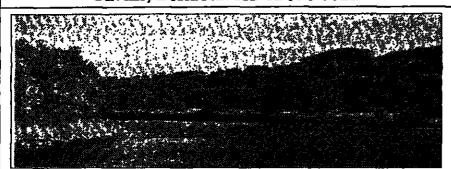
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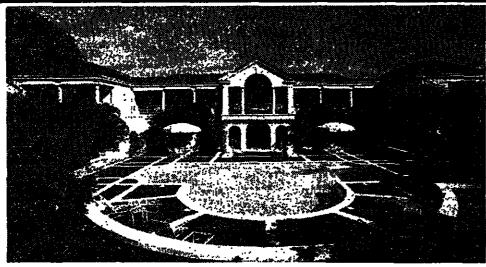
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and the Dec Estuary, his dis-mious property incorporates 3 reception rooms, a billiard room and a spacious fitted kitchen with Aga. On the first floor, there are 6 bedrooms, 2 bathrooms (one en-suite) and one shower

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With the national Communist Party apparently growing in strength and influence, the

HE SWISS Government is being accused of xenophobia by hun-dreds of people who

face the expropriation, without compensation, of their property.
"I was worried about Communism then and wanted to get money out. Now 16 years afterwards I am a victim, with

others, of Swiss xenophobia."
Glorgio Emo can barely contain his anger at a decision by the Swiss Supreme Court last October which faces him with the expression of the swiss him with

the expropriation without com-pensation of his SFr600,000 (2238,000) luxury apartment at Celerina, near St Moritz.

His is a cautionary tale which could yet cause more than a little upset for Italian

and other owners of around 500 apartments in Switzerland who purchased their property under the cover of specially constituted companies. Because the nominal owner of Emo's apartment building of Emo's apartment building of Switzer activity.

ment building, a Swiss notary, declared in the past that none of the owners of the company

were foreign residents, the Swiss courts have held that the

company was set up for an ille-

gal purpose and have confis-cated its assets. These consist of 10 apartments which will be

auctioned later this year with-out compensation to the own-

Emo acknowledges that he and the other owners were in technical default of Swiss law,

but he claims that the punish-ment far exceeds the crime and

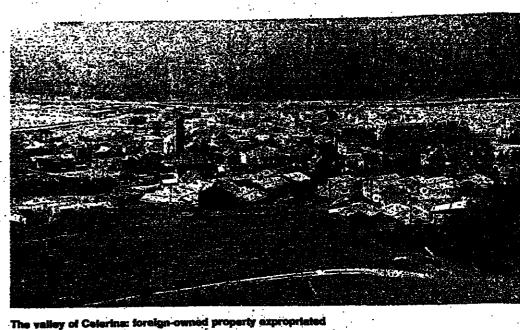
IF THE average first time home buyer in London wanted to make a bid for the single most expensive house on offer in the capital, they'd need to find a lender willing to provide an income multiple of 504 times their salary. That puts the £12.5m being asked for a vast, 14,000 sq foot mansion in Upper Phillimore Gardens, W3, about 200 times beyond the reach of those first timers, whose average household income is now £24,800.

Just to sharpen the definition between the top and bottom of the market, that salary threshold (worked out by the London Research Centre in its latest quarterly survey of the capital's housing market) puts home buying beyond the reach of 80 per cent of full time working women and 55 per cent of working men

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PROPERTY

A cautionary tale



lira constantly being devalued and the country wracked by terrorism, many Italians ille-gally exported capital during the 1970s. This was the era of

covert Alpine border crossings with suitcases full of bank-notes for deposit in Swiss banks or for conversion into solid assets like apartments. Unfortunately, Emo, in com-

is more an expression of Switzerland's "hatred of foreigners" have permitted him to declare than an attempt to mete out his capital transfer and to regularise his property owner-ship in Switzerland. He says that he was unaware of a much

more recent Swiss amnesty which encouraged clandestine foreign owners of property to declare themselves.

The appeal by the nominal owner of Emo's property to the Supreme Court argued that the conviction on the grounds that his company was set up for an illegal purpose was wholly incorrect. He claimed that the authorities in the Celerina area had been authorising such mon with many others, did not avail himself of an Italian amnesty in 1976 which would property companies to sell apartments to Swiss citizens or foreigners resident in Switzer-

were not required to be wound-up. The argument proved to be of no avail and Emo and his fellow owners now face the loss of their prop-

No doubt the Swiss authorities believe they have given him and other similar unfortunates every chance to put themselves inside the law, although at the cost of being forced to sell their apartments. Then, they would at least have had the proceeds. An indisputable case, it would seem, of

John Wyles

Market peaks and troughs

in London, even after the past year's average 10 per cent drop in achieved sales prices across

That is a million-plus working Londoners below the purchase threshold. They will be looking with interest to the new generation of equity share and part purchase schemes being created to break the sales stalemate caused by high interest rates on debt-only

They may well also be looking open-mouthed at the recent £10m-plus purchase of a house in Eaton Square by the songwriter Andrew Lloyd Webber and that £12.5m Kensington giant in Upper Phillimore Gardens.

land in return for payment of an indemnity to the canton. The companies themselves

Not that things are easy at the summit of the bousing market either. There the problem is one of choice. The few executive jet loads of buyers capable of bidding for the most expensive London homes are having a tough time deciding whether London is still a suitable place for a second, third, or fourth hom As Sotheby's director, and chairman of the group's International Realty operation

Bill Montgomery reports, "the perception among the very rich is that Paris is likely to become the social capital of Europe in the next few years." A castle in Ireland is also

fashionable alternative. Marbella and the Algarve are, it seems, distinctly passe. London, however, does retain its appeal because of the comparative security and the distinction of being one of the few major capital cities that still has full-scale houses in the centre. Hence the steady queue of prospective buyers around the Upper Phillimore Gardens house where, as agent Roger Slater says, "Prices are relative; if you are lobbing out umpteen million for a painting, a house at this price level doesn't look so expensive."

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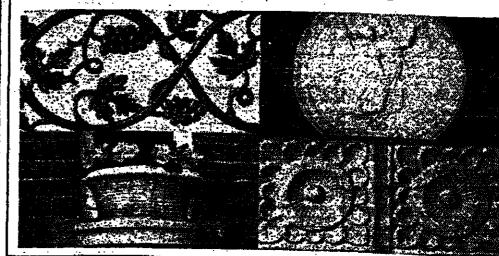
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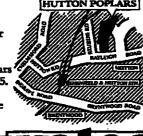
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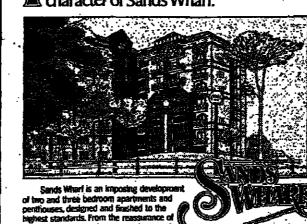
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DESPATCHES

TROPICAL downpour advances across the Sula Valley in Northern Honcloud like a pot of ink spilled on drawing paper. "Ideal weather for bananas," Eduardo Arragon says approvingly. "Bananas need lots of heat and water," he adds as if apologising for the insufferable climate in which such a commonly con-sumed fruit is produced.

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Temperatures in the Sula Valley rarely fall below 25 degrees and constant humidity induces a sweaty lassitude. During the rainy season humidity levels are so high that banana leaves decompose within two weeks on the ground. Such a backdrop of lazy tropical

heat easily conjures up the image of a Banana Republic. Typically, this was a nameless country presided over by a corrupt cigar-smoking ruler in a white suit, or bemedalled uniform, in the pay of unscrupulous foreign businessmen. More often than not the nameless country was modelled on Honduras and the businessmen were from the banans companies. Honduras has struggled hard to

live down the Banana Republic label and the banana companies have distanced themselves from the bad old days when they rode roughshod over governments. But bananas are still the country's life blood and the multi-national banana companies are very much alive and well. Their presence has proved extraordinarily durable in a region where anti-Americanism has been synomymous with national-

From Colombia to the Dominican Republic and throughout Central America, Aragon has spent 43 years working for The Company. In this part of Honduras the company needs no introduction. The Tela-Railroad Company was founded in 1912 as the local subsidiary of the Boston-based United Fruit Company
its mighty banana empire began at the turn of the century. This is now controlled by the US conglom-erate United Brands which accounts for more than a quarter of world

"The company has been around a long time and we hope it will stay that way," says Arragon, who han-dles the delicate matter of relations with the Honduran Government in an elder statesman role.

banana sales.

To a surprising degree the banana companies have preserved their identities even after being absorbed into conglomerates. United's traditional US rival, Standard Fruit, is now part of David Murdoch's Castle and Cook, and last year the smaller Del Monte acquired a new owner in the form of the Turkish Cypriot Asil Nadir's Polly Peck.

In Central America, the principal area of operations, they have weathered a bewildering variety of political controversies and economic



A modern banana republic

Robert Graham visits Honduras, a country struggling to lose its old image

storms to stake a claim today to being an integral part of the fabric of these societies. Nationalist senti-ment against the banana companies peaked in the Seventies and since the onset of the debt crists has even been rolled back. Impoverished Honduras but also wealthier Costa Rica, Guatemala and Panama now desperately need their taxes, their local spending and export earnings, their expertise and the imprimateur of their investment presence.

In Honduras, their landholdings. have been reduced to a fraction of the original and they no longer con-trol the railways, the construction of which was linked to their original concessions. But they still pos-sess sizeable plantations in a region where land and American interventionism are the most emotive issues. The three companies – though principally United and Stan-dard – remain the biggest single employers, account for as much as a fifth of national income and generate more than 40 per cent of exports. Standard also produces citrus, pineapples, sugar and various bye-products from African palm oil plantations as well as owning a brewery. United has concentrated on developing as much local production of the materials needed for

large African palm oil operation.
Conscious of being guests on foreign soil rather than the makers
and breakers of governments they once were, the companies move behind a wall of well constructed PR. "Of course, you can't deny the past; but we believe we now have a more positive image," says Robert Dearth, jr, a United Brands vice president.

The banana companies, obsessed by the risk of dealing in a perish-able commodity, earned a well-justified reputation for ruthlessness. An A notorious instance of a company's effect on government was the Bananagate scandal of 1974. This followed the revelation that United had paid part of a \$2.5m bribe to the Honduran Finance Minister to ensure a sharp cut in export taxes. The banana-producing countries had raised the export tax on each box of bananas - bananas are exported in 40lb boxes — as part of an attempt to create a common front against the fruit companies (essentially United, Standard and Del Monte). When the bribe was revealed, it provoked the overtimes of the uliter appropriate the of the military government in Hon-duras and this in turn led to the nationalisation of United's railroads along with a major divestiture of

the banana business; but also has a large African palm oil operation.

Conscious of being guests on forward a contributory factor in the then president, Eti Black, commit-ting suicide. He smashed the window of his 44th floor office in New York and jumped to his death.

> he banana business evolved in a way that inev-itably placed great power in the hands of the foreign companies, and this created an equally great temptation to use such power to protect their own interests. Large-scale exploitation was stimulated by the profitability of speculative imports from the Caribbean and Central America to the US East Coast in the 1880s. Bos-ton traders found a huge demand. "Bananas are nature's finest convenience food. It was a convenience food before we really knew what convenience food was," says

> US entrepreneurs set about finding plantation sites first in Colombia, Costa Rica and Panama, Here they encountered natural partners among pioneering figures such as Minor Keith, a railroad builder who constructed the rail link between San Jose and Costa Rica's Caribbean coast in 1884. Keith subse

quently helped found United Fruit in 1899, Standard had been formed a year earlier.

Dirt poor governments like that of Honduras were easily persuaded to grant large areas of virgin land against the promise of having rail-way networks built. But it was not simply a case of foreign capital dictating its own terms to exploit a new industry at the expense of local entrepreneurs. The coffee industry required broadly similar scales of investment and parallel risks; yet coffee production remained in the hands of local capital.

"The reason, one suspects, was as follows," writes Dr Victor Bulmer Thomas in The Political Economy of Central America since 1920: "Banana production was confined to the unhealthy Atlantic coast and national control would have meant the migration of both owners and workers to the area. Owners of coffee fincas had no interest in such a move and potential capitalists found highland coffee a much more attractive proposition."

The Spanish colonialists had indeed avoided large-scale settle-ment of the entire Central Ameri-can Caribbean coast because it was malaria infested and apparently lacked resources potential, Tradi-tionally, British influence via

Jamaica and Belize, the former British Honduras, had been stronger. British merchants and adventurers who toughed it out rightly baptised this the Mosquito Coast. In Honduras even when the banana industry brought prosperity to the northern coast, those who took advantage were Lebanese and Syrians, Los

When United and Standard moved in to produce their "Chi-quita" and " Dole" brands, the lack of infrastructure obliged them to create a semi-independent enclave, which was virtually cut off from the populated highland interior of Honduras. Everything was done from scratch. Beginning with clearing the jungle and draining swamps, they then established a complex infrastructure of bridges, flood banks, roads, railways, telecommu-nications, ports and warehouses. Labour had to be brought initially from Jamaica. The townships built by the companies followed the rationale of plantation and port locations. Thus today's infrastructure and urban development in Northern Honduras has been either wholly theirs or built on what they initi-

Expatriates such as Karl Koch, general manager of Tela Railroad, seem more at home in the world of s Conrad novel than modern corpo rate politics. His life has been dedicated to running foreign enclaves in hostile environments for distant

He is now responsible for 11,200 employees and indirectly for 54,000 of their dependents who have access to the company's 33 primary schools and 300 bed hospital at the head-quarters in La Lima.

La Lima itself, with a population of more than 5,000 was run by Tela

Railroad until 1980, when it was handed over to municipal authori-ties." Gone to the dogs since then, a long-time company employee observed nostalgically.

The amount of land devoted to bananas in Honduras has remained roughly the same in recent years, but the growing process has evolved substantially. New varieties have been introduced to combat disease. The most feared disease is Black Sagatoka – carried by spores on the wind and which attacks the leaves. The use of insecticides is constantly being reassessed. Clyde Stephens, an entomologist who runs Tela Railroad's agricultural research, has introduced a new approach of minimal use of pesticides. He argues that the production loss caused by insects is more than compensated by the naturally beneficial activity of insects and the savings on crop spraying. Providing disease is avoided, the plantations are kept in continuous production, each tree yielding 1.3 stems a year. Ever since a major strike in 1954, Standard and United have been put onto the defensive by a well-organ-

the banana workers, the labour aristocracy of Honduras. Multi-national wages and social benefits are worth at least twice those paid anywhere else in the state or private sector. The companies' response to labour militancy has been a gradual dives-titure of direct plantation operations to independents.

The appearance of independent producers was encouraged by attempts to 'Honduranise' the industry in the Seventies in the wake of the Bananagate' scandal. The independent operations are nearly all either estates bought from the companies and run by former managers, or cooperatives of former company workers on land relinquished by the companies.

ore than 50 per cent of Standard's exports from Honduras are now accounted for by independent producers while in the case of United the percentage is one third. High wages have also led the companies to hand over more of the packing operations to the non-unionised independents - a move fiercely but vainly resisted by the unions. The switch of packaging to independents has held costs down. Nevertheless both Standard and United complain Honduras has become a high cost producer for labour as well as for foreign exchange and tax reasons. Hence they are concentrating more atten-tion on Costa Rica. The latter has now easily overtaken Honduras which is responsible for just under 15 per cent of world banana output. Honduran officials are unconvinced by such complaints and still feel the companies play their own games, especially when the declared export value is approximately a third of the final street price.

During the Seventies, the nationalists and the Left in Honduras assumed the stranglehold of the multinationals would be broken if the banana-producing countries presented a united front in raising export taxes and independent producers were encouraged, But the common front on export taxes broke up quickly because of the sharply differing needs of the prod-

ucing countries.
"We have no illusions about the banana companies: they are here as long as it suits them," comments a member of the Honduran banana workers trades union.

Bob Dearth of United certainly believes the company knows best how to deal with the market it has nurtured over nearly 100 years. "Bananas are the number one selling fresh fruit in the US. Each person consumes 24 pounds a year. Bananas are the number one item in supermarkets and remember they retail an average of 6,000 items. Bananas are also the number one flavour in baby foods." The banana companies look set to stay ised trades union movement among in business.

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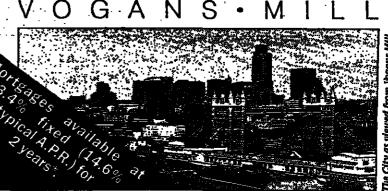
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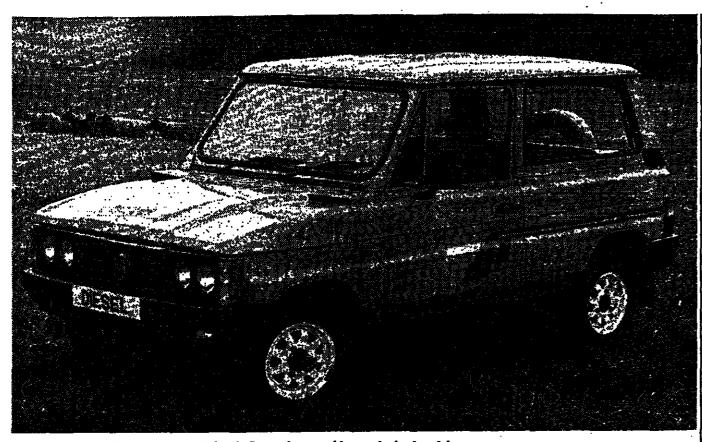
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MOTORING/GARDENING



The Dacia Duster diesel (above) and Yugo's Sans: cheap and increasingly cheerful

N EASTERN Europe, new cars do not have to be sold. Customers queue up, pleading for the chance to buy one. It follows that they are not going to be picky about the kind of things Western cus-tomers believe are important, such as precise controls, quiet engines and general refine-ment if the brakes are heavy, the steering vague, interiors crude and the mechanicals rough and ready, who cares? Not the east European customer who is overjoyed that the car, on order for so long, has actually arrived.

Some east European cars are so awful they are unsaleable in the West – the smoky, smelly Trabant and the Wartburg from East Germany, for example. The Russian Lada and the Polish FSO, based respectively on the Fiat 124 and 125, are 20 years out of date (although the Lada, especially, finds buyers in the West because it is cheap, regard and easy to keep runrugged and easy to keep run-ning, especially if you know one end of a spanner from the

Romania's Dacia saloon is based on the Renault 12, which went out of production in France in the 70s. Although they tried to sell it in the UK, it just wasn't good enough. But Yugoslavian cars derived from the Fiat 127 and 128 have been imported for some years. They sold mainly to people of modeither a Metro or Fiesta two or three years old or a brand-new - and went for the car no-one had driven before.

East European cars are, however, getting much better. That staple of Czechoslovakia's motor industry, the rear-en-gined Skoda, has been joined by a neat, front-wheel driven Favorit. The latest Lada Samara also has front-wheel drive and could be taken for a higher-off-the-ground Ford Escort. Meanwhile, a new Yugo family car has just appeared in Britain while, in Romania, the Dacia Duster four-wheel drive on/off-road vehicle has become available with a 1.6-litre Renault diesel engine. Each in its own way is impressive - and

The Yugo Sana is far and away the best east European car I have driven (although, in fairness, I admit I haven't yet tried the Lada Samara or Skoda Favorit). It is a five-door hatchback styled by ItalDesign's Georgio Giugiaro, whose previous creations include the Fiat Panda and Uno and VW Golf. The Sana looks some-thing like the Fiat Tipo and has the now-classic layout of transverse engine driving the front wheels through a five-

Eastern Europe's other revolution

New models from Yugoslavia and Romania are impressive and cheap, says Stuart Marshall

speed gearbox, rack-and-pinion, steering, and fully-independent suspension. (The Samara and Favorit have, too. I really must

e, the Sana has plenty of high-roofed cabin space. The boot is big, too: it took a Hayterette rough-grass mower easily without the rear seat backrest having to be let down. The cloth-trimmed seats are plump and yielding, just like those in French cars until they had a fit of German firmness a year or so ago. Big windows make for good visibility from the driving seat and reversing is particu-

larly easy.

Controls for front and rear
weachers and the screen-wipers, washers and the lights are unfamiliar but convenient enough once you have got used to them. The heating and de-misting is effective with the noisy fan on full blast. A manual choke is tucked away out of sight and has no warning light; thus, it's easy to forget to push it right in, which does nothing for fuel economy.

The Sana goes well. The Fiat-designed, 1.4-litre, 70horsepower engine fires imme-diately from cold and performs without flagging however hard you make it work. Pushed into keeping up with business drivers on the motorway, it used a gallon of unleaded every 30 miles (9.4 1/100 km). Driven more reasonably, consumption

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In recent gales and rain storms, I had two long jour-neys on M4 and M25 motorways. Conditions were appallget round to driving them soon).

Unfussy and aerodynamic in wind tunnel, but the Sana neither missed a beat nor put a foot wrong. The ride is shock-absorbent, if occasionally bouncy. The gear-shift is rub-bery and can feel a bit sticky

> depressed fully. Cornering is competent and the Jugoslavian Tigar tyres gripped well in the wet. At anything over 15-20 mph (24-32 kmh) the steering is light, although squeezing the Sana into a small parking space can be a struggle. But at £5,495 list, or about £5,850 on the road with a radio/tape player fitted,

unless the heavy clutch is

it is incredibly good value.

The Sana is bigger inside than anything in its price class, well-equipped and nice to look at. The one thing it lacks is finesse - but, at the price, who is complaining?

With the Dacia Duster diesel, again it is the price that raises eyebrows. A compact, three-door, 4x4 estate car with two sets of gears for on- and off-road driving, high ground clearance and a 1.6-litre Renault diesel engine, all for £8,799? It sounds too good to be

Across country, it is a marvel. It has independent front suspension which softens up the ride off-road, and an armoured underside so nothing gets broken when it crashes'

over obstacles.
I tried it on a military prov-ing ground where I have driven all kinds of 4x4s. The Duster went as well as any of them. Mud, deep water and fearsome gradients were taken in its stride. The engine slogged away at low revolutions and, in first gear, low range, provided enough brak-ing effect for descending steep, muddy banks safely.

There are, of course, snags The Duster is quite slow on the road and, at anything over 60 mph (98 kmh), very noisy. The engine is not to blame because much of the development work on the diesel version was carried out by the British importer. It is a good installation; except when it is idling, the Renault power plant runs smoothly and quietly.

There is a lot of exhaust sys tem vibration along with tyre and wind noise, and the body is not exactly rattle-free. So, the Duster is not a vehicle you would buy to drive for long distances on good roads and, especially, on motorways. The switch-gear is primitive and the steering at low speeds heavy but the seats are deep

For a user who is on rough tracks as often as hard roads and really needs four-wheel drive traction, the Duster die-sel has a lot going for it. On the road, it should do at least 30 mpg (9.4 1/100 km). The on/off-road, four-wheel drive market has become so

extraordinary that it defies log-ical analysis. In my part of the world, in Kent, few who drive them really need them. Many of the large, fuel-thirsty, on/ off-road 4x4s you see are used as normal cars. Rarely, if ever, do they venture off the tarmac. People who really could exploit the off-road capability of the traditional 4x4 often can't afford to buy or run them. But I could imagine that, say, a hill farmer with an old Land Rover for use on the property, plus an Escort estate for normal driving, might find the Duster diesel ideal for both

That old greenhouse effect

After the gales, Robin Lane Fox is going for the easy alternative

us enough of our to repair it and be serious about its future. I suspect that its problems are quite common. It is out of reach of electricity except at a scale of quite unacceptable. Its water collects into a large drum because it is not accessible to the main supply. It is quite big and quite old and the door has never fitted closely. It fits even less closely since we turned the entire thing round on its foundations so that the ugliness of its red cedar was no longer vis-

file from the house.

It is, at least, a better prospect than the greenhouse at our previous home. We decided to move that, too, and the rus-tle of £5 notes that weekend produced the plausible friend of a friend who rubbed Three In One gun oil into the rusted coach bolts and impressed me unduly by sawing off their nuts with a hacksaw from his tool kit. Disassembly, as he put it, is a doddle, but "to recall one's steps and return" - that, like the exit from Virgil's underworld, was more difficult. We moved the greenhouse in sections down the hill and, because he seemed so compe-tent, we propped them into a

self-supporting wigwam to from main services. They gives us an idea of position much prefer rain water, they while we went back to look for need no protection against the coach bolts. These, of course, had been cut into pieces; and while I listened to a long irish re-assurance that, even if we had found them, they would be useless, the wind changed tack. It dismantled the wigwam glass sections, leaving them impaled through each other's panes like that arrangement of cards which allows you to make an imitation aeroplane out of a basic hand at whist. Never move a greenhouse and turn your back

glass, alpine plants and bulbs. They are made for a life away



turned up again another year. Maybe some kind of mouse fluds this crocus especially

I have had no such problems

with C. susianus, though it has never been as reliable as the Tommies. I rate it highly

Another species that does well for me is C. chrysanthas, and so do all its varieties,

which are numerous and so

different, one from another,

that it seems incredible they should all have a common

ancestor. In fact, some experts

believe that they do not, and that it is only the whites and creams, the primroses, yellows, purples, and variously striped flowers that are pure chrysanthus. The good blues, light on dork are thought to

light or dark, are thought to

be diluted with genes from

another crocus, maybe those of

C. biflorus, and, as a result, are said to be a little slower to

multiply and less easy to

retain. Certainly all that I

have grown have been reliable

and charming, their rather

tubby, short-stemmed flowers instantly recognisable, and produced with a freedom only

rivalled by C. ancyrensis.

None of the wild crocuses

can match the size of bloom of the Dutch kybrids, which are the favourites of all park

superintendents and other gar-deners who have to make fine

displays in public places. They

grow them well, they renew them frequently, and they

make such stunning displays with them on the roundabouts and beside main roads that for

these can become danger spots

One thing is quite certain.

Dutch crocuses would be unable to invade my lawn,

unlike the cheeky little Tom-

mies. They carry far too much

foliage for that, and rely on it

npletely to feed the

corms. If you want naturalised

Dutch crocuses in grass, as

they do in the parks, you will have to delay the first cutting

until the crocus leaves die

down, and that may not be

until early June. The only alternative is to purchase

nursery-grown corms every autumn, and for that you really need the equivalent of a

public accounts purse. If you are restricted to a shoestring,

the Tommies and the Susies, which will look after them-

Arthur Hellyer

selves are your best bet.

for flower-loving motorists.

and would recommend it.

Tommies take a garden by storm

ent are the little crocuses called Tommies (from their botanical name, Crocus tomashianus). Although they look exceedingly fragile, they are the fastest of all crocuses to spread. est of all crocuses to spread.

Mine were planted in a mixed border with a lawn on one side and a gravel path on the other, and they soon invaded both. It never-occurred to me that they would be able to establish themselves in the close-mown lawn — it segment impossible. lawn – it seemed impossible that they could retain enough leaves for survival, let alone produce any seed. But, in fact, they have taken over more ground every year, and there is now scarcely a place in the lawn where there are not a few and in some places they are becoming quite thick.

and-silvery lavender outside, and open to reveal a violet interior, though precisely what shade of violet to expect one never knows. This is a naturally variable plant when grown from seed, which is the means by which it is just as likely to spread as by the mul-tiplication of its little corms. All those in my garden have kept themselves well within the colour range I have described. Occasionally, deeper purple forms have been discovered, given distinguish-ing names and kept true to type by increasing them only from corms. I have grown a few of these – Whitewell Purple, Barrs Purple and Taplow Ruby among them. All are much deeper in colour than the common species but none has quite its urge to get up and go. And, of course, if you let these named varieties set seed, they will soon dilute themselves with more ordi-

nary seedlings.
The only other crocus that comes anywhere near the performance of the Tommies is the one they call Cloth of Gold. It could equally well have been Susie, since its botanical name is C. susianus. It is as brash as the Tommies are discreet, a yellow you will not find surpassed in hrilliance in any crocus, except the unforgettable C. ancyrensis, a crocus I have only grown successfully in pots. I always plant these pot corms outdoors when they have finished flowering, but they have never ering, but they have never

frost; they appreciate slight shading in summer, and they need no power, cables or smelly parallin They are not a poor man's second-best. During the next month, you can see the results for yourself in any major botanic garden: Edinburgh, Wisley, even Kew. Some of

This time, I am abandoning heating and going over entirely to my only successes under

their brightest sites are pans of straightforward crocus, scillas and anemones, grown away from wind and rain. My tactic will be to use metal-framed staging an economi-cal brand is supplied by post by the Two Wests of Chesterfield, Derbyshire. On it, I will at last have a suitable home

at last have a suitable home for the lumps of porous tufa rock that have been following me round since adolescence.

Tufa rock turns up in good alpine nurseries and is a type of limestone that can be drilled, like an old tooth, and filled with small alpines. They like its cool root runs and will grow into its surface if they are watered and given a light dust. watered and given a light dust-With age, tufa turns a pleas-

with age, that this a peasant grey or greyish-brown, although its whiteness might alarm you when fresh from a Welsh quarry. It is very light to handle and the rocks make a fertile landeage. hetween fertile landscape between which you can lay several inches of soil covered with chippings. Into this, you can partly sink your shallow pans of bulbs and alpines, which can be removed in the hot season

or after flowering.
Small bulbs, certainly, last much better in this setting much better in this setting than in the wind and mud of a typical February. I have given up growing most varieties of crocus in flower beds: either I fork them forgetfully in summer or they are consumed happily by mice. They never persist in quantity, whereas six or more in each part under glass flower easily and cleanly and can be brought indoors where can be brought indoors where they often show off their charming scent.

Outdoors, you never have such value from the fragile forms of Crocus biflorus which look so well with the many shades of Iris reticulata, especially the mid to pale blues. I never realised the beauty of ipheion Wisley Blue (quite a cheap little bulb) until we tried it in pots under glass. They are own extravagance.

flower beds, and you can keep the flowers dirt-free. I recommend them strongly for frames or alpine houses.

Alpines proper often love these surroundings. Like small bulbs, saxifrages frequently are made for the purpose, especially the many Kabschia forms which suffer acutely in our beds outdoors. At eye level, you can appreciate hepaticas and their anemone-like flowers of dark blue and pink, although they hate hot weather and must be stood outdoors during summer.

Anything with furry leaves loves to be sheltered under glass. I have never got over my pleasure at first seeing an alpine house well-stocked with the yellow little Verbascum Letitia, a superbly flowering plant for early summer when the weather has not rotted the nts. Tubular pink flowers of the tufted grey Greek wood-ruff, Asperulo suburosa, sprawled in hundreds off the staging and the verbascums looked even prettier because of their companion groups of that admirable clear blue phlox called chattahoochee, which

never lasts for very long in an open flower bed.

There are three problems to an alpine house: hot weather, insects and cats. The answer to the sun is either to stand the plants (and the rocks, too) outdoors during summer where the air circulates, or else to protect the greenhouse with one of the good shading washes in May. Insects are much trickier and I cannot say there is an easy answer, lea of all the breezy "green" alter-native of spraying plants with scapy washing-up liquid. The soap does not suit mountain alpines and, in my experience, it never eliminates the enemy. Cats are another matter. They are a particular bother

because an alpine house can spend most of the summer with the door open to reduce the temperature and cats will jump gladly onto a tufa rock landscape. I recommend netting across the doorway and the occasional demonstrative kick at anything four-legged which comes within range.

Still, what form of gardening does not have its hazards? And if you go alpine, at least you stop worrying about power cuts, fuel bills, frost and your

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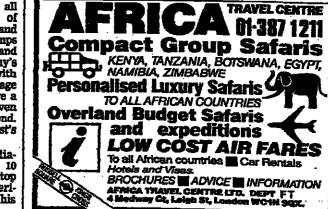
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BRIDGE

TODAY'S HANDS come from The Complete Guide to Defen-sive Play by Frank Stewart (Robert Hale, £ 11.95). This is a really interesting and instruc-tive book. Let us start with a hand from the chapter that deals with Assumptions:

♠ A83 ♥ A98 🛖 Q J 10 5 4 W # J 10 4 2 # K 5 ♠ K 9 7 6 ♥ 6 4 3 A 9876 **Q** 5 **Q** 5 **Q** 5 **Q** 5 **Q** 1072

North deals at game-all and opens with one club. South responds with one heart and North re-bids one no-trump. South now says three diamonds, North raises hearts to three and South's four hearts closes the auction.

Your partner, West, opens with the club two, an obvious singleton. How do you defend? The ace of clubs, a club ruff and the heart king will provide you with three tricks. To beat the contract, you need a trick either from diamonds or from spades, so you assume that partner holds spade king or diamond ace.

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 If West holds the diamond you can give him the ruff at once; but if he holds the spade, it is essential to lead a spade at trick two. You play your spade knave, covered by queen, king and ace. South crosses to his diamond ace and finesses the queen of hearts. You win, lead a club for West to ruff, and a spade return puts declarer one **down**

Did you lead a spade at trick two? We turn to Around the Trump Suit

♣ J8 ♥ AJ73 ♦ 16 10 6 3 AK3 · ♠ Q 7 6 3 ♥ 10 6 A 4 K Q 9 5 2 In a pairs event, South dealt

with North-South vulnerable

and bid one heart. North said three clubs, raised the re-bid of three hearts to four, and all passed. West led the 10 of spades to the knave, queen and ace. The declarer drew trumps in two rounds, cashed ace and king of clubs, ruffed dummy's last club and cut adrift with the four of spades. The average player, knowing that to give a ruff discard is one of the seven deadly sins, leads a diamond. Dummy plays low and East's queen loses to the ace.

Now South returns a diamond to finesse dummy's 10 and makes 12 tricks for a top score. But West, an experienced player, started to do his

South had shown five hearts and two clubs. If, therefore, he had only two spades, he must have four diamonds - and one ruff discard would not give away the contract. South could ruff in one hand and throw away an eventual winner, not a loser, from the other. West led another spade,

had to lose a diamond - one E. P. C. Cotter

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Sipping tea at a waterhole: a hedonistic view of Africa

HE PIERCING screams from the nearby acacia tree were horrifying. Surely I was about to witness a murder. Then, squealing loudly like a pair of frightened children, two baboons appeared on the very edge of the dense foliage, their backs to the outside, facing the deep growl which came from the old male within.

The activity of the two smaller animals thrashing among the branches had caused a dozen or so of the curly red seed pods to rattle from the tree to the sandy soil beneath where a loitering elephant discovered them, selecting each one individually with the two "fingers" on the end of his trunk and blowing it between hair-fringed

lips into his mouth.

Not content with the few pods on the ground, he reached upwards with his trunk to try shaking the branches some more. Faced with this new threat from below, the two baboons came close to hysteria as they struggled upwards from the elephant while keeping a decent distance from their invisible tormentor within the foliage. Fortunately, their new movement dislodged even more pods and, while the elephant was occupied with these, they dropped from the tree and dashed off, followed by the angry male who almost fellout of his tree in the fury of his pursuit.

This was the highlight of a morning's gamewatching from a hide at a waterhole

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on the fringes of Mana Pools National Park in northern Zimbabwe. The hide itself was a flimsy structure based on an old trailer and sitting at the top of a steep bank. I wondered more than once what would happen if an elephant decided to tip the whole affair into the pool below. comforted myself with the thought that the two rotund Americans with whom I

was sharing the hide would provide enough ballast to match any elephant. Elephants seemed to dominate our life at Chikwenya, a delightful camp sited on one of the river terraces overlooking the Zambezi River among large mahogany, acacia and sausage trees. Each of the

reed-thatched huts or lodges has its own view of the river through a cavemouth entrance, uncluttered by windows or different, and I was welcomed with a cold entrance, uncluttered by windows or doors. One afternoon, mine was darkened by the bulk of a slowly moving elephant, part of a small herd of males.

At the rear of each but, the en suite bathroom has the sky for a roof and walls just over head height, so I stepped onto the toilet seat to get a better view of events - only to find my neighbours busily videoing the passing pachyderms from a similar vantage point.

Chikwenya is a small camp run by Geoffrey and Veronica Stutchbury who have a wealth of knowledge of bush life. A

Michael J Woods on an altogether more civilised form of game watching

game drive with Geoff, who relishes his image as the grand old man of the bush, is no ordinary experience. He knows many of the elephants by name and talks to them quietly when he approaches them. There is the chance to walk here among

the trees and the "adrenalin grass," so called because walking into its dense interior sets the adrenalin pumping. We flushed a sleek leopard from one patch, which bounded off to loud snorts of alarm from a nearby herd of impala. A sturdy home-made raft based on three cance hulls also gives the chance to take to the river, running between the islands among the laughing snorts of hippos and the unearthly cries of the fish eagle.

When I left Chikwenya we flew low up river, looking down on pods of hippos and the occasional individual swimming under water, to Kariba, where an apparently insignificant dam holds back an enormous lake. I was whisked over the lake to Fothergill Island, sister camp to Chikwenya

drink before even signing in. Sue Ryan, an American with a deep love of the bush, manages Fothergill and her calm and efficient organisation does much to ensure

that everyone enjoys their stay.
On my first afternoon I went game viewing from a dory that picked its way among the skeletal trees that still line the lake shore from when the land was flooded some 30 years ago. We saw a variety of animals - waterbuck, buffalo and a rare black rhino - and drank tea in an inlet surrounded by a group of grey herons.

Afterwards we trickled slowly back to

Alterwards we trickled slowly back to the main lake with the outhoard bardly making a sound. A water dikkop, a wader about the size of a lapwing, was defending its nest against an egg-loving monitor liz-ard about two feet long. The dikkop, with wings outstretched, wheeled to face the lizard with high-pitched cries while, from the boat, we could hear the hiss of the marauding monitor and see its flickering tongue as it pushed purposefully forward. Then, on the akyline, a pair of sidestriped jackals were spotted, excavating a crocodile's nest in the sand. At our approach they troited off, each with a

white egg protruding from its jaws. We landed then and Daryl, our guide, expertly located the nest and showed us the eggs. We sped back to camp as the sun was setting, our foaming wake shattering the shimmering lines of amber, white and violet of the lake's surface. I felt quite hedonistic as I sat back in the embracing warmth of the evening air and sipping a cold beer as we shot back to Fothergill for dinner. It was a long way from the dusty, bumpy Land Rover ride normally associ-

bumpy Land Rover ride normally associated with a game viewing trip.

Michael J. Woods travelled c/o British Airways Speedbird (tel: 0293-611611) and UTC (91-566-166), which offers a range of flexible packages for Zimbabwe, including two nights at Chikwenya and two at Fothergill Safari Lodge.

SNAPSHOT

WE WERE all British, apart from our driver/guide. Jane was on holiday from Malawi, where she works for an aid organisation, and with her was her mother, Ann, while Bill had won the holiday of a lifetime, a week in Zimbabwe, and wasn't sure

if he was really enjoying it. On our outward game drive, the sandy river hed had given us a little bother but a quick push had seen us on our way to breakfast under ivory

We got out at the sand river on our return, but the Land Rover sailed across until asked

to climb the far bank. This it refused. It dug in its heels: right down to the back axle. It seemed a bit of fun at first. We scooped out some sand and pushed sticks under the wheels, but to no avail; so we tried some stones.

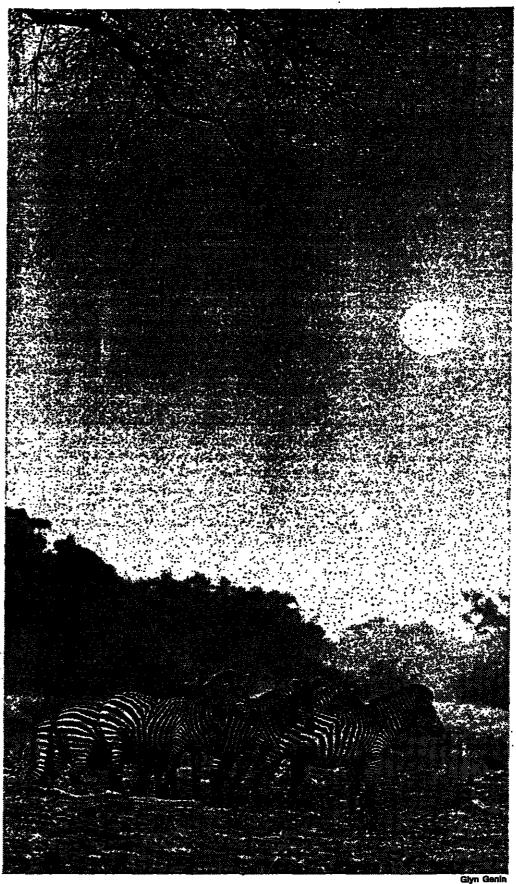
Still no luck. Then we dug a big hole and put in a large rock. The Landrover moved forward 2 ft. At that point I wondered why the front wheels were not spinning, miv to discover that the front drive shaft had been cannibalised for another

vehicle some time before. No wonder we were stuck. By now the ground was so

hot that we had to scoop cool sand from under the vehicle on which to kneel. We tried jacking, levering, more stones, the rubber mats from the floor; but the truck refused to shift in any direction but. With stiff upper lips we

were all prepared to dig on, but our driver, mortified, went to radio for help. He finally returned with the good news and an hour later a proper four-wheel-drive Land Rover arrived complete with a game

"A little late," we cool Britons chortled, "as we've been here unmolested for four hours." To us it was all part of the African experience, although I suspect that Bill bargained for. If there is a moral to this story, it is to check before you leave camp that your Land Rover really has got four-wheel drive. If you must get stuck, ensure that the rest of the party have



SNAPSHOT

NYIKA, in northern Malawi is far from the packaged safari parks of East Africa. If you want big game it will probably be a disappointment. But it does provide an experience of a remote part of Africa far away from the mass tourism circuit, writes Michael Hall.

At Livingstonia, on the eastern escarpment, the influence of the early Scottish missionaries is most in evidence. It is possible to walk there from Chelinda in two days, but most people take the long circular drive to the south of the plateau.

From the shores of Lake Malawi the main road climbs steeply to the mission. In the wet season it is impassable. I had to walk most of the way after my vehicle stuck in a metre of mud, through maize fields and tiny villages where McDonald is a common first name among the local Tonga

people.
Livingstonia Mission was established by the Free Church of Scotland at the southern end of Lake Malawi in memory of the explorer, Dr David Livingstone, in 1875, two years after his death. But an unhealthy climate and five missionary deaths forced them northwards, and by 1896 the legendary mission leader, Dr Robert Laws, who was to serve in Malawi for 52 years, had established the headquarters at the present

site in the north. During the climb it seemed to me as though Laws must have wanted to find the most inaccessible part of central Africa. But the view from the mission, a cool 3,000 feet above Lake Malawi, is sturning.

I stayed in Dr Laws' old house, known as the Stone House, the only place to stay in Livingstonia. Built in 1903, part of it has been turned into a comprehensive museum of missionary life. Breakfast is real Scotch pancakes with

The mission is well known for its secondary school, and a network of outlying mission schools has ensured that literacy rates and levels of education are higher in northern than central or southern Malawi,

Priests, teachers, civil servants and craftsmen continue to graduate from the mission institutes. But the only European at Livingstonia these days is a teacher with the UK's Voluntary Service Overseas. The posting must rank among the world's best.

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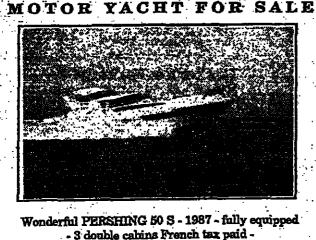
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HOW TO SPEND IT

Lucia van der Post visits a home transformed by the work of a host of inspired craftsmen

Partners in the art of creation

sand-coloured pots and rugs of indeterminate pattern then think again - Georgia and David Langton show just what a partnership between enlightened patrons and creative craftsmen can do to bring life to a distinctive house.

EORGIA and David Langton became patrons of the crafts for the simplest of all reasons - necessity. Hav-ing bought a largely 14th century priory in Somerset in a fit of the sort of madness that only comes upon those who fall instantly in love with a building, there seemed to be almost nothing around that fit-ted in with its stark, distin-guished architecture.

They took all the right advice from the experts at

places such as Sotheby's and even indulged in some expen-sive authentic Elizabethan or Jacobean oak but, to their eyes, it just looked totally wrong. "It was far too ornate," says Georgia. "Not the sort of thing the monks would ever have had." So there was noth-ing for it but to sell the oak and begin furnishing in an eclectic way — a Biedermeier piece here, some Queen Anne-walnut there, a 17th century wall hanging in the hall, and plenty of junk shop buys. But that still left them with-out some important pieces —

commission special one-off pieces to fill a specific niche. The result is a rich, vivid and entirely idiosyncratic mixture that seems to suit the house and the people who live in it perfectly.

It was the house, of course

that got them started. "We thought we were looking for a nice farmhouse when we came upon this amazing priory," says David Langton. "It was everything we didn't want. The house was too big and the land around it too small. But we stood outside in a blizzard and said 'Yes, Yes.' IT bought us really. Though it had been lived in continuously since the Dissolution it was in a terrible state when we found it, and restoring and furnishing it has taken much of our time and most of our money ever since."
As patrons of the crafts, they



Georgia Langton on the splendid elm four-poster made by Richard La Trobe-Bateman, with bed hangings and floor rugs by Vanessa Robertson and a chest also by La Trobe-Bateman

ioning some candlesticks from John Leach. All the candle-sticks they already owned seemed much too puny and insignificant for a house where the main rooms are 30 ft long. They had seen and liked his

and when they found that he lived near them in Somerset they rushed off to see him. When Georgia told John Leach they wanted 14 in-high candlesticks he couldn't he told them. "Do you realise

and stuck to her guns. His almost puritanically simple pottery candlesticks are perfect and the Langtons have been commissioning ever since. The four-poster bed was ordered fairly early on — they had been sleeping on a mat-tress on the floor ("with spiders running over us") as there didn't seem to be much around, apart from The Great Bed of Ware, that matched the grandeur of the room. They asked Richard La Trobe-Bateman to make them a fourposter in suitable proportions (the ceiling is 27 ft high) and Vanessa Robertson did the bed hangings and the floor rugs. As you can see the result is per-fect — individual without

14 in is very large and when you put a candle in it then it stands 3 ft high. Do you know how high 3 ft is?" Georgia did

indeed know how high 3 ft is

being eccentric, imposing with-out being intimidating.

They both love the work of Richard La Trobe-Bateman and throughout the house there are pieces by him - a huge elm chest and some folding elm chairs in the hall which sit below a richly embroidered 17th century wall hanging, two double settles in the kitchen which are now covered by glorious woven throw-overs spedace Bahouth. Candace Bahouth had already made for them the amazing 15 ft wallhanging which hangs at one end of the sitting-room above an intriguing collection of old pots and bowls and some huge church candlesticks.

Throughout the house there is further evidence of the Langtons love of pots and candle-sticks, bowls and tableware, and old and new jostle side by side, each enriching the other

- some have been found in
antique shops, some in galleries and others have been commissioned - all evidence of a fine eye and an eclectic taste which gives the house its very special feeling.
When it comes to prices the

Langtons are naturally loth to reveal exactly what each piece cost, but they reckon that in most cases the cost of commissloping new comes to roughly a third of what an authentic and suitable antique would have cost. For their money they have something designed specifically with their needs in mind, something unique and beautiful which not only works for them but gives immense visual and aesthetic pleasure along the way. They are pas-sionate about the rewards and the sheer fun of working with craftsmen and believe that many people would use them if they knew quite what pleasure it brought and what outstanding value it often is.

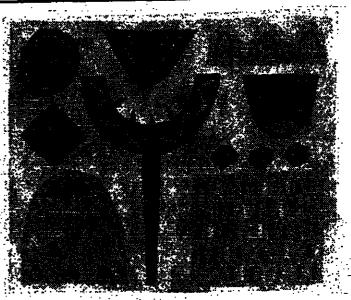
Their advice to those think-ing of embarking on similar projects is firstly to find an art-ist whose work you love and admire. Get to know him or her, and let him or her get to know you. Explain roughly what it is you want - and then you must let go and trust the artist implicitly. What the best artist/craftsman will give you is something better than anything you could have dreamt up yourself. "For instance, when it came to the tapestry in the sitting-room we just asked Candace for some-thing that took into account the colours already in the room. She immediately saw that we loved gardens and flowers and so she suggested a garden or floral theme. She brought it off brilliantly."

"We've been very lucky — I don't think we've ever been disappointed. More; we've been amazed by the way, in which our own ideas have been enriched and built upon and by the intuitive way in which the artist has given us more than we ever hoped for. Also, whereas we used to haunt antique shops, since we've dis-covered the fun of working with craftspeople we haven't

been in one for years. "With a very old house like ours it is such a relief not to be living entirely in the past. Whereas most of the modern furniture in the shops wouldn't suit our house at all, by commissioning we get the best of both worlds: furniture that is absolutely appropriate and yet utterly contemporary."

It has to be said that the

Langtons themselves are pos-sessed of exceptional taste and flair and this, coupled with a sense of aesthetic adventure and a responsiveness to new ideas, must make them almost ideal patrons. But it is a route open to many of us to follow -the pity of it is that so few choose to do so.



Jewel Garden by Lize Collins. On sho



Cue for artists

ANYBODY interested in contemporary crafts should look out for a new Channel 4 series starting on March 13 called Not Pots. Each programme will contrast the work of a traditional artist with that of a more contemporary one working in the same field, and will focus in turn on weaving, wood turning, metal-work, knitting, jewellery and basketry.

Besides looking at the products and how they are made the series will address the other pressing problems in a craftsman's life - such as why they do what they do and how on earth they make it pay. There's also an exhibition linked to the series, called Six Crafts on 4, which March 25 at the Crafts Council-

Gallery in London.
If you're interested in seeing nen at work make a point of going when the demonstration workshops are under way — daily from 11.30 am to 3.30 pm. Admission is free and the gallery is open from 10 am to 5 pm, Tues - Sat, and from 2 to 5 pm on Sundays. For further information, contact the Crafts Council at 12 Waterloo Place, London SW1Y 4AY. For evidence of the

exuberance and vitality of contemporary crafts one need scarcely look further than the current exhibition at The Contemporary Textile Gallery, 10, Golden Square, Soho, London W1, where the work of a group of some 18 textile artists is on view from now untii March 17.

The work is immensely varied in style and mood there are the rich Jacquard "paisley" designs of Cefyn Burgess, most suitable perhaps for using as a hanging or to throw over a piece of furniture. There is the very vibrant, colourful work of weavers like Liza Collins and Jeni Ross, pictured above, which has all the graphic appeal of a picture; the silk hangings and throws of Rosemary Atkinson, with their lustrous, iridescent surfaces; and Sara Parnell's rag rugs – all in all an

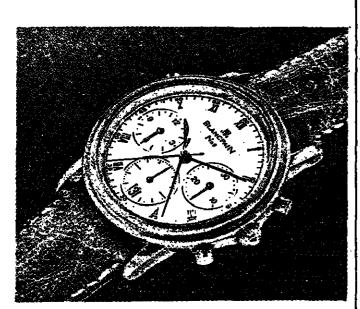
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Though all the individual nieces are for sale, one of the main functions of a gallery like this is to spread the word to make more of us aware of just what beautiful work is currently being done and to encourage viewers to think of commissioning something special and one off from an artist whose work they like.

Essential reading for those interested in confirs it the interested in crafts is the magazine *Crufts*: Published six times a year, £3.25 an issue, it is a fund of information, featuring in colour the works of a broad band of contemporary artists as well as keeping readers up to date with exhibitions, shops, galleries and craftsmen's work.





Since 1735 there has never been a quartz Blancpain watch. And there never will be.

BLANCPAIN

by Candace Bahouth which had to pick up the existing rich colours in the sitting-room and which Candace, noticing the Langtons' love of gardening, suggested should be on a vaguely floral theme. It works beautifully sitting above a French provincial tarmhouse table. candlesticks and a collecti candlesticits and a collection of old bowls. Right, one of a pair of double settles in eim by Richard La Trobe-Bateman for which the Langtons asked Candace Bahouth to make throw-overs. The result is rich and intricate, in the sort of deep colours that seem to suit the house. On the floor are storage jars by Clive Bowen, a jug by John Leach,



by Svend Bayer and, on the table, a painted wooden slice

Where to find it

ALL THE craftspeople used by the Langtons, and many, many more, can be found through the Crafts Council Information Service, tel. 01-930-4811. The Crafts Council has a colour slide index of the work of hundreds of crafts people which anybody interested can look through.

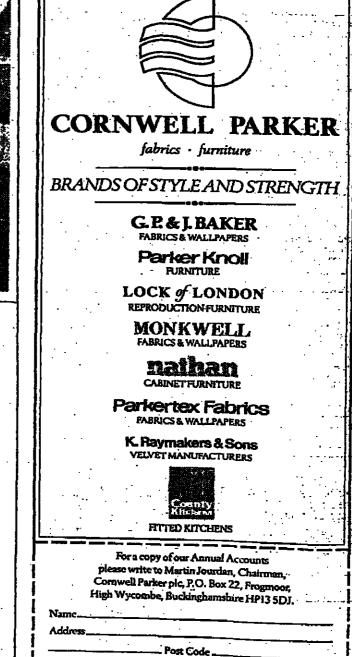
An excellent commissioning service is also run by Vanessa Swann at the Contemporary Applied Arts, 43 Earlham Street, London WC2 (tel. 01-836-6993) who has about 250 artists on the books. Friends of the CAA (annual subscription, £10) get a 10 per cent discount and invitations to private views.

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FOOD AND WINE

Small but superior: NZ makes its mark

Jancis Robinson sees plenty to praise in this outpost of the vine but questions its reliance on the British market

N TUBSDAY, the Queen made one of her rare sorties into the world of wine. Those people at New Zealand's 38th annual Viticultural Field Day in Marlborough, the country's biggest wine region, were noticeably more polite than some of their Maori countrymen had been

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a few days earlier.

They were probably hoping, almost certainly in vain, that some measure of royal favour would fall upon NZ's troubled industry. For Britain, without realising it, is crucial to the future of this promising but fragile outpost of the vine.

the vine.

Dangerously, but perhaps inevitably, these particular Kiwi eggs have been put into just one basket, marked UK. The domestic market for the NZ product is hardly booming, indeed, like most of the rest of the world—except the British—New Zealanders are drinking less wins.

drinking less wine. An even greater threat to the NZ industry has been the dismantling of trade barriers with Australia, which has its own surplus of cheap wine. At last, the muscular Aussies are able to view New Zealand the way the rest of the world has done, carelessly, for years — as a seventh Australian state and so much easter to service from Sydney than Western

C) WINE STYLE: Fresh, direct fruit flavours with relatively high acidity.

white.

WINE TYPES: Sauvignon Blanc,

the Sancerre grape, was the variety on which New Zealand made such

international reputation as it enjoys. The wines are light and often have just a touch too much unfermented

are more exciting and nervy than Sauvignous from the hotter vine-yards of Australia and California.

Now that well-made Sauvignons are at long last available (sometimes more cheanly) from Touraine, Bordeaux and even Chile, these New

Zealand Sauvignous have lost some of their competitive edge. The market leader, Montana Marl-

borough Sauvignon Blanc, is rarely

OR YEARS now I have relied on a relatively

fool-proof method of locating decent sansage makers. Whenever I find myself in

The Australians have been swooping on NZ firinkers by buying up its wineries and distributors, infiltrating the country with sales staff of a sophistication encountered rarely before, and even by shipping wine in bulk across the Tasman

wine in July across the Tasman to be packaged more cost-effectively on Kiwi soil.

In 1986, one in every 32 bottles of wine opened in NZ was Australian. By the end of this year one every five will be, according to Bob Campbell, wine commentator for New Zealand's National Business

Australia's chesp and beefy reds are in particular demand in a country which has only just started to make decent red wine in any quantity.

With substantial new vineyard acreage coming into production this year and next, New Zealanders see an increase in orders from their chief export market, Britain — which, last year, took nearly helf of all NZ wine shipped — as their only salvation. In 1989, the UK imported just over 1m litres of wine from New Zealand, and more than 7m litres from Australia. While the bigger Australian

companies can afford to appoint salesmen especially to court such potentially lucrative markets as the Scandinavian and Canadian liquor monopolies, the New Zealand wine sales strategy seems to be a simple, possibly naive, belief in rewarded affection for the Old

Country.

The trouble is that NZ's wine industry is so small. It produces more than Turkey but less than Cyprus or Canada. It exports less than 10 per cent as much as Australia, which itself exports less than a quarter of the volume shipped from that other popular source of British dinner party lubricant, Bulgaria. To these casual (if

trend-conscious) British drinkers,

though, New Zealand wine probably is seen simply as the logical next taste experience after their love affair with Australia, rather than any expression of Commonwealth any expression of commonwealth game-playing. Many might be delighted by what they find inside a bottle from New Zealand — clean, sappy fruit with natural acidity that is refreshingly high for a New World wine — provided they get the chance

To the large supermarkets and off-licence chains, however, the quantities available from New Zealand's more interesting producers often are laughably small. People looking for the small quantities of exciting wines New Zealand has to offer have to work at finding them. Some suggestions are given below.



The wines, and where to find them

Most whites ready to drink at one year after the vintage, and nearly 90 per cent of all New Zealand wine is land's great hope. Good-value alternatives to white burgundy are sought-after around the world and New Zealand, with Chardonnay as its second most-planted grape variety, can offer its most basic Chardonnays — delicate, lively young things — at the same price as its grape sugar for Francophiles, but Sauvignons.

More interesting, however, are top bottlings from New Zealand's more ambitious producers who have been through the "I've paid for these French oak barrels and mastered malolactic fermentation so I'll jolly well make sure you can taste them both" both" phase, and come out the other side producing some admirably-bal-anced wines that bring to mind the Cote d'Or.

thrilling but as a dry, scented, fruitier under £5 answer to Sancerre, it makes a worthy ambassador and can be found in a wide range of chains.

Chardonnay, must be New Zea-Any faults tend to result from inexperienced bravado rather than the chemically-administered caution that is still too common in Burgundy.

It has to be said, however, that Australia has been refining its Chardonnay output of late and New Zealand can no longer claim to have the monopoly on such elegant, complex Antipodean wines.

Müller Thurgau is NZ's most-planted grape but, while generally much less dreary than in its German homeland, is exported rarely. Chenin Blanc and Rhine Riesling clearly have good potential, especially for late harvest sweet wines with enough acidity to make them a refreshing end to a meal.

Cabernet Sauvignon is the most-

planted red vine and is at last (thanks largely to the work of one inspired viticultural consultant) managing to produce fully-ripe, deep-coloured grapes that are, in turn, being blended — often with a little Merkot — into creditable, dry and savoury claret-style wines worth Because New Zealand usually has quite enough natural acidity, there is none of the uncomfortably searing taste of added acid so common to many basic Australian reds. Pinot Noir seems to have real

potential here, particularly the Pom-mard clone that has produced such succulent results in Martinborough Vineyards 1988. Few Australian Pinots have managed this purity of flavour although Coldstream Hills in Victoria has had success by going for brawn and complexity. □ SOME TOP wine exporters (with telephone numbers of their UK.

importers who can supply local Te Mata has long (and quite rightly) been regarded as New Zea-

land's premier cru. Excellent Coleraine Cabernet and good Eiston Char-donnay, too. Michael Druitt (tel. 01-483-5412). Martinborough Vineyards made a Cloudy Bay, the invention of a remarkably Burgundian red and

West Australian, no longer has the field of top-quality Sauvignon Blanc to itself but is making fine Chardonnay and has made a respectable Cabernet-Meriot from the 1987 vin-tage. Peter Diplock (01-734-2099). Kumen River is ambitiously, per-

haps over-ambitiously, making wines in the French mould thanks to time spent in Europe by wine-maker (and first NZ Master of Wine) Michael Braklovich. A recent cask sample of Chardonnay 1989 was gloriously-pure Puligny. Another who has triumphed with his 1987 red, Meriot-Cabernet this time. Boxford Wine

(0787-210187). Lincoln has started suddenly to make really exciting wine, especially a Graves-like Sauvignon Blanc 1988 and excitingly spicy Cabernet Sauvignon 1988. Neville Cox (0787-280187).

white, Pinot Noir and Chardonnay, in 1988. Good value at under £10 from Lay and Wheeler of Colchester (0206-67261) and Haughton Fine Wines of Chorley, Nantwich (0270-74587).

Redwood Valley of Nelson, on the north coast of South Island, is making some great-value Late Harvest Rhine Riesling (packaged sensibly in halves) and an excellent Estate Chardonnay 1988. Fine Wines of New Zealand (01-482-0093). The Millton Vineyard is New Zea-

land's most vocally "organic" and has made some delicious whites of varied sweetness levels from Chardonnay, Rhine Riesling and, delightfully, Chenin Blanc. West Heath Wines of Pirbright (94867-6464).

Rongopai is another small-scale North Island winery with an eye for design and refreshingly fruity sweet whites. (also Haughton Fine Wines). Prices: From around £4 for standard varietal bottlings from the hig-ger companies — Montana, Cooks, Villa Maria — to £12 for Te Mata

cheese is best THE CHEESEBOARD has

Appetisers

British

recently been disappointing in two leading French restaurants in London. This is partly because these restaurants insist on French cheeses which need cream from the most lush pastures and are therefore not as good in the winter months as the rest of the year. French cheeses also suffer

from the pre-Christmas demand. The best cheeseboard I have seen recently was the Croque en Bouche in Malvern Wells (tel: 0684-565612) where an all British cheeseboard included Allendale goats cheese from Cumbria, Irish Milleens, Welsh goats cheese and wonderful Montgomery Cheddar among others.

THERE MAY be no shortage of restaurant guides, but there seems to be no shortage either of those who want to start new ones. The latest entry on to the London scene is the Zagat guide. Started by New York lawyers Tim and Nina Zagat in 1979, there are now Zagat guides to various American cities. For their London guide they have hired the formidable pair of Jill Norman and Fay Maschler as editors.

The editors need reports and comments, good or bad

— their results are not edited

— from frequent restaurant goers, and are offering a free guide to all contributors. For the initial questionnaire send a large SAE before March 15th to Zagat Survey, 1 Rosslyn Hill, London NW3 5UL

MAD COW disease, or Bovine Spongiform Encephalopathy (BSE) is casting a deep shado over the meat market. Earlier and prompter action from the Government would have been a great help as would a more positive reaction from the meat trade. Recently the British Meat Manufacturers Association announced that it had lost one fifth of its members since it introduced a Government approved code of practice. Restaurants too have a part

to play, particularly as the news for the consumer is not all bad. There is no need to stop eating calves sweetbreads, kidneys or liver. These cuts, served in the best veal, come from Holland and are therefore unaffected. In view of BSE, restaurants should now specify this.

THE RESTAURATEURS Association, together with the Academy of Wine Service and the Academie Culinaire de France, recently held its annual dinner which raise £30,000 for training in the food and wine service. The food, cooked by five top London chefs, was not only good but also belied the

proverb about too many cooks, The service was most impressive. Five courses were served to 400 diners by a waiting staff that was comprised of catering students. They coped admirably with the 2,000 plates this involved as well as with Michael Howard MP, The Employment Secretary, who, had to make an enthusiastic speech 20 minutes earlier than planned.

Cookerv

Food for Thought

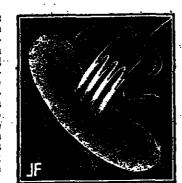
Sausage secrets

ers. whenever i and myself in the company of good-living countrymen I complain about the quality of the sausages available in London. By the end of the evening one of them will sidle over to me and murple, contained tice and was seasoned with mace, cayenne and nutmeg, the Cornish sau-sage was skinless like certain mur the closely guarded secret of a butcher in Sevenoaks, Newmarket or Melton Mow-Welsh types and contained veal as well as pork; the Cumberland sausage was made from the now extinct Cumber-land hog and sold in spirals from market stalls like saucis bray.

About 15 years ago I had my
own secret address. I used to
spend a lot of time in Wareham in Dorset. In the main street was a butcher who made won-derful sage sausages. He drew an eager clientele from all over son de Toulouse; the Gloucester was made from the Gloucester Old Spot which is now making a small come back through the efforts of the Rare Breeds Survival Trust. the Isle of Purbeck and from as far afield as Poole and Wool. I was in Wareham recently, anxious to discover if he was still

One of the Trust's leading lights, Anne Petch, has revived production of the Devon bogs' there. He was, and so were his sausages, but the main business had gone over to the production of German-style Bratpudding, a sort of southern haggis also made from rare The county of Kent had its wurst: cavalry officers in

The county of Kent had its own recipe, as did Lancashire, where thyme enhanced the pork mir; Manchester sausages contained ginger as well as mace, nutmeg and cloves. The Oxford sausage sounds just about the best of the lot: a troly extraverse to embination. truly extravagant combination of veal, pork and beef suet, fla-voured with lemon, sage, nut-meg, thyme, savory and marjo-ram. I long to find this prodigy. Richards, the pork butchers in Oxford's Covered Market, sell just about every conceivable pork preparation, but not, I think, this sausage.



Suffolk sausages were famous for their herbiness; Midlanders revelled in pink, tomato-flavoured sausages. In pig-infested Wiltshire, pork was used fresh and blooded. Yorkshire too had its distinc-

tive style.

Most of these local recipes have been superceded by a composite created by local butchers which is, as in the case of Wareham, more or less successful.
A recent visit to Waitrose,

however, has alerted me to the fact that an attempt is being made to revive the "county" sausage. I double-checked with my neighbourhood Sainsbury - sure emough, they too were offering a "county" range.

I searched high and low for

authentic recipes for the Lin-colnshire (Sainsbury) or the Cotswold (Waitrose) but found nothing. The Lincolnshire sausage was flavoured with sage and smelled suspiciously of honey. I know some perverse folk like to put honey on their sausages but I find it hard to believe that any self-respecting Lincolnshire yeoman would commit such a lapse of good The Cotswold was reason-

able, a fresh herby mix. I was sceptical about the hurid pink Cumberland (Sainsbury), but ended up liking its moist meat-iness. The Yorkshire (Waltrose) contained tarragon and was pleasant enough, except that I wondered about the authority for the herb - it certainly doesn't figure in my recipe for "Yorkshire special sausage seasoning."

If the supermarkets are going to invent sausages and

give them county names I don't see why they don't use some of the Heath-Walker counties. We might have a highly scented Avon sausage, a chunky Riumberside, and what about a Cleveland? On second thoughts, perhaps not. I think I'd rather go back to my tried

and tested methods. Finally, I must apologise to readers who were upset or outraged at the suggestion that soy sauce was the descendant of the old Roman garum. The Thai sauce made from fer-mented fish is called nam pla.

Get to grips with a glut

HE pheasant season is over now but there has been such a glut this year and the price of the birds has been so low that many freezers are jam-packed with

The bore about any bird is plucking it, and when glut pro-portions are reached the hand that plucks inevitably grows tired. Some of the pheasants in my freezer are stark naked, the birds having been skinned and slipped out of their feathery jackets, rather than plucked, factors, father than plucked, for the sake of speed in preparing them. Some of those that have been plucked are decidedly un-soigne, with hadly torn breast skins and legs and wings so covered with feathery that they that seem to be wings so covered with feathery remains that they seem to be wearing designer stubble. It may be best to strip off the skins completely and to protect the flesh in cooking with bacon bandages, as described below.

It is a sad fact of life that pheasant breasts can turn sweater that the stripe the

dust-dreary by the time the legs are cooked through. The usual way to overcome this is to use the breasts of two hirds for one recipe and the legs of both for another. The other way to tackle the problem is to start cooking the leg joints first and to add the breasts later, as I have done here.

& WALNUTS (serves four) Although best when freshly cooked, this can be cooked ahead and reheated. I pheasant, skinned and cut

aneau and reneauce.

1 pheasant, akinned and cut into four joints; ½ lb or so thinly cut streaky bacon, preferably unsmoked; 4 large heads of chicory, weighing 6-8 oz each; 2 oz each unsalted butter and walnut pieces; half a lemon; ¼ pt light stock; 1½ teaspoons cornflour; a small bunch of narsley.

bunch of parsley.

Drop the heads of chicory in fast boiling water and blanch for three minutes. Drain and let the chicons cool a bit before squeezing them dry, then trim

De-rind the bacon and stretch each rasher with the back of a knife. Wind the bacon, bandage fashion, round the pheasant joints to form a protective skin and secure with toothpicks. Melt most of the butter in a shallow flameproof pot, such as a Le Creuset buf-fet casserole, and colour the pheasant joints gently all over. Remove and reserve breasts. Add the chicons, turn them

to cost them with butter. Pour on the lemon juice and stock. Season with pepper but no salt in view of the bacon. Bring to simmering point, cover with

butter paper and a lid. Cook in the oven at 325-350 F (160-180 C) gas mark 3-4 for half an hour or so, basting and turning the ingredients once during this time. Add the breast portions and bring back to simmering point on top of the stove, then return the casserole to the oven and continue cooking for one hour - or more or less depending on the age and condition of the bird -

until tenderly cooked.

Fry the walnuts in the remaining butter and chop some parsley. Lift the chicory and pheasant from the dish and remove the toothpicks from the meat. Slake the cooking liquor with the cornflour and check seasoning then return the meat and vegetables to the sauce. Scatter with walnuts and herbs just before

Philippa Davenport

Nicholas Lander

citizen, and Korchnol, the exiled dissident, were barely on speaking terms. On one IT MIGHT be thought that the process of offering and agree-ing a draw when there are few serious chances for either side

would be one of the easiest operations for chess players. But the politicised world title matches between the then world champion Karpov and the USSR defector Korchnol demonstrated that when the stakes are high and the players are on bad terms, peace talks are no simple matter. Under World Chess Federa-

nearby Bovington won't eat anything else after a tour of duty with the BAOR (British Army on the Rhine). The gradual disappearance

of our native sausages resembles the fate of our indigenous cheese types. Pasteurisation is not an issue here, but standardisation and public indifference has led to regional difference as abbits away in the

ences ebbing away in the

Many of England's best sau-sages were named after their town or county of origin. The

Cambridge sausage, for exam-

post-war vears.

tion (Fide) rules in the early 1980s draw offers were to be generally offered, accepted and declined by the referee except when one or both players was short of time on the chess clock. This cumbrous system was adopted because Karpov, the model Brezhnevite Soviet

occasion during their 1978 match at Baguio City in the Philippines Korchnoi made some remark to the referee about the position looking level at the adjournment, and the official, believing he had heard a draw offer, transmitted

judge from Austria. An unexpected difficulty was discovered soon after play began. K and K wished to conduct any draw negotiations preferably in

it to Karpov, who promptly At the second Karpov-Korch-noi title match, played in 1981 at Merano, Italy, there were three Fide arbiters on stage — male officials from Ecuador and Iceland and a woman

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CHESS

Russian, or failing that, in English But the chief referee suffered from poor hearing, a fact which remarkably failed to emerge before the match. The

emerge before the match. The woman arbiter, No. 2 in line, spoke only German, while the Icelander did not speak Russian and was in any case only empowered to officiate if the other pair were absent.

Realising the danger of some unexpected crisis, the woman judge came up with an ingenious idea. Her plan was that K and K would be issued with vallow eards (shades of the socyellow cards (shades of the soccer field) with appropriate wording which could be shown to the opponent. Korchnoi was willing to agree to this novel arrangement, but the Soviet side turned it down.

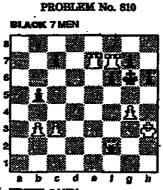
Hence each draw - and there were 10 such in 18 games - had to be settled by some ad hoc procedure. Sometimes they mutually shrugged shoulders, on other occasions one grand-master would write %-% in bold figures on his scoresheet, making sure that his rival saw Then in the twelfth game

Karpov offered peace directly and verbally, using the carefully polite wording: "Would you like to agree to a draw?" Korchnoi, who had already shown hyper-sensitivity to Karpov's chair movements, immediately complained, gesticulating wildly to the arbiters that seven words were used where one would do. In game 16 Korchnoi held up an envelope on which he had written: "Mr Korchnoi would like to offer a draw — remis," but Karpov, determined on revenge for the ealier incident, signalled his refusal by making a move and forcing an overnight adjournment. Next day the draw was settled after two more moves by a mixture of shrugs, glances, and scoresheet

signing. In more humdrum match and tournament games two points about draw offers are worth keeping in mind. The your poor position into a win.

first is technical: Fide rules require a player to make his move, then propose his draw offer, and then press his chess clock button so that the oppo-nent will consider the draw in his own time. In the heat of battle players often propose a draw when it is their turn to move and they are undecided how to proceed. Then the oppo-nent can effectively postpone a decision, requiring the proposer to make a move on the board while still committed to the draw offer.

The second point is psychological. A shrewd moment for a peace proposal is often when you have been under pressure or on the defensive for a long time, but the position is just starting to improve. Your opponent, under the influence of the previous advantage, will usually decline the offer. If your position then continues to improve, you are creating inner turnoil across the table: regrets about the spurned draw and indecision on whether to lose face with a counter-offer can play havoc with his objective thought and can transform



This position from a Hungarian championship game illus-trates the limitations of analysing chess by general principles only. Count the material, and Black (to move) is two pawns up; count the immediate threats, and White is poised to play Rxg7 mate. This week you are the impartial adjudicator of the unfinished game; does Black win, lose or draw?

Solution Page XXIII

Leonard Barden &



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YACHTS & POWERCRAFT

Lloyd's takes to sea with a sense of adventure and a little of that Lutine magic

A chance to fly the corporate flag from Brittany to Rhode Island

THE LUTINE, an elegant, sloop-rigged, 55ft cruiser-racer, has clocked up a remarkable sailing record in the past 19 years while sailed by members and friends of its owner, the Lloyd's of London insurance market, under the watchful eye of the Lloyd's Yacht Club.

The first of the Nicholson 55 class, built by Camper and Nicholson of Gosport in Hampshire, it was the largest glass-reinforced plastic yacht on the south coast of England when launched in 1970. It competed in the 1970 Bermuda race and came fifth overall out of 250

The Lutine's sailing performance has not lost its edge with age. It has won the annual Lutine Bell race twice in recent years and, in strong winds in 1986, set a record of under eight hours between Gosport and Cherbourg in

JOHN NEWTON. chairman of the Lutine management committee of Lloyd's Yacht Club, describes here a sailing season with this remarkable classic yacht.

HEN A newcomer to sailing comes up to you at the end of a weekend to sign on for another trip, you know that the "Lutine magic" is working.

The Lloyd's Yacht Club was founded more than 50 years ago to provide opportunities for the Lloyd's "community" to go to sea in a large yacht and to foster comradeship, resourcefulness and a sense of adventure, particularly among the younger members. Equally important for a competitive insurance market, the Lutine shows the Lloyd's colours at sea every season in ports as far apart as Gothenberg to Newport, Rhode Island.

Just occasionally, though, the magic isn't there. I remember when several bankers were guests on a day cruise. A hig deal came up, involving them on different sides. For the rest of the voyage, you could hardly open a locker without finding a financier crouched over his mobile 'phone.

There was another occasion

when a woman on her first yachting trip demanded her own cabin and steward. She then complained that the oilskin locker was not adequate for her coat and there was no power point for her hair drier and heated rollers. But what really outraged the bo'sun was her insistence that he should provide a vase and water for the large bouquet of flowers she had brought with her. Oddly enough, she didn't come

sailing again.
The Lutine's season starts at the end of this month when members arrive for fitting-out and sea trials after the winter overhaul. This also provides an opportunity for the new bo'sun, appointed for the season, to get to know the yacht. Early weekends are used to try out potential skippers and watch-leaders.

'Most of us feel a sense of privilege to be on board such a thoroughbred'

The boat is involved in a full programme from April to end-November. Every weekend is taken up with club cruises, charters, and racing in the Channel. There will also be an extended trip to Brittany, the

During the high months of summer there is a consistent demand for weekday charters by Lloyd's firms to give cus-tomers a breath of sea air. We reserve Fridays for mainte-

A fine all-round sailing yacht with excellent sea-keeping qualities, the Lutine is also an easy boat to sail. It is balanced beautifully and very responsive to the helm, which makes life easy for newcomers to sailing. But its engine is not very powerful for the size of the hull, a common fault in older yachts. So, when slotting 55 ft of boat into a marina berth, the man at the helm usually has

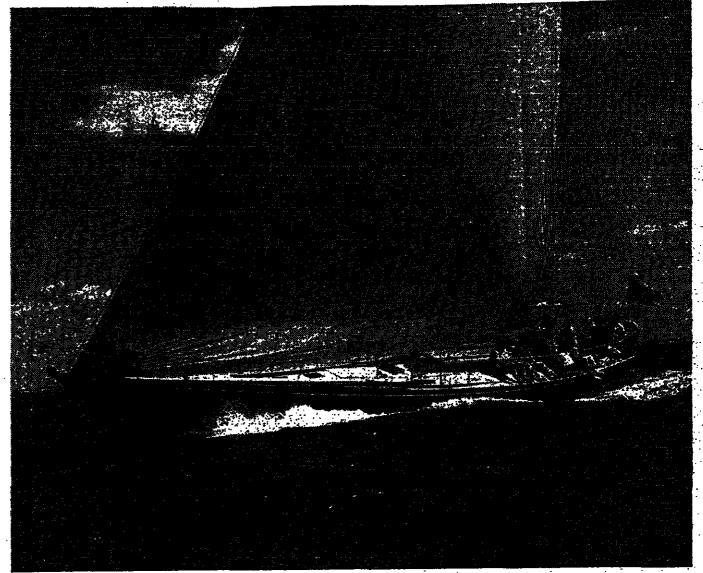
only one chance to get it right.
The Lutine has berths for 11 crew but we often take 12 or more on passage trips and there is life raft capacity and safety equipment for 14. We always have a full-time, profes-sional bo'sun on board and the

sional bo'sun on board and the skipper is one of a panel of experienced members of Lloyd's Yacht Club.

The Lutine is regarded with great pride and affection by those of us who sail it. I think most of us feel a sense of privilent to be on board sense of privilent to be on board sense of privilent to the on board sense of privilent to the on board sense of privilent to the one board sense of the content o lege to be on board such a thor-oughbred yacht.

This year, as always, members will be competing in Royal Ocean Racing Club off-shore events to enable them to put in sea time in order to qualify for membership of that club. In that way, the *Lutine* introduces successive genera-tions of City people to off-shore cruising and racing.

The club plans to keep the Lutine for the foreseeable future, but it will arrange a money-raising programme against the time when a new boat is needed. But that is some way off. Meanwhile, there is tremendous enthusiasm at Lloyd's for the present



THE LLOYD'S of London firms raised the money for both the Lutine and its predecessor by donations from the market. In each case, the money subscribed covered the capital cost plus a reasonable margin for running the yacht.

The first Lutine, a 60-footer, cost 215,000 new in 1952.

cost about £375,000. When the Lloyd's community was approached in 1987 ment, it was not possible to raise the full an

The present yacht cost £55,000 in 1970 and replacing it would

required. But enough money was provided to finance a major

The annual spending on the boat includes maintenance (which averages £5,000); the annual lay-up and refit (£8,000); (which averages \$5,000); the annual lay-up and rein (25,000); victualling (£6,000); bo'sun's expenses (£3,000) and minor expenses (about £1,000). The marina herthing fees of £1,600 are paid by an anonymous benefactor.

In 1989, the Lutine more than paid its way. It earned £30,000

Batten down and watch the spindrift

Strategies for increasingly unpredictable weather

T USED TO be said that a yachtsman might sail in British waters for a lifetime during summer days without being "caught out" by

Like many old saws, that one hould be laid to rest as the present exceptionally severe winter gales whistle round our

Clearly, we are entering a different weather pattern from that of the first half of the century. No-one can yet be sure if it is a short-term cyclical swing, or part of a long-term cyclical trend, or a basic change caused by the activities of the human race. After all we have had a good deal of funny weather in previous centuries, as any student of maritime history knows. But while the experts debate, it is prudent to be prepared for the worst.

In January and February, high winds have swept the British Isles on a scale and ferocity unprecedented in living memory. Deep and vigorous depressions have charged across the Atlantic from the cold northern territories of Canada. The air pressure at the centre of these depressions has sometimes been abnormally low - under 950 milli-

A full gale is force 8 on the Beaufort scale and represents a wind strength of between 34-40

miles an hour.

Lately, the UK has had periods of many hours - in some districts, days - with winds well above force 8.

Beaufort lists a wind of more than 64 mph as a hurricane: At sea, "The air is filled with foam and spray. The sea is completely white with driving spray. Visibility is very seri-ously affected. Sounds familiar, doesn't it. Britain has had plenty of those since Christ-

I don't subscribe to the comfortable theory held by some sailors that a winter of hard winds will be followed by a

All who go to sea should be thinking seriously about the risks involved if severe storms occur during the coming sum-mer at more frequent intervals than traditionalists might. expect. Indeed, it would be wise to assume that this could

There is no better refresher course in coping with storms than Heavy Weather Sailing, written by the late Adlard Coles (published by Adlard

Coles studied and analysed the worst of those that hit British and French waters during his long life as a racing and cruising yachtsman and provides first-hand accounts of how to cope, based on his own

The most thorough analysis yet made of a sudden storm over a small sea area was done in 1979 when yachts competing in the Fastnet race – last of that year's Admiral's Cup in high winds and mountainous seas, with the loss of several boats - and lives. But the tragedy did provide investiga-tors with a wealth of data.

The classic advice given to yachtsmen in a storm is to keep well out to sea rather than try to close the land with its attendant dangers of rocks, shallows and tide rips. Yet the Fastnet competitors had all the sea room they needed; it made no difference to some of the whelmed by the sheer strength of sea and wind.

In the summer of 1956, I remember standing on the deck of a nine-ton cruiser-racer in the river Mersey ready to hoist the mainsail in readiness for a Sunday afternoon race "round the buoys." There was

As the sail went up the mast

track, the wind rose suddenly. By the time the main was hoisted fully, it was blowing harder than we wanted. The skipper ordered us to reef before leaving the mooring. Moments later, there was a howling gale and we decided to stay where we were. By the time we had taken the sail down altogether, the boat was lying with its lee rail sub-

merged. We didn't know it at the time, but this was our share of an unexpected storm that caught 23 yachts of the Royal Ocean Racing Club fleet in positions between Le Havre and the English coast while

competing in a Channel race.

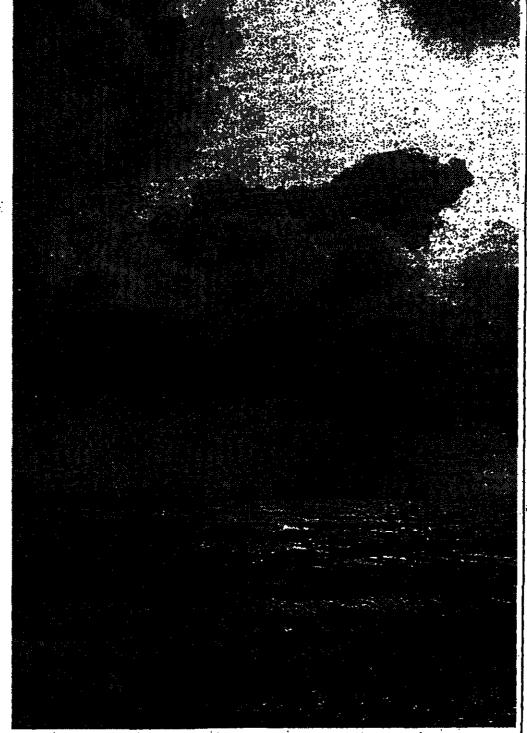
"The principal characteristic of the storm was its extreme turbulence with gusts well over hurricane force," Coles wrote. Gusts of more than 80 knote were recorded.

As in the later Fastnet storm, the racing yachts survived the Channel blow comparatively well. But there were casualties among those that tried to run for the shelter of the Isle of Wight; they met extreme seas and wind turbulence, caused probably by tide races and wind being deflected

The high winds continued

for nearly four days.
It will save a lot of argument at yacht club bars to re-state one of the conclusions of the RORC inquiry into that incident: "The experiences for the yachts caught out in the storm! do not help to indicate any preference for heaving to, lying to a sea anchor from the bow or stern, lying a-hull, or stern lying a-hull, or stern lying a-hull, or streaming warps ahead or

Coles remarks, laconically: This opinion will be hearten-ing to anybody caught out in a Channel gale for the first



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THE RESPONSE to my November 1989 article about the \$8bn American global position system (GPS), which is coming into service this year, confirms that interest in precise position-finding extends far beyond seafarers and aviators. The hand-held GyPSy receiver, made in Sussex and selling at £2,200 - the first British-made unit - looks like being part of the equipment of a good number of hill and fell

walking parties this season. Surveyors and civil engineers see their work being transformed by the ability to secure a terrestrial "fix" accurate to a metre or less (using special techniques). British Rail is interested in using it to know exactly where its trains are. Security companies want it to keep track of high value truck-loads on the roads.

Simon Hartwell, founder of the company, Columbus Positioning, expects to sell 1,000

receivers this year. But he is still trying to catch up with a backlog of orders from yachtsmen and commercial vessel

Twelve GPS satellites are now in orbit. When their positions have been adjusted, they will provide round-the-clock global positioning in two dimensions (latitude and longitude). By this time next year there should be 18 satellites in orbit, giving enough information to provide users with height above sea level as well as a fix. The American Department of Defence plans to have the complete GPS system of 21 satellites, plus three spares, in orbit by 1993 while a Soviet system, called Glonass, expects to have 12 of its 24 satellites in orbit by the end of this year (sufficient to give world-wide two-dimensional fixes) and a complete three-dimensional positioning system available

A new international industry is springing up based upon the two systems. The alchemist's dream is, of course, a simple and cheap receiver that can process signals from both. That will take some time yet, but the Russians are said to be interested in a co-operative venture with the Americans. More than 100 models of GPS receivers are now being produced and they are proving

more accurate than the originators of GPS expected. Indeed, their accuracy is embarrassing the Pentagon. For security reasons, it is planning to introduce deliberate errors into the system to reduce accuracy from an average of 20 to 40 metres to about 100 metres. (The controllers can do that simply by pulling

Yachtsman will not worry over-much about that but the threat is causing a big row in the US where all potential!

users of GPS are being urged by the equipment-makers to lobby their elected representa-tives. If relations between East and West continue to thaw, the Defence Department is expected to be forced to abandon its

■ The first issue of a specialist magazine on the system has just appeared: GPS World, produced by the Aster Publishing Corporation, Unit 4E, Bridge gate Pavilion, Chester Business Park, Chester, CH4 9QH. Price

R. H.

Sugar scoops and heating

Roy Hodson looks at ways to separate novelties from basics

THERE ARE some sparkling new boats on the market for iumovations as "sugar scoop sterns" (a nautical way of describing a bathing platform at the rear end), winged k wipe-over plastic interiors and other novelties.

So sophisticated are the features now being offered in the price of some new models that it is easy to be diverted from the basic boat underneath. Perhaps that is the marketing objective. But when at sea the quality of the basic boat will be all that

If the sort of features above are included, you should find out if they are part of a new total design concept, or if they are simply the visible signs of an attempt by a boat-builder to tart-up an old design. When buying a boat it is

a good idea to find out when the hull was originally designed, who designed it, and how long it has been in production. Also, are the moulds in the hands of the original builder or have they been sold on to another company? Some moulds hange hands several times before being scrapped as worn out. Some should have been scrapped years ago but are still being pressed into service by boatbuilders reluctant to write-off a capital investment.

The fact that a design is, say. 10 years old does not necessarily make it inferior to a new design — as long as the builder of the old design has remained true to the original concepts. If he has tried to distort them then the buyer should beware. A number of adequate sailing yacht designs have, for example, suffered from being laden with a heavy new cabin top and an over-large engine and then offered for sail as

a "motor-sailor." If you are buying a new sailing cruiser or motor yacht and are looking for a boat that will not date easily, you will not go far wrong if you look for the following features.

An underwater finish guaranteed against osmosis (degradation of the glass-reinforced plastics) and preferably including a specialised process to reduce or eliminate the need for antifouling the bottom.

Some form of automatic

reefing for the mainsail as well as the now virtually tandard roll-up foresall. I am particularly impressed with systems now coming on to the market which enable a fully-bettened mainsail to roll away into the boom itself. If

continued use this will be one

of the neatest innovations of the decade. Other systems roll the sail into the mast, but they add weight aloft and cut down ■ Quality materials in the sails. Cruising boats can now add 10 per cent to their speed

by using the more advanced synthetic salicloths that used to be the exclusive preserve of racing boats. A modern self-feathering propeller. It will cut down drag and add between 5 per cent and 10 per cent to the boat's speed when it is under sail. Boat builders rarely offer these propellers as standard

12 Page 1

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ent because they are expensive.

A central heating unit built-in when the boat is under construction. There are excellent reliable designs on the market which either draw from the boat's diesel fuel tank or run on bottled gas.

A heater will extend your effective sailing season by ■ Make sure you have an integrated system of electronics (wind, water speed, depth meter, electronic compass, Decea, VHF radio, perhaps Radar, and an engine monitoring system for a motor yacht) installed while the boat s being built. This will save a great deal of awkward work,

mess and expense later. How many batteries are included in the new boat's specification? Any boat of more than 28 ft overall length needs at least two batteries to cope with electrical requirements. Consider having a second alternator as well, on the "belt and braces" principle.

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BOOKS

Waiting for the barbarians

Robin Lane Fox hails a monumental work on the late Roman Empire

LAST WEEK'S fuss over a collection of late Roman silver was obviously testing for the experts. Many will wish Sotheby's the best of luck in trying to dispose of their jugs and dishes. They are not a sensational new source for the late Roman Engine we have such Roman Empire; we have such sources already, eloquent texts to which travelling silver is no

We also have a major new gain in understanding this world. It is not a silver jug but a book: at £35 (including buyers' commission) it takes its readers from the barbarian Goths to the edges of Persia from the old deserted earthworks of Rome's German fron-tier to the eerily abandoned city of Selenceia in Mesopota-mia "round whose walls the Devil had once been seen running." We see this world through two pairs of eyes, Ammianus Marcellinus, the great contemporary source for the later fourth century (Gib-bon's "accurate and faithful

bon's "accurate and faithful guide") and John Matthews, one of the supremos of late Roman studies, fellow of The Queen's College, Oxford.

If you wonder what can possibly remain to be known in ancient history, this book is one answer. In the past 30 years, understanding of Gibbon's later Roman world has been transformed by one of the great advances of scholarship, much of which has been based in Britain. Matthews's book, in Britain. Matthews's book, like its subject's, is a monu-mental achievement. I have dog-eared page after page for its detailed addition to know-ledge and its acute sense of place and social reality. Like Rome's Eastern frontier, it is tough going in places for outsiders but an open invitation for anyone of intellectual curiosity or previous contact with Roman history.

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We enter a world whose rul-ers talk of Our Eternity; where the folds of the Emperor's pur-ple were kissed by Cabinet ministers; where a pope turns out to have patronised a Roman martyr-shrine in the home quarters of the city's circus factions; and where fam-ine, the old enemy, exposed the weaknesses of cities' local authorities, caught between the demands of central government and their own practice:
"The experiences of Antioch in

either to the effectiveness, or to the social justice, of the free market economy at a time of

There are also the golden moments when the author peeps out from his forest of detail. "It is sometimes popularly believed that the Roman Empire declined because of its immorality, but as far as the facts are concerned the green facts are concerned the oppo-site is the case: it suffered, if sue is the case: it sunered, if from anything, from an excess of self-righteousness." The "facts," the qualified "if anything," the down to earth correction of a single self-important view: these threads run deep in Matthews' great tapestry of a book in which even the veiled figure of a departing veiled figure of a departing spirit, leaving the dying Emperor Julian, is reinterpreted as a "silent, creeping figure by night, a deserter, perhaps, or a soldier slipping off to relieve himself in the dark."

THE ROMAN EMPIRE OF AMMIANUS by John Matthews Duckworth £35, 608 pages

As for Ammianus, he was born probably around \$30 and lived into the \$90s. Righteen books of his Latin history survive from 353 to 378. He was a native of Antioch but it was not too surprising that he wrote in Latin, although his style is often very inflated. I, too, am grateful for the recent Penguin translation by the late Walter Hamilton which is a natural pair for general enjoy-ment of this book.

The great strengths of Ammianus are his sense of and subtle understanding of men of affairs. He conjures up such a varied world: the



their seats (not to cook it, as Ammianus thought, but proba-bly to transport it); the "snort-ing" of extravagant senators in Rome; the "incredible ardour" with which Arabs of the desert, male and female, would make love (had he tried it for himself?). With an eye-witness, we revisit the abandoned Roman villas and forts beyond the Empire's German frontier. Like modern visitors to East Germany, we have the haunting sense of a common culture, occupied, however, for years by settlers who had turned it to a different use. Throughout, Ammianus enlarges this by his anecdotes of human cunning

field of history has recently been stripped by the loss of its great oak-trees, pillars of learn-ing who bestrode the world. In less than two years we have lost Arnaldo Momigliano, probably the most learned man of this century, Russell Meiggs, the spirit of Balliol, and Sir Ronald Syme, the master of the Roman Empire. As a pupil of Meiggs, John Matthews has a strong sense of place and a fair mind for evidence; as a close associate of Syme, he has an apt gift for historical geogra-phy. His Ammianus is importantly different from the one whom Momigliano outlined. Ammianus emerges as less iso-lated, less indebted to the historian Tacitus, and certainly not an unmilitary amateur. Matthews, although he lacks

and unexpectedness. Like our own landscape, this

the incisive pen-portraiture at which Momigliano was so bold, has the greater length to show us Ammianus the firm conservative, idealising Eternal Rome, firmly against adultery and traitors and relatively quiet about the effects of Chris-tianity which intrigue us. Ammianus demonstrated an war-elephants and admired the past "without really knowing it." He was not oppressed by a sense of imminent collapse; indeed, the Roman Empire might revive in a Golden Age. It is too easy to reply that within 15 years of his death barbarian raiders had sacked Rome. Ammianus was not an exact prophet, but the strength and weaknesses of his Tory vision helped to explain a sequel which was no sudden "decline and fall."

Songs of love, lust and longing

Anthony Curtis on the life of John Berryman

Berryman, who emerged as the two outstanding American poets after the second world war, were friends. They had met briefly in New York and at Princeton, but it was when Berryman and his then wife Eileen went to stay with Lowell and his then wife, Jean Stafford, the novelist, at their house in Maine, that the friendship began to blossom. Both men had in their heads a rich storehouse of poetry they knew by heart, and over drinks many, many drinks - they would cap each other's

quotations. They began with the poets of their own generation: Delmore Schwartz, Randall Jarrell, Dylan Thomas, Ted Roethke, Elizabeth Bishop, Karl Shapiro. Then they worked back to their American mentors – Allen Tate, John Crowe Ransom, Mark Van Doren, Hart Crane. Finally they crossed the Atlantic and sported Spender, MacNeice,

sponsed Spender, macheloe, Auden and Yeats.

Lowell asked Berryman what he thought were Yeats's three greatest lines. "I'll give you six instead," he said and continued: "Unwearied still, Passion or conquest, wander where they will, Attend upon them still.

This account comes from the memoir Poets in Their Youth which Eileen Simpson published 11 years after Berryman committed suicide in 1971 by jumping from the railing of a bridge onto the frozen Mississippi River below. Apparently he gave a farewell wave to anyone who happened to be passing. Simpson's book is strongly to be recommended as a prelude to these two volumes of Berryman's poetry. finely edited by Charles

COLLECTED POEMS by John Berryman Faber & Faber £17.50, 348 pages

THE DREAM SONGS by John Berryman Faber & Faber £17.50, 427 pages

the poet before he was at all well-known, and while he was writing "Homage to Mistress Bradstreet" (1953), the sequence of poems with which he first made his name. Simpson describes the precariousness and difficulty of

precariousness and difficulty of their life as a young married couple during the war at the Princeton Institute of Advanced Study, with Berryman not properly on the faculty but subsisting through various foundation grants. She re-creates too the extraordinary ambience of the campus at that time, it was a safe haven for many eminent

campus at that time, it was a safe haven for many eminent refugees from Nazi Garmany, Thomas Mann and Hermann Broch among them, as well as being a place where a dialogue about the future of American literature. literature was constantly under way.

Berryman found there just the kind of receptive but keenly critical audience he needed among a group of people whose deep commitment to three things, literature, alcohol and sex, was as great as his own. Thanks to them and Simpson, his self-destructive tendencies were kept at bay just about long enough for him to develop into a major American poet. He did it by a remarkable trick of transference. He focussed on the 17th century English girl, Anne Dudley, who married Simon Bradstreet at the age of 16 and sailed with him and her father to Massachusetts. In the intervals between her domestic duties and bearing her

husband eight children, she managed to write a great deal of poetry. Berryman begins by addressing her for a few stanzas; then she speaks in her own voice reflecting on the hardship of her life. This occupies the bulk of the moving sequence, during which there is a colloquy between her and Berryman.

It was in the controlled directness of this poem that Berryman found his true voice. Whereas Lowell in his Life Studies identifies with a great many different figures from American culture to speak to the reader in an intimate, personal way, Berryman, after Anne Bradstreet, did it through one single massive poetic persona, in the long sequence of poems now published separately known as *Dream Songs*. There are 385 of these songs, each of them 18 lines long, and they are all about someone called Henry This Henry is to Berryman as This Henry is to Berryman as Don Juan was to Byron. He is and is not the poet, a convenient portmanteau into which may be packed whatever subjective baggage the poet wishes to take with him on the process. He is also convenient voyage. He is also sometimes called Mr Bones. This was the character in the so-called Nigger Minstrels who played the clacker-bones, and was the mouthpiece for a stream of quickfire topical repartee throughout the show as he answered back the master of

precursor of contemporary stand-up comedians) which stunned the audience by its frankness and effrontery has been introduced into Berryman's Songs in their off-the-cuff manner that modulates from time to time into lyricism. He put the whole of his life into them. Here you find his father, like him a suicide, and his mother who changed her son's name from changed her son's name from Smith to Berryman when she re-married. Here are his experiences in Cambridge, England, his marriages, colleagues, rivals, lusts, alcoholic fugues, and longings. It is the most heartening, captivating poetic performance of the post-Ellot period, even if much of it is not fully much of it is not fully comprehensible; it is excellent that we now have it in this definitive edition.

The spirit of this immensely popular crosstalk act (the

The taxman cometh

A LAW UNTO ITSELF: POWER, POLITICS AND THE IRS by David Burnham Random House NY \$22.50, 419

DRUG DEALERS and money launderers, who have been under pressure of late, will receive little consolation from David Burnham's new book; nor will the millions of Americans spending this weekend filling in their tax returns. Readers looking for tales of corruption, malpractice and vice may be disappointed, but for those interested in playing cat and mouse with America's largest bureaucracy Mr Burn-

largest bureaucracy Mr Burnham uncovers a nasty new twist in the game.

He contends that the taxman is a huge bumbling monster, capable of trampling on innocent citizens — the book is sprinkled with examples of ordinary people whose lives have been turned into nightmare thanks to gross incompetence by the IRS. But, and here's the twist, the agency has been too unwieldy to channel its power effectively. Until now. Suddenly, computers are now. Suddenly, computers are about to transform the IRS into an Orwellian Big Brother.

Three main points underly Burnham's thesis. First, the IRS already has enormous power, and it operates outside the normal legal process; in fact, the IRS has more teeth than the drug enforcement agency of the FBL Secondly, despite its seemingly apolitical function of collecting taxes, the IRS has often been used for political ends. Presidents Hoover, Kennedy, and Nixon were among those who routinely sent the IRS to look for dirt on their opponents. Finally, Mr Burnham points out that the IRS is simply too big. It is IRS is simply too big. It is plagued by the chronic bureaucratic disease — an inability to distinguish between important and trivial matters. With 123,000 analysts focused on minutiae the IRS is better placed to detect a \$122 under-payment by Mrs Smith than to find a \$6m bank deposit by a suspected drug trafficker. The agency simply cannot cope with its volume of data.

Burnham believes that this culmination of power and inep-titude has created a Franken-stein which is about to come to life. Computers will make it possible for the IRS to have instant access to records. It will, for the first time, be able to spot discrepancies from different sources, to match fe eral, state and local tax returns, to compare current versus historical data - in short, to make lots of ordinary taxpavers truly miserable.

Burnham's message may be irksome to Mrs Smith, but it is terrific news for the US Gov-ernment's war on drugs. Apart from the time it framed Al Capone in 1931, the IRS has been notoriously ineffectual at tracking down criminals. But now, drugs dealers will find it difficult to stash money anywhere outside the mattress without the IRS stumbling over it.

As a good read Burnham, in attempting the heroic task of making taxes seem interesting, has failed. Notwithstanding the anecdotes on tax loopholes for brothels, his taxman emerges just as boring as the image he occupies in the public mind. But the book is painstakingly researched, coherently written - and is worth reading just to find out if there's anywhere safe to leave your cash.

Linda Bilmes

Thrillers

Where have all the villains gone? | Companied: University | Conversion the cold | Companied t

TIME WAS, when you opened a spy thriller and settled down for a good read, that you knew exactly who your sinister foreign enemy was going to be. From Kipling's Great Game, on through Sherlock Holmes, The Riddle of the Sands, the works of John Buchan, Somerset Maugham and Bric Ambler and so to the present day, the villains were always the Russians or the Germans -or an unnamed central power,

or some unspeakable little country in the Balkans. They were foreign, evil, utterly ruthless, and no one was in any doubt as to exactly what ought to be done with But times have changed. The Russians are off-limits now, and so are the Germans. The Balkans remain sinister, but scarcely threatening. There are

no big enemies any more, no creepy dictators whose every move can only be thwarted by a lone Englishman armed with an old school tie and a throwing knife. We are all on the same side in the 1990s; John Le Carré recognised as much in his last book, and it raises the question of what happens to the spy novel now that there is no one left to

Give or take a few half-baked stories about the IRA buying Libyan weapons with Colombian drug money, the answer appears to be nothing much - at least not so far. It is business very much as usual, and seems likely to remain so until the present crop of novels has worked its way through system and authors have had a chance to come up with something new. They must come up with something, though, because they certainly can't carry on the way they are

Payne Harrison's first novel Storming Intrepid (Century Hutchinson, £12.95) is a case in point. It is set largely in space, where a Russian undercover agent is making a determined bid to hijack an American shuttle complete with the latest Star Wars technology. The Russian will stop at nothing to achieve his aim, not even the murder of his fellow astronauts. Neither will the Americans. They are at each other hammer and tongs - if not sickle - as if glasnost had never been invented. At a time when the Soviet Union is wisibly in need of Western support, their antipathy seems dated, to say the least.

To be fair to Harrison, he has written a good, fast-moving book with plenty of tachnical book with plenty of technical detail which he has clearly spent years getting together. It is simply his bad luck that

events have overtaken him. He is not alone because Douglas Terman's Star Shot (Collins, £12.95) covers much the same ground - Russians trying to eliminate an American shuttle carrying the latest technology albeit from a different

The author has used his experience as a US bomber pilot turned Caribbean yachtsman to weave an

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entertaining tale, in which superpower relations are only a backdrop to the duel between a disgraced American airman d the Soviet interrogator who broke him in Vietnam. He writes slickly, with plenty of inside knowledge, but there is no escaping the fact that the thaw in the cold war bas caught him on the hop. Dennis Jones has been slightly luckier in that one of

the heroes of his Warsaw Concerto (Macdonald, £12.95) is a Russian, Mikhail Gorbachev, kidnapped - somewhat improbably - while on a goodwill visit to the US. Gorbachev's abductors are said to be Poles, auxious to see the last of the Russians on their soil, but they might also be Kremlin hardliners, keen to get rid of Gorbachev for their own purposes. Whatever the truth, Jones handles the story skilfully, and with an eye for that includes a McDonald's hamburger in Moscow, which wins him full marks for topicality, if nothing

Otherwise most of this winter's thrillers are firmly rooted in the past: either the recent past, as in The Zebra Network, by Sean Flamery (Piatkus, £12.95), an old-fashioned but absorbing tale of a CIA man unable to come in from the cold because he is suspected of being a double agent; or the more distant past, as in A Time Without Shadows (New English Library, 211.95), Ted Allberry's account of the hunt for an elderly Frenchman accused of betraying his accused of betraying his Resistance colleagues to the Gestapo more than 40 years ago. Both are perfectly well written, but it will be interesting to see, in a year or two's time, what their authors can come up with next.

All of which brings us to Talking God, by Tony Hillerman (Michael Joseph, \$12.99), an officeat and highly original piece of work which was hugely popular in America last year and deserves to do as well here. It is not technically a spy thriller – although international terrorists are peripherally involved - so much as a detective story featuring two Navajo tribal

policemen, Jim Chee and Joe Leanhorn. Faced with an unidentified body by the railway line, they painstakingly trace the victim's route back to Washington, taking in Navajo night chants along the way. Indian skeletons in the Smithsonian, and the and predictable by now, and attempted assassination of a the world is understandably Smithsonian, and the

visiting Chilean general. The plot works up to a suitably Hitchcockian climax, but it is in the evocation of Navajo culture that the book scores most heavily. The author knows his stuff, to the extent that the Navajo have made him an honorary member of the tribe, and he delivers, to extent that Robert Redford has bought the rights to this and all his Navajo novels. You can hardly ask for more than

Nicholas Best | Thombury. She was married to

Soapbox language

appeared ten years ago, and the new volume, under the same title, is entirely new, though one or two contributors make a second bow in it. Perhaps the editors, who are both professors of English in American universities, are planning to report every decade on the state of health of the world's first and only lingua franca, and are already contemplating a volume for

That would make it a periodical, and the book reads as occasionally as magazine, little having been done to pull it together, though it is arranged under broad sections on dialect, politics, money, special usages, the arts and what the editors call Rectitudes, which censorship, pornography and the like. Ricks and Michaels are plainly tolerant editors, however, and they have given contributors their heads to dogmatise and pontificate at will - and why not? Language is something everyone has an opinion about, and it is far too serious a matter to be left to

linguists.
The book is less about the present state of English, in consequence, than about the states of mind of two score and more people, writing in verse as well as prose and including non-academics such as Fiona Pitt-Kethley and Enoch Powell. Fortunately there is a handy glossary at the back to tell you who and what they are. So it is as good as its parts, like a magazine, and the best parts are not those where blacks speak up for black English, Irish for

lrish, Jews for Jewishness

or women for women;

ghetto-rhetoric is tired

THE STATE OF THE LANGUAGE, 1990 **EDITION** edited by Christopher Ricks and Leonard Michaels Faber £17.50, 531 pages

used to be about the claim that language exercises a secret hegemony, racial or gender-based, over the thoughts of mankind. If it really did that, nobody could know that it was so, every attempt to describe it would fail and nobody would be able to escape, whereas refugees from the ghetto claim to know all about it and to have got out. So reading them is a little like

spending Sunday morning in Hyde Park listening to orators who are putting a case they have been putting for years. The effect, as in Hyde Park, is highly personal and mainly interesting as a display of individual obsession. One of the odd effects of recent critical theory, against

which Alison Lurie protests acutely here, is that it has persuaded a lot of people who should know better that there is no real knowledge to be found in literature and that ideology has skewed every attempt to see human reality for what it is, Abandoning all prospect of objectivity before any argument begins makes for free-wheeling debate and a general determination to Do Your Thing. What else is there to do? If no arguments are good then there is no incentive to get one right.

Some useful information emerges, nonetheless, like Sir Randolph Quirk's reminder

that 90 per cent of the world's population still knows little or no English and that the proportion is growing; Donald Davie's lively little poem on the art of reciting; Roger Scruton's case against the foibles of feministic jargon; and John Gross on the action acked life he once led editing the TLS.

Two great issues emerge, one publicly and the other secretively. The public issue is that some people are worried about shifts in usage and their probable causes, which include the decay of classical education, while others, often professional linguists, are not. There has never been an age, they trenchantly argue, when English was settled and fixed and there is no reason to hope that it should remain where it was or is.

That is a debate between conservatives and progressives. The secretive issue concerns whether language runs us or we it. For the past quarter-century and more the claim that language controls minds, which has its sources in pre-war Italian Marxism, has been little contested by theorists, self-contradictory though Perhaps Mark Three, if there

is one, will dare to contest it. There is no serious evidence that feudal or patriarchal forms embedded in linguistic usage oppress anybody who does not choose to be oppressed, and none that language governs our lives in any sinister or despotic way. The contrary view - that people, on the whole, have the nguage they want - is not much heard here.

George Watson

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How to spend conspicuously

WHEN THE Americans talk about "conspicuous consumption," they mean it. Take the case of Ronald Lauder. This is Estee's young son who last year spent unprecedented millions of his mother's cosmetic fortune on a ludicrously silly campaign to have himself elected Mayor of New York. When his bid failed what did the man do to hide his shame and embarrassment? Slink off to his country retreat, take a long trip abroad, or devote himself to good works? Not at all: he went shopping, or to be more specific, "antiqueing."

This was the time of the International Antique Dealers Show in New York, a huge affair thronged with everyone who is anyone, and there in the thick of it on the Saturday morning was Ronald Lauder. Beaming his way from stand to stand, the failed mayoral candidate bought a 19th century bronze group of wrestlers from the Burford dealer, David Pickup. At that stage perhaps he needed it; but, in common with his compatriots, what he needed most was to spend and, what is more, to be seen spending.

This factor accounts for the extraordinary success of the New York auction houses. Few of the new American collectors would want to discreetly make their way to the backrooms of Wildenstein or Colnaghi. For these people, collecting is a public pursuit like taking a box at the opera. When they buy at Sotheby's or Christie's other people see them doing it and that is what they want. The same happens at any of the plethora of art fairs which have been established in the US in recent years: these are fashionable events where the discerning collector can be guaranteed a total lack of privacy. For that reason they

are enormously popular.
In New York alone there is The International Antique Dealers Show, The Winter Antiques Show, The Works on Paper Show, The Armory Antiques Show, The Fall Antiques Show, — and that is just for starters. All of these are by way of being the dealers' answer to the auction house boom. This is because they attract media attention and large crowds. They also artworks under one roof so that buyers have a wide choice with little of the intimidation that many collectors feel in small galleries. Furthermore the shows provide the dealers with the opportunity to meet

For example, in the three days of The Art Show last year when \$30m worth of art was sold, 17,000 people came by a number that even a Madison Avenue gallery would not hope to attract in a whole year. The Art Show, which is organised by the Art Dealers Association of America, was inaugurated in 1989. Held at the Seventh Regiment Armory on Park Avenue, it is to take place annually and the second one runs from next Thursday until the following Monday.

new clients: lots of new clients.

Dealers Association deal primarily in paintings, drawings, sculpture, graphics, and photographs and this is what one can expect to find on the stands of any of the 64 dealers participating. While most comparable shows in the US exhibit contemporary art only, The Art Show boasts a display of artworks spanning

ETTA O'CATHAIN, the new boss at the Barbican, was very cross indeed last week — and she is not much happier today. With hardly a moment's notice she learned that her best, but naughtiest, tenant, Terry Hands of the Royal Shakespeare Company was closing down the Barbican

pany, was closing down the Barbican Theatre (and the Pit) for four months over Christmas. It may save the beleaguered RSC £1.3m, but it will deprive Detta O'Cathain's shops, hars, cafes, and car parks, etc. in the Barbican of

Hardly had she calmed down when

Adrian Noble, who takes over from Hands as artistic director of the RSC

next year, announced that he thoroughly disliked the Barbican and that

if it did not smarten up its ideas he would take the RSC elsewhere. He was particularly critical of the front of house staff, the atrocious lighting

in the subterranean Green Room and the depressing back stage facilities for

the depressing back stage lacinities for actors also attracted his disapproval.

Since Detta O'Cathain's first decision after taking over six weeks ago was to send all the Barbican staff on "customer care" workshops, Noble's complaint could hardly have been less

timely. Despite her attempts to stay charming and reasonable she seems to be quickly acquiring the City of

London's exasperation with the RSC.

It is not hard to sympathise with

the City Fathers. Much against the

Philistine instincts of many of them the City was persuaded, around 1960, to make a rare "gift to the nation." At

its own, £150m, expense, an arts complex was built into the post-War development for the Square Mile. In theory the Barbican would pay for itself, with rent from exhibitions and

conferences covering the costs of the concert hall, two theatres and the art gallery. In practice it has not worked out and the City has to find a couple

of million pounds each year, to keep

the Barbican in business.

The RSC, seeking a permanent London home, was lured in, with a peppercorn rent of £70,000 and subsidised utilities for 25 years. But during its eight year residency the RSC has

proved a petulant - and expensive tenant. Two years ago the City balled it out of one financial mess with a

£500,000 donation. Today the RSC is in

even worse financial straits, with an accumulated deficit of £2.9m. It seems an odd moment to upset the City.

For Detta O'Cathain, a row with the

RSC is the last thing she wants. Joining the Barbican from the Milk Marketing Board her first task is to raise

morale, to smarten up the place, and to market the Barbican as one big.

at least £100,000 in revenue.

There will be Old Masters at Didier Aaron, Colnaghi, Newhouse, Richard Feigen, and Rosenberg & Stiebel; Master Drawings at Janie C. Lee, R M Light & Co, E V Thaw, and David Tunick; American Masterworks at Kennedy Galleries, Berry Hill Coe Kerr, and Richard York; and Contemporary Art on any number of stands including Holly Solomon, Greenberg, Pace, Knoedler, Sidney Janis and Andre Emmerich. Acqua Vella will have paintings by Renoir, Picasso, Matisse, and Fantin Latour while Barbara Mathes intends showing Cézanne, Ernst, and Léger. Russian works will be featured by several dealers: Leonard Hutton, Rachel Adler and Rosa

Esman among them.
For the would-be collector
who happens to breeze down Park Avenue next week there will be panel discussions on "How to Collect Contemporary Art," "How to Collect Old Masters" and "How to Collect American Art." Sadly there is no panel discussion on "How to Collect Conspicuously" but that can be studied when one is inside. Admission is \$10 and as in the case of all such shows the proceeds go to a worthy charity, in this case the Henry Street Settlement.

Last year's Art Show received rave reviews and there is every reason to believe that the standard will, if anything, be higher this time round. One of the effects of showing collectively in this way is that dealers try to outdo each other in the quality of the work they offer. This means that the public see the best whereas it is often the case that a dealer will only show really special items to a select few of his clients. Pamela Freund of the Rosa Esman Gallery puts it succinctly when she says show is upscale: museum quality. One really sees some wonderful things and out comes a lot of back-room material. This is no shopping mall," Rachel Adler, who will include drawings by Le Corbusier, Klee, and Leger on her stand, makes the point that she and many other dealers have been saving good things all year for next week's show: "Last year, no one knew what was going to happen and it was terrific" she says. "The best galleries in the US were there and they showed their

And is one likely to find Ronald Lauder conspicuous among the attendants next week? Most certainly: he is co-chairman of the whole

Homan Potterton

A theatre spurned

Antony Thorncroft on the continuing RSC/Barbican saga





Chief protagonists: Detta O'Cathain, new boss at the Barbican and Adrian Noble, who takes over from Terry Hands

but happy, arts centre. She wants cross fertilisation, with the audience for an LSO concert attracted by a forthcoming play at the Pit and vice versa. With the theatres closed for over four months from November the

over four months from November the place loses 120,000 potential customers, which will clip its vivacity. She has learned quickly what her predecessor, Henry Wrong, surely told her: that the RSC was the awkward member of the squad. While the residency of the London Symphony Orchestra in the concert hall seems to be quite harmonious, the RSC has never been conspicuous for team spirit. The anticipated joint ventures between theatre, concert hall and art between theatre, concert hall and art gallery rarely came off. The major Barbican festivals, such as the Hungarian in the autumn, took place without the whiff of a Magyar accent in the Barbican theatre. Detta O'Cathain confesses "I don't know what I can do about it."

There seems to be a general igno-

commercial producers have already approached her with offers. She brazenly hopes for a more populist Christmas show in the Barbican than the RSC, committed by its charter to Shakespeare and the classics can contain the cl template. She likes the idea of Peter Pan, missing from London last Christ-mas and the subject of some of Hands most bitter musings: "I seem to spend all my time planning another production of Peter Pan just to keep the money coming in so that I can plan another production of Peter Pan."

If an independent medican promoted if an independent producer wanted to take over the Barbican next Christ-mas, he would get the full backing of the Barbican administrators and it is hard to see how Hands could not go along. His back stage staff of 75 would

lease. Apparently Terry Hands can close the theatres — just like that. But Detta O'Cathain hopes that she can ease another production in there while the RSC is economising. Four conversion producers have already. during the closure they should welcome the booking. Even when paying the RSC for a short term lease the get-in costs can hardly exceed £80,000. It might be a bad omen — non-RSC actors in the Barbican — but with Detta O'Cathain committed to the idea of a more user-friendly Barbican, a twilight Christmas is unthinkable. Detta O'Cathain is obviously upset

at Adrian Noble rubbishing an institution she has just been appointed to sell to the world. But the pressure on both sides to improve their relationship is immense. The RSC brings the Barbican tremendous prestige and, for all its faults, the Barbican is probably the best, and certainly the cheapest, home in London for the Company.

For the next few years the RSC will be in thrall to its financial crisis. It can plead extenuating circumstances
it was subjected to a thorough
tooth combing by Government

accountants in 1984 and came out of it well. It was promised an uplift in its funding which never came. It plays to over a million happy customers a year. It averages 75 per cent capacity which, although well below the 88 per cent of the recent past, is way above West End productions. It earns two thirds of its revenue, more than its subsidised rivals, and its grant is less than that of any other of the Big Four national flagship arts companies. But the RSC is in danger of sinking self-righteously beneath the waves. However good its case the Arts Council will not add to its 11 per cent rise (to a £6m grant) for 1990-91, nor will

(to a £6m grant) for 1990-91, nor will."

(to a sam grant) for 1990-91, nor will the Minister for the Arts rescue the Company. Corporate sponsors, notably the Royal Insurance, will probably sign up for another year at least, but do not like the public bickering.

Adrian Noble will have to confront the obvious questions — why spend \$200,000 on a highly acclaimed production of The Muster Builder and then perform it for just 50 performances; why mount a superbly cast Othello and play it in the timiest of venues; why have expensive doubling up of actors and technicians in both up of actors and technicians in both London and Stratford. Why critical success and commercial failure?

While he wrestles with the financial problems Adrian Noble should consider mending bridges with the City. which has been generous in the past. The RSC surely needs the Barbican more than the Barbican needs the RSC. Its artistic director, Humphrey Burton, must be excited by the thought of a vacated Barbican around 1993 when the Royal Opera House.
Covent Garden and Glyndebourne
inight both be closed for re-building.
The best omens for the future are

that Noble has recruited as his right hand persons Michael Attenborough, to advise on marketing, and Genista McIntosh on planning. Attenborough has been successful in the commercial theatre and will be heading the discussions about the future with the Barkican McIntosh has been the RSC. Barbican. McIntosh has been the RSC co-ordinator with the Barbican in recent months and is keen on joint initiatives: the RSC has already committed itself to a Mozart related play during the composer's bicentennial

calebrations next year.

Geoffrey Cass, chairman of the RSC, is a natural conciliator who this week was as emollient as Noble was combative. With a will to succeed on both sides the last ten days may be seen as the low point in the history of the RSC at the Barbican; if egos are already too bruised they will be seen as the start of the sad divorce between two entrenched institutions.



Edward Bawden's "Riviera" wallpaper, 1929

Patterns pasted on the wall

Susan Moore on the ups and downs of British wallpaper design

"SUPPOSING WE covered the brow Taste. Modern British ers. The late Edward Bawden's been powerful enough to walls with white chromium wallpaper is a popular art, and contribution to the art is there attract artists (though plating and had natural sheep one engagingly told in the catwalls with white chromium plating and had natural sheep-skin carpet," mused Mrs Beaver, the upwardly-mobile inte-rior decorator in A Hondful of Dust. What else was one to do with the monstrous Victorian Hetton Abbey in the 1930s? What no self-respecting mem ber - or aspirant - to the smart set dreamt of doing was introducing colour or, horror of horrors, pattern, to their

Pattern - an outrage on good taste, according to Norman Shaw - was acceptable in chintz and Persian carpets. Walls, preferably painted or distempered, were very definitely plain and universally pale. The decorator Syrie Maugham (Mrs Somerset, but not for long) created an allwhite dining room that was copied for a decade - white drapes, white furniture, white ceramics, white flowers, and even white birds. From the evidence of the newly proliferat ing glossy magazines, wallpaper manufacturers went out of business. In 1935 alone, how-ever, they sold one million

As one architectural historian gleefully recounted a decade later, it was the people who had never heard of Shaw or Lutyens or Voysey who kept the wallpaper industry alive. People with a robust taste for ornament, regardless of high-

THERE IS to be a new

series of four Radio 4
Debates on Sundays,

dealing with matters of current interest. The first, in the Inner

Temple Hall last Sunday, was on the motion that "Our sys-

tem of justice serves the inter-

est of the strong." Debates make first-class radio, one

wants to take part oneself and

already exist, circuits in which

Orieans House Gallery, Twickenham, now moving to the Whitworth Art Gallery (March 16-April 28) and York City Art Gallery, October 6-November 4.
(A US tour is planned for 1991.)
The Roaring Twenties favoured bold, clashing colours - the cult inspired no doubt by Leon Bakst's brilliant sets for the Ballet Russes which took Europe by storm. "Anglo-Chinese" pagodas, magnolias and exotic birds proliferate, often against black backgrounds. Then came the Modernist styles of the Thirties, Bauhaus derived and severely geometric. These "Cubist" patterns came in subdued colours known as "Autumn Tints." Papers were used with lavish horders and friezes to articu-late the wall, and even with large appliqué scenic effects. You could create your own flocks of birds, forests or fleets

of galleons. Coal fires demanded that downstairs rooms be decorated at least every three years, and the cheapness of the papers allowed for regular cheery updating.
Since there was no middle-

class demand for wallpaper, manufacturers did not bother to consult artists or top design-

walipaper is a popular art, and one engagingly told in the catalogue and loan exhibition of papers from the Silver Studio Collection 1930-60 lately at lam Morris Daisy walipaper he saw in 1924. Two years later, his own designs went into production with the Curwen Press. The printing purposely retained the uneven quality of the original lino-cuts; the folksy effect, recalling early wood-cuts, is quite unlike any other wallpaper. Fish in bell-shape ukiyo-e waves swim across bathrooms, Classical heads are glimpsed between drapery folds. Bawden's picto-rial papers are more like murals than backdrops to pic-Bawden was one of the few

artists designing wallpaper in the inter-war years, a period in which textile design flourished. That changed with the Exhibition of Historical and British Wallpapers at the Suffolk Galleries in 1945. This cleverly orchestrated PR event transformed the public perception of wallpaper. Room sets of modern papers were designed by Cecil Beaton and Sacheverell Sitwell wrote the catalogue introduction. Artists such as Laurence Scarfe, Graham Sutherland Graham Sutherland, and Clifford and Rosemary Eliis were asked to submit wallpaper designs.
The movement for

progressive design reform had

few wallpaper designs were produced). More extraordinary, the public was convinced into a commitment to modern design, and responded enthusiastically after paper rationing was over. The desire to have a "contemporary" home in the 1950s was, the catalogue informs us, akin to having an "artistic" home in

1950s design at its best is vigorous and boldly coloured (though it is still impossible to like "seashore" bathrooms). In middle-class homes, textured porridge on the walls gave way to fresh Regency Revival patterns, and to originality. In the "Palladio" papers of 1958, Robert Nicholson offers a draughtsman's interpretation of Classical sculpture arcades in black, grey, terracotta and ochre; David Gentleman, Staffordshire figures in stone niches. Many papers have been borrowed from the artists' own

This absorbing journey through our recent past is concluded by Peggy Angus, a contemporary of Bawden and Ravilious at the RCA. Particularly impressive is her bold "Corn Stooks," printed against a deep blue ground. She is still producing bespoke papers, printing with lino-cuts over emulsioned lining paper.

Radio Being practical with brains

brain. As the brain contains some millions of cells, each of which may have up to 100,000 connections, the artificial brain could be massive, about half the size of North America in one judgment.

Networks exist that can, for example, assess the risk of loan applications, in which uncomplicated findings only are involved. But we know nothing of how our brains reach such concepts as love, beauty, judgment. If it were possible to construct brains with this sort of ability, would they have minds? Would they have rights? The problem shifts from the physicist and the brain-surgeon to the philosonher. But none of the scientists on Professor John Taylor's programs reckoned that there could be a "thinking machine" within a decade, or even a cen-

Smiley's People, in seven parts on Radio 4 on Tuesdays and at lunchtime on Thursdays, bids fair to be a more convincing serial than the one I have just dismissed. We begin with the discovery of a dead

agent on Hampstead Heath. No simple police job; George Smiley (Bernard Hepton, an old member of the Circus) is called out of bed at midnight, although he has retired. The corpse was a former agent, Vla-dimir, once a Russian general; and Mostyn, a younger member of the Circus, reveals that Vladimir had telephoned three times during the day, asking for Smiley by his correct cod-

He had information of maximum security, he told Mostyn (Stephen Garlick, sounding about 20), and two proofs. "It concerns the Sandman," he said; but that sentence was cut out of the tape. The Sandman is Karia, Smiley's old antagonist. What is the secret of the duty-free Gauloises, missing from Vladimir's flat, found in a treetrunk on the Heath? The situations are good spy routine, the characters are familiar to Le Carré fans, Hepton is a convincing Smiley. The adaptor is René Basilico, the director John Fawcett Wilson.

And while we are in serial

country, who should pop up on

Radio 4 on Wednesday but Dick Barton? Not in one of the daily episodes that 15 millon people heard from 6.45 to seven, though only two million when it ran 15 minutes earlier; this was only a tray of souve-nirs, all the Dick Bartons — Noel Johnson, Duncan Carse, Gordon Davies — and the director, Neil Tuson, really the genius of the whole affair. When I was in the Army and the lads were thinking about demob, a chap came out to Germany to solicit them for the Police. "Not a lot of rub-bish like Dick Barton," he said. A wrong approach, if you ask me. Dick Barton (he was nearly Bill Barton) was every-body's hero.

B.A. Young

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HE THREE works by Judith Weir brought together on a single disc are the next best thing to having a complete recording of A Night at the Chinese Opera. They are music theatre in the truest sense of the term, works that require no dramatic trappings but yet fuse music and narrative drama in a way that, since her full-scale opera, we have come to recognise very much as Weir's own

One of the pieces here, The Consolations of Scholarship (1985) is a direct study for the second act of the Chinese Opera completed two years later; it uses the same Yuan play, "The Orphan of Chao," as the opera-within-the-opera at the centre of her stage work and presents the narrative in the same deliciously wry way. The singer is required to assume several characters in the course of its 20-minutes; the scenes are crisply edited, with a few beguiling instru-mental interludes to break the sequence. It is a warm and wifty piece, perhaps suffering now from the knowledge of the larger, more profound work which it prefigured, and imagi-natively sung by Linda Hirst. King Harald's Saga from 1979 is described as a "Grand

Opera in Three Acts for solo soprano," the singer again takes several roles (including that of the Norwegian army) to narrate the story of the Nor-wegian invasion of England in the 11th century. It is an even greater miracle of compression than Consolations; no scene last longer than a minute, and

Records Music fused with drama

Jane Manning here - are even severer. The Missa del Cid is more recent (1988), and began life in conjunction with a BBC television film commissioned from Weir. It's designated as a "music drama" and combines the Latin Ordinary of the mass

with descriptions of the epic exploits of the Moorish El Cid in the 13th century. An evangelist supplies the narrative descriptions, and there is again a subtle play of perspectives, of blurring the distinctions between statement and commentary. Of the three works here the Missa seems to have the least direct connection with Weir's stage works, but nevertheless is clearly a prod-uct of the same deeply original sensibility, taking on technical challenges and coming up with solutions that seem both totally fresh and utterly sim-

In Trevor Wishart's Vox cycle, first heard complete at the Proms in 1988, the drama is interiorised, and the composer's intentions - "I wanted to deal with many different aspects of what it means to be 'human', using the human

works by
L. Chadwick Ben Nicholson Sir M. Smith E. Burra
Wirtfred Nicholson R. Spear P. Hayman Mary Newcomb
B Wynter L.S. Lowry John Piper C. Wood, etc Uptil 23 Feb CRANE KALMAN GALLERY 178 Brompton Rd. Lundon, SW3. Tel: 01-584 7568/225 1931, Fax: 584 3843

20th CENTURY BRITISH ART

the demands upon the soloist Weir: Three Operas, Linda Hirst, Jane Manning, Lontano, Combattimento. Novello Records NVLCD109 Wishart: Vox. Electric Phoenix. Virgin Classics VC 791108-2 Tippett: Four Symphonies. Heather Harper, London Symphony/Davis, Chicago Symphony/Solti. Decca 425 646-2 (three CDs) Tippett: String Quartets Nos 1-3. Lindsay Quartet. Decca Tippett: King Priam. Bailey, Harper, Allen, Palmer, Lan-gridge, Minton, Tear, London Sinfonietta/Atherton. Decca 414 241-2 (two CDs)

> voice as the focus for explora-tion" - turn into a detailed examination of what have come to be known as extended vocal techniques, and their cross-over with electro-acoustic music. Electric Phoenix has been associated with the project since Wishart began it in 1980, and thus the sound of the music is very much what one has come to associate with their performances; Wishart's musical resources have always ranged widely, and here the involvement of the vocal group has perhaps focussed down his concerns, so that the palette is less richly coloured than one

> might have expected.
>
> There is also an explicit programme: Vox 1 deals with a bundle of creation myths, and eventually leads in Vox 4 to the disintegration of human society, while Vox 2 and Vox 3 contemplate the natural and intellectual worlds respectively; Vox 5 introduces another cul-

tural strand, "the voice of Shiva," while the "provisional" finale as Wishart terms it, Vox 6, is "a contemporary interpre-tation of Shiva's dance." How much of that cultural luggage comes over in performance seems to me uncertain; the ear is drawn into the subtleties of the sound complexes and the liaisons of natural and electronic sounds, without absorbing the verbal content. The last section is a splendid surprise - the music switches into 1980s disco mode, complete with synthesiser rhythms and sickly sweet harmonies whether Wishart will be content with such an ending, or will take the cycle into further areas of musical and socio-po-The reissue of many of the most significant Tippett

continue afterwards. This one, contended by barristers, judges recordings of the 1970s and and students on equal terms, Brian Redhead in the chair, early '80s as a celebration of his 85th birthday is a feast of riches, and a splendid example was entertaining and enlightening. The motion was passed by 84 votes to 50, with two of co-operation within the Polygram group: recordings that first appeared on both Decca and Philips labels have now At the end of the second instalment of Radio 4's serial That Hideous Strength, we meet the Head of NLC.E., who been brought together. All the performances are definitive; though a new generation of is literally a head, from a guil-Tippett conductors has lately come to prominence, Colin lotined man, with the brain preserved to function even bet-ter than in life. I shall not hear Davis's accounts of the first three symphonies seem to me still absolutely central to the any more of this play, which, works, though how well the despite the current regard for music survives, especially the Third and Fourth Symphonies the author, C.S.Lewis, seems to me pretty silly. But the idea of using a free brain in a practical way has been interestingly suggested in Radio 3's Building the Enchanted Loom on the last is a matter of personal judgement. The string quartets appear without the Fourth unfortunately, although the two Sundays. Lindsay performances remain This is not about using a dead man's brains, but about buoyantly attractive, and King Prion re-emerges as the sav-age masterpiece it is, in a per-formance that is compelling in the possible construction of machines capable of thinking every particular. It is hard to think of a better, or more - artificial brains. This is based on the development of "neural networks" such as

needed opera recording from the last decade. neurons are connected up in imitation of the cells in the Andrew Clements

The body in bits and pieces

"LE CORPS en morceaux," which has lately opened at the Musée d'Orsay (until June 3. then on to Frankfurt: spon-sored by la Fondation Electricité de France), is one of those exhibitions based on so obvious and intriguing an idea that the only wonder is it has not been done before. The title translates quite literally as "the body in pleces," and with Rodin's work at its heart, picks up and dilates upon that aspect of his practice, which was to consider the several parts of the body as discrete images in themselves.

It is, of course, an immediate practical necessity for any sculptor who works principally as a modeller in clay, to break down each new work into convenient lumps and portions in the process of preparing a mould for casting into plaster, and so into bronze. Any working studio is bound to be lit-tered with such material but Rodin was, perhaps, the first great artist to see the creative

opportunity it presented.
Often improvising new compositions from the offcuts and fall-out from his current production, he was very much the surrealist avant la lettre and some of the most engaging works in this show are these small maquette assemblages, with heads, bodies, legs of other groups thrown afresh and bizarrely together. The particular piece of the head of Rodin's colleague and mistress, Camille Claudel, enclosed by the larger, protective hand of Pierre de Wissant, one of the Burghers Calais, is as true and. given her tragic history, as pol-gnant a work of art as any-

thing here. But to acknowledge Rodin's central place and the quality of his particular response is not quite to allow him an unique originality. In this, as in all aspects of art, the context is everything. The wider purpose of this exhibition is to set that context and to show just how many artists were at it, and in

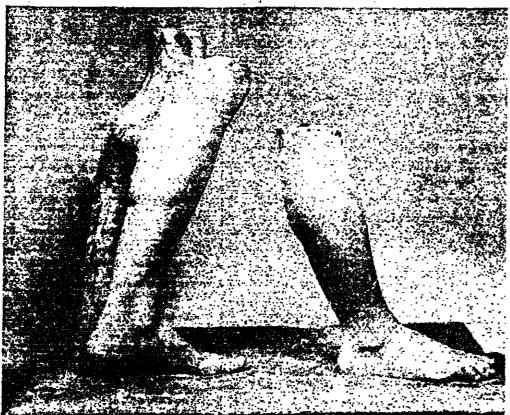
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Marble and plaster legs of Politux at the Musée d'Orsay exhibition, borrowed from the Louvre

brought further into the 20th century, at least to Dada and Surrealism, it is only to wish for more of a good thing. The temporary ramifications and parallels could hardly have been more thoroughly estab-

The show begins with medieval reliquaries, each the image of the supposed saintly member, along with the more vulgar ex voto offerings of more recent times, familiar enough even now in Greece, India or Mexico, images of simple faith in hope of a cure. Then come the macabre medi-cal wax-works of the 19th censo many senses always had tury, effigles of a disconcert-been. If we come out of it wish-ing that the story had been bride stripped to the bone by

her anatomists. The severed head, too, has its place, and quite as gruesome it is, whether idealised through art as a John the Baptist or presented more practically and immediate in its interest, but one of so many victims of the guillotine. This is no show to make us forget we are in

Heads, bodies, hands, feet, legs, shoulders, each is sec-tioned, as it were, and with every one it is borne in on us that what we had come to take as just the mundane conventions of painting, sculpture and photography - the torso, the bust, the detail and the study might well merit other more

With the sections on the antique, the archeological retrieval of the classical past and its presentation as example and ideal, we come to the main substance of the show. Again we confront this curious opposition between the elevated and the practical, the lofty achievement of art and its anatomisation into its useful parts. The arrangement is not chronological, and never exclusive in its treatment of its theme of the moment. In this respect, the section on the fem-inine torso stands for the whole, bringing together works of all periods and types to fur-ther its argument. Maillol, Degas, Claudel and Brancusi figure as prominently as Rodin, Hellenistic Roman

Bourdelle, a Delacroix copy after Rodin and a Cezanne study, photographs by de Meyer, Steiglitz, Nègre and Eugène. In the end, after all such

shows, even with so potent and fascinating a theme, we come back to the works themselves as individual pieces, to be savoured for their particular qualities. This show is full of them, and my one real complaint is of a general installation at times so aggressively theatrical that too often we cannot see them properly. To put dark bronzes up against a light is only to make them invisible from behind - a fault easy enough to moderate.

Given such a fine show and its particular matter, the coincidence with the small show of Leonardo da Vinci's studies of drapery at the Louvre (until February 26: sponsored by la Fondation Credit National) is hard to resist while it lasts. For here at once is the perfect precedent and full, unselfconscious realisation of lle corps en morceaux." Drawn with an exquisite focus of attention, by metal point upon finely-pre-pared linen, these images of what is essentially so transient a subject grow curiously more monumental the more we look at them.

There is no character established, for few heads, let alone faces are indicated by more than a stroke, most left unspoken. The clothes fall and spread across knees and hips, held loosely perhaps by an arm at the waist. And yet quietly the form emerges from within, the gesture, the turn of the fig-ure, the kneeling, sitting, standing presence. It is for the art bistorians to argue the references and sources, for us simply to contemplate these lovely, extraordinary things. Male or female? It hardly mat-ters, but "how sweetly flows/ That liquefaction of her clothes." Anyone in Paris this week has an opportunity too

turing monochrome); France's La Vengeance d'une Femme

(Isabel Huppert in a soap opera

of sexual disillusionment that has one reaching for the rinse-

cycle button); or even East

Germany's endearing but corn-

ball Coming Out, the country's first film about gay life.

(Bravely tried; keep trying.) These blips apart, it has been

America all the way. Steel

Magnolias gala opened the fes-tival and then exploded on the other side of the wall. (Sally Fields to East Berliners:

"Watching you laugh and cry has been the most rewarding work of my career.") New films

by Woody Allen and Oliver

Stone are being threaded onto projectors as I speak. And

American cinema has even

Wins and Roland Joffe's

Shadow Makers both wearing "Made in USA" labels. Of all these Stateside offer-

ngs, the two most modest are

the best. Driving Miss Daisy outshines by about 1,000 watts the Pullitzer Prize play by

Alfred Uhry on which it is based (by Uhry). The film does not so much "open out" the

original as open it in. Director

Mercies) conjures sweetly-

tuned performances from Jes-sica Tandy and Morgan Free-

man as the crusty Southern

lady and her black chauffeur,

who age into friendship through the race turnoils of the 1960s and '70s. Both this

and the new improved Woody

ours - reported on by me from

Hollywood – opens soon in Britain. More then.

films. Enough to note here that

Stone's magnum opus about

July struck me (in all senses)

as more sledge hammer cinema

than subtle or profound war

statement. But it may still win the Golden Bear (like Platoon);

Berlin juries love the spectacle

of America hitting itself over the head. Meanwhile Reisz and

Joffe's films show the trouble

British directors can get into when transplanting their

socio-political consciences abroad Shadow Makers dra-

matises the invention of the

atom bomb and has Paul Newman and others tussling with a tendentious script. And Every-

body Wins, written by Arthur

Miller, seems like yesterday's conspiracy movie. Nick Nolte

and Debra Winger sleuth through small-town corruption

and find a lot of big-time play-

ers including a judge and a

state attorney.

The most sheerly enjoyable movie has been Pedro Almodo-

var's Tie Me Up, Tie Me Down.
Fresh from pushing women to
the verge of a nervous breakdown in his last film, Spain's
super-stylist of the sex comedy

now has a movie star (Victoria

Abril) kidnapped and all but raped by a gentle maniac (Antonian Banderas). After

alarms, excursions and comic

The film duly outraged feminists, who booed its seeming endorsement of the old chest-

nut that women fall for aggres-

sive males. But Almodovar is

self-aware; the film spoofs

itself as it unspools. Only a

humourless ideologue could

fail to giggle at some of the multicoloured pot shots; at the

film industry, at the colour-co-

ordinated madness of post-

Franco fashions, at the kind of

pop-porno cinema whose sex-

ism Almodovar pillories even

So what is left as the festival

reaches half time? With Amer-

twists, she ends up, yes, falling

in love with him.

as he pastiches it.

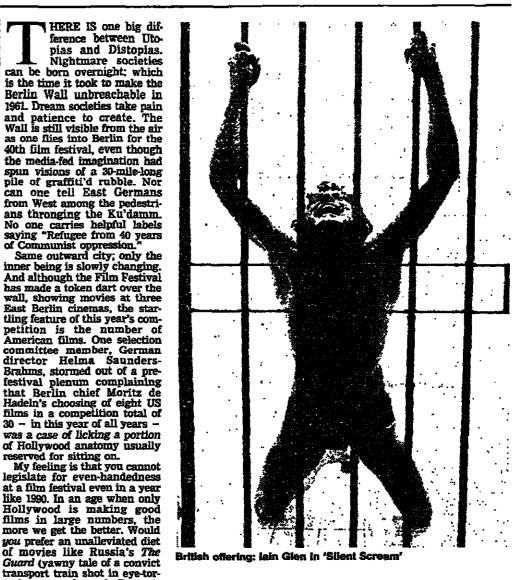
Likewise the other American

Allen, Crimes and Misdemean-

Bruce Reresford (of *Tende*

claimed our own finest sons, with Karel Reisz's Everybody

William Packer



America leads the pack

Nigel Andrews reports at half time from the Berlin Film Festival

ica leading by about 4-2 (my count), everyone has staggered over to the tray with fresh orange-quarters and is getting a talking to from the team

manager. Biggest lecture must be coming from the British manager. Unless intent on scoring an own goal, why does the coun-try rely on Silent Scream as its main striker? This movie debut by stage director David Hay-man, of Scotland's 7:84 company, staggered up and down its chosen playing area – the life of artist-writer-murderer Larry Winters, who killed him-self in Barlinnie Prison in 1977

 like a blind man searching for the ball. The kaleidoscopic structure and media-mixing (including animation) fail to illuminate Winters's character, or to clarify the movie's attitude to the penal and social systems it seems to be attacking. We begin in the dark and end in it: honourably excepting a few lightning flashes that break from Iain Glen's brave acting as Winters.

The British have come to Berlin with undeterred hallyhoo, none the less. Erecting a new all-British stand complete with hospitality area, they provide everything a country could be ambassadorially proud of, except good movies.
Some year — it will happen,
keep the faith — we will get
our PR drive co-ordinated with

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our film drive. The most moving movies have happened outside the competition altogether. Showing in the Young Film Makers Forum, Berlin's 20 year old alternative programme, are a collection of banned East German films dug up from the mid-1960s. In a brief flowering of illusory liberty after the Wall was built in 1961, film makers like Gerhard Klein and Frank Beyer made films like Bertin Through Our Eyes and Traces of the Stones. The authorities took one look at the completed, or sometimes uncompleted, films and locked them away. Now - God bless freedom - the films are out.

So is a cluster of newer docutaries clandestinel last October, when East Germany was rallying itself to defiance. Thomas Frick's Ten Days in October, Thomas Eichberg's New Beginning Dresden 89 and others pulse with the terror and excitement of a "now or never" popular uprising. We look back today and see the happy ending already written in. But when these films were made, who could have foreseen that either they or their makers would be free four months later? Free to cross the wall; free to show their movies to the world; free to rejoice that nothing in this world – not even Communism

is irreversible.

Drama turned to dance

with Paul Taylor, Cristina Hoyos, Béjart and the Kirov among this year's guests. It is a marvellous development that makes Paris a dance centre unrivalled elsewhere for the variety of its attractions, since the Théâtre de la Ville, the Comique and the Théâtra de Champs Elysées can and do house dance as well. (London's miserably few locations exactly explain the unenterprising state of our balletic experi-

ence.) This week the Hamburg Ballet is installed in the Palais Garnier with John Neumeier's recent Peer Gynt, whose spe-cially commissioned score is by Alfred Schnittke, Neumeier has, during 20 years of choreographic creation, found a continuing source of inspiration in the examination of masterpieces. He has made ballets to five of Mahler's symphonies, to the Saint Matthew Passion, h reworked the Chaikovsky canon, turned to Shakespeare, and produced glosses on his chosen texts that can delight or infuriate by their intellec-

tual vivacity.

Pear Gynt is a notoriously difficult play to produce, especially in its fantastic elements. For Neumeier, a long-time admirer of the piece, the task had been to find a means of transposition that will turn much literalism. The result is a spectacle - as much theatrical as choreographic - which finds fascinating means of illustrating Ibsen's themes about human destiny but which fails for me, to provide

ARNIER'S GREAT

palace remains the intoxicating as Peer's (and lbsen's) own language.

Rallet, but is now Neumeier has solved certain production problems by editing and reshaping the original narrative. Two and a half pages of programme notes give insights into Neumeier's procedures this used to be called "talking a good ballet" - and com-

ments on the cyclic nature of the staging, the invocation of Theosophic ideas, the duplication of Peer's psyche by seven dancers (one of whom also plays his beloved, Solveig), prepare us for a taxing time The first part of the evening, lasting some 90 minutes, contains the meat of the action -

Peer involved with his mother, Aase, with Solveig, and with various aspects of the feminine in his life. Neumeier translates the great journey on which Them sends his hero into a theatrical career, so dazzling in its success that Peer becomes a film star whose final role is that Emperor of the World which Ibsen called him. (The action is, throughout, updated, with singularly hideous modern costuming.) At the last, megalomania drives him mad. With the staging's second part Peer is Everyman, returned to Norway, and reconciled in spirit with his own identity

and with Solveig. In its first scenes, the ballet offers hectic contrasts between the world as Peer experiences it - a peasant wedding; an incident with some rather mod-ish-looking trolls which I

Other countries have seen

her Lulu, Salome and Hoff-

monn incarnations. In Britain

we have had comparatively lit-

tle - the film-work mentioned above and the Royal Opera's

exceedingly unhappy 1987 Manon, all of which might lead

people to underrate her many,

varied and subtle talents. After

a visit to the new Monte Carlo

production of Poulenc's La

Voix humaine (played in a well-balanced double bill with

Ravel's L'Heure espagnole), I

myself am no longer in any

The Poulenc-Cocteau mono-

drama - a woman bidding her

such danger.



Gigi Hyatt and Ivan Liska in John Neumeler's new "Peer Gynt" at the Palais Garnier

thought was taking place in a louche bar, the usual show-biz capers of theatre and cinema and those more intense passages in which Peer is with Aase (a fine performance by Anna Grabka) and the beautifully innocent Solveig created by Gigi Hyatt. And it must be here noted that it is the presence of Ivan Liska as Peer which holds the staging together. Liska is a dancer of extraordinary presence, able to command our attention with the least gesture, playing – and dancing – with total expressive clarity. These columns have paid tribute to him over the past decade, and he remains one of the truest dance artists of our time. Liska's artistry brings an austere dignity to the Peer of

the final scenes, where Neumeier's sense of theatre unites the threads of the staging. Liska shows us an essence of the character, purged by experience. The stage has become a bare grey limbo across which process in slowest motion a cohort of grey-suited and trillb-ied men, who are Everyman Peer's other selves. The blind Solveig undresses Peer, laying his clothes like carapace on the ground, and Peer then removes Soveig's dress in a similar ritual. A last duet is matched and echoed by the rest of the cast in couples. It is the power of this image - of no especial choreographic elevation, but a stunning visual coup - which lingers in the mind and makes the rest of the production seem over-emphatic, over-stuffed

with expressionistic effects. Neumeler's Peer Gynt seeks to probe into the intellectual problems of Ibsen's poetic text, but such commentary is more a literary than a choreographic exercise, and dance often takes a second place to production. The Schnittke score is eclectic. strongly scored; Jurgen Rose's designs of painted cloths that evoke Norwegian scenery are fine, his costuming less so since most modern dress on stage looks as if it were tailored by Oxfam. The Hamburg company's performances are, as always, dedicated. And Ivan Liska's Peer must surely stand comparison with any in the

Clement Crisp

A singer-actress of rare quality

ULIA MIGENES, protago-mist in the Francesco Rosi film of Carmen and main-stay of the rather dim televi-**FUTURISM** sion series High Cs and Tiaras, SANT' ELIA 10 January - 4 March is a singing-actress of rare quality. Like her sister-North-Americans Maria Ewing and 24 RUTLAND GATE Teresa Stratas, she has jolie-laide magnetism in abundance, Tel: 01-225 3474/5 Tues - Sat 10-5.30 Wed 10-8 matched by a sorrano of protean gifts and wide compass, not "perfect," perhaps, but bravely and skilfully used. ART GALLERIES

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unseen lover farewell in the course of a lengthy and frequently interrupted telephone call — is a tricky proposition. The dangers of sophisticated triviality are manifold: overplayed, the drama can veer wildly in the direction of soap opera; too gently treated, it can seem thin gruel indeed.

Miss Migenes, superbly partnered by the conductor, Jan Latham-Koenig and the Monte Carlo orchestra, steered the proper course with wonderful sureness of touch. Every word was audible (by no means always the case) - and, more than that, timed and shaded from within the language and the idiom by a voice of clean cut, "personal" stamp, and plentiful colour resources. As it is above all the words which determine (sometimes elliptically) the character of Poulenc's finely-patterned fabric of near-speech, arioso and brief lyrical outburst, the effect of the soprano's and conductor's joint focus on the text was to lace the ear to the stage with extraordinary insistence.

The eye followed willingly. Placed – by the producer (and quondam film director) Peter Medak and designers Richard MacDonald (sets) and Ruth Myers (costumes) — amid vestigial art-nouveau props, dressed in a mass of tight Afro curls and cream silk, she created a visual frame of palpable (but never overstated) sensuousness for her declamation: beautiful long hands caressing the telephone, movements of long-lined elegance, a face of exotic fascination drawn taut by irrational hope and intense pain. By the end of the performance, the boundaries between the curious hieratic

spelibound. This was a marvellous experience. In the swagged, gilt-encrusted 500-seater Salle Garnier, with its excellent acoustics and perfect relationship between auditorium and stage, it was a privileged one. The Ravel

gravity of the music and the

singer's delivery had been

dissolved: one was utterly

nimble, witty production by Helmut Poliza (borrowed from the Netherlands Opera) and sung, quite brilliantly, by a quintet four-fifths French (Magali Damonte, Léonard Pezzino, Michel Sénéchal, Jean-Philippe Courtis; the American Ramiro, Malcolm Walker, is a French resident). The pleasures of the work and those of the theatre were conjoined a second time.

Opera in Monte Carlo is a curious affair. Profits from the Casino (in which the Salle Garnier is housed) are poured into the opera company, which keeps seat-prices down, and which funds intimate, expertly balanced presentations such as these. The audience is furred, jewelled and (on the evidence of this evening alone) amazingly unresponsive. The theatre itself, where important Massenet and Fauré premieres took place, is a place of pilgrimage for any serious student of French opera.

Max Loppert | Kg5 4 Re5+ repeats moves.

The Official London Theatre Guide

ADELPHI, Strand. TX 834261	NEW LONDON, Drawy La. 26 485867214046079
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ALDWYCH, Aldwych, Tri 8364496	T 0836-430930.
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Chess No. 810: Draw by 1 ... Kg5 when if 2 Rxg7+? Kf4 and White gets mated, but 2 Re5+! Kg6 (fxe5 3 Rxf2 or Kf4 3 Rf5+ wins) 3 Re7

Cinderella's rags: part of football

F THE Cinderella fairy tale were played out in front of a crowd of soccer supporters, they would appreciate that Cinderella's rags are a crucial part of the story. At Wimbledon Football Club you can spot the rags as soon as the dingy Plough Lane stadium creeps into sight on the unfashionable side of the railway line, nestling between the unpicturesque River Wandle and a cemetery. Dat-ing back to 1912, 65 years before the club was elected to the Football League, the ground is tiny by Divi-sion I standards. The average crowd of little more than 8,000 – dragged down by Wednesday's 3,500, the lowest for a Division I game since the Second World War – is more akin to levels in Division III.

While the fans are friendly - they let little ones through to the front on the terraces - the facilities are not. Even from the relative huxury of the South Stand, the run to the ladies' toilet is an obstacle course: you dodge puddles in an alley, hold your breath, avert your gaze and dash past the Gents before plunging through the smoke and vapour-filled cafe. Stewed onions? Lord Justice Taylor was lucky.

According to the club's owner, Lebanese businessman Sam Ham-mam, Wimbledon loses £1,500 a day before the buying and selling of players. Chief executive David Barnard fills in the details: to cover the £1.8m annual running costs through gate receipts, a crowd of nearly 24,000 would be needed at every League game. Present gate receipts of £830,000 a year are easily exceeded by wages alone, which cost more than £1m.

Although subsidies from the foothall authorities and commercial activities help to close the gap, the main balancing factor in the four years since the club entered Division I has been the sale of players. Not that Bobby Gould, manager since 1987, is set a target, he does not need one because dealing in the transfer market is one of his trademarks. As he says: "The club has not had to sell players over the last two years because of the FA Cup and because I have traded well." Since the famous FA Cup victory over Liverpool in 1988, three players have been sold for more than £%m each. Goalkeeper Dave Beasant, for example, went for more than £1m, while his replacement, Hans Segers, cost a tenth of that. Gould and his scouts hunt for bargains in reserve

teams and the lower divisions. The result is a team that Gould describes as "a Volkswagen rather than a Rolls-Royce." In training, the

words you hear him say most often are "forward" and "keep it simple." The players work hard: their 28th week of training since last July was spent honing their will to survive at

Despite their under-dog image, the miracle of their rise from non-League to Division I status can be explained. How they continue to survive there on Division III resources is a little more difficult; and their future, which is tied up with leaving Plough Lane, will be an even greater test of the club

spirit on which they rely so heavily.
Hammam, whose travels in the
construction industry have given him a taste for wholesome US-style stadia, started planning a move to a new venue in 1981 when the club was still yo-yoing between Divisions III and IV. At that stage, the only

Jane Fuller visits a friendly club with unfriendly facilities

thing which must have looked more ambitious was the target of reaching Division I by 1988.

They achieved the footballing goal two years in advance by "making two first-class players every year and by not selling them." But the cost of this policy was heavy losses, which he subsidised until the class of the self-defined by the self-defi the club reached Division L

He will not put a figure on his contribution to the annual drain; out mention the more than £400,000 deficit recorded for 1985-6, the year the team won promotion to Division I, and his reaction is that the losses were even worse because they do

not include ground improvements.
"Our problems started when we reached the First Division. Things started getting nasty. By the end of the second year, when we won the Cup, we were no longer virgins. We had to pay normal salaries." Consequently, pay for the club's 29 professional players now ranges up to £1,200 a week. The Professional Footballers Association says a typical Division I player earns between £800 and £1,500 a week, but admits that a handful get £5,000.

Whereas the Taylor report and the Government have picked out transfer fees as soccer's great extravagance, Hammam says high pay is the main reason for lack of investment at grounds. For Wimbledon, the hike in salaries caused a change of tactics. "We could no lon-

Although the exodus of 1987 and 1988 has not been repeated, last

year Vinny "Psycho" Jones was sold for £650,000. There is, however, a benign side to the transfer trade for a club like Wimbledon, because it redistributes wealth - somethin the big clubs have tended to jib at despite the widening of the gap in their favour caused by television

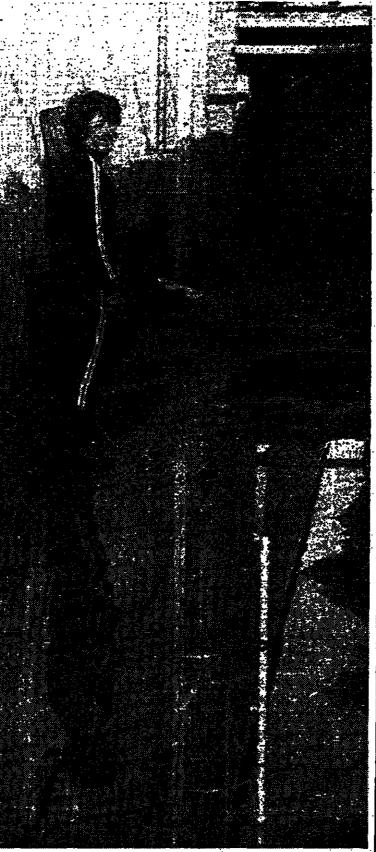
coverage.
Indeed, the redistribution can go too far. In 1987-88, Manchester United had a turnover of £7.6m, the highest in the League but, according to the ICC Business Ratio Report, net transfer costs of £2.5m sent losses to more than £1m.

Where does all this leave the Cin-derella club? Still at the ball in Division I, financially sound - unlike many of its big sisters — but still in rags at Plough Lane. Its position is precarious. With no sign of salaries falling and with the Taylor report threatening both great expense and reduced gate income, Hammain says the club is "walking on eggs." His answer, which in some ways chines with the Taylor analysis, is to sell Plough Lane and move to a new all-seater stadium, perhaps sharing a ground along the way.

Two sites are being considered: one, half-a-mile down the River Wandle (where the original plan for an artificial pitch has been aborted); the other, at Beddington. Although it is not clear to what extent there would be activities other than football, either stadium would be designed to attract families, with parking and comfortable undercover facilities.

Hammam stresses the need to draw in people who do not come to football now, including what he describes as "better supporters" from the wealthy Wimbledon and Surrey areas. It all sounds not only squeaky clean enough to frighten away any self-respecting hooligan, but also anathema to the traditional fan, who would rather leave the wife and kids at home and trudge to join what Lord Justice Taylor called the "amorphous seething crowd." But Hammam is dismissive of tra-

ditionalist arguments: "We must not over-estimate the importance of the present supporters." The size of the risk he is taking is mitigated by the fact that Plough Lane can never be turned into a Division I ground. And, with no governmental magic wand to turn the rags to finery, it may be that the club's lack of Football League tradition will turn out to be as much of an asset as



TELEVISION & RADIO

Wales hope but England expect

only the All Blacks who could beat England in their present mood. Or is it? As always in international rugby, and particularly amid the hype that surrounds the Five Nations championship, you must set England's first

two victories in context The 23-0 win over Ireland was no less than we should have expected: the Irish were no-hopers. What was alarming was that it took England so long to overwhelm them. And then came the near hysteria of the 26-7 defeat of France: a team which we now know to have been over the hill. You cannot help but feel that the All Blacks would have besten such a pedestrian, ponderous side by an even bigger margin. So don't send for the All Blacks

just yet. Let us make sure first that just yet. Let us make sure first that England beat Wales at Twickenham today and Scotland in a month's time. Let us see how a re-jigged France fare in Edinburgh today.

This is certainly a very good England side. A few seasons ago, to say that Rob Andrew was the best fly-half in Europe would have been to invite derision. But now he is, the confident, reads the game. is confident, reads the game superbly and has become the play-maker. The recall of Richard Hill at scrum-half has beloed him greatly. Outside Andrew, Will Carling and Jeremy Guscott, with their contrasting styles, could become one of

England's great centre pairings.
Without the work of the forwards. however, among whom Paul Ackford, Brian Moore, Peter Winterbottom and Mike Teague have been outstanding, the backs' work would largely have been defensive and Rory Underwood would not have become his country's top try-scorer (and, today, its most-capped

England's confidence has grown with each game, but Wales are their with each game, but wates are the bogey side: no matter how poor a season the principality may be hav-ing, something happens to bring out their best against England. Perhaps their best hope today lies in the recall of the excellent Ritchie Col-lins at flank forward. Collins, together with the inspirational Kevin Phillips at hooker and capkeym Philips at nooker and cap-tain Robert Jones at scrum-half, will be responsible for trying to boost the tempo of the Welsh game. Disruption of English plans must be a priority: quick tap penalties, box-kicking, fast second and third phase hall. "We have injected more representation to the back ways," says cosech pace into the back row," says coach

The had news for Ryan is that England have even more pace in

theirs. Peter Winterbottom, hewn from the millstone grit of likley Moor, is at the height of his powers. His Harlequin and International partner, the chirpy Geordie Mick Skinner, is not far behind him in skills. And then there is the incomparable Mike Teague. It makes you fear that the 18-stone Phil Davies on Wales's blind side will be run off his

feet.
It is still something of a mystery as to why there are only four Neath players in the Welsh fifteen. The club is hugely successful and capable of taking on the best in Europe, so why not field 11 men from Neath plus Robert Jones and Arthur Emyr (Swansea) and Ritchie Collins and Merk Ring (Cardiff) and call them Mark Ring (Cardiff) and call them Wales? It might not be attractive rugby, but it might be successful. England should win handsomely, against a demoralised Wales, but

> John Kitching previews today's Five Nations rugby matches

they must not make the mistake of under-estimating their opponents. under-estimating their opponents.

The French selectors, for the match against Scotland in Edinburgh, have indulged in what is largely a re-arrangement exercise, which means that nine of the side beaten comprehensively by England are retained with four of them playing in new positions.

playing in new positions.

There are new caps today for Pierre Hontas, a right wing from Biarritz, and Jean Marc Lhermet, a flanker from Montferrand. Perhaps more important are the departees: out go captain Pierre Berbizier, Marc Andrieu, Denis Charvet, Jean-Pierre Garuet, Dominique Erbani and Eric Champ. Surprisingly, Laurent Rodriguez is retained in the back row and is made cap-

Like the Welsh, the French are always dangerous when down and the Scots must be prepared for a battering forward game. Behind the scrum, I still believe Phillipe Sella to be a force and fullback Serge Blanco is, well, Blanco. If he has a good day, Scotland could be put on

200

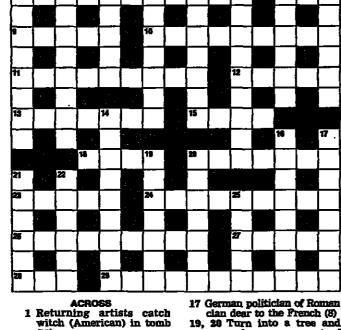
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Scotland's best hope lies in their athletic pack spearheaded by prop forward and captain David Sole, supported by his back row of John Jeffrey, Finlay Calder and Derek White It could be desperately close at Murrayfield, but I cannot see the French losing.

CROSSWORD

No. 7,167 Set by CINEPHILE Prizes of £10 each for the first five correct solutions opened. Solutions to be received by Wednesday February 28, marked Crossword 7,167 on the envelope, to the Financial Times, Num-



1 Returning artists catch witch (American) in tomb

7, 9 Trouble with the bottle? (3.5)
10 Railwaymen have Italian city on string for bringing

up (9) 11 Slip producing very large majority (9)
12 Spare the rod: a bit will make one unconscious (5)

13 British type with new head,
a bore to Dr Johnson (4,3)

15, 18 Flattery in silly TV pro-

grammes? (4.4)
20 I go wrong with leaf, many
of them (7)

23 Companion afflicted with slight illness (5)
24 Parrot cry for abstract science from catholic scholars

26 Parrot's feature for little girl with brains (9) 27. 28 New tune on the open

(5,3)
29 Fiddle the electoral map of Germany – briefly ruled red, perhaps (11)

DOWN 1 Spotted leaf of grass with teeth (3.5) 2 In grandiloquent style, duly

torn off (8) a Dance without top or root 4, 5 Capital punishment has

awful dangers, for a wonder 6 Word for "quantity of milk for cat"? Furculae's incorrect (9)

7 Henry, as many as we've had, with stature (5) 8 Indian poet, thanks to blood

14 Idly draw insect no. V-1 (9) 16 Mother's on the commercial with her flag flying (8)

Tables. 8:35 The New Adventures of Mighty Mouse. 8:20 Checklevision. 8:25 The New Adventures of Mighty Mouse. 8:20 Checklevision. 8:25 Themolecats. 8:00 Going Livel 12:12 par Weather.
12:15 Grandsand Including 12:26 Footbell.
12:28 Hockey (Pelsians v England for the World Cup at Latore); 12:08 Racing from Chepstow. 1:10 Re Hockey; 2:06 Racing from Chepstow. 1:10 Re Hockey; 2:06 Racing from Chepstow. 1:10 Re Hockey; 2:07 Racing from Chepstow. 2:06 Re-Hockey; 2:08 Racing from Chepstow. 2:06 Re-Hockey; 2:08 Racing from Chepstow. 2:06 Receiver; 2:28 Ragby (England v Walee at Twickenham); 4:00 Racing from Leopardstown (O'Brien Gold Cup); 4:15 Rugby (Hightights of Scotland v Franco); 4:25 Final Score.
2:05 News. 2:15 Regional Daves and sport. 2:06 Midnight Caller. 10:00 Racy Bremmer with John Bird. 18:30 Match of the Day: The Road to Wentbelly. 11:40 Che-Day Text. West Indies v England. 12:30 am Film; The Sender' starring Kathyn Herrold and Zeljao Ivanet. 2:05-2:05 Westher.

245 pm Shrikant (in Hindi with English aubtition). 325 Tex Avery Carloon Double Still. 1246 Film: "Red Satute" starring Barbers Starrayck with Robert Young. 14:35 Film: "There's Always Tomorrow" with Barbers Starrayck and Fred Machiurray. 8:29 Rhythms of the World. 7:15 Newswiew.

6:00 am TV-em Breakfast Programme. 9:25 Children's 1TV: Motormouth 2 Including

Socoby Doo and The Real Ghostbusters.
11:38 The ITV Chart Show, 12:39 pm The
Muraters Today, 1:26 ITN News tollowed by
netional weather, 1:96 Local news and
weather, 1:96 Saint & Greenie. 1:90 Sportsstasters. 2:18 Coronation Street. 3:55
Metioch. 4:98 Ketts and Dog. 4:25 Cartoon
Time. 4:95 Reactts Service.
5:59 ITN News followed by national
weather. 2:56 Local sews and weather. 2:15
Baywatch. 1:19 Saint. 4:98 Heapt.
17:19 Hunder, She Wrote, 2:16 Yellowthread Street. Intris ITN News and sport followed by national weather. 1:25 Local
weather. 1:29 Aspat & Company, 11:15 Tour
of Duty. 12:15 am Saturday Night at the Movles. 1:245 Sosp.

CHANNEL 4

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S4C WALES

mos - Cave-ini" starring Susan Sultivan Miliand and Dennis Cole. 11:16 Sat. Night at the Movies. 11:16 Singira -Movier. "Four for Texas. BORDER

CENTRAL

CHANNEL

12:30 pre Bid Tips. 1:95 Diary Dates. 3:45 Lost Norid: "At the Earli's Core", 5:16 Steel. 8:46 Baywalch. 11:15 Saturday Night at the Mov-GRAMPIAN 12:30 pm Sid Tips. 3:56 Film: "Next to No. Time" starring Kenneth More and Belay Drate. 3:10 Criomagen (Gaels: news tor the tighlands and islands). 11:16 Starr Movie - Stave

SATURDAY HTV put The Munisters Today, 205 Files: Princess and the Pirace" starring Bob, Virginia Mayo and Walkter Statut, Saturday Night at the Movies. 11:45 of 12-30 and Crims Revoy.

SCOTTISH

TSW

12:30 pm Ski Tige. \$495 Lost Work! "At the Earth's Core" sterring Peter Cushing and Doog McClare. 11:15 Saturday Night at the Movies. 11:16 "McVicer" sterring Roger Daj-tray and Adam Feith.

VORKSHIRE 12:39 pm Setman. 2:05 Film: "Man about the House" starring Richard O'Sulliven, Paula Wilcox and Sally Thomeser. £:15 Steel. £:55 Seel. £:55 See

RADIO (S) Starte on FLI

RADIO 2 PLANTU Z

2:15 am David Jacobe. 2:18 Sounds of the 60s with Clodegh Rodgers. 18:29 Anne Robinson. 12:09 Gerald Harper. 1:39 par Pull the Other Onel 2:30 Robin Ray on Record. 2:30 Robin Ray on Record. 2:30 Robin Ray have the 16:30 Cinema 2. 6:38 Myself When Young (Cice Laine). 7:30 Beat the Record. 7:30 Seturday Right Galls. 2:30 Siring Sound. 18:25 Martin, Keiner. 12:36 am Night Owts presented by Dave Gelly. 1:30 Charles Nove presents 'Night Idea. 2:30 Charles Nove presents 'Night Idea. 2:30 August Night Music. Riselbus Warve as shows except.

RADIO 3

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RADIO

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RADIO 2

ORKSHIRE

12:25 pm Gosto on Sunday, 2:50 Charli Angels, 3:50 Film: "Bhowari Junction" v Ava Gardner, 11:25 Scrumdown, 12:35 Name houstless

7:90 are Morning Concert. 8:38 News. 8:36 Scandinavian Hortzons. Nielsen (Helios Overture), Sinding (Legond), Sibelius (The Beat Journey), Klami (Terhensiem), Stantummar (trinsca). 9:39 Saturdsy Review, 1:89 pm News. 1:56 Words, with Prof Robert Taylor. 1:16 Eatily Music Network: L'Ecole d'Orphée perforre Guilleman (Sonate No 3 in D mitor), Bolamorder (Sonate in D Op 51), Couperin (Sonate La Françoise). Marsis (Prélude, Allemande and Arabesque from Pièces de viole: Set 4), Rameau (Pièce de clavecin en concert No 2).

by Marks Jansons: Dukes (The Sorotrer's Apprentice), Honogger (Symnophony) No 5, "Liturgique"); (3:28 interval Reading); 2:35 Challovsky (Symphony No 4, 4:55 Debuts, Heisen Kucharek (soprato) and Bryen Evand (plano); Mendelssonh (Studelta, Nachtiled; Neue Liebe), Poulenz (Volon; Fêtes galantes), Richard Blackfort (3 Songs from Ednoss from the Woods).

5:00 Jazz Record Requests. 5:45 Critics' Forum. 6:25 Tokyo String Cusartet Plays Schubert (Dusrtet Plays Schubert Cusartet in B flat (Del), Innibad keys (0:18) and in B flat (Del), Innibad keys (0:18) and in B flat (Del), Innibad keys (0:18) and in B flat (Del), Innibad keys (0:18) and in B flat (Del), Innibad keys (0:18) and in B flat (Del), Innibad keys (0:18) and in B flat (Del), Innibad keys (0:18) and in B flat (Del), Innibad keys (0:18) and in B flat (Del), Innibad keys (0:18) and in B flat (Del), Innibad keys (0:18) and in B flat (Del), Innibad keys (0:18) and in B flat (Del), Innibad keys (0:18) and in B flat (Del), Innibad keys (0:18) and in B flat (Del), Innibad keys (0:18) and in B flat (Del), Innibad keys (0:18) and in B flat (Del), Innibad keys (0:18) and in B flat (Del), Innibad keys (0:18) and in B flat (Del), Innibad keys (0:18) and in B flat (Del), Innibad keys (0:18) and inn

RADIO 4

RADIO 4

7:08 am Today, 2:08 News. 2:05 Sport on 4.
2:08 Breekaway, 19:08 News: Loose Ends with Ned Shorrin and queets (s). 11:08 News; The Week in Westminster. 11:30 Erom Our Corn Cornsponders. 7:2:08 Money Box, 12:25 pm I'm Sorry | Haven'l a Clue (s). 12:25 pm I'm Sorry | Haven'l a Clue (s). 12:25 pm I'm Sorry | Haven'l a Clue (s). 12:25 pm I'm Sorry | Haven'l a Clue (s). 12:25 pm I'm Sorry | Haven'l a Clue (s). 12:25 pm I'm Sorry | Haven'l a Clue (s). 12:25 pm I'm Sorry | Haven'l a Clue (s). 12:25 pm I'm Sorry | Haven'l a Clue (s). 12:25 pm I'm Sorry | Haven'l a Clue (s). 2:25 Week Ending. 2:25 Shipping Focuses. 2:25 Citizens. Omnibus edition (s). 7:16 Stop file Week, with Potent (s). 10:16 Spm Mind. 10:55 Smith's Elegy. 11:00 Richard Salor Compares Notes with Douglas Boyd and Enno Senf. founder members of the Chamber Orchestra of Europe (s). 11:20 Salurday-Night Fry (s).

SUNDAY

come down on a part of

Cyprus – it's a common

21 Two bills, one on a tree (6)
22 Glass paper? (6)
25 Excellent half of family turns up a bad lot (5)

Solution to Puzzle No.7,166

Solution and winners of

Puzzle No.7,155

WELLFOUNDED GAGEOUR OF THE COMPANY O

C.J. Cooper, Great Pulteney St, Bath; B. Liesching, Brussels; J.P Ringe, Pickering, N. Yorks; J. Tiller, Epsom, Surrey; E. Wright, Bisham Gardens, London NS.

mistake (7,7)

BECT
This is the Day, 10:00 Bazaar, 10:25 Buongiorno Italial 10:05 Europeans, 11:25 Spelling
t Out, 11:26 Spelling by Ward Power, 11:25
Snepl 12:25 pm See Heart 12:00 Country File.
1:30 News On The Record, 2:00 EastEnders, 3:30 March of the Day, The Road to
Wornbley (Newscattle United v Manchester
United), 5:65 The Clothes Show, 5:50
Anticode Roadshow, 4:15 Lifeline, 6:28 News,
6:68 Songs Of Praise, 7:15 Don't Walt Up, 7:68
Sergerac, 5:00 Massammind,
8:10 That's Libe 2:35 News, 10:10 Everymen, 11:50 Dear John, 11:26 Gean State,
11:56 The Sty at Might, 12:16 am Shribant (in
Hadd with English subtities).

BBC2 12:00 Westminster Week. 1:00 pm Open University. 1:30 40 Minutes. 2:10 Reportage Update. 1:409 Film: "Sorry, Wrong Number" with Barbara Blamwyck. 4:30 Crufts 1990. 5:10 Rugby Special (highlights of England v Weles and Scotland v France). 6:10 The Garry Management of the Cart. and Scottane v France, acre the clarry Steading Show. 225 The Money Programme. 7:15 The Not-ural World. 8:85 Filipping Varus, 8:25 The Mides Touch. 8:25 The Talk Show with Chive James. 18:16 Film: The's Assing for Mer (Sarnen Two Production, with Magolo Chiefle and David Threstall). 11:20 Repide. 11:50-

e:80 sm TV-am Breaklast Programme. 2:25 Children's ITV: The Disney Club, 18:65 Link, 11:90 Moraing Worship. 18:06 Encounter, 12:30 pm My Little Porty. 12:40 Police 5, 12:55 Local news and weather. 1:39 ITM News, billowed by restonal weather. 1:39 ITM News, billowed by restonal weather. 1:39 Eyenthness. 2:50 Tribule to Barbara Stammyol; "The Big Valley". 2:06 Filiat. "The Gitt Horse" with Theory Howard and Richard Attenbarough, 3:26 The Cusen in New Zestand. 2:30 Builteys. 8:50 Rescue. 8:39 ITM News, tolkowed by netional weather. 8:55 Local news and weather. 8:56 Highway. 7:15 The Two of Us. 8:00 Wish Me Luck.

845 News, followed by regional weather. 938 Local weether. 935 Agestra Christe's Potrot. 1025 Tarrest on TV. 1925 The South Bank Show: Communicado. 11:35 One to One: Puter Gabriel 12:05 am The ITV Chart Show, followed by News Headines. **CHANNEL 4**

8:00 am Halletujatri 6:30 Country Ways. 7:00 World of Herba. 7:30 Exx Offica Weekly. 8:00 The Biaffers. 8:30 Children's hiand. 8:30 Dennia. 8:25 Spica. 18:00 A Week in Politica. 1:500 Exc Offica Weekly. 8:00 The Biafferson Kida. 1:500 The Waittons. 1:500 pa Land of the Glanta. 1:500 Film: Satety Least with Harold Lloyd. 3:25 lee Stating: The State Electric Scribal Ive Speed Championships.
4:26 The Miraole. 8:25 News Summary end weather. 8:20 Art of the Weeken World. 8:30 The Miraole. 8:25 News Summary end weather. 8:20 Art of the Weeken World. 8:30 The Media Show. 9:00 Soviet Spring: Channel 4 Debata. 10:25 Film: The Minsionary with Michael Palla. Maggide Smits. Thever Howard, Danholm Elliott and Michael Hordern. 17:32 Film: "Neither with God Nor the Devil" (in Spenish with Sugilah subtition).

S4C WALES

As Charatel 6 except-5:00 am The Inventive Boy. 2:15 Haise. Ti09 pm Brorre Milann. 1:26 Fideo 9. 12:00 Films "Union Pacific" with José McCross and Ser-bers Stameyot, 4:30 Equinox, 8:18 to Stat-ing, 4:28 Hoving Sitts. 8:40 San Station. 7:08 O Bedwar Ben. 7:15

ANGLIA 12:39 pm Farming Clary. 2:39 Members Only. 2:39 To Sing a "C", 3:00 Film: "Bhoward Junction" with Ava Gardner. 11:38 Prisoner: Cell: Block H. 12:38 am Film: The Roman Spring of Mrs. Stone" with Vivien Leigh.

BORDER . 1236 yes Jeruselers. 339 Rescue, 239 The Fati Guy. 436 The Ousen in New Zesland, 539 Scotsport, 639 Mr and Mrs. 1135 Pris-cer: Cell Block H, Islawed by News heed-lings. 1239 see Quiz Night. CENTRAL

12:39 per Here and Nov. 2:30 Highway to Heaven. 2:39 The Gutent in New Zeeland. 2:39 Film: "The Gift Horse" with Trevor-Howard and Richard Altenborough, 17:25 Priggest: Cell Block H. 12:39 am Pitte: "Burst Barne" with Albin Doton and Simone Sig-norat (in French with English mubities).

CHANNEL 1239 per Reflections. 12:05 Lee Français Chap-Yous. 2:06 Katin and Dog. 2:36 But-lasye. 2:06 Film: "Showard Justicition" with Avia Gardner, 8:00 TVS Award Winners: The Story Teller. 11:35 The Human Factor. 12:05 am One to Cos. 12:05 The Invisible Man.

10:05 cm Pick a Number, 17:15 Wild South, 17:55 Link 12:30 pm Jack Thompson Down Under, 2:00 The Gusen in New Zealand, 2:30 Pick Waves, Catching the Wind, 3:00 Corping — The Aberdoon Ladies' Invitation, 4:00 Country Matters, 4:30 Sulfanys, 8:30 automated the Matter Country Matters, 4:30 Sulfanys, 5:30 Sulfanys, 8:30 automated the Matters of Ma

GRANADA 1230 per Granada This Week, including Whet the RPs Say followed by Granada Nolva Hasellines. 258 Richmond Hill. 256 Bulleoye, 255 Pinn: "Down the Long Hills" with Bruce Bodelmer. 2:35 Coronation Street. 1:135 Pre-oner: Call Block H. 12:39 am Quiz Night.

1236 pm Along the Cotavoid Way, follows by Wasther for Farthers, 238 HTV New

ameet. 2:39 Highway to Heaven. 3:25 The Queen in New Zeeland. 3:55 Film: "Lecy snd ye Mississippi Queen" with Kathleen Lloyd. 11:35 Prisoner: Call Block H. Iolaned by News heatines. 12:35 am Derrick.

HTV WALES

SCOTTISH House an Gian Michael's Cartoon Cavalcade, 1145 Link. 1128 Sin Agad El. 1230 pm Spectastilar Wards of Guinness Records. 239 Sectidal Supplement. 1220 Fint. "Remember" with Robert Taylor and Greer Garson, 466 The Queen in New Zealand, 428 Soltaye. 248 Soltaye. 248 Soltaye. 1125 ant Indoor Hockey. 11236 am Film; "The Wir Least" with Strey McCluser, Shirky Anne Field and Robert Wagner.

TSW 12:39 per Parening News. 200 The Life and Times of Grazily Adams. 11:25 in the Heat of Times of Grazily Adams. 11:25 in the Heat of

1236 year TVS News, 1236 Agenda. 200 Ketts and Dog. 238 Bulleeys, 200 Film: "Bhoward Junction" with Avs. Gardner. 229 Recove. 800 TVS Award Winners: The Storysbley. 1135 The Human Factor. 1245 etc. One to One (Arcie Hightingdie talks with Tom Rethy). 1259 The Indiabite Earls. TYNE TEES 1 2:35 m The Book Page. 2:59 The Cusen in New Zeehand. 3:35 Who's the Book?. 8:56 More than You'll See in Your Crawns, 8:55 Coronation Street (omnibus edition). 11:35 Porum Praesdo (Febri Praesdo and Syreota). 3:255 m More headless. 3:3507/16 Reste

HADHO 2
7:30 am Rogar Royle says 'Good Morning Sunday', 205 Malodies for You, 11:30 Desmond Carrington with Your Radio 2 All-Time Green, 2:30 pm Beany Green, 3:30 Alen Deil with 'Sounds Easy', 4:30 Old Ones, New Ones, Loved Ones, Neglected Ones, 10:00 No File of Ma. 7:30 Operatin Hights, 2:30 Sunday Hall-Hour, 2:30 Operatin Hights, 2:30 Sunday Hall-Hour, 2:30 Your Handred Best Tunes, 12:35 Songs from the Shows, 10:45 Brien Dee at the plane. 11:30 Sounds of Jazz, 1:30 am Nightide, 3:30-4:30 A Little Night Mulic. Bedison Wave as above except. Sign from the petween Newcastle and Manchestar United, 5:55-7:30 Charle Croster.

RADIO 3 PARADIC 3

7:00 am Hundel, 7:00 News, 7:35 Molseomlach: Chogin (Scherzo in E Op 26), 3chsmann (Rosance in F sharp Op 28 No 2),
Seethoven (Emperor Concerts), 220 News,
8:25 Your. Concert Choice, 19:30 Utens
Musith, An edition of Music Weetly for the
Sonadhavian season with Michael Gilver, in
Norway, Yi-15 Utens Orchenta in a cohlean
for the Sonadhavian season: Lace-Erit Lazson (Concert Overlary No 2; Sulter, A Wisser's
Tale), Berwald (Sintonia singulares),
12:05 per Music for Callo and Plant persed
by Ralph Atrahisawa and Anger Vignotes;
Debussy (Sonata), Lutoslawski (Grave), Brahme (Soneta in E minor Op 28), 1:88 Rubhnstein on Riscord, 2:39 Gart. Nielsen Cuartet in a reckst for the Scandinarden seizen: in Montroin (Cuartet Ne 4), Anders Nordenskeit (Saring Quartet), Hornam D. Koppel (Cuartet No 6), 2:15 BBC Watth Symphony Orchestra: Concart for the Scandinarden sears conducted by Tadaski Ctaite with Gartisk Olisson (plano): Brahme (Calle with Gartisk Olisson (plano): Brahme (Calle with Gartisk Olisson (plano): Brahme (Salle with Gartisk Olisson assesses positics and justice in Sweden in the light of the Patme and Hayward casce); 4:29 Siellius (Symphony No 2), 8:16 Hohansen Schubertade 1988, Reckst of Schubert songe by Andreas Schnick (particus) with Markus Historissuer (plano). 8:33 "The Tree of Sarie" (Part 2 of the dramatisation of the 10th-Contarty Icelandic asga), 16:48 Choral Evensong, 11:35 Intabrisations for Luty, Christopher Wilson plays charactus by the Franch Renalssance component Seminy, Richator; and Sandrin in errangements by some of their contemporaries. 12:89 News.

RADIO 4

Title am News. 7116 Sunday Papera. 7:16 On Your Farm. 7:36 Sunday, Including 7:35 Westher, 3:36 News, 6:16 Sunday Including 7:35 Westher, 3:36 News, 6:16 Sunday Papera. 5:30 Appeal by Dame Yers Lynn on benefit of Far East Prisoners of War Central Westers Fund. 6:35 Westher. 9:56 News. 8:16 Sunday Papera. 5:16 Letter from America by Allettin Cooka. 6:30 Meoriting Service 6:3. 48:18 The Archers. 11:16 News Stand. 11:36 Pick of the Wester. 1:16 News Stand. 11:36 Pick of the Wester. 1:20 Descripting Forecast. 2:06 Gardeners' Cursilion Time. 2:30 Classic Serial: "That Hideous Strength" by C.S. Lawis (part 3) (d. 1:26 The Redio Programme (s). 4:50 News; The Lady in the Gondola (Marie Corwil).